

## SS Revised (SS\_Revised)

File: Blocks 1,3,10\_Household characteristics and perception of household regarding sufficiency of food

### Overview

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Type: Discrete      Valid cases: 81500  
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#### DEFINITION

An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub-sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.

Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.

The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

#### CATEGORIES

Value	Category	Cases	
1	Central sample	28628	 35.1%
2	State sample	52872	 64.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.