India

National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)

Economic activities of the tribals, NSS 44th Round : July 1988 - June 1989

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India (1988-1989)
Economic activities of the tribals, NSS 44th Round : July 1988 - June 1989 (NSS 44th Round)

Overview

Type	Socio-Economic/Monitoring Survey [hh/sems]
Identification	DDI-IND-MOSPI-NSSO-44Rnd-Sch29pt2-July1988-June1989
Version	Production Date: 2012-06-03 V1.0; Re-organised anonymised dataset for public distribution.
Series	The survey period of forty-fourth round was July 1988 to June 1989. The object of the enquiry in the present round is to throw light on as many aspects as possible of the tribal population of this country. This relates to aspects of their "level of the living" including demographic and activity particulars, family expenditure etc. as well as to their entrepreneurial activities. For the purpose of this enquiry, "tribal population" mean the members of the Scheduled Tribes declared under the Article 342 of the Constitution of India. At present they form one of the economically weakest sections of the society. So far there has not been any systematic study of their living conditions covering the whole country. Whatever data are available are derived from the decennial censuses, apart from some micro studies carried out by social anthropologists. In the NSS the tribal population has always been covered as part of the general population. In NSS 32nd and 33rd rounds special surveys had been carried out through an integrated schedule (schedule 16.4) in the North-Eastern region. The survey was conducted in the rural areas of the following States:- 32nd round : Arunachal Pradesh, Assam (N. Cachar and Karbi Anglong districts only), Manipur, Meghalaya and Tripura; 33rd round : In addition to the above States, Mizoram also. Even though this covered many aspects specially related to the life of the people of this region (who are mostly tribals), no such survey has so far been undertaken about the life of the tribals living in the main tribal belt stretching from West Bengal through Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh to Gujarat and Rajasthan. It is the object of the enquiry on the living condition of the tribals living in the main tribal belt stretching from West Bengal through Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh to Gujarat and Rajasthan.) The objective of the survey on housing condition is to collect data on the living accommodation available to the households including aspects relating to their immediate environment. Prior to this a detailed enquiry on housing condition with a separate schedule was carried out in NSS 28th round. Some data on housing condition had been however collected in the consumer expenditure schedule canvassed in 32nd, 38th and 43rd rounds. The objective of the survey on current construction activity is to collect data on expenditure on building construction (new buildings as well as additions, alterations and improvements) and the source of the finance for the same. The scope of the enquiry is confined mainly to building constructions in the household sector. Constructions undertaken by housing cooperative societies and other non-household institutions such as clubs have also been covered. However, constructions by government, public sector undertakings and the private corporate sector are outside the scope of the enquiry. Because of the importance of the tribal enquiry in this round, it has been decided to extend the enquiry to the rural areas of Nagaland also which has so far been outside the coverage NSS.

Abstract

The 44th round started from July 1988. The survey period of this round was July 1988 to June 1989. This round has been devoted to mainly three enquiries. First and foremost, there has been an enquiry on the living condition of the tribal population. Of the other two, one is concerned with the housing condition of the general population and the other is a survey on current building construction activity. For the purpose of this enquiry, "tribal population" mean the members of the Scheduled Tribes declared under the Article 342 of the Constitution of India. They are known to be the descendants of the earliest inhabitants of India (hence called "Adivasis"). At present, in most parts of India, they form one of the economically weakest sections of the society. So far there has not been any systematic study of their living conditions covering the whole country. Whatever data are available are derived from the decennial censuses, apart from some micro studies carried out by social anthropologists. In the NSS the tribal population has always been covered as part of the general population. In NSS 32nd and 33rd rounds special surveys had been carried out through an integrated schedule (schedule 16.4) in the North-Eastern region. The survey was conducted in the rural areas of the following States:- 32nd round : Arunachal Pradesh, Assam (N. Cachar and Karbi Anglong districts only), Manipur, Meghalaya and Tripura; 33rd round : In addition to the above States, Mizoram also. Even though this covered many aspects specially related to the life of the people of this region (who are mostly tribals), no such survey has so far been undertaken about the life of the tribals living in the main tribal belt stretching from West Bengal through Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh to Gujarat and Rajasthan. The scope of the enquiry is to understand the living condition of the tribals living in the main tribal belt stretching from West Bengal through Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh to Gujarat and Rajasthan.) The object of the enquiry in the this round is to throw light on as many aspects as possible of the tribal population of this country. This relates to aspects of their "level of the living" including demographic and activity particulars, family expenditure etc. as well as to their entrepreneurial activities.

Kind of Data	Sample survey data [ssd]
Unit of Analysis	Randomly selected households based on sampling procedure and members of the household

Scope & Coverage

Scope

NSS Round 44 Schedule 29.2 has been designed to collect information on enterprise accounts, economic activity, land particulars and other related aspects of the tribal households. The major items include in this schedule are ownership particulars of land, alienation of land during last five years, input and output of the enterprises run by the household, materials collected from the forest, inventory of assets owned and indebtedness of the household. The schedule consists of 17 blocks as enumerated below:

Block 1: identification of sample household
Block 2: particulars of field operations
Block 3: remarks by investigator
Block 4: remarks by supervisory officer (s)
Block 5: household characteristics
Block 6: demographic particulars of household members
Block 7: particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 years
Block 8: particulars of land owned and possessed
Block 9: particulars of disposal of land during last 5 years
Block 10: information on input items for cultivation during 1987-88
Block 11: particulars of crops produced during 1987-88
Block 12: particulars of wage employment in forest and forestry operation
Block 13: particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed
Block 14: particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days
Block 15: particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days
Block 16 : inventory of assets owned on the date of survey
Block 17 : cash dues and grain & other commodity dues payable by the household as on the date of survey and particulars of transaction of loans during last 365 days

Geographic Coverage
The survey covered the whole of Indian Union except Ladakh and Kargil districts of Jammu and Kashmir state. The rural areas of Nagaland, so far outside NSS coverage up to the 43rd round, have also been brought in this round.

Universe
The survey used the interview method of data collection from a sample of randomly selected households and members of the household.

Producers & Sponsors

Primary Investigator(s)	National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)
Other Producer(s)	Survey Design Reearch Division (SDRD) , National Sample Survey Office , Questionnaire Desgn, Sampling methodology,Survey Reports Questionnaire Desgn, Sampling methodology,Survey Reports Questionnaire Design, Sampling methodology, Survey Reports Field Operations Division (FOD) , National Sample Survey Office , Field Work Data Processing Division (DPD) , National Sample Survey Office , Data Processing Computer Centre (CC, MOSPI) , M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI) , Tabulation and Dissemination
Funding Agency/ies	M/o Statistics & Programme Implementation, GOI (MOSPI)
Other Acknowledgment(s)	Governing council and Working Group , Finalisation of survey study , GOI

Sampling

Sampling Procedure
The sample design is stratified two-stage with the census village as the first stage unit in the rural sector and UFS block as the first stage unit in the urban sector. The second stage units are households.

The sample design in the rural sector has been decided with a view to providing good estimates for the tribal enquiry. Except in the north-eastern region, the tribal population is concentrated in some districts within the states having considerable tribal population and even in those districts they are found to be unevenly distributed geographically. Therefore special stratification and selection procedures have been adopted not only to net sufficient number of tribal households in the sample but also to improve the design in general for the tribal enquiry.

While the rural design is oriented towards the tribal enquiry, the urban design is oriented towards the enquiry on construction. As building construction activity is found to be concentrated in some areas in the urban sector, attempts have been made in urban design to demarcate such areas in larger towns as separate strata. Detailed description of the rural and urban sample designs are as follows:

SAMPLE DESIGN : RURAL

Sampling frame of villages:
The list of 1981 census villages constitute the sampling frame for selection of villages in most districts. However in Assam (where '81 census was not done) and a few districts of some other states (where the available lists of villages were not satisfactory), 1971 census village lists have been used as frame.

Stratification :
In Haryana, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Chandigarh, Delhi, Goa, Daman & Diu and Pondicherry where there are practically no tribal population, the strata used in NSS 43rd round were retained. In Meghalaya, Mizoram,

Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Lakshadweep also the strata of 43rd round were retained because of the high percentage of ST population in these States/U.T.'s. (The strata of 43rd round have been retained in the case of Sikkim as the distribution of tribal population is more or less uniform over all the districts). In the remaining states fresh stratification was carried out as described below.

In these states all districts accounting for the bulk of the state's tribal population were selected for formation of strata with concentration of tribal population. Besides these districts, tribal concentration strata have been demarcated also in some other districts with relatively small tribal population in order to ensure coverage of as many different ethnic groups as possible.

Within each district so identified for formation of tribal concentration strata, the tehsils with relatively high concentration of tribal population, together constituted one stratum. These tehsils were selected in such a way that together they accounted for the bulk (70% or more) of the district tribal population and the proportion of tribal to total population in this stratum was significantly greater than that of the district as a whole. The strata so formed were not always geographically contiguous. These tribal concentration strata are called STRATUM TYPE -1. Further, all the strata of Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Lakshadweep and Sikkim are also considered as stratum type-1. All the remaining strata in the rural sector (in any State/U.T.) are called stratum type -2.

Deviations from Sample Design
There was no deviation from the original sampling design.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates	Sub Round 1: start 1988-07-01 Sub Round 1: end 1988-09-30 Sub Round 2: start 1988-10-01 Sub Round 2: end 1988-12-31 Sub Round 3: start 1989-01-01 Sub Round 3: end 1989-03-31 Sub Round 4: start 1989-04-01 Sub Round 4: end 1989-06-30
Data Collection Mode	Face-to-face [f2f]

Questionnaires
NSS Round 44 Schedule 29.2 consists of 17 blocks as enumerated below:

Block 1: identification of sample household
Block 2: particulars of field operations
Block 3: remarks by investigator
Block 4: remarks by supervisory officer (s)
Block 5: household characteristics
Block 6: demographic particulars of household members
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Block 14: particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days
Block 15: particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days
Block 16 : inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

Block 17 : cash dues and grain & other commodity dues payable by the household as on the date of survey and particulars of transaction of loans during last 365 days

Accessibility

Access Authority	Computer Centre (M/O Statistics and Programme Implementation) , http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/site/home.aspx , nssodata@gmail.com
Contact(s)	ADG, SDRD , NSSO (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , http://mospi.gov.in/ DDG, Computer Centre (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/site/home.aspx

Access Conditions

Validated unit level data relating to various survey rounds are available on CD-ROMS which can be obtained from the Deputy Director General, Computer Centre, M/O Statistics and PI, East Block No. 10 R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110066 by remitting the price along with packaging and postal charges as well as giving an undertaking duly signed in a specified format.The amount is to be remitted by way of demand draft drawn in favour of Pay & Accounts Officer, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, payable at New Delhi.

Rights & Disclaimer

Disclaimer

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

Files Description

Dataset contains 12 file(s)

Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

# Cases	15814
# Variable(s)	39
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Primary key - unique identifier for a household)

File Content

The identification particulars of the sample village/block and the sample household in which the survey schedule have been canvassed have been recorded in block 1. Certain characteristics of the sample household, such as, size, social-group, principal occupation, etc., meant to be used as classificatory variables have been recorded in block 5.

Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

# Cases	77784
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): PID (Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household) , HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

The demographic particulars like age, sex, marital status and education of the members of the sample household have been recorded in block 6.

Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

# Cases	147925
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Block 7 records particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 years.

Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

# Cases	30194
# Variable(s)	32
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Block 8 records particulars of land owned and possessed by the household.

Block 9_particulars of disposal of land during last 5 years

# Cases	277
# Variable(s)	30
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Block 9 records particulars of disposal of land by the household during last 5 years.

Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

# Cases	14701
# Variable(s)	28
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Blocks 10 and 12 record particulars of input items used by the household for cultivation during 1987-88 and
 particulars of wage employment in forestry operations.

Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

# Cases	24705
# Variable(s)	26
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Block 11 records particulars of crops produced by the household during 1987-88.

Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

# Cases	11758
# Variable(s)	22
File Structure	Type: relational

File Content

Block 13 records particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members
 during last 30 days as self-employed.

Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

# Cases	6207
# Variable(s)	26
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 14 records particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days.

Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

# Cases	2355
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 15 records particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during last 30 days.

Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

# Cases	219224
# Variable(s)	19
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 16 records inventory of assets owned by the household on the date of survey.

Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

# Cases	4260
# Variable(s)	38
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 17 records particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days.

Variables List

Dataset contains 329 variable(s)

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Primary key - unique identifier for a household	discrete	character-8	15814	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	15814	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	15814	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	15814	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	15814	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	15814	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	15814	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	15814	0	-
17	Village_type	Village type	discrete	character-1	14998	0	-
18	Informant_code	Informant's Reln. to Head	discrete	character-1	15798	0	What is informant's relation to head of the household?
19	Resp_Code	Response Code	discrete	character-1	15797	0	-
20	Survey_Code	Survey Code	discrete	character-1	15814	0	-
21	Casualty_Code	Casualty Code	discrete	character-1	118	0	-
22	B5_q1	Household size	continuous	numeric-2.0	15814	0	How many members are there in the household?
23	B5_q2	Livelihood class (Code)	discrete	character-2	15807	0	What are the means of livelihood for the household?
24	B5_q3a	NIC Code	discrete	character-3	15328	0	Which industry is the principal earner working in?
25	B5_q3b	NCO Code	discrete	character-3	15301	0	What is the occupation of the principal earner of the household?
26	B5_q4	Name of the tribe (Code)	discrete	character-2	15787	0	What is the name of the tribe?
27	B5_q5	Religion (Code)	discrete	character-1	15800	0	What is the religion of the household?
28	B5_q6	Sex of the head of the household	discrete	character-1	15814	0	What is the sex of the head of the household?
29	B5_q7	Land owned (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	13991	1823	How much land is owned by the household?
30	B5_q8	Land possessed (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	14859	955	How much land is possessed by the household?

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
31	B5_q9	Type of cultivation (Code)	discrete	character-1	15814	0	What type of cultivation method is followed by the household? Is it shifting or settled cultivation method?
32	B5_q10	Area under settled cultivation (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	9988	5826	How much area is under settled cultivation?
33	B5_q11	Area under shifting cultivation (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	3566	12248	How much area is under shifting cultivation?
34	B5_q12	Hhold consumer exp. out of home grown stock & free collection (Rs) (last 30 days)	continuous	numeric-6.0	13513	2301	How much did the household consume out of home grown stock & free collection in terms of rupees in the last 30 days?
35	B5_q13	Total Hhold consumer exp. (Rs) (last 30 days)	continuous	numeric-6.0	15814	0	-
36	B5_q14	Hhold monthly per capita exp. (Rs 0.00)	continuous	numeric-7.2	15814	0	-
37	B5_q15	Whether hhold a member of a co-op. society	discrete	character-1	15776	0	Whether the household is a member of a co-operative society?
38	TypeCode	Type Code	discrete	character-2	15787	0	-
39	MPCE	HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)	continuous	numeric-7.2	15814	0	-

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	PID	Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household	discrete	character-11	77784	0	-
2	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	77784	0	-
3	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	77784	0	-
4	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	77784	0	-
5	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
6	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
7	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	77784	0	-
8	State	State	discrete	character-2	77784	0	-
9	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	77784	0	-
10	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
11	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
12	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	77784	0	-
13	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
14	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
15	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
16	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	77784	0	-
17	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	77784	0	-
18	B6_q1	Serial no. of member	discrete	character-3	77784	0	-

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
19	B6_q3	Relation to head code	discrete	character-1	77762	0	What is the relationship of the member to the head of the household?
20	B6_q4	Sex	discrete	character-1	77784	0	Is the member of the household a male or female?
21	B6_q5	Age	continuous	numeric-2.0	77752	32	What is the age of the member of the household?
22	B6_q6	Marital status	discrete	character-1	77735	0	What is the marital status of the member of the household?
23	B6_q7	Education	discrete	character-2	77668	0	What is the education level of the member of the household?

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	147925	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	147925	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	147925	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	147925	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	147925	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	147925	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	147925	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	147925	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	147925	0	-
17	B7_q1	Serial no. of item	discrete	character-3	147925	0	-
18	B7_q3	Whether recd assistance	discrete	character-1	147925	0	Whether the household received assistance?
19	B7_q4	Source (Code)	discrete	character-1	3060	0	If the household received assistance, then what was the source of this assistance?
20	B7_q5	Value of assistance (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	3035	144890	If the household received assistance, then how much was the value in rupees of this assistance?
21	B7_q6	Whether assistance is for physical assets	discrete	character-1	3062	0	If the household received assistance, then whether this assistance was for physical assets?
22	B7_q7	If yes in q6 whether still possessed	discrete	character-1	1749	0	If the household received assistance in the form of physical assets, then

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
							whether this physical asset is still possessed?
23	B7_q8	If 2 or 3 in q7, reason for non-possession	discrete	character-1	474	0	If the household received assistance in the form of physical assets and this physical asset is not possessed now, then what was the reason for non-possession?

File Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	30194	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	30194	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	30194	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	30194	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	30194	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	30194	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	30194	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	30194	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	30194	0	-
17	B8_q1	Serial no. of plot	discrete	character-3	30194	0	-
18	B8_q3	Location (Code)	discrete	character-1	30108	0	What is the location of the plot?
19	B8_q4	Geographical area of plot (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	30092	102	How much is the geographical area of the plot?
20	B8_q5	Area quoted from	discrete	character-1	28470	0	Whether the area of the plot quoted from document or from memory?
21	B8_q6	Area owned (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	28484	1710	How much is the area owned?
22	B8_q7	Type of ownership (Code)	discrete	character-1	28470	0	What is the type of ownership? Is the title clear?
23	B8_q8	How acquired (Code)	discrete	character-1	28470	0	How the plot was acquired?
24	B8_q9	From whom acquired (Code)	discrete	character-1	28470	0	From whom the plot was acquired?
25	B8_q10	Period since acquired (years)	continuous	numeric-2.0	28470	1724	Since how many years the plot has been acquired?
26	B8_q11	Area leased out (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-6.2	905	29289	How much area has been leased out?
27	B8_q12	Terms of lease (Code)	discrete	character-1	757	0	What are the terms of lease?

File Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
28	B8_q13	To whom leased out (Code)	discrete	character-1	757	0	To whom the plot has been leased out?
29	B8_q14	Period since acquired (years)	continuous	numeric-2.0	757	29437	Since how many years the plot has been acquired?
30	B8_q15	Area leased in (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-5.2	2024	28170	How much area has been leased in?
31	B8_q16	Terms of lease (Code)	discrete	character-1	1921	0	What are the terms of lease?
32	B8_q17	From whom leased in (Code)	discrete	character-1	1921	0	From whom the plot has been leased in?

File Block 9_particulars of disposal of land during last 5 years

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	277	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	277	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	277	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	277	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	277	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	277	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	277	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	277	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	277	0	-
17	B9_q1	Serial no. of plot	discrete	character-3	277	0	-
18	B9_q3	Location (Code)	discrete	character-1	277	0	What is the location of the plot?
19	B9_q4	Period since disposed (Code)	discrete	character-1	277	0	Since how many years the plot has been disposed?
20	B9_q5	Area disposed (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-5.2	277	0	How much area has been disposed?
21	B9_q6	Mode of disposal (Code)	discrete	character-1	277	0	What has been the mode of disposal?
22	B9_q7	To whom disposed (Code)	discrete	character-1	275	0	To whom the plot has been disposed?
23	B9_q8	Why disposed (Code)	discrete	character-1	275	0	Why the plot has been disposed?
24	B9_q9	Whether permission for disposal obtained	discrete	character-1	274	0	Whether permission was obtained for disposal?

File Block 9_particulars of disposal of land during last 5 years

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
25	B9_q10	Amount of compensation recd. (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	277	0	How much amount was received as compensation?
26	B9_q11	Nature of payment (Code)	discrete	character-1	234	0	What was the nature of payment? Whether full payment was made or not?
27	B9_q12	Whether full settlement is adequate	discrete	character-1	234	0	Whether full settlement is adequate for the disposal of plot?
28	B9_q13	Whether any claim is filed for restoration of alienated land	discrete	character-1	136	0	Whether any claim is filed for restoration of alienated land?
29	B9_q14	If yes in q13, whether alienated land is restored	discrete	character-1	7	0	If claim is filed for restoration of alienated land, then whether alienated land is restored?
30	B9_q15	If yes in q14, whether restored land is disposed of again	discrete	character-1	3	0	If claim is filed for restoration of alienated land and it is restored also, then whether restored land is disposed of again?

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	14701	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	14701	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	14701	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	14701	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	14701	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	14701	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	14701	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	14701	0	-
17	B10_q1	Fuel charges for irrigation	discrete	character-1	12842	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on fuel charges for irrigation?
18	B10_q2	Charges for irrigation	discrete	character-1	12840	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on charges for irrigation?
19	B10_q3	Fertiliser and pesticide used	discrete	character-1	12841	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on fertiliser and pesticide used?

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
20	B10_q4	High yielding variety of seeds used	discrete	character-1	12840	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on high yielding variety of seeds used?
21	B10_q5	Hired labour charges	discrete	character-1	12835	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on hired labour charges?
22	B10_q6	Labour rent, revenue etc.	discrete	character-1	12827	0	Whether incurred any expenditure on labour rent, revenue etc.?
23	B12_q1	Distance of forest from the village (km.)	continuous	numeric-3.0	13340	1361	How much is the distance of forest from the village in kms.?
24	B12_q2	Whether any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee	discrete	character-1	14701	0	Whether any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee?
25	B12_q3	No. of members	continuous	numeric-1.0	478	14223	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how many members worked?
26	B12_q4	No. of days worked by all members as wage employee	continuous	numeric-3.0	465	14236	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how many number of days worked by all the members as wage employee?
27	B12_q5	Total wage receivable (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	463	14238	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how much total wage was received in terms of rupees?
28	Cultivation_type	Type of cultivation	discrete	character-1	14701	0	-

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	24705	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	24705	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	24705	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	24705	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	24705	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	24705	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	24705	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	24705	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	24705	0	-
17	B11_q1	Serial no. of crop	discrete	character-3	24705	0	-
18	B11_q2	Cultivation (Code)	discrete	character-1	24703	0	What type of cultivation method is followed by the household? Is it shifting or settled cultivation method?
19	B11_q4	Crop (Code)	discrete	character-1	24585	0	Which crop is being cultivated by the household?
20	B11_q5	Seed used (kg.)	continuous	numeric-1.0	24681	24	How much quantity of seed was used by the household in terms of kgs.?
21	B11_q6	Seed ratio	discrete	character-1	342	0	What was the seed ratio?
22	B11_q7	Quantity (Kg. / No.)	continuous	numeric-1.0	349	24356	What was the yield rate per acre of Kharif crop? How much crop was produced?
23	B11_q8	Whether different from normal year	discrete	character-1	459	0	Whether the yield rate per acre of Kharif crop was different from the normal year?
24	B11_q9	Quantity (Kg. / No.)	continuous	numeric-1.0	782	23923	What was the yield rate per acre of Rabi crop? How much crop was produced?
25	B11_q10	Whether different from normal year	discrete	character-1	2702	0	Whether the yield rate per acre of Rabi crop was different from the normal year?
26	MPCE	HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)	continuous	numeric-7.2	24705	0	-

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	11758	0	-
2	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	11758	0	-
3	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
4	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
5	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	11758	0	-
6	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	11758	0	-
7	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
8	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
9	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	11758	0	-
10	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
11	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
12	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
13	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	11758	0	-
14	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	11758	0	-
15	B13_q1	Item (Code)	discrete	character-3	11758	0	-

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
16	B13_q9	Type code / To whom sold	discrete	character-1	1450	0	-
17	B13_q3	Quantity (kg.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	10472	1286	How much forest produce was collected by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
18	B13_q4	Value (Rs. 0.00)	continuous	numeric-8.2	11115	643	How much was the value of forest produce collected by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
19	B13_q5	Quantity (kg.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	10479	1279	How much forest produce was consumed at home by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
20	B13_q6	Value (Rs. 0.00)	continuous	numeric-8.2	11119	639	How much was the value of forest produce consumed at home by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
21	B13_q7	Quantity (kg.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	1386	10372	How much forest produce was sold by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
22	B13_q8	Value (Rs. 0.00)	continuous	numeric-8.2	1460	10298	How much was the value of forest produce sold by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	6207	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	6207	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	6207	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	6207	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	6207	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	6207	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	6207	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	6207	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	6207	0	-
17	B14_q1	Serial no. of enterprises	discrete	character-3	6207	0	-

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
18	B14_q3	Value of output produced (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	5542	665	How much was the value of output produced by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
19	B14_q4	Other receipts (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	914	5293	How much was the value of other receipts by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
20	B14_q5	Total (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	5986	221	How much was the total value of output produced by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
21	B14_q6	Raw material purchased (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	929	5278	How much expenditure was incurred on raw material purchase by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
22	B14_q7	Raw material obtained in kind from own enterprise (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	594	5613	How much was the value of raw material obtained in kind from own enterprise for use by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
23	B14_q8	Raw material obtained from other sources (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	529	5678	How much expenditure was incurred on the raw material obtained from other sources by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
24	B14_q9	Other expenditure (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	1654	4553	How much other expenditure was incurred by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
25	B14_q10	Total expenditure (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	2788	3419	How much total expenditure was incurred by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
26	B14_q11	Hired labour charges (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-4.0	148	6059	How much expenditure was incurred on hired labour charges by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	2355	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	2355	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	2355	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	2355	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	2355	0	-

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	2355	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	2355	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	2355	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	2355	0	-
17	B15_q1	Serial no. of product marketed	discrete	character-3	2355	0	-
18	B15_q3	Product (Code)	discrete	character-1	2344	0	Name the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days.
19	B15_q6	Quantity	continuous	numeric-6.0	1957	398	How much quantity of the products (other than forest products) was marketed by the household during the last 30 days?
20	B15_q7	Value in cash (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	2317	38	How much was the value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of cash?
21	B15_q8	Value in kind (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	124	2231	How much was the value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of kind?
22	B15_q9	Total value (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	2355	0	How much was the total value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of cash and kind both clubbed togather?
23	B15_q10	To whom marketed	discrete	character-1	2355	0	To whom the products (other than forest products) were marketed by the household during the last 30 days?

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	219224	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	219224	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	219224	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	219224	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	219224	0	-

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	219224	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	219224	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	219224	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	219224	0	-
17	B16_q1	Serial no. of asset owned	discrete	character-3	219224	0	-
18	B16_q3	Area/ Floor area (0.00 acres)	continuous	numeric-7.2	119283	99941	How much area/floor area was owned by the household as on the date of survey?
19	B16_q4	Value (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	218347	877	How much was the value of the area/floor area owned by the household as on the date of survey?

File Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	4260	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	4260	0	-
3	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	4260	0	-
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
5	Sample	Sample Type	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
6	St_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	4260	0	-
7	State	State	discrete	character-2	4260	0	-
8	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-2	4260	0	-
9	Stratum_type	Stratum type	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
10	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	4260	0	-
12	Area_type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
13	Sub_Stratum	Sub Stratum	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
15	Sub_Round	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	4260	0	-
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	4260	0	-
17	B17_q1	Serial no. of loan	discrete	character-3	4260	0	-
18	B17_q2	Cash or kind (Code)	discrete	character-1	4259	0	What is the nature of dues payable by the household? Are they cash dues or kind dues?

File Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
19	B17_q3	Original amount borrowed (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	4250	10	How much was the original amount borrowed?
20	B17_q4a	Month of borrowing	discrete	character-2	4156	0	Which month the loan was borrowed?
21	B17_q4b	Year of borrowing	discrete	character-2	4143	0	Which year the loan was borrowed?
22	B17_q5	Duration of outstanding loan (Years)	continuous	numeric-2.0	4260	0	Since how many years the loan has been outstanding?
23	B17_q6	Credit agency (Code)	discrete	character-1	4238	0	Which was the credit agency from whom loan was taken?
24	B17_q7	Nature of interest	discrete	character-1	4205	0	What is the nature of interest of loan?
25	B17_q8	Rate of interest (% per annum) (0.00)	continuous	numeric-6.2	3233	1027	What is the annual rate of interest of loan?
26	B17_q9	Purpose of loan (Code)	discrete	character-1	4234	0	Why the loan was taken by the household?
27	B17_q10	Type of security (Code)	discrete	character-1	4195	0	What type of security was given for obtaining loan?
28	B17_q11	Repayment of loan during last year - Principal (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	994	3266	How much principal amount was repaid by the household during last year?
29	B17_q12	Repayment of loan during last year - Interest (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	570	3690	How much interest on loan was repaid by the household during last year?
30	B17_q13	Repayment of loan during last year - Total (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	1197	3063	How much total loan amount was repaid by the household during last year?
31	B17_q14	Liquidation of loan during last year - Principal (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	204	4056	How much principal amount of loan was liquidated during last year?
32	B17_q15	Liquidation of loan during last year - Interest (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-4.0	40	4220	How much interest on loan was liquidated during last year?
33	B17_q16	Liquidation of loan during last year - Total (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	208	4052	How much loan amount was liquidated during last year?
34	B17_q17	Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Principal (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	3914	346	How much principal amount was outstanding on the date of survey?
35	B17_q18	Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Interest (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-5.0	2341	1919	How much interest was outstanding on the date of survey?
36	B17_q19	Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Total (Rs.)	continuous	numeric-6.0	4008	252	How much total loan amount was outstanding on the date of survey?
37	Tribal_code	Tribal code	discrete	character-2	4258	0	-
38	MPCE	HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)	continuous	numeric-7.2	4260	0	cash dues and grain & other commodity dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

Variables Description

Dataset contains329 variable(s)

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#1 HHID: Primary key - unique identifier for a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for uniquely identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	14192	89.7%
2	Urban	1622	10.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	5381	34.0%
2	General	10433	66.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	13026	82.4%
2	Others	2788	17.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	7875	49.8%
2	State sample	7939	50.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	1318	8.3%
2	Other hamlet group	14496	91.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		15814	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	4031	25.5%
2	Sub - Round 2	4005	25.3%
3	Sub - Round 3	3932	24.9%
4	Sub - Round 4	3846	24.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01		15814	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 Village_type: Village type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14998 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority	8146	54.3%
2	Others	6826	45.5%
9	Invalid	26	0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 Informant_code: Informant's Reln. to Head

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15798 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is informant's relation to head of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The relationship of the principal informant (i.e. the person providing the bulk of the information) to the head of the household is to be recorded in the box space in terms of codes. The relevant codes are: head of the household …………. 1 other member of the household …2 others ……………………………… 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Head of household	13046	82.6%
2	Other member of the household	2428	15.4%

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#18 Informant_code: Informant's Reln. to Head

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
3	Invalid	1	0.0%
9	Others	323	2.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 Resp_Code: Response Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15797 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	This item will be filled in after collecting all the required information for all items in the schedule. The entry is to be made in terms of codes on the basis of the impression formed by the investigator regarding the overall response of the informant. The codes are: informant co-operative and capable ………. 1 informant co-operative but not capable …… 2 informant busy ……………………………. 3 informant reluctant …………………………4 others …………………………………………9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Cooperative & capable	11206	70.9%
2	Cooperative but not capable	4354	27.6%
3	Busy	120	0.8%
4	Reluctant	93	0.6%
9	Others	24	0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 Survey_Code: Survey Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	Survey code: Whether the originally selected sample household has been surveyed or a substituted household has been surveyed will be indicated against this item by recording '1' if it is the originally selected sample household, and '2' if it is the substituted one. If neither the originally selected household nor the substituted household can be surveyed i.e., if the sample household is a casualty, code '3' will be recorded.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Original household surveyed	15717	99.4%
2	Substitute household surveyed	97	0.6%
3	Casualty (nothing surveyed)	0	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 Casualty_Code: Casualty Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=118 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	If the originally selected household cannot be surveyed, irrespective of whether a substitute household can be surveyed or not, the reason for the originally selected household becoming a casualty will be recorded against this item in terms of codes. The codes are : informants busy ………………….. 1 members away from home ………. 2 informant non-cooperative ………. 3 others ……………………………. 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	7	5.9%

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#21 Casualty_Code: Casualty Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Informant busy	34	28.8%
2	Members away from home	41	34.7%
3	Informant non-cooperative	4	3.4%
9	Others	32	27.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B5_q1: Household size

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Household A household is a group of persons who normally live together and take food from a common kitchen. However, a boarding house, a hotel or a hostel is treated as a cluster of households, where each individual boarder forms a separate household. If, however, a group of persons among them normally pooled their income for spending, they together are treated as constituting a single household. Barracks of military and paramilitary forces, orphanages and vagrant-houses are excluded from the scope of the survey. Household size: The size of a household is taken to be the number of members normally residing in it. This size includes temporary stay-aways but excludes temporary visitors and guests of the household.
Literal question	How many members are there in the household?
Interviewer's instructions	Size of the sample household i.e. the total number of persons normally residing together (under the same roof) and taking food from the same kitchen (including temporary stay-aways and excluding temporary visitors) will be recorded against this item. Total number of normal resident members of the household will be considered as its size. The entry against this item will be equal to the last serial number in col. (1) of block 6.

#23 B5_q2: Livelihood class (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15807 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What are the means of livelihood for the household?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
00	not reported	13	0.1%
01	huntin g , trapping and gathering of forest produce	189	1.2%
02	shifting cultivation	1220	7.7%
03	livestock and poultry raising	99	0.6%
04	selected cultivation	5061	32.0%
05	collection of minor forest produces	80	0.5%
06	other agricultural activities	76	0.5%
07	self-employed in non-agriculture	700	4.4%
08	agricultural labour	4643	29.4%
09	plantation labour	337	2.1%
10	mining and quarrying labour	191	1.2%
11	manufacturing & construction labour	835	5.3%
98	invalid	25	0.2%
99	others	2338	14.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B5_q3a: NIC Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

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#24 B5_q3a: NIC Code

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15328 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry is the principal earner working in?
Interviewer's instructions	The household industry -occupation determined according to the definition, three digit level industry (NIC, 1970) and occupation (NCO, 1968) codes for the household are to be recorded in the box spaces against item 3. The industry code will be recorded in the left most three box spaces followed by occupation code.

#25 B5_q3b: NCO Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15301 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the occupation of the principal earner of the household?

#26 B5_q4: Name of the tribe (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15787 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the name of the tribe?

#27 B5_q5: Religion (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15800 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the religion of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	Religion of the household will be recorded in terms of the specified code in this column. The codes are : 1 Hinduism 2 Islam 3 Christianity 4 Sikhism 5 Jainism 6 Buddhism 7 Zorastrianism 9 Others

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	2	0.0%
1	Hinduism	11001	69.6%
2	Islam	151	1.0%
3	Christianity	2639	16.7%
4	Sikhism	6	0.0%
5	Jainism	3	0.0%
6	Buddhism	513	3.2%
7	Zorastrianism	2	0.0%
8	Invalid	1339	8.5%
9	Others	144	0.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B5_q6: Sex of the head of the household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the sex of the head of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The sex of the head of the household will be recorded against item 6 in terms of codes. The codes are : male ……… 1

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#28 B5_q6: Sex of the head of the household

	female …… 2			

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Male	14366		90.8%
2	Female	1447	9.2%	
3	Invalid	1	0.0%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B5_q7: Land owned (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3504] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=13991 /-] [Invalid=1823 /-] [Mean=3.022 /-] [StdDev=29.971 /-]
Literal question	How much land is owned by the household?
Interviewer's instructions	Particulars of land owned will be collected in details in block 8 of this schedule. The total of the entries in col. (6) of block 8 will give the area owned by the sample household and will be recorded against item 7 of block 5.

#30 B5_q8: Land possessed (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3504] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14859 /-] [Invalid=955 /-] [Mean=3.086 /-] [StdDev=29.885 /-]
Literal question	How much land is possessed by the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The total land possessed by the household will, generally, be equal to the land 'owned' plus land 'leased in' minus land 'leased out'. Thus, land possessed will be worked out by subtracting the entry against 'total line' of col. (11) from the sum of the entries against 'total line' in col.(6) and (15) of block 8. However, if any household possesses some land which is neither owned nor leased in, then the area of such land will be added with the area of land possessed derived from block 8 and the total will be recorded in 0.00 acre against item 8.

#31 B5_q9: Type of cultivation (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What type of cultivation method is followed by the household? Is it shifting or settled cultivation method?
Interviewer's instructions	Of the two types of cultivation, namely, the settled and shifting, the one in which the household was engaged during the agricultural year 1987-88 will be shown against item 9 in terms of codes. If the household was engaged only in settled cultivation, code 1 would be recorded against this item and code 2 would be entered if the household was engaged only in shifting cultivation. The appropriate code would be 3 when the household carried out settled as well as shifting cultivation. Code 4 would be assigned to those households who did not undertake any cultivation during the reference period.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	settled cultivation	8424		53.3%
2	shifting cultivation	1141	7.2%	
3	both	577	3.6%	
4	none	5672		35.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#32 B5_q10: Area under settled cultivation (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9999.99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=9988 /-] [Invalid=5826 /-] [Mean=66.238 /-] [StdDev=791.495 /-]
Literal question	How much area is under settled cultivation?
Interviewer's instructions	Depending upon the entry against item 9, area under settled or under settled or under shifting cultivation or under both will be recorded in 0.00 acre. Although there may not be much of a problem in collecting information in respect of settled cultivation, area under shifting cultivation may not be readily available. Plots of land under shifting cultivation are not usually measured in the way it is done in the case of plain land under settled cultivation. The informant may give some idea of the length and breadth of the plots by some unconventional

File Blocks 1, 5_household characteristics

#32 B5_q10: Area under settled cultivation (0.00 acres)

	measures, such as, number of foot steps, number of bamboo poles of certain length, seed ratio etc. The area will, thus, be estimated and converted into acres and then recorded here.

#33 B5_q11: Area under shifting cultivation (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9999.99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3566 /-] [Invalid=12248 /-] [Mean=323.677 /-] [StdDev=1766.638 /-]
Literal question	How much area is under shifting cultivation?
Interviewer's instructions	Depending upon the entry against item 9, area under settled or under settled or under shifting cultivation or under both will be recorded in 0.00 acre. Although there may not be much of a problem in collecting information in respect of settled cultivation, area under shifting cultivation may not be readily available. Plots of land under shifting cultivation are not usually measured in the way it is done in the case of plain land under settled cultivation. The informant may give some idea of the length and breadth of the plots by some unconventional measures, such as, number of foot steps, number of bamboo poles of certain length, seed ratio etc. The area will, thus, be estimated and converted into acres and then recorded here.

#34 B5_q12: Hhold consumer exp. out of home grown stock & free collection (Rs) (last 30 days)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-140000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=13513 /-] [Invalid=2301 /-] [Mean=380.051 /-] [StdDev=2774.069 /-]
Literal question	How much did the household consume out of home grown stock & free collection in terms of rupees in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Consumer expenditure of a household is the expenditure incurred by it for the purpose of its domestic consumption. Expenditure incurred by the household on account of its productive enterprises will not be taken into consideration in arriving at the household consumer expenditure. Total household consumption will consist of consumption made out of (i) commodities and services purchased in cash or on credit. (ii) Commodities and services received in exchange of goods and services including those received from government under NREP, RLEGP etc. (iii) Home-grown/home-produced stock. (iv) Transfer receipts such as borrowings, gifts etc. (v) Free collection. The part of household consumer expenditure during 30 days preceding the date of survey made out of the goods produced by the household in its own farm and/ or non-farm enterprises and that made out of free collection will be added together and the total will be recorded in rupees against item 12. While for the commodities consumed from the home-grown/produced stock, evaluation will be done at the ex-farm or ex-factory price, for the commodities consumed out of free collection, the evaluation will be done at the average local retail price.

#35 B5_q13: Total Hhold consumer exp. (Rs) (last 30 days)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-140000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=819.969 /-] [StdDev=2657.206 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	The total household consumer expenditure during the reference period of 30 days preceding the data of survey will be arrived at taking into consideration all the five constituent sources listed below : (i) commodities and services purchased in cash or on credit. (ii) Commodities and services received in exchange of goods and services including those received from government under NREP, RLEGP etc. (iii) Home-grown/home-produced stock. (iv) Transfer receipts such as borrowings, gifts etc. (v) Free collection. and the same will be recorded in rupees against item 13.

#36 B5_q14: Hhold monthly per capita exp. (Rs 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8333.33] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=166.89 /-] [StdDev=273.025 /-]

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#36 B5_q14: Hhold monthly per capita exp. (Rs 0.00)

Interviewer's instructions	The entry against item 13 will be divided by the household size recorded against item 1 to derive the entry to be made against item 14. The entry against this item will be made in rupees up to two places of decimal.

#37 B5_q15: Whether hhold a member of a co-op. society

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15776 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether the household is a member of a co-operative society?
Interviewer's instructions	Code 1 will be recorded against this item if any member of the household is a member of a cooperative society of any type; otherwise code 2 may be entered against this item.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Yes	1945	12.3%	
2	No	13831		87.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#38 TypeCode: Type Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15787 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#39 MPCE: HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8333.33] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=15814 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=166.89 /-] [StdDev=273.025 /-]
Definition	Household consumer expenditure: It is the expenditure of a household on domestic consumption only. It is the same as the expenditure covered in the consumer expenditure survey of the NSSO. Any expenditure incurred by the household on its enterprise account was excluded from consumer expenditure. Household monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE): This was obtained from the household's total consumer expenditure during last 30 days divided by the household size and recorded in terms of rupees and paisas.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#1 PID: Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for uniquely identifying a member in a household by combining HHID and serial no. of member.

#2 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#3 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#3 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#4 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#5 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	70853	91.1%
2	Urban	6931	8.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	27119	34.9%
2	General	50665	65.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#8 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#9 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#10 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing : *]

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#10 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	65393	84.1%
2	Others	12391	15.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.
	Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.
	The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	38593	49.6%
2	State sample	39191	50.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#12 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#13 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	6400	8.2%
2	Other hamlet group	71384	91.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		77784	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#15 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#15 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#16 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	19883	25.6%
2	Sub - Round 2	19714	25.3%
3	Sub - Round 3	19176	24.7%
4	Sub - Round 4	19011	24.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
02		77784	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 B6_q1: Serial no. of member

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	A continuous serial number of all the normally resident members of the sample household listed in this block is to be given in col. (1). While listing, the head of the household will be listed first, followed by head's spouse, the first son, first son's wife and children, etc. After the sons are enumerated, the daughters will be listed followed by other relatives, dependents, servants, etc.

#19 B6_q3: Relation to head code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77762 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the relationship of the member to the head of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The family relationship of each member of the household with the head of the household (for the head, the relationship is 'self') expressed in terms of specified codes will be recorded in this column. The codes to be used are : description code self .... 1 spouse of head .... 2 married child .... 3 spouse of married child .... 4 unmarried child .... 5 grandchild .... 6 father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law .... 7 brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives.. 8 servant/employee/other non-relatives 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	19	0.0%
1	Head	15802	20.3%
2	Spouse of head	13258	17.0%

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#19 B6_q3: Relation to head code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
3	Married child	3365		4.3%
4	Spouse of married child	2814		3.6%
5	Unmarried child	32289		41.5%
6	Grandchild	4479		5.8%
7	Father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law	2019		2.6%
8	Brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relations	3548		4.6%
9	Servant/employee/or non-relatives	169		0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B6_q4: Sex

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77784 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Is the member of the household a male or female?
Interviewer's instructions	The sex of the members of the household will be recorded against item 4 in terms of codes. The codes are : male .... 1 female 2

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Male	40002		51.4%
2	Female	37734		48.5%
3	Invalid	48		0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 B6_q5: Age

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77752 /-] [Invalid=32 /-]
Literal question	What is the age of the member of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The age at last birthday in completed years of all the members listed in col. (1) will be ascertained and recoded in col. (5). For a new born baby or a baby who has not completed one year of age on the date of survey, entry to be made in col. (5) will be '0'.

#22 B6_q6: Marital status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77735 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the marital status of the member of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The marital status of each member will be recorded in terms of the specified code in this column. The codes are : description code never married .... 1 currently married .... 2 widowed........................... 3 divorced/separated 4

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Never married	39803		51.2%
2	Currently married	33966		43.7%
3	Widowed	3558		4.6%
4	Divorced/separated	402		0.5%
9	Invalid	6		0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 6_demographic particulars of household member

#23 B6_q7: Education

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=77668 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the education level of the member of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	Information regarding the general education attained by the normal members of the household listed in col. (1) will be recorded in this col. in terms of the specified code numbers. For the purpose of making entries in this column, only the course successfully completed will be considered. For instance, for a person who has studied up to first year B.A., his educational attainment will be considered only secondary/higher secondary. Also, for a person who has studied up to 12th standard but has not sat for the final examination or has failed or even passed in the examination, his educational attainment will be considered secondary/higher secondary. The relevant codes to be used for recording entries in this column are: 01 not literate 02 literate without formal schooling 03 literate but below primary 04 primary 05 middle 06 secondary 07 higher secondary 08 diploma / certificate course in agriculture 09 diploma / certificate course in engineering & technology 10 diploma / certificate course in other subjects 11 graduate & above in agriculture 12 graduate & above in engineering & technology 13 graduate & above in medicines 14 graduate & above in other subjects

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
00	not reported	168	0.2%
01	not literate	52841	68.0%
02	literate without formal schooling	2173	2.8%
03	literate but below primary	8139	10.5%
04	primary	6920	8.9%
05	middle	4562	5.9%
06	secondary	1641	2.1%
07	higher secondary	677	0.9%
08	diploma / certificate course in agriculture	12	0.0%
09	diploma / certificate course in engineering & technology	44	0.1%
10	diploma / certificate course in other subjects	73	0.1%
11	graduate & above in agriculture	6	0.0%
12	graduate & above in engineering & technology	8	0.0%
13	graduate & above in medicines	5	0.0%
14	graduate & above in other subjects	256	0.3%
15	invalid	143	0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	133781	90.4%
2	Urban	14144	9.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	51674	34.9%
2	General	96251	65.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal	122765		83.0%
2	Others	25160	17.0%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	73544		49.7%
2	State sample	74381		50.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal majority hamlet	12552	8.5%	
2	Other hamlet group	135373		91.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
9		147925		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub - Round 1	36919		25.0%
2	Sub - Round 2	37779		25.5%
3	Sub - Round 3	37029		25.0%
4	Sub - Round 4	36198		24.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
03		147925		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B7_q1: Serial no. of item

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#18 B7_q3: Whether recd assistance

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147925 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether the household received assistance?
Interviewer's instructions	It is to be enquired for each of the items listed in col. (2) whether the household has received during last 3 years any assistance in the form of subsidy and loan. The entry will be made in terms of codes: yes-1; no-2.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	yes	3062	2.1%	
2	no	144863		97.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B7_q4: Source (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3060 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If the household received assistance, then what was the source of this assistance?
Interviewer's instructions	If some assistance is received for an item, agency providing the assistance will be recorded in this column in specified codes given below:

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#19 B7_q4: Source (Code)

government department ………………….. 1
commercial bank ………………………… 2
others ……………………………….. 3

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	government department	2476	80.9%
2	commercial bank	437	14.3%
8	invalid	3	0.1%
9	others	144	4.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B7_q5: Value of assistance (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3035 /-] [Invalid=144890 /-]
Literal question	If the household received assistance, then how much was the value in rupees of this assistance?
Interviewer's instructions	If the entry in col. (3) against an item is 1, total value of the assistance received during the last 3 years for the item will be recorded in col. (5) in rupees. When the assistance is partly in the form of subsidy and partly as loan, the total of subsidy and loan will be recorded here.

#21 B7_q6: Whether assistance is for physical assets

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3062 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If the household received assistance, then whether this assistance was for physical assets?
Interviewer's instructions	When an assistance for an item is received by the household during last 3 years, it is to be further enquired whether the assistance has been given for obtaining physical asset. If yes the entry in column (6) will be 1; otherwise 2 will be entered in that column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	1749	57.1%
2	no	1313	42.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B7_q7: If yes in q6 whether still possessed

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1749 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If the household received assistance in the form of physical assets, then whether this physical asset is still possessed?
Interviewer's instructions	If the household has received the assistance for owning a physical asset (i.e. if the code in col. (6) is 1), a further enquiry is to be made to determine whether the said asset is still under the possession of the household on the date of survey. If the entire asset is under the possession of the household, the entry in col. (7) against that item will be 1. If, on the other hand, only part of the physical asset is possessed by the household on the date of survey, the relevant entry in col. (7) will be 2. The appropriate code in col. (7) will be (3),) when the asset is not in the possession of the household.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	entire asset possessed	1265	72.3%
2	part possessed	177	10.1%
3	not possessed	297	17.0%
8	invalid	10	0.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 7_particulars of assistance received by the household during last 3 year

#23 B7_q8: If 2 or 3 in q7, reason for non-possession

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=474 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If the household received assistance in the form of physical assets and this physical asset is not possessed now, then what was the reason for non-possession?
Interviewer's instructions	If the household does not possess the physical asset, received as assistance during last 3 years, in its entirety (i.e. if the code in col. (7) is either 2 or 3), the reason for non-possession will be recorded in terms of codes as given below: sold …………………………………… 1 mortgaged ………………………….. 2 consumed ………………………….. 3 died ………………………………… 4 destroyed by natural calamities ……. 5 destroyed by wild animals …………. 6 usurped by others …………………... 7 others ……………………………… 8

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	sold	50		10.5%
2	mortgaged	6		1.3%
3	consumed	214		45.1%
4	died	87		18.4%
5	destroyed by natural calamities	21		4.4%
6	destroyed by wild animals	2		0.4%
7	usurped by others	4		0.8%
8	invalid	19		4.0%
9	others	71		15.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

#4 Sector: Sector

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	28988	96.0%
2	Urban	1206	4.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	12225	40.5%
2	General	17969	59.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	27128	89.8%
2	Others	3066	10.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is

File Block 8_particulars of land owned and possessed

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

| | drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.

Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.

The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample. |
|---|---|

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	15121	50.1%
2	State sample	15073	49.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	2653	8.8%
2	Other hamlet group	27541	91.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		30194	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	7444	24.7%
2	Sub - Round 2	7742	25.6%
3	Sub - Round 3	7328	24.3%
4	Sub - Round 4	7680	25.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
04		30194		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B8_q1: Serial no. of plot

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30194 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	Serial number of plots either owned or leased in by the household as on the date of survey, will be recorded in col. (1). The plots will be listed in the following order:
	(i) the plots owned wholly or partly by the household will be listed first;
	(ii) next, the plots partially owned and partially leased in, if any, will be recorded;
	(iii) finally, the plots taken on lease wholly of partly and possessed on the date of survey will be listed.
	The last line of the block will give the grand total of the entries.

#18 B8_q3: Location (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30108 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the location of the plot?
Interviewer's instructions	The location of the plot in terms of codes is to be entered in this column. The location codes are different for rural households and urban households and are as follows:
	for rural schedules for urban schedules
	within village …………… 1 within sample town …………… 1 outside village: outside sample town: in the rural sector ………. 2 in the urban sector …………… 2 in the urban sector ………3 in the rural sector …………….. 3

#19 B8_q4: Geographical area of plot (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-4113.34] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=30092 /-] [Invalid=102 /-] [Mean=1.552 /-] [StdDev=23.868 /-]
Literal question	How much is the geographical area of the plot?
Interviewer's instructions	The total geographical area of the plot (that is, the survey or sub-survey number) will be recorded in 0.00 acre in column (4), even when only part of it is owned or leased in by the household.

#20 B8_q5: Area quoted from

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28470 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether the area of the plot quoted from document or from memory?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	area quoted from document	5595	19.7%	
2	area quoted from memory	22760		79.9%
8	invalid	115	0.4%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#21 B8_q6: Area owned (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3504] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28484 /-] [Invalid=1710 /-] [Mean=1.484 /-] [StdDev=20.948 /-]
Literal question	How much is the area owned?
Interviewer's instructions	If the entire plot is owned by the members of household, the total owned area, which is the total geographical area will be recorded in acres up to two places of decimal in column (6). If, however, the plot is owned jointly by two or more households, the actual area owned by the members of the household is quoted from some document by the informant, code 1 will be entered in col. (5); otherwise code 2 will be recorded.

#22 B8_q7: Type of ownership (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28470 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the type of ownership? Is the title clear?
Interviewer's instructions	A plot may be possessed by a tribal household according to traditional tribal rights. Generally, a plot of land is given to the household by local chieftains or village/district council. The holder of such land may or may not possess a title of ownership. Even if the household does not possess a title of ownership, it will be deemed to have owner like possession without title provided the household has the right of long term use of the land. Government is aware of the situation and in some states has taken various measures to confer titles to the owner of those lands. In column (7), information on the status of ownership of each plot will be collected. The entries will be made in codes as given below: with title ………………………………… 1 without title but applied for …………….. 2 without title and not applied for ……….. 3 customary title ………………………… 4 One of the codes 1 to 3 will be applicable in those states where Government has already conferred titles or is taking measures towards that direction. Code 4 will be given in cases where a plot is owned according to tribal rights and where (in states or districts) Government has not yet taken any step towards conferring titles to individuals.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	with title	21683	76.2%
2	without title but applied for	753	2.6%
3	without title and not applied for	1433	5.0%
4	customary title	4438	15.6%
8	invalid	163	0.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#23 B8_q8: How acquired (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28470 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	How the plot was acquired?
Interviewer's instructions	For each plot owned by the household on the date of survey, it is to be ascertained as to how the plot was acquired by the household. The entries in this column will be made in terms of codes as given below: inherited ……………………………………… 1 purchased from tribals ………………………2 purchased from non-tribals …………………..3 allotted by government ……………………… 4 allotted by the village/district council etc ….. 5 received as gift ………………………………6 alienated land restored ………………………7 others ………………………………………… 9

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#23 B8_q8: How acquired (Code)

	Most of the codes are self-explanatory. As regards code 7, it may be mentioned that disposal of land by a tribal to non-tribals is not legal. If such disposal took place in the past, the triblas were entitled to get the land restored. Code 7 will be entered in col.(8) when such restoration takes place.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	inherited	22250		78.2%
2	purchased from tribals	741	2.6%	
3	purchased from non-tribals	572	2.0%	
4	allotment by govt.	1802	6.3%	
5	allotment by district council/ village council etc.	1278	4.5%	
6	gift	158	0.6%	
7	alienated land restored	31	0.1%	
8	invalid	141	0.5%	
9	others	1497	5.3%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B8_q9: From whom acquired (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28470 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	From whom the plot was acquired?
Interviewer's instructions	The previous owners from whom the plots of land have been acquired are classified into certain groups. After ascertaining the appropriate group, the relevant code will be entered in this column. The codes are as follows: own tribe of the same village …………. 1 own tribe of other village/town ……….. 2 other tribe ………………………………3 non-tribals ……………………………...4 others …………………………………..5

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	own tribe of the same village	20694		72.7%
2	own tribe of the other village	300	1.1%	
3	other tribe	106	0.4%	
4	non-tribals	585	2.1%	
5	others	0	0.0%	
9	invalid	6785	23.8%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B8_q10: Period since acquired (years)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28470 /-] [Invalid=1724 /-] [Mean=24.581 /-] [StdDev=24.161 /-]
Literal question	Since how many years the plot has been acquired?
Interviewer's instructions	Number of years elapsed since the acquisition took place will be recorded in this column in completed years against each plot owned by the household.

#26 B8_q11: Area leased out (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-131.04] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=905 /-] [Invalid=29289 /-] [Mean=1.501 /-] [StdDev=6 /-]
Literal question	How much area has been leased out?

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#26 B8_q11: Area leased out (0.00 acres)

Interviewer's instructions	The actual area leased out by the household is to be recorded in this column in acres up to two places of decimal.

#27 B8_q12: Terms of lease (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=757 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What are the terms of lease?
Interviewer's instructions	Information on the terms of lease on which the land has been leased out will be recorded in column (12) in terms of codes as specified below: for fixed money ……………………………… 1 for fixed produce …………….. ………………2 for share of produce …………………………. 3 for share of produce with other terms ……….. 4 under usufructuary mortgage ………………. 5 under other terms ……………………………. 9 It may be noted here that a lease agreement may be made verbally or in writing. Most of the terms are self-explanatory. However, it may be noted that household under crop sharing basis will mean that the owner of land receives a stipulated share of the produce but does not participate in the work nor does he organize or conduct agricultural operations on that plot of land which he has leased out. Further, usufructuary mortgage is a type of mortage in which the mortgagor (the person who mortgages the property) retains the ownership of his land but the possession of the land is transferred to the mortgagee (i.e. the person to whom the land is mortgaged) till the fore-closure of the deed.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	for fixed money	234	30.9%
2	for fixed produce	76	10.0%
3	for share of produce	243	32.1%
4	for share of produce with other terms	36	4.8%
5	under usufructuary mortgage	37	4.9%
8	invalid	37	4.9%
9	under other terms	94	12.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B8_q13: To whom leased out (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=757 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	To whom the plot has been leased out?
Interviewer's instructions	Information on the type of lessee household will be recorded in this column in terms of codes. The codes are same as those provided for column (9) .

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	own tribe of the same village	414	54.7%
2	own tribe of the other village	45	5.9%
3	other tribe	49	6.5%
4	non-tribals	168	22.2%
5	others	0	0.0%
9	invalid	81	10.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B8_q14: Period since acquired (years)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-98] [Missing=*]

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#29 B8_q14: Period since acquired (years)

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=757 /-] [Invalid=29437 /-] [Mean=12.359 /-] [StdDev=25.301 /-]
Literal question	Since how many years the plot has been acquired?
Interviewer's instructions	The time elapsed since the plot or a part of it is leased out will be recorded in completed years in this column.

#30 B8_q15: Area leased in (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-22] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2024 /-] [Invalid=28170 /-] [Mean=1.031 /-] [StdDev=1.716 /-]
Literal question	How much area has been leased in?
Interviewer's instructions	Area leased in by the household will be recorded in col. (15) in acres up to 2 places of decimal separately for each plot leased-in.

#31 B8_q16: Terms of lease (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1921 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What are the terms of lease?
Interviewer's instructions	Information pertaining to terms under which leasing-in of the plots were agreed upon would be recorded in column (16).

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	for fixed money	387	20.1%
2	for fixed produce	107	5.6%
3	for share of produce	405	21.1%
4	for share of produce with other terms	56	2.9%
5	under usufructuary mortgage	107	5.6%
8	invalid	70	3.6%
9	under other terms	789	41.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#32 B8_q17: From whom leased in (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1921 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	From whom the plot has been leased in?
Interviewer's instructions	For recording entries in column (17), it is necessary to ascertain the type of lessor from whom the land has been taken lease. The codes are same as those for col. (9) and col. (13).

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	own tribe of the same village	530	27.6%
2	own tribe of the other village	76	4.0%
3	other tribe	85	4.4%
4	non-tribals	417	21.7%
5	others	0	0.0%
9	invalid	813	42.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	265	95.7%
2	Urban	12	4.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	87	31.4%
2	General	190	68.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

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#8 Stratum: Stratum

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal	239		86.3%
2	Others	38	13.7%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	124		44.8%
2	State sample	153		55.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal majority hamlet	27	9.7%	
2	Other hamlet group	250		90.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

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#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
9		277		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub - Round 1	82		29.6%
2	Sub - Round 2	78		28.2%
3	Sub - Round 3	46		16.6%
4	Sub - Round 4	71		25.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
05		277		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B9_q1: Serial no. of plot

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	Serial number of plots either owned or leased in by the household as on the date of survey, will be recorded in col. (1). The plots will be listed in the following order: (i) the plots owned wholly or partly by the household will be listed first; (ii) next, the plots partially owned and partially leased in, if any, will be recorded; (iii) finally, the plots taken on lease wholly of partly and possessed on the date of survey will be listed. The last line of the block will give the grand total of the entries.

#18 B9_q3: Location (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the location of the plot?
Interviewer's instructions	The location of the plot in terms of codes is to be entered in this column. The location codes are different for rural households and urban households and are as follows: for rural schedules for urban schedules within village …………… 1 within sample town …………… 1 outside village: outside sample town: in the rural sector ……… 2 in the urban sector …………… 2

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#18 B9_q3: Location (Code)

	in the urban sector ………3 in the rural sector ……………... 3

#19 B9_q4: Period since disposed (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Since how many years the plot has been disposed?
Interviewer's instructions	7.9.1 Period elapsed since disposal of plot (fully or partly taken place will be recorded in codes. The codes are : within 1 year …………………1 1 - 2 years……………………2 2 - 5 years……………………3

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	within 1 year	64		23.1%
2	within 1-2 years	53		19.1%
3	within 2-5 years	155		56.0%
6	invalid	5		1.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B9_q5: Area disposed (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.01-12] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1.015 /-] [StdDev=1.337 /-]
Literal question	How much area has been disposed?
Interviewer's instructions	For each of the plot disposed of the area disposed of will be recorded in 0.00 acre in this column.

#21 B9_q6: Mode of disposal (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What has been the mode of disposal?
Interviewer's instructions	7.9.5 A plot may be disposed of by way of sale or gift or it may be acquired by government of public bodies for public work or for other purposes. Sometimes land may be occupied without authority by a person or persons and the owner has little hope of regaining it. The actual position is to be ascertained and the appropriate code is to be entered this column by consulting the code list given below: acquired by government/public bodies ……………1 sale…………………………………………………2 gift…………………………………………………3 land exchanged to settle debt………………………4 unauthorized occupation……………………….....5 others…………………………………………… 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	acquired by govt. / public bodies	64		23.1%
2	sale	189		68.2%
3	gift	9		3.2%
4	land exchanged to settle debt	3		1.1%
5	unauthorised occupation	5		1.8%
9	others	7		2.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#22 B9_q7: To whom disposed (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=275 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	To whom the plot has been disposed?
Interviewer's instructions	7.9.5 The category of person or organization to whom the land was disposed of would be recorded in this column in terms of codes provided below : own tribe of the same village…………………………1 own tribe of the other village or town………………...2 other tribe………………………………………………..3 non-tribals……………………………………………….4 government department/ public bodies………………5 private body……………………………………………..6 others…………………………………………………….9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	own tribe of the same village	101	36.7%
2	own tribe of the other village	46	16.7%
3	other tribe	9	3.3%
4	non-tribals	49	17.8%
5	govt. departments / other public bodies	65	23.6%
6	private bodies	1	0.4%
9	others	4	1.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#23 B9_q8: Why disposed (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=275 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Why the plot has been disposed?
Interviewer's instructions	7.9.5 The reason which compelled the household to dispose of the plot of land will be ascertained and recorded in this column in terms of codes given below: acquired by government …………………………………1 acquired by public bodies……………………………….2 ceremonial expenditure………………………………….3 other household expenditure…………………………….4 capital expenditure……………………………………….5 unauthorized occupation by others……………………..6 repayment of debt………………………………………..7 others…………………………………………………….9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	acquired by govt.	64	23.3%
2	acquired by public bodies	3	1.1%
3	ceremonial expenditure	14	5.1%
4	other household expenditure	96	34.9%
5	capital expenditure	8	2.9%
6	unauthorised occupation by others	5	1.8%
7	repayment of debt	37	13.5%
9	others	48	17.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#24 B9_q9: Whether permission for disposal obtained

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=274 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether permission was obtained for disposal?
Interviewer's instructions	In some states, permission is required for transfer of any land in tribal areas. Permission is a must in all the states if such transfer is made to non- tribals. Whatever be the position, for each disposal, it is to be ascertained permission is obtained from the appropriate authority for disposal of land. If permission is taken, the entry in col. (9) will be 1: otherwise code 2 may be entered in this column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	90	32.8%
2	no	183	66.8%
9	invalid	1	0.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B9_q10: Amount of compensation recd. (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=277 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	How much amount was received as compensation?
Interviewer's instructions	The amount of compensation received or receivable for the disposal of land will be recorded in rupees in col. (10). The entry in this column will be 0(zero), if no compensation is received or receivable.

#26 B9_q11: Nature of payment (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=234 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What was the nature of payment? Whether full payment was made or not?
Interviewer's instructions	Whether the full settlement amount has already been received or not will be ascertained. If full amount is received, code 1 will be entered in col. (11) and if only part payment is received the appropriate code for col. (11) will be 2.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	full payment	199	85.0%
2	part payment	35	15.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#27 B9_q12: Whether full settlement is adequate

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=234 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether full settlement is adequate for the disposal of plot?
Interviewer's instructions	Further enquiry is to be made to ascertain as to whether the household considers the full settlement amount (even if the full amount is not yet received) as adequate compensation for the land disposed of. If yes, code 1 will be recorded in col. (12); otherwise, the entry in this column will be 2.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	171	73.1%
2	no	63	26.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B9_q13: Whether any claim is filed for restoration of alienated land

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=136 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 9_particulars of disposal of land during last 5 years

#28 B9_q13: Whether any claim is filed for restoration of alienated land

Literal question	Whether any claim is filed for restoration of alienated land?
Interviewer's instructions	It has been stated earlier that transfer of land from tribal to non-tribal is not legally valid. For all cases of disposal to non-tribals [code 4 in col. (7)] it is to be enquired whether the household has filed any claim to the appropriate authority for restoration of such land. If such claim is filed, the entry in col. (13) will be 1; otherwise, code 2 will be entered in this column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	3	2.2%
2	no	133	97.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B9_q14: If yes in q13, whether alienated land is restored

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=7 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If claim is filed for restoration of alienated land, then whether alienated land is restored?
Interviewer's instructions	If the entry in col. (13) is 1 i.e. if any claim has been filed, it is to be ascertained whether the land in question is restored to the tribal household. The code in col. (14) will be 1 if the land is restored, otherwise code 2 will be entered.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	2	28.6%
2	no	5	71.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#30 B9_q15: If yes in q14, whether restored land is disposed of again

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	If claim is filed for restoration of alienated land and it is restored also, then whether restored land is disposed of again?
Interviewer's instructions	In regard to the piece of land restored, it will be further enquired whether the said land is disposed of again. If yes, the entry in col. (15) will be 1 and if no, code 2 will be entered.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	0	0.0%
2	no	3	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	13480	91.7%
2	Urban	1221	8.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	5276	35.9%
2	General	9425	64.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	12373	84.2%
2	Others	2328	15.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.
	Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.
	The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	7326	49.8%
2	State sample	7375	50.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	1270	8.6%
2	Other hamlet group	13431	91.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		14701	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub - Round 1	3743		25.5%
2	Sub - Round 2	3731		25.4%
3	Sub - Round 3	3624		24.7%
4	Sub - Round 4	3603		24.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
06		14701		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B10_q1: Fuel charges for irrigation

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12842 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on fuel charges for irrigation?
Interviewer's instructions	"Fuel charges for irrigation" will include the value of diesel oil etc. used to run the pump set or the hiring charges, if any, of the pump set. Expenditure on repairs and maintenance of sources of irrigation owned by the household will also come under this item.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0	not reported	2		0.0%
1	yes	631		4.9%
2	no	12207		95.1%
3	invalid	2		0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 B10_q2: Charges for irrigation

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12840 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on charges for irrigation?
Interviewer's instructions	If some community irrigation facilities like canals, deep tubewell etc. are available and household made use of those facilities for cultivation, the amount paid to the government or other local bodies for getting the benefit will be considered as "charges for irrigation". Also labour charges for bringing water from a distance for the purpose of cultivation will also be included under this item.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0	not reported	1		0.0%
1	yes	1037		8.1%
2	no	11802		91.9%

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#18 B10_q2: Charges for irrigation

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B10_q3: Fertiliser and pesticide used

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12841 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on fertiliser and pesticide used?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	1	0.0%
1	yes	3456	26.9%
2	no	9384	73.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B10_q4: High yielding variety of seeds used

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12840 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on high yielding variety of seeds used?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	1	0.0%
1	yes	1977	15.4%
2	no	10862	84.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 B10_q5: Hired labour charges

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12835 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on hired labour charges?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	1	0.0%
1	yes	3307	25.8%
2	no	9526	74.2%
4	invalid	1	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B10_q6: Labour rent, revenue etc.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=12827 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether incurred any expenditure on labour rent, revenue etc.?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	3	0.0%
1	yes	5011	39.1%
2	no	7813	60.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#23 B12_q1: Distance of forest from the village (km.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-999] [Missing=*]

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#23 B12_q1: Distance of forest from the village (km.)

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=13340 /-] [Invalid=1361 /-] [Mean=12.713 /-] [StdDev=35.177 /-]
Literal question	How much is the distance of forest from the village in kms.?
Interviewer's instructions	The distance of the nearest forest from the village/town in which the tribal household resides will be recorded in kilometers against item 1.

#24 B12_q2: Whether any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee?
Interviewer's instructions	It is to be ascertained whether any normal member of the household worked in the capacity of regular salary/ wage employee or casual wage employee in any forest during 30 days preceding the date of survey. The work may be manual or non-manual. Even if one member worked for one day. Code 1 would be entered against this item; otherwise the entry would be code 2.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	yes	479	3.3%
2	no	14222	96.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B12_q3: No. of members

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=478 /-] [Invalid=14223 /-] [Mean=1.738 /-] [StdDev=1.034 /-]
Literal question	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how many members worked?
Interviewer's instructions	Item 3 to 5: items 3 to 5 will be relevant if the entry against item 2 is 1. Number of members worked as wage employee during 30 days preceding the date of survey, irrespective of number of days worked by them will be recorded against item 3.

#26 B12_q4: No. of days worked by all members as wage employee

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=465 /-] [Invalid=14236 /-]
Literal question	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how many number of days worked by all the members as wage employee?
Interviewer's instructions	Total number of days worked(the day will be counted even if worked for an hour in a day) by all the members of the household either as regular wage/salaried employee or casual employee will be recorded against item 4. In case more than one member have worked, the number of days preceding the date of survey has to be ascertained separately and then added together to get the total number of days worked by the members of the household for recording entries against item 4.

#27 B12_q5: Total wage receivable (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=463 /-] [Invalid=14238 /-]
Literal question	If any member worked in a forest during last 30 days as wage employee, then how much total wage was received in terms of rupees?
Interviewer's instructions	Wages receivable by all the members taken together for the work done by them will be recorded against item 5 in rupees. In calculating the wages, amount received or receivable as bonus. Perquisites etc. for the number of days worked by the members should be taken into account. However, overtime payment, if any, will be excluded.

#28 Cultivation_type: Type of cultivation

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Blocks 10, 12_input items used for cultivation during 1987-88 and particulars of wage employment in forestry operation

#28 Cultivation_type: Type of cultivation

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14701 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	settled cultivation	8373		57.0%
2	shifting cultivation	889	6.0%	
3	both	553	3.8%	
4	none	4886		33.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Rural	24366		98.6%
2	Urban	339	1.4%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Special	9649	39.1%	
2	General	15056		60.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#6 St_Region: State Region

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal		
2	Others		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	12258		49.6%
2	State sample	12447		50.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

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#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	1793	7.3%
2	Other hamlet group	22912	92.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		24705	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	6357	25.7%
2	Sub - Round 2	6474	26.2%
3	Sub - Round 3	6041	24.5%
4	Sub - Round 4	5833	23.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
07		24705	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B11_q1: Serial no. of crop

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	A running serial number starting from 1 will be recorded in col. (1) for the crops produced.

#18 B11_q2: Cultivation (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24703 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What type of cultivation method is followed by the household? Is it shifting or settled cultivation method?

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#18 B11_q2: Cultivation (Code)

Interviewer's instructions	The crops are produced either by settled cultivation or by shifting cultivation. The type of cultivation will be indicated in col. (2) by recording codes 1 or 2 respectively for settled and shifting cultivation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	343	1.4%
1	settled cultivation	20222	81.9%
2	shifting cultivation	4131	16.7%
9	invalid	7	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B11_q4: Crop (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24585 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which crop is being cultivated by the household?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	paddy		
02	maize		
03	minor millets		
04	pulses		
05	oil seeds		
06	potato		
07	citrus fruits		
08	other fruits		
09	coconut		
10	cashew nut		
11	cardamom		
12	pepper		
13	spices		
14	cotton		
15	coffee		
16	rubber		
99	others		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B11_q5: Seed used (kg.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24681 /-] [Invalid=24 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of seed was used by the household in terms of kgs.?
Interviewer's instructions	These two columns 5 and 6 are to be filled in only in case of shifting cultivation. If the household produced crop like paddy, maize, minor millets. Pulses, oil seeds and/ or cotton under shifting cultivation during the period corresponding to the agricultural year 1987-88, the quantity of seeds used for each crop so produced would be recorded in col. (5) in kg. The approximate quantity of seeds used per hectare of land is to be ascertained through enquiry and recorded kg. in col. (6). A cross mark (x) is to put in cols. (5) and (6) for crops produced in settled cultivation.

#21 B11_q6: Seed ratio

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=342 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#21 B11_q6: Seed ratio

Literal question	What was the seed ratio?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		342	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B11_q7: Quantity (Kg. / No.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=349 /-] [Invalid=24356 /-]
Literal question	What was the yield rate per acre of Kharif crop? How much crop was produced?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (7) to (10): yield rate per acre: These columns are to be filled-in only in case of settled cultivation : For each of the crops produced in the kharif season of the agricultural year 1987-88, the yield rate of the crop per acre is to be ascertained through enquiry and to be recorded in column (7) in kilograms for all crops except citrus fruits (07), other fruits (08) and account (09) in which case the unit will be numbers. A cross mark (x) will be put in this column when the crop category is 'others' (99).

#23 B11_q8: Whether different from normal year

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=459 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether the yield rate per acre of Kharif crop was different from the normal year?
Interviewer's instructions	It is to be noted that a particular crop might have been produced in different plots of land with varying yield rates. In such a situation all the plots in which the crop was produced would be considered to arrive at an average yield rate. It is to be further enquired whether the yield rate recorded in col. (7) is different than what the household, generally, gets in the kharif season of normal agricultural year. The comparison should, generally, be made with the previous agricultural year. But, if the previous agricultural year happens to be an exceptionally good or bad year, the comparison should be made with the most recent normal agricultural year. Information so collected will be recorded in col. (8) in terms of codes as given below : yield rate more than the normal year ………………………1 yield rate same as the normal year…………………………2 yield rate less than the normal year…………………………3

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	346	75.4%
1	yield rate more than the normal year	42	9.2%
2	yield rate same as that of the normal year	23	5.0%
3	yield rate less than the normal year	15	3.3%
9	invalid	33	7.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B11_q9: Quantity (Kg. / No.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=782 /-] [Invalid=23923 /-]
Literal question	What was the yield rate per acre of Rabi crop? How much crop was produced?
Interviewer's instructions	The particulars to be collected in cols. (9) and (10) relate to the crops produced in Rabi season. These columns are to be filled in exactly in a similar manner as discussed above for columns (7) and (8). However, if a particular crop is produced in kharif and Rabi seasons, two different yield rates for two different seasons are to be noted in cols. (7) and (9) respectively.

#25 B11_q10: Whether different from normal year

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2702 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 11_particulars of crops produced during 1987-88

#25 B11_q10: Whether different from normal year

Literal question	Whether the yield rate per acre of Rabi crop was different from the normal year?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	646	23.9%
1	yield rate more than the normal year	609	22.5%
2	yield rate same as that of the normal year	482	17.8%
3	yield rate less than the normal year	252	9.3%
9	invalid	713	26.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#26 MPCE: HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8333.33] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=24705 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=162.508 /-] [StdDev=271.112 /-]

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#1 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#2 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#3 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	11557	98.3%
2	Urban	201	1.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#4 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	4271	36.3%
2	General	7487	63.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#5 St_Region: State Region

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#6 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#7 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal	10992		93.5%
2	Others	766	6.5%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#8 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	5844		49.7%
2	State sample	5914		50.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#9 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#10 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	838	7.1%

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#10 Area_type: Area Type

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2	Other hamlet group	10920	92.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		11758	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#12 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#13 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	2897	24.6%
2	Sub - Round 2	3008	25.6%
3	Sub - Round 3	2860	24.3%
4	Sub - Round 4	2993	25.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
08		11758	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#15 B13_q1: Item (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11758 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	Names of the products collected from the forest either for household consumption or for sale or for household enterprise will be recorded in col. (2) and the corresponding item code in col. (1).

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
001	timber	1036	8.8%
002	firewood	7785	66.2%
003	bamboo/cane/reeds	659	5.6%
004	medicine plant	24	0.2%
005	leaves	1038	8.8%
006	thaching grass/fodder	177	1.5%
007	edible oilseed	35	0.3%

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#15 B13_q1: Item (Code)

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
008	edible product (fruit, root, tuber, etc.)	402		3.4%
009	lac	9		0.1%
010	gum, resins	14		0.1%
011	non-edible oils (including sandal oil)	11		0.1%
012	sandal wood	3		0.0%
013	fibre and flosses	5		0.0%
014	tans and dyes	2		0.0%
015	honey / bee wax	48		0.4%
016	animal and birds	172		1.5%
017	ivory	0		0.0%
018	incense and perfume wood	8		0.1%
019	other products	330		2.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B13_q9: Type code / To whom sold

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1450 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	sold in cash direct to consumer household	697		48.1%
2	sold in cash to co-operatives /IAMP	38		2.6%
3	sold in cash to private traders	396		27.3%
4	sold in cash to forest officials	26		1.8%
5	sold in cash to others	123		8.5%
6	sold in kind direct to consumer household	64		4.4%
7	sold in kind to others	28		1.9%
8	invalid	78		5.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B13_q3: Quantity (kg.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-210000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=10472 /-] [Invalid=1286 /-] [Mean=1078.247 /-] [StdDev=6531.045 /-]
Literal question	How much forest produce was collected by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (3) & (4): Produce collected: Quantity and value of each of the products collected during 30 days preceding the date of survey will be recorded in columns (3) and (4) respectively. Quantity figure will be recorded in Kg. whereas the value of the products evaluated at the ex-farm price will be entered in 0.00 rupees. If the quantity of a produce can not be expressed in Kg., a cross mark (x) may be put in cols. (3), (5) and/or (7), as the case may be.

#18 B13_q4: Value (Rs. 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-16000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11115 /-] [Invalid=643 /-] [Mean=88.222 /-] [StdDev=344.784 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of forest produce collected by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?

File Block 13_particulars of forest produce collected, consumed at home and sold by household members during last 30 days as self-employed

#19 B13_q5: Quantity (kg.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-150000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=10479 /-] [Invalid=1279 /-] [Mean=894.959 /-] [StdDev=4068.07 /-]
Literal question	How much forest produce was consumed at home by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (5) & (6): Produce consumed at home: Quantity and value of forest produce consumed in the household during 30 days preceding the date of survey will be recorded in these columns. The value of the produce will be ascertained on the basis of ex-farm price. Consumption may be out of forest produce collected during the reference period or from an earlier stock built up from such collection. Thus, for an item, there may be entries in columns (1), (2), (5) and/or (7) to ((9) without having entries in cols. (3) and (4).

#20 B13_q6: Value (Rs. 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-12000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11119 /-] [Invalid=639 /-] [Mean=65.126 /-] [StdDev=232.401 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of forest produce consumed at home by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?

#21 B13_q7: Quantity (kg.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-98000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1386 /-] [Invalid=10372 /-] [Mean=1474.789 /-] [StdDev=6782.233 /-]
Literal question	How much forest produce was sold by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (7) to (8): Produce sold: Quantity and value of forest produce sold by the household during 30 days preceding the date of survey will be recorded in cols. (7) and (8) respectively. The value of sale will be the amount received or receivable for the quantity sold. Like consumption, sale may relate to the products collected during the reference period or to the stock built up from past collection.

#22 B13_q8: Value (Rs. 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-16000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1460 /-] [Invalid=10298 /-] [Mean=150.472 /-] [StdDev=522.754 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of forest produce sold by the household members during last 30 days as self-employed?

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	5951	95.9%
2	Urban	256	4.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	2186	35.2%
2	General	4021	64.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	5414	87.2%
2	Others	793	12.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	3155	50.8%
2	State sample	3052	49.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	517	8.3%
2	Other hamlet group	5690	91.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		6207	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	1958	31.5%
2	Sub - Round 2	1714	27.6%
3	Sub - Round 3	1385	22.3%
4	Sub - Round 4	1150	18.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
09		6207	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B14_q1: Serial no. of enterprises

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	For the purposes of recording information, enterprises have been classified into various types as listed in col. (2) with the corresponding serial numbers in col. (1).

#18 B14_q3: Value of output produced (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99999] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=5542 /-] [Invalid=665 /-] [Mean=801.145 /-] [StdDev=3602.125 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of output produced by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (3) to (5): The value of the products produced (ready for sale and/or household consumption or for distribution) during 30 days preceding the date of survey will be recorded in those columns against the particular enterprise value of the principal products will only be recorded in col. (3).

#19 B14_q4: Other receipts (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=914 /-] [Invalid=5293 /-] [Mean=475.336 /-] [StdDev=3811.787 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of other receipts by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Value of the by-products together with any other receipts to the enterprise will be recorded in col. (4).

#20 B14_q5: Total (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-105000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=5986 /-] [Invalid=221 /-] [Mean=869.659 /-] [StdDev=4485.098 /-]
Literal question	How much was the total value of output produced by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Col.(5) will give the total of columns (3) and (4). The products will be evaluated at the ex-farm/ex-factory price.

#21 B14_q6: Raw material purchased (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-45000] [Missing=*]

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#21 B14_q6: Raw material purchased (Rs.)

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=929 /-] [Invalid=5278 /-] [Mean=624.465 /-] [StdDev=3089.097 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on raw material purchase by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (6) to (10): Information relating to consumption of raw materials, fuel, lubricant, auxiliary materials and other expenses relevant to the productive enterprises during the reference period will be colleted in these columns. Columns (6) will be used to record the consumption of raw materials out of cash purchase (including credit purchase) only. It is to be noted that expenditure on those materials only will be considered which are consumed in the process of production during the reference period irrespective of whether they are purchased, produced or procured from other sources during the reference period.

#22 B14_q7: Raw material obtained in kind from own enterprise (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-30000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=594 /-] [Invalid=5613 /-] [Mean=389.714 /-] [StdDev=1983.807 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of raw material obtained in kind from own enterprise for use by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (7) will be used to record the products from other enterprises of the sample household used as raw materials in the concerned enterprise. The value for columns (7) and (8) will be imputed at the appropriate rates which will be ex-farm or ex-factory if the materials are obtained from his own enterprise or direct from grower/producer, otherwise retail price prevailing in the locality will be used.

#23 B14_q8: Raw material obtained from other sources (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-20000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=529 /-] [Invalid=5678 /-] [Mean=229.304 /-] [StdDev=1202.731 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on the raw material obtained from other sources by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Col. (8) will be used to record the materials obtained from other sources.The value for columns (7) and (8) will be imputed at the appropriate rates which will be ex-farm or ex-factory if the materials are obtained from his own enterprise or direct from grower/producer, otherwise retail price prevailing in the locality will be used.

#24 B14_q9: Other expenditure (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-15000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1654 /-] [Invalid=4553 /-] [Mean=220.32 /-] [StdDev=990.143 /-]
Literal question	How much other expenditure was incurred by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	All other expenses (excepting labour charges) incurred during the reference period for the enterprise such as expenditure on account of fuel, lubricant, packing materials, rents etc. will be lumped together and recorded in col. (9).

#25 B14_q10: Total expenditure (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-60000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2788 /-] [Invalid=3419 /-] [Mean=471.498 /-] [StdDev=2549.593 /-]
Literal question	How much total expenditure was incurred by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	The entry in col. (10) will be the total of entries in cols. (6) to (9).

File Block 14_particulars of household enterprise (other than cultivation) during last 30 days

#26 B14_q11: Hired labour charges (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=148 /-] [Invalid=6059 /-] [Mean=545.818 /-] [StdDev=1392.012 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on hired labour charges by the household enterprise (other than cultivation) during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (11): hired labour charges: The hired labour charges payable to the wage earners (regular and casual) for the work done during the reference period will be recorded in this column. When payments are made in kind, the value of the payments are to be imputed at appropriate rates. Perquisites will be considered as payments in kind.

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	2305	97.9%
2	Urban	50	2.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	758	32.2%
2	General	1597	67.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal	2140		90.9%
2	Others	215	9.1%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	1161		49.3%
2	State sample	1194		50.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal majority hamlet	168	7.1%
2	Other hamlet group	2187	92.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9		2355	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	678	28.8%
2	Sub - Round 2	667	28.3%
3	Sub - Round 3	522	22.2%
4	Sub - Round 4	488	20.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
10		2355	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B15_q1: Serial no. of product marketed

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	A running serial number of all the products listed in col. (2) will be recorded in col. (1).

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#18 B15_q3: Product (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2344 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Name the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days.
Interviewer's instructions	The products likely to be sold by the producer household have been classified into four categories. The products categories along with the products codes are given below: surplus agricultural produce………………………..1 livestock and poultry …………………………….2 handlooms (metres)………………………………3 handicrafts (nos.)…………………………………4 others……………………………………………… 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	surplus agricultural produce	1272		54.3%
2	livestock and poultry	562		24.0%
3	handlooms (meters)	54		2.3%
4	handicrafts (nos.)	90		3.8%
6	invalid	1		0.0%
9	others	365		15.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B15_q6: Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-200000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1957 /-] [Invalid=398 /-] [Mean=1018.015 /-] [StdDev=10724.002 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the products (other than forest products) was marketed by the household during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (6): For each of the products in the categories of "surplus agricultural produce' 'handlooms' and 'handicrafts' sold, the quantity of the product sold to a particular agency will be recorded in col. (6) in standard unit. The standard unit is kg. for any product falling under "surplus agricultural produce" metres for 'handlooms' and numbers for' handicrafts.

#20 B15_q7: Value in cash (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 3-200000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2317 /-] [Invalid=38 /-] [Mean=1925.044 /-] [StdDev=9242.101 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of cash?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (7) to (9): Value of the products marketed: For each of the product sold, the value of the product sold to a particular agency will be recorded in col. (7) if it is sold in cash and in col. (8) if in kind. Column (9) will give the total of columns (7) and (8). In case of sale in kind, the value is to be imputed at the retail market price.

#21 B15_q8: Value in kind (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-30200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=124 /-] [Invalid=2231 /-] [Mean=1122.355 /-] [StdDev=3563.241 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of kind?

#22 B15_q9: Total value (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 2-200000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2007.536 /-] [StdDev=9385.697 /-]

File Block 15_particulars of products (other than forest products) marketed during last 30 days

#22 B15_q9: Total value (Rs.)

Literal question	How much was the total value of the products (other than forest products) marketed by the household during the last 30 days in terms of cash and kind both clubbed togather?
Interviewer's instructions	In case of sale in kind, the value is to be imputed at the retail market price.

#23 B15_q10: To whom marketed

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2355 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	To whom the products (other than forest products) were marketed by the household during the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (10): to whom marketed: Whether the product is sold in cash or in kind and the agency to whom the product has been sold during the reference period of 30 days preceding the date of survey are to be ascertained for each of the products sold. If the same product is sold to different agencies, two lines are to be filled in to record the relevant particulars. The appropriate code is to be entered in col. (10) by consulting the code list as given below : in cash : direct to consumer household………………1 " : to cooperatives/LAMPS……………………2 " : to private traders……………………………3 " : others………………………………………..5 in kind : direct to consumer household………………..6 " : others……………………………………………7 The code list has been kept similar to one provided for col. (9) of block 13. It may be seen that code 4 is missing from the code list for col. (10) of block 15, as the particular code (forest officials) is not considered relevant for this block.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	sold in cash direct to consumer household	851		36.1%
2	sold in cash to co-operatives /IAMP	181	7.7%	
3	sold in cash to private traders	901		38.3%
5	sold in cash to others	184	7.8%	
6	sold in kind direct to consumer household	148	6.3%	
7	sold in kind to others	48	2.0%	
8	invalid	42	1.8%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	202865	92.5%
2	Urban	16359	7.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	78080	35.6%
2	General	141144	64.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Tribal	188671	86.1%
2	Others	30553	13.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.
	Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.
	The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	109053		49.7%
2	State sample	110171		50.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal majority hamlet	17702	8.1%	
2	Other hamlet group	201522		91.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
9		219224		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub - Round 1	55487		25.3%

File Block 16_inventory of assets owned on the date of survey

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2	Sub - Round 2	55714	25.4%
3	Sub - Round 3	54374	24.8%
4	Sub - Round 4	53649	24.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11		219224	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B16_q1: Serial no. of asset owned

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=219224 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Household assets represented all that were owned by the household and had money value.

#18 B16_q3: Area/ Floor area (0.00 acres)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9971] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=119283 /-] [Invalid=99941 /-] [Mean=98.497 /-] [StdDev=529.448 /-]
Literal question	How much area/floor area was owned by the household as on the date of survey?
Interviewer's instructions	The items of assets on which information is to be collected have been printed under col. (2). For most of the items, entry in col. (3) will indicate the number of such items owned by the household on the date of survey. However, for items relating to land except land for house site (serial nos. 02 to 06), area owned is to be recorded in 0.00 acres in col. (3). For house site, the area is to be recorded in the area is to be recorded in square meter. Again, the appropriate entry in col. (3) will be floor area in square meter for the items relating to building (serial nos. 18 to 22). Printed cross (x) has been provided in col. (3) against some items for which quantity figures are not required.

#19 B16_q4: Value (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-999999] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=218347 /-] [Invalid=877 /-] [Mean=7430.293 /-] [StdDev=27487.56 /-]
Literal question	How much was the value of the area/floor area owned by the household as on the date of survey?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (4): Value of assets: For each of the items mentioned in col. (2), the total value of all the assets owned by the household on the date of survey will be recorded in rupees in column (4). A physical asset owned by the household on the date of survey might have been purchased long time ago or might have been acquired otherwise. If an asset, is purchased during 365 days preceding the date of survey, the value of the asset will be purchase price. In all other cases, the value of the asset is to be evaluated at the current market price prevailing in the locality on the date of survey, considering the present condition of the asset.

File Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining Serial no of village / Block, Area Type, Sub Stratum and Sample Household number.

File Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Indicates the NSS round and schedule number of this survey.

#3 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#4 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	3857	90.5%
2	Urban	403	9.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#5 Sample: Sample Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Special	1702	40.0%
2	General	2558	60.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 St_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.

#7 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.
Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)	

#8 Stratum: Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

File Block 17_particulars of dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

#9 Stratum_type: Stratum type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal	3316		77.8%
2	Others	944	22.2%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 SubSample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	2152		50.5%
2	State sample	2108		49.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.

#12 Area_type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Tribal majority hamlet	493	11.6%	
2	Other hamlet group	3767		88.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#13 Sub_Stratum: Sub Stratum

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
9		4260		100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#15 Sub_Round: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub - Round 1	1243	29.2%
2	Sub - Round 2	1145	26.9%
3	Sub - Round 3	935	21.9%
4	Sub - Round 4	937	22.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
12		4260	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B17_q1: Serial no. of loan

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	A running serial number will be given in column (1) for the loans recorded in the block.

#18 B17_q2: Cash or kind (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4259 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the nature of dues payable by the household? Are they cash dues or kind dues?
Interviewer's instructions	Whether the loan is considered as cash loan or kind loan will be indicated in col. (2) by recording 1 for cash loan and 2 for loan in kind. All loans taken in cash will be considered cash loans irrespective of whether the repayment is made in cash or in kind. Similarly, all loans taken in kind irrespective of whether the repayment is made in cash or in kind will be treated as 'kind' loan.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	cash	2941	69.1%
2	kind	1317	30.9%
3	invalid	1	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B17_q3: Original amount borrowed (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 4-200000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4250 /-] [Invalid=10 /-] [Mean=2513.557 /-] [StdDev=7407.918 /-]
Literal question	How much was the original amount borrowed?
Interviewer's instructions	For each loan, amount originally borrowed will be recorded in col. (3).

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#20 B17_q4a: Month of borrowing

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4156 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month the loan was borrowed?
Interviewer's instructions	For each loan, the month and year of borrowing will be recorded in col. (4). Month and year will be recorded in codes in codes. For example, February 1980 will be recorded ".0280".

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
00	not reported	14	0.3%
01	January	338	8.1%
02	February	325	7.8%
03	March	385	9.3%
04	April	448	10.8%
05	May	399	9.6%
06	June	522	12.6%
07	July	438	10.5%
08	August	314	7.6%
09	September	208	5.0%
10	October	262	6.3%
11	November	222	5.3%
12	December	197	4.7%
99	invalid	84	2.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 B17_q4b: Year of borrowing

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4143 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which year the loan was borrowed?
Interviewer's instructions	For each loan, the month and year of borrowing will be recorded in col. (4). Month and year will be recorded in codes in codes. For example, February 1980 will be recorded ".0280".

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
00	not reported	7	0.2%
38		2	0.0%
64		2	0.0%
68		1	0.0%
69		1	0.0%
70		2	0.0%
71		1	0.0%
72		2	0.0%
73		3	0.1%
74		4	0.1%
75		4	0.1%
76		5	0.1%
77		8	0.2%
78		13	0.3%

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#21 B17_q4b: Year of borrowing

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
79		14		0.3%
80		32		0.8%
81		36		0.9%
82		59		1.4%
83		64		1.5%
84		119		2.9%
85		183		4.4%
86		345		8.3%
87		682		16.5%
88		2170		52.4%
89		383		9.2%
96		1		0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B17_q5: Duration of outstanding loan (Years)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=8.704 /-] [StdDev=24.865 /-]
Literal question	Since how many years the loan has been outstanding?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (5) will be filled in when a loan is outstanding i.e.yet to be fully repaid on the date of survey. The period elapsed since the amount was borrowed be recorded in completed years in col. (5).

#23 B17_q6: Credit agency (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4238 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which was the credit agency from whom loan was taken?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (6): credit agency: The agency from which a loan has been taken will be recorded in this column in codes as given below: government…………………………………………..1 cooperative society………………………………… 2 commercial bank……………………………………3 landlord………………………………………………4 money lender - tribal…………………………………5 money lender - non-tribal……………………………6 trader…………………………………………………7 relatives & friends……………………………………8 others…………………………………………………9 The codes are self-explanatory. However, it may be noted that the code for 'landlord' will be applicable only when the loan is given by a landlord to his own tenant. If the loan is taken from a person who belongs to landlord class but the borrower is not a tenant of that landlord, the appropriate code will be either 5 or 6 as the case may be. Again credit agency will be 'relatives and friends' only when a loan is received from a friend or a relative free of interest. If the loan bears interest 'it will be considered as taken from money lender, trader etc., depending upon the type of business carried out by the person.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0	not reported	2		0.0%
1	government	379		8.9%
2	cooperative society	557		13.1%

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#23 B17_q6: Credit agency (Code)

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
3	commercial bank	756		17.8%
4	landlord	265		6.3%
5	money lender – tribal	285		6.7%
6	money lender – non-tribal	607		14.3%
7	trader	713		16.8%
8	relatives & friends	456		10.8%
9	others	218		5.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B17_q7: Nature of interest

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4205 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the nature of interest of loan?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (7) & (8): nature and rate of interest: The rate of interest per 100 rupees per annum actually charged by the lender will be recorded in column (8) in two decimal places of rupees. The nature of interest expressed in terms of codes as specified below will be recorded in column (7). interest free…………………………………………1 differential rate of interest…………………………2 simple interest……………………………………..3 compound interest…………………………………4 Sometimes, a loan is advanced by a government department or public bodies at a confessional rate of interest to certain people for specific purposes. If the household has received any such loan, the entry in col. (7) will be 2 i.e. differential rate of interest.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0	not reported	2		0.0%
1	interest free	1284		30.5%
2	differential rate of interest	174		4.1%
3	simple interest	2012		47.8%
4	compound interest	728		17.3%
9	invalid	5		0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B17_q8: Rate of interest (% per annum) (0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3233 /-] [Invalid=1027 /-] [Mean=19.435 /-] [StdDev=20.107 /-]
Literal question	What is the annual rate of interest of loan?

#26 B17_q9: Purpose of loan (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4234 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Why the loan was taken by the household?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (9) purpose of loan: purpose for which the loan is taken will be recorded in code numbers in this column. The codes are as follows: capital expenditure in farm business…………………………………1 current expenditure in farm business……………………………….2 capital expenditure in non-farm business……………………………3

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#26 B17_q9: Purpose of loan (Code)

current expenditure in non-farm business……………………….….4
expenditure relating to marriage…………………………………..5
expenditure relating to other social ceremonies…………………..6
expenditure relating to religious ceremonies………………….…..7
repayment of debt…………………………………………………8
others……………………………………………………………9

The purpose is defined as the occasion which prompted the household to contract the loan. Even if the loan was utilized for a purpose other than that for which the loan had been contracted, the purpose for which the loan was originally taken would be recorded here. If more than one purpose was involved, the purpose for which the major amount had been planned to be spent would be recorded.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	4	0.1%
1	capital expenditure in farm business	883	20.9%
2	current expenditure in farm business	574	13.6%
3	capital expenditure in non-farm business	326	7.7%
4	current expenditure in non-farm business	230	5.4%
5	expenditure relating to marriage	257	6.1%
6	expenditure relating to other social ceremonies	202	4.8%
7	expenditure relating to religious ceremonies	54	1.3%
8	repayment of debt	112	2.6%
9	others	1592	37.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#27 B17_q10: Type of security (Code)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4195 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What type of security was given for obtaining loan?
Interviewer's instructions	Column (10): type of security: Information relevant security which the household had to pledge for obtaining the loan would be recorded in this column in terms of codes as specified below: no security ………………………………………….…… 1 surety security or guarantee by third party ………………2 crop/forest produce ……………………………………….3 mortgage of immovable property ……………………….. 4 ornaments ………………………………………………... 5 other types of security …………………………………….6 If the loan is obtained without any security, the appropriate code will be 1.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	2	0.0%
1	no security	2795	66.6%
2	surety security or guarantee by third party	460	11.0%
3	crop/forest produce	66	1.6%
4	mortgage of immovable property	498	11.9%
5	ornaments	66	1.6%
6	other types of security	0	0.0%
9	invalid	308	7.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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#28 B17_q11: Repayment of loan during last year - Principal (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-192411] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=994 /-] [Invalid=3266 /-] [Mean=1536.559 /-] [StdDev=8816.997 /-]
Literal question	How much principal amount was repaid by the household during last year?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (11) to (13): repayment of loans during last 365 days: For each loan recorded in this block it is to be ascertained as to whether the household has repaid any amount during 365 days preceding the date of survey. The amount of principal and interest repaid will be recorded in columns (11) and (12) will be shown in col. 13.

#29 B17_q12: Repayment of loan during last year - Interest (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-173191] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=570 /-] [Invalid=3690 /-] [Mean=844.023 /-] [StdDev=7347.032 /-]
Literal question	How much interest on loan was repaid by the household during last year?

#30 B17_q13: Repayment of loan during last year - Total (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-205911] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1197 /-] [Invalid=3063 /-] [Mean=1347.069 /-] [StdDev=6907.742 /-]
Literal question	How much total loan amount was repaid by the household during last year?
Interviewer's instructions	In case the respondent is unable to state the principal and interest amount separately, the total amount repaid during the reference period will be recorded in col. (13) keeping columns (11) and (12) blank.

#31 B17_q14: Liquidation of loan during last year - Principal (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-12500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=204 /-] [Invalid=4056 /-] [Mean=1544.652 /-] [StdDev=1626.072 /-]
Literal question	How much principal amount of loan was liquidated during last year?
Interviewer's instructions	Columns (14) to (16): liquidation of loans during last 365 days: Sometimes, to provide debt relief to the weaker section and others, government agencies, banks etc. write off such loans. If such liquidation of debts took place during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey, the total amount (including interest), would be recorded in cols. (14) to (16). It is important to note that amount repaid by the household will not be included under amount liquidated. Similarly, amount liquidated (exempted from paying) should not be taken as amount repaid.

#32 B17_q15: Liquidation of loan during last year - Interest (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=40 /-] [Invalid=4220 /-] [Mean=315.375 /-] [StdDev=438.917 /-]
Literal question	How much interest on loan was liquidated during last year?

#33 B17_q16: Liquidation of loan during last year - Total (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-12500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=208 /-] [Invalid=4052 /-] [Mean=1516.25 /-] [StdDev=1623.383 /-]
Literal question	How much loan amount was liquidated during last year?
Interviewer's instructions	It is important to note that amount repaid by the household will not be included under amount liquidated. Similarly, amount liquidated (exempted from paying) should not be taken as amount repaid.

#34 B17_q17: Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Principal (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-474200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3914 /-] [Invalid=346 /-] [Mean=2406.02 /-] [StdDev=11717.716 /-]
Literal question	How much principal amount was outstanding on the date of survey?

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#34 B17_q17: Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Principal (Rs.)

Interviewer's instructions	Columns (17) to (19): amount outstanding on the date of survey: The amount outstanding of any loan on the date of survey will be recorded in these columns. It is to be noted that there may be some loans which have been repaid fully during the reference period of last 365 days preceding the date of survey and therefore there will not be any entry in columns (17) to (19) for such loans.

#35 B17_q18: Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Interest (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-74670] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2341 /-] [Invalid=1919 /-] [Mean=779.61 /-] [StdDev=3046.336 /-]
Literal question	How much interest was outstanding on the date of survey?

#36 B17_q19: Amount outstanding on the date of survey - Total (Rs.)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 4-548871] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4008 /-] [Invalid=252 /-] [Mean=2950.262 /-] [StdDev=15831.264 /-]
Literal question	How much total loan amount was outstanding on the date of survey?

#37 Tribal_code: Tribal code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4258 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#38 MPCE: HH MPCE (Rs 0.00)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-7500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=4260 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=146.138 /-] [StdDev=245.94 /-]
Literal question	cash dues and grain & other commodity dues payable by the household and transaction of loans during last 365 days

Documentation

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Other resources

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