Employment and Unemployment Situation in India

1999-2000

(Part - I)

NSS 55th ROUND (July 1999 – June 2000)



National Sample Survey Organisation
Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation
Government of India

Preface

The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been carrying out all-India household surveys on employment and unemployment with a large sample usually once in five years. The sixth such survey was conducted in the 55th round (July 1999 – June 2000). The previous five quinquennial surveys were conducted during the 27th (October 1972 - September 1973), the 32nd (July 1977 - June 1978), the 38th (January-December 1983), the 43rd (July 1987 - June 1988) and the 50th (July 1999-June 2000) rounds.

This report features the main results of the survey. It contains nine Chapters and an Appendix. Of these, Chapter 1 is introductory while Chapter 2 deals with the concepts and definitions of important terms used in the survey and which are relevant to this report. Chapters 4 to 9 deal with the summary findings of the survey and their comparison with results of the previous surveys.

The schedule of enquiry for the survey is broadly similar to that adopted in previous quinquennial rounds. The Field Operations Division (FOD) of the Organisation conducted the fieldwork for the survey. The collected data were processed and tabulated by the Data Processing Division (DPD) of the NSSO. The Survey Design & Research Division (SDRD) of the NSSO developed the survey design and prepared the report. I am grateful to the Chairman and members of the Governing Council and Heads of various Divisions of the NSSO and their colleagues for the contribution made in preparing the report.

Comments/suggestions from the readers will be most welcome.

New Delhi May, 2001 N.S. Sastry
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^{*} Table nos. 69, 76 & 83 were presented as table nos. 10, 8 & 9 respectively, in NSS Report No. 455.

HIGHLIGHTS

This report is based on the sixth quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment conducted in the 55th round of NSS during July, 1999 to June, 2000. The survey was spread over 6208 villages and 4176 urban blocks covering 1,65,244 households and enumerating 8,19,013 persons. Employment and unemployment were measured with three different approaches, viz. usual status with a reference period of one year, current weekly status with one week reference period and current daily status based on the daily activity pursued during each day of the reference week. Unless otherwise stated, 'all' usual status workers were considered, i.e. workers in terms of both their principal and subsidiary status. Some of the key findings are stated below.

- An estimated 54 % of males in both rural and urban areas were in the labour force, which comprise both the work-force (employed) and the unemployed. The corresponding percentages for females were 30 and 15 in rural and urban areas respectively. The share of the usually unemployed in the population was negligible 0.6% and 1.7 % in the rural and urban areas, respectively.
- Between 1993 94 and 1999 2000, for males, the labour force participation rates declined in the younger as well as older age-groups in rural and urban areas. For females, the rates declined for almost all age groups during the period.
- Over two-fifths of the population (42 %) in rural areas and more than one-third (34%) in urban areas was in the employed category as per their usual status.
- The worker population ratio (WPR) differed between males and females in both rural and urban areas. While in the rural areas the rate was 53 and 30 percent for males and females respectively, in the urban areas it was 52 and 14 percent for males and females respectively.
- The daily status rates were slightly lower than the current weekly status rates, which, in turn, were slightly lower than the usual status rates.
- During 1999-2000, in rural areas, the worker population ratio for males was about two percentage points lower than that during the previous survey year viz. 1993-94. For females, the rate was lower by about 3 and 1 percentage points in rural and urban areas respectively.
- In rural India, the proportion of 'all' male workers engaged in the agricultural activities declined gradually from 81 per cent in 1977-78 to 71 per cent in 1999-2000. For 'all' female workers, the decline was less from 88 per cent in 1977-78 to 85 per cent in 1999-2000.

- In urban India, the proportion of 'all' workers engaged in 'manufacturing' and 'agriculture' declined during the period 1977-78 to 1999-2000. On the other hand, there was a rise in proportion engaged in activities like 'construction' and 'trade, hotel and restaurant' during this period.
- Unemployment rate among educated females was much higher than that among educated males. Among the more highly educated people, viz. graduates and above, the disparity was even more.
- The proportion of usually employed who reported themselves as not employed during the week preceding the date of survey was higher for females than for males. For females, it was 17 per cent in rural India and 10 per cent in urban India.
- The proportion of person-days of the usually employed who reported as employed during the days of the week preceding the date of survey was much lower for females 68% in rural India and 79% in urban India than for males, for whom the corresponding percentages were 90 and 94 respectively.
- Among the usually employed, the proportion of male workers who sought or were available for additional work were 11% and 6% in rural and urban areas respectively. The corresponding proportions for female workers were 8% and 6% respectively. The proportion of male workers seeking or being available for alternative work was 9% and 7% in rural and urban areas respectively. For female workers, this proportion was 6% in rural or urban areas.
- During the two years preceding the survey, only about 1% of the usually employed changed their work status. A similar proportion of usually employed changed their industry of work. The proportion was same for those changing their occupation of work. In all these cases, there was hardly any difference between males or females or whether they resided in rural or urban areas.
- The proportion of usually employed changing their establishment was about 5% for males or females in urban areas. In rural areas, it was more for females (8%) than for males (6%).

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Chapter 1 Introduction

1. The report in perspective

1.1 An all-India survey on the situation of employment and unemployment in India during the period July,1999-June,2000 was carried out as part of the 55th round of the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO). In this survey, a nation-wide enquiry was conducted to provide estimates on various characteristics pertaining to employment and unemployment in India and some characteristics associated with them at the national and state levels. In this survey, information on various facets of employment and unemployment in India were collected through a schedule of enquiry (schedule 10). A sub-set of sample households within the survey period were revisited after a gap of three months and an abridged form of schedule 10, viz. schedule 10.1, comprising the main items of enquiry of schedule 10 was canvassed for these households. Based on the data collected during the entire period, estimates pertaining to employment-unemployment in India along with various characteristics associated with these have been presented in this report.

2. Background

- 2.1 One of the important surveys conducted by the NSSO is the quinquennial survey on employment-unemployment. The first such survey was done during September 1972-October 1973 corresponding to the 27th round of NSSO. The present survey is the sixth in the series.
- 2.2 *Past Surveys*: To assess the volume and structure of employment and unemployment, starting with the 9th round (May-September,1955), NSSO conducted a number of surveys on employment and unemployment. To give a firm conceptual framework for conducting such surveys, the Planning Commission, in the year 1970, set up an "Expert Committee on unemployment estimates", (popularly known as the Dantwala Committee), which reviewed these surveys and the indicators generated from such surveys. Based on concepts and definitions recommended by this committee, the first quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment was conducted in the 27th round of NSS. Since then, four quinquennial comprehensive surveys on employment and unemployment situation in India have been carried out by the NSSO, in which concepts and procedures were based primarily on the recommendations of the Dantwala Committee. These four surveys were conducted during the 32nd round (July,1977-June,1978), 38th round (January,1983-December,1983), 43rd round (July,1987-June,1988) and 50th round (July,1993-June,1994), respectively.
- 2.3 Other surveys on employment-unemployment: Apart from these five quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment, NSSO has been regularly collecting information on certain key items on employment and unemployment from a limited set of households in each round since its 45th round (July,1989-June,1990) through the schedule on Household Consumer Expenditure (Schedule 1.0). These are on the usual and current weekly status of employment and unemployment, category of employment, industrial distribution of the usually employed, etc. The results of such surveys have been published up to the 54th round (January-June,1998).
- 2.4 *The present survey*: In the present survey, information on some new items and additional information on some items that were canvassed in earlier rounds have been collected. This has been done following the suggestion made by the Working Group set up to finalise the survey methodology and schedules of enquiry of the 55th round. Some of the more important among such

changes, which have enlarged the scope of the survey and could have a bearing on the estimates, are stated below:

- a) In the schedule of enquiry, while the past practice was to record the details for *only one* subsidiary usual economic activity of all the members of the household, in this round, details of *two* subsidiary usual economic activities pursued by them for relatively more time were recorded.
- b) In this round, for the first time in the employment-unemployment schedule, certain probing questions were asked to the usual status workers to identify the size of employment in the non-agricultural unincorporated enterprises (i.e., the proprietary and partnership enterprises other than those covered under Annual Survey of Industries (ASI)), along with some other characteristics of those enterprises, where such workers were employed.

Further, departing from the past practice of canvassing schedule 10 and schedule 1.0 (household consumer expenditure) on the same set of households, in this round, these two schedules of enquiry were canvassed in two separate sets of households.

3. Scope

- 3.1 *Items of enquiry*: As in the past, in the present survey too, NSSO collected data on some characteristics, based on which, estimates of employment and unemployment, measured in terms of 3 basic approaches viz. usual status, current weekly status and current daily status can be obtained. The reference period for these approaches differ it being 365 days preceding the date of survey for "usual status", 7 days preceding the date of survey for "current weekly status" and each day of the 7 days preceding the date of survey for "current daily status".
- 3.2 Data were collected on the activity status of all persons, i.e. for workers, for those seeking or available for work and also for those remaining out of labour force. A worker could be self-employed or enjoy regular salaries/wages or be employed on casual wage basis. Data on this aspect, along with the industry of work of the worker and his/her occupation, were collected during this survey. In order to reveal the multi-dimensional features of the employment-unemployment situation in India, information on several correlates pertaining to it were also gathered. In addition, probing questions were put to the workers in order to understand the extent of underutilization of the their labour time and acquire more specific information in this regard. An effort was also made to collect information on the qualitative aspects of employment like changes in activity status, occupation /industry, availability of trade unions/associations, nature of employment, etc. Data were also collected regarding non-agricultural workers (i.e. those working in an industry other than agriculture and related activities like hunting, forestry, logging and fishing) by their activity status, location of work place, type of enterprises where they work and some other characteristics. Such detailed data for non-agricultural workers were collected for the first time in this survey.
- 3.3 It is proposed to bring out several reports on the detailed information on various items of inquiry separately, at a later date. The first report viz. Report No.455 presented the key results on employment and unemployment in India 1999-2000. The present report second on the subject deals in some detail, with the employment-unemployment estimates measured in terms of the three basic approaches of usual status, current weekly status and current daily status and their patterns along with their correlates. It also covers some aspects of underemployment. The report gives the results generated at all-India level and some important results for different states/union territories.

3.4 *Geographical Coverage*: The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union excepting (i) Ladakh & Kargil districts of Jammu and Kashmir, (ii) 768 interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond 5 kms. of the bus route and (iii) 172 villages of Andaman & Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. A few other areas of Jammu & Kashmir were also excluded from the survey coverage owing to unfavourable field conditions.

4. The survey in brief

- 4.1. *Method of data collection*: The survey used the interview method of data collection from a sample of randomly selected households. The sample design on the basis of which such selection was made is stated in brief in the following sub-section.
- 4.2 *Period of survey and work programme*: The fieldwork of 55th round of NSSO started from 1st July, 1999 and continued till 30th June, 2000. As usual, the survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds, each with a duration of three months, the 1st sub-round period ranging from July to September,1999, the 2nd sub-round period from October to December 1999 and so on. An equal number of sample FSU's was allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.

5. Sampling design

- 5.1 An outline of the sampling design: The sampling design adopted for the survey was essentially a stratified multi-stage one for both rural and urban areas. The first stage units (FSUs) were villages (panchayat wards for Kerala) for rural areas and NSS Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks for urban areas. The ultimate stage units (USUs) were households. The procedure for selection of fsus/usus are given in detail in chapter 3 of this report. Large FSUs were subdivided into hamlet–groups (rural)/sub-blocks (urban). Details of the formation of hamlet–group/sub-blocks and procedure of selection of households are also given in chapter 3.
- 5.2 Sampling Frame for FSUs: The list of villages (panchayat wards for Kerala) as per 1991 Census and latest lists of UFS blocks of NSSO were respectively used for selection of rural and urban sample FSUs. For selection of sample villages from the State of Jammu & Kashmir, the list of villages as per 1981 Census was used as the sampling frame. Moreover, all the uninhabited villages of the country as per 1991 Census, interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond 5 kms. of a bus route and inaccessible villages of Andaman & Nicobar Islands were left out of the survey coverage of the NSS 55th round.
- 5.3 Sample Size first stage units: A total number of 10,384 FSUs (6,208 villages and 4,176 urban blocks) was selected for survey in the central sample at the all-India level in the 55th round for canvassing schedule 10. Sample size for the whole round for each State/UT x Sector (i.e. rural/urban) was allocated equally among the 4 sub-rounds. Sample FSUs for each sub-round were selected afresh in the form of 2 independent sub-samples. Thus, there were 8 such sub-samples. In addition, 3894 FSUs 1298 in each of the sub-rounds 2, 3 and 4, corresponding to sub-samples 1, 3 and 5 were re-visited for canvassing schedule 10.1.
- 5.4. Sample size second stage units: For schedule 10, in each of the eight sub-samples, from each selected village in rural areas and from each selected urban block in urban areas, a sample of 12 households were surveyed. Apart from this, in the 3 re-visited sub-samples, viz. sub-samples 1, 3 and 5, the abridged schedule 10, viz. schedule 10.1, was canvassed during the re-visit to the same set of households. In addition, in these re-visited sub-samples, from among the newly formed households found during the re-visit of a FSU, at most 1 household was surveyed from each of the

two segments and only schedule 10 was canvassed in those households. In the central sample, 1,65,244 households were actually surveyed – 97,986 in rural areas and 67,258 in urban areas. As regards the actual number of persons surveyed, it was 5,09,779 in the rural sector and 3,09,234 in the urban sector.

6. Contents of the Report

- 6.1 As stated earlier, this report deals with various estimates on employment and unemployment along with their correlates as obtained from tables generated on data collected on relevant items for the entire round. Consequently, all discussions in this report are limited to only such items/concepts, based on which estimates have been generated. A detailed explanation of these are given in the next chapter entitled 'Concepts and Definitions'.
- 6.2 This report contains nine chapters, including the present introductory chapter, and appendix tables. Chapter 2 states in detail the concepts and definitions of only those terms used in the survey in connection with the various items covered in this report. While chapter 3 gives a fairly detailed description of the sample design and estimation procedure used for the survey, chapters 4 to 9 discuss the main findings of the survey relating to these items. To start with, chapter 4 is on household and population characteristics. Discussions on the labour force, the work force and the unemployed are presented in chapters 5, 6 and 7 respectively. The next chapter, viz. chapter 8, deals with underemployment while the last chapter discusses the feature of labour mobility. In chapters 4 to 9, wherever state level tables have been presented, they have been placed at the end of the respective chapters. The detailed tables based on which this report is brought out are presented in the Appendix A.
- 6.3 *Tables in Appendix*: Appendix A of the report contains 76 tables. Since all the tables, taken in their totality, turned out to be too voluminous to be accommodated in a single publication, these, perforce, had to be split and brought out in two parts. The first part, annexed to this volume, contains 29 tables and the second part, brought out separately, contains 47 tables.
- 6.4 All the estimates presented in this report are based on Central sample data only. Further, the cell-level figures in any of the detailed tables, when added up, may not exactly equal the figure shown against the "total" column (or line) due to (i) rounding off and/or (ii) presence of non-response cases.

Chapter 2

Concepts and Definitions

- 2.0 The concepts and definitions of some important terms used in the survey and which are relevant to this report viz., those used to generate the tables and various estimates on employment-unemployment are explained in the following paragraphs.
- 2.1 *Household*: A group of persons who normally lived together and took food from a common kitchen constituted a household. The adverb "normally" means that temporary visitors were excluded but temporary stay-aways were included. Thus a child residing in a hostel for studies was excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or a resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) was included in the employer's/host's household. "Living together" was given more importance than "sharing food from a common kitchen" in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria were in conflict. However, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in a shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members was taken to include the person also. Each inmate of a hotel, mess, boarding-lodging house, hostel, etc., was considered to be a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say) was considered one household only. The same principle was applicable for the residential staff of such establishments.
- 2.2 *Economic activity*: Any activity resulting in production of goods and services that add value to national product was considered as an economic activity. Such activities included production of all goods and services for market (market activities), i.e. production for pay or profit, and, the production of primary commodities for own consumption and own account production of fixed assets, among the non-market activities.
- 2.2.1The entire spectrum of human activity falls into two categories–economic and non-economic activities. The economic activities have two parts market activities and non-market activities. Market activities are those that involve remuneration to those who perform it i.e., activity performed for pay or profit. These are essentially production of goods and services for the market including those of government services, etc. Non-market activities are the production for own consumption of primary products including own account processing of primary products and own account production of fixed assets.
- 2.2.2 The full spectrum of economic activities as defined in the UN system of National Accounts (1968) was not covered in the definition adopted for the NSS 55th round survey of Employment and Unemployment. The former included activities like own account processing of primary products among other things. In the NSS surveys, activities relating to the production of primary goods for own consumption, was restricted to the agriculture sector only and did not include the activities in mining and quarrying sector. The coverage of economic activities was, however, the same as in the 50th round.

The term 'economic activity', therefore, included:

- (i) all the market activities performed for pay or profit which result in production of goods and services for exchange.
- (ii) of the non-market activities,
 - (a) all the activities relating to the agricultural sector (industry Divisions 01 to 05 of NIC 1998) which result in production (including gathering of uncultivated crops, forestry, collection of firewood, hunting, fishing etc.) of agricultural produce for own consumption
 - (b) the activities relating to the own-account production of fixed assets. Own account production of fixed assets include construction of own houses, roads, wells etc., and of machinery, tools etc., for household enterprise and also construction of any private or community facilities free of charge. A person may be engaged in own account construction either in the capacity of a labourer or a supervisor.

As per the practice followed in earlier rounds, certain activities like prostitution, begging, smuggling etc., which though fetched earnings, were not considered as economic activities.

- 2.3 **Activity status**: It is the activity situation in which a person was found during a reference period with regard to the person's participation in economic and non-economic activities. According to this, a person could be in one or a combination of the following three broad activity statuses during a reference period:
 - (i) working or being engaged in economic activity (work) as defined above,
 - (ii) being not engaged in economic activity (work) but either making tangible efforts to seek 'work' or being available for 'work' if the 'work' is available and
 - (iii) being not engaged in any economic activity (work) and also not available for 'work'.

Broad activity statuses mentioned in (i) and (ii) above are associated with 'being in labour force' and the last with 'not being in the labour force'. Within the labour force, broad activity status (i) and (ii) were associated with 'employment' and 'unemployment', respectively.

2.3.1 Categories of activity status: Identification of each individual into a unique situation could pose a problem when more than one of the three broad activity statuses listed above were concurrently obtained for a person. In such an eventuality, the identification uniquely under any one of the three broad activity statuses was done by adopting either the major time or priority criterion. The former was used for classification of persons according to the 'usual activity status' approach and the latter for classification of persons according to the 'current activity status' approach. Each of the three broad activity statuses was further sub-divided into several detailed activity categories. If a person categorised as engaged in economic activity by adopting one of the two criteria mentioned above was found to be pursuing more than one economic activity during the reference period, the appropriate detailed activity status code related to that activity in which relatively more time had been spent. A similar procedure was adopted for assigning

detailed activity code for persons categorised as engaged in non-economic activity and pursuing more than one non-economic activity. The detailed activity categories under each of the three broad activity statuses used in the survey (along with the codes assigned to them as indicated in brackets) are stated below:

- (i) situation of working or being engaged in economic activities (employed):
 - (a) worked in household enterprise (self-employed) as own account worker (11);
 - (b) worked in household enterprise (self-employed) as employer (12);
 - (c) worked as helper in household enterprises (unpaid family worker) (21);
 - (d) worked as regular salaried/wage employee (31);
 - (e) worked as casual wage labour (i) in public works (41), (ii) in other types of work (51);
 - (f) had work in household enterprise but did not work due to: (i) sickness (61), (ii) other reasons (62); and
 - (g) had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to: (i) sickness (71), (ii) other reasons (72);
- (ii) situation of being not engaged in work but seeking or available for work (unemployed):
 - (a) sought work (81) and
 - (b) did not seek but was available for work (82)
- (iii) situation of being not available for work (not in labour force):
 - (a) attended educational institutions (91);
 - (b) attended domestic duties only (92);
 - (c) attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle-feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use (93);
 - (d) rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. (94);
 - (e) not able to work due to disability (95);
 - (f) beggars, prostitutes (96);
 - (g) others (97) and
 - (h) did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only) (98).
- 2.4 **Workers** (**or employed**): Persons who were engaged in any economic activity or who, despite their attachment to economic activity, abstained from work for reason of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence from work, constituted workers. Unpaid helpers who assisted in the operation of an economic activity in the household farm or non-farm activities were also considered as workers. All the workers were assigned one of the detailed activity statuses under the broad activity category 'working' or 'being engaged in economic activity' (or employed).
- 2.5 **Seeking or available for work (or unemployed)**: Persons, who owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration, were considered as those who were 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed).

- 2.6 *Labour force*: Persons, who, were either 'working' (or employed) or 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) constituted the labour force. Persons who were neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' for various reasons during the reference period were considered as 'out of labour force'. The persons under this latter category are students, those engaged in domestic duties, rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, infirm or disabled persons, too young or too old persons, prostitutes, smugglers, etc. and casual labourers not working due to sickness.
- 2.7 **Self-employed**: Persons who operated their own farm or non-farm enterprises or were engaged independently in a profession or trade on own-account or with one or a few partners were deemed to be self-employed in household enterprises. The essential feature of the self-employed is that they have *autonomy* (i.e., how, where and when to produce) and *economic independence* (i.e., market, scale of operation and money) for carrying out their operation. The fee or remuneration received by them comprised two parts share of their labour and profit of the enterprise. In other words, their remuneration was determined wholly or mainly by sales or profits of the goods or services which were produced.
- 2.7.1 Categories of self-employed persons: Self-employed persons were categorised as follows:
 - (i) *own-account workers:* those self-employed persons who operated their enterprises on their own account or with one or a few partners and who, during the reference period, by and large, ran their enterprise without hiring any labour. They could, however, have had unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise;
 - (ii) *employers*: those self-employed persons who worked on their own account or with one or a few partners and, who, by and large, ran their enterprise by hir ing labour; and
 - (iii) *helpers in household enterprise:* those self-employed persons (mostly family members) who were engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and did not receive any regular salary or wages in return for the work performed. They did not run the household enterprise on their own but assisted the related person living in the same household in running the household enterprise.
- 2.8 **Regular salaried/wage employee**: These were persons who worked in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received salary or wages on a regular basis (i.e. not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract). This category included not only persons getting time wage but also persons receiving piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part-time.
- 2.9 *Casual wage labour*: A person who was casually engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received wages according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract, was a casual wage labour.
- 2.10 *Different approaches followed to determine activity status*: The persons surveyed were classified into various activity categories on the basis of the activities pursued by them during

certain specified reference periods. There were three reference periods for this survey. These are: (i) one year (ii) one week and (iii) each day of the reference week. Based on these three periods, three different measures of activity status are arrived at. These are termed respectively as usual status, current weekly status and the current daily status. The procedure adopted to arrive at these three measures is given below.

- 2.10.1 *Usual activity status*: The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status on which a person spent relatively longer time (i.e. major time criterion) during the 365 days preceding the date of survey is considered as the *principal usual activity status* of the person. To decide the principal usual activity of a person, he/she was first categorised as belonging to the labour force or not during the reference period on the basis of major time criterion. Persons thus adjudged as not belonging to the labour force were assigned the broad activity status 'neither working nor available for work'. For persons belonging to the labour force, the broad activity status of either 'working' or 'not working but seeking and/or available for work' was ascertained based on the same criterion viz. relatively longer time spent in accordance with either of the two broad statuses within the labour force during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. Within the broad activity status so determined, the detailed activity status of a person pursuing more than one such activity was determined once again on the basis of the relatively longer time spent on such activities. In terms of activity codes (stated earlier in para 1.3.1), codes 11-51 were applicable for persons classified as workers, while code 81 was assigned to people either seeking or available for work (unemployed persons) and codes 91-97 for those who were out of labour force.
- 2.10.2 Subsidiary economic activity status: A person whose principal usual status was determined on the basis of the major time criterion could have pursued some economic activity for a relatively shorter time (minor time) during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The status in which such economic activity was pursued was the subsidiary economic activity status of that person. Thus, activity status codes 11-51 only were applicable for persons reporting some subsidiary economic activity. It may be noted that engagement in work in subsidiary capacity could arise out of the following two situations, viz.
 - (i) a person could be engaged for a relatively longer period during the last 365 days in one economic/non-economic activity and for a relatively shorter period in another economic activity, and
 - (ii) a person could be pursuing one economic activity/ non-economic activity almost throughout the year in the principal usual activity status and simultaneously pursue another economic activity for a relatively shorter period in a subsidiary capacity.
- 2.10.3 *Number of subsidiary economic activities pursued during last 365 days:* For persons reporting some subsidiary activity, the number of subsidiary activities pursued by him/her during last 365 days was ascertained and recorded. However, details of a maximum of two such subsidiary economic activities were recorded. The activities having different work status was considered as different activities. Activities within the same work status but with different industry and/or occupation were also considered as different activities. If the person was

engaged in two or more subsidiary economic activities, the details of the subsidiary economic activity pursued for the maximum time period among all the subsidiary economic activities, or in other words, the major subsidiary economic activity was deemed as 'subsidiary status number I' and the next major one as 'subsidiary status number II' were recorded.

- 2.10.4 *Current weekly activity status*: The current weekly activity status of a person is the activity status obtaining for a person during a reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey. It is decided *on the basis of a certain priority cum major time criterion*.
- 2.10.4.1 According to the *priority criterion*, the status of 'working' gets priority over the status of 'not working but seeking or available for work' which, in turn, gets priority over the status of 'neither working nor available for work'. A person was considered working (or employed) if he/she, while pursuing any economic activity, had worked for at least one hour on at least one day during the 7 days preceding the date of survey. A person was considered 'seeking or available for work (or unemployed)' if, during the reference week, no economic activity was pursued by the person but he/she made efforts to get work or had been available for work any time during the reference week though not actively seeking work in the belief that no work was available. A person who had neither worked nor was available for work any time during the reference week was considered as engaged in non-economic activities (or not in labour force).
- 2.10.4.2 After deciding the *broad current weekly activity status* of a person on the *basis of 'priority' criterion*, the *detailed current activity status* was then decided *on the basis of 'major time' criterion if that person pursued multiple economic activities.* The current weekly activity status of a person could be any one of the detailed activity status (ref. para 1.3.1) and could have codes 11 to 98. Of these codes, 11 to 72 pertained to workers, 81 to 82 for unemployed and 91 to 98 for persons out of labour force. It may be noted that these are the same as the usual status codes (stated in para 1.10.1 before) except that codes 61, 62, 71, 72, 82 and 98 are not applicable for usual status and code 81 for usual status is used to indicate both the situations of seeking and being available for work.
- 2.10.5 *Current daily activity status* The activity pattern of the population, particularly in the unorganised sector, is such that during a week, and sometimes, even during a day, a person could pursue more than one activity. Moreover, many people could even undertake both economic and non-economic activities on the same day of a reference week. The current daily activity status for a person was determined on the basis of his/her activity status on each day of the reference week *using a priority-cum-major time criterion* (day to day labour time disposition). Time disposition was recorded for every member of a sample household. This involved recording of different activities pursued by the members along with the time intensity in quantitative terms for each day of the reference week. The different activities were identified and recorded in terms of 'activity status' and 'industry' codes for persons in urban areas and 'activity status', 'industry' and 'operation' codes for persons in rural areas. The terms 'industry' and 'operation' are explained later. The following points were considered for assigning the time intensity and determining the current daily status of a person:
 - i) Each day of the reference week was looked upon as comprising either two 'half days' or a 'full' day for assigning the activity status.

- ii) A person was considered 'working' (employed) for the entire day if he/she had worked for 4 hours or more during the day.
- iii) If a person was engaged in more than one of the economic activities for 4 hours or more on a day, he/she was assigned two out of the various economic activities on which he/she devoted relatively longer time on the reference day (for each of those two activities, the intensity was 0.5).
- iv) If the person had worked for 1 hour or more but less than 4 hours he/she was considered 'working' (employed) for half-day and 'seeking or available for work' (unemployed) or 'neither seeking nor available for work' (not in labour force) for the other half of the day depending on whether he was seeking/available for work or not.
- v) If a person was not engaged in any 'work' even for 1 hour on a day but was seeking/available for work even for 4 hours or more, he was considered 'unemployed' for the entire day. But if he was 'seeking/available for work' for more than 1 hour and less than 4 hours only, he was considered 'unemployed' for half day and 'not in labour force' for the other half of the day.
- vi) A person who neither had any 'work' to do nor was available for 'work' even for half a day was considered 'not in labour force' for the entire day and was assigned one or two of the detailed non-economic activity statuses depending upon the activities pursued during the reference day.

The description (and codes used) of current daily activity statuses are the same as those of current weekly activity status.

- 2.11 *Industry-occupation*: The description of the industry-occupation was relevant to the type of economic activity pursued by the person. NIC-1998 was followed for classifying industries and NCO-1968 was followed for classifying occupations. In case two or more industry-occupation combinations corresponding to the status code were reported by a person, the principal industry-occupation was taken as the one in which *relatively more time* was spent during the reference period by the person. It may be noted that under Division 95 of NIC 1998, on "Private households with employed persons", six additional codes have been introduced for recording 5 digit entries for industry codes in the survey viz., housemaid /servant (95001), cook (95002), gardener (95003), gatekeeper/chowkidar/watchman (95004), governess/baby-sitter (95005) and for 'others' (95009).
- 2.12 *Operation*: This was the type of work performed by a person during a reference period. It could be manual or non-manual and could pertain to activities in agricultural or non-agricultural sector. Operation was combined with activity status and industry corresponding to the work performed. Information regarding the type of operation was collected *only for rural areas* and related to *current status only*. The different types of operations came under four categories. Ploughing, sowing, transplanting, weeding, harvesting and other cultivation activities fell under the category *manual work in cultivation*. Against the category *manual work in other agricultural activities* were the following types: forestry, plantation, animal husbandry, fisheries and other agricultural activities. *Manual work in non-agricultural activities* constituted the third category. The last category viz. *non-manual work* comprised two broad types (i) in 'cultivation' and (ii) in 'other than cultivation'. Under (iv), the type could be either activities in 'cultivation' or in 'other than cultivation'. In the last two cases, the sector in which the work was performed is

indicated by the industry. It may be noted that for 'regular salaried/wage emp loyees' on leave or on holiday, the 'operation' related to their respective function in the work or job from which he/she was temporarily off. Similarly, for persons categorised as 'self-employed' but not working on a particular day in spite of having work on that day, the operation related to the work that he/she would have done if he/she had not enjoyed leisure on that day.

- 2.13 *Cultivation*: All activities relating to production of crops and related ancillary activities are considered as cultivation. Growing of trees, plants or crops as plantation or orchards (such as rubber, cashew, coconut, pepper, coffee, tea etc.) are not considered as cultivation activities for the purpose of this survey. In general, the activities covered under NIC 1998 sub-classes 01111, 01112, 01113, 01115, 01119, 01121, 01122 and 01135 (excepting plantation of pepper and cardamom) are to be considered as cultivation (equivalent to the activities under industry Groups 000 to 008 of NIC 1987).
- 2.14 *Manual work:* A job essentially involving physical labour was considered as manual work. However, jobs essentially involving physical labour but also requiring a certain level of general, professional, scientific or technical education were not termed as 'manual work'. On the other hand, jobs not involving much of physical labour and at the same time not requiring much educational (general, scientific, technical or otherwise) background were treated as 'manual work'. Thus, engineers, doctors, dentists, midwives, etc., were not considered manual workers even though their jobs involved some amount of physical labour. But, peons, chowkidars, watchman, etc. were considered manual workers even though their work might not involve much physical labour. Manual work was defined as work pursued in one or more of the following occupational groups of the National Classification of Occupations (NCO 1968):

Division 5: Service workers:

Group 52: cooks, waiters, bartenders and related workers (domestic and institutional).

Group 53: maid and other housekeeping service workers (not elsewhere classified).

Group 54: building caretakers, sweepers, cleaners and related workers.

Group 55: Launders, dry cleaners and pressers.

Group 56: hair dressers, barbers, beauticians and related workers.

Family 570: fire fighters

Family 574: watchmen, gate-keepers

Family 579: protective service workers not elsewhere classified.

Division 6: Farmers, Fishermen, Hunters, Loggers and related workers :-

Group 63: agricultural labourers

Group 64: plantation labourers and related workers

Group 65: other farm workers

Group 66: forestry workers

Group 67: hunters and related workers

Group 68: fishermen and related workers.

Division 7-8-9: Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers:

All groups excluding group 85 (electrical fitters and related workers) and group 86 (broadcasting station and sound equipment operators and cinema projectionists).

- 2.15 *Rural Labour*: Manual labour working in agricultural and /or non-agricultural occupations *in return for wages* paid either in cash or in kind (excluding exchange labour) and *living in rural areas*, was taken as rural labour.
- 2.16 *Agricultural labour*: A person was considered as engaged as agricultural labour, if he/she followed one or more of the following agricultural occupations in the capacity of a wage paid manual labour, whether paid in cash or kind or both:
 - (i) farming,
 - (ii) dairy farming,
 - (iii) production of any horticultural commodity,
 - (iv) raising of livestock, bees or poultry,
 - (v) any practice performed on a farm as incidental to or in conjunction with farm operations (including forestry and timbering) and the preparation for market and delivery to storage or to market or to carriage for transportation to market of farm produce.

Working in fisheries was *excluded* from agricultural labour. Further, 'carriage for transportation' refers *only to the first stage of the transport* from farm to the first place of disposal.

- 2.17 *Wage paid-manual labour*: A person who did manual work in return for wages in cash or kind or partly in cash and partly in kind (excluding exchange labour) was a wage paid manual labour. Salaries are also to be counted as wages. A person who was self-employed in manual work was *not treated* as a wage paid manual labour.
- 2.18 *Skill*: Any marketable expertise, however acquired, irrespective of whether marketed or not, whether the intention is to market it or not was considered as skill. Thus, a person holding a certificate or diploma on an appropriate subject was considered to possess the specified skill along with the persons who have acquired the said skill without receiving any such certificate or

even without attending any institution. When a person has acquired skill in more than one trade, the skill in which he/she is more (most) proficient is considered as his/her skill.

- 2.19 *Nominal work:* Work done by a person for 1 to 2 hours in a day of the 7 days reference week is said to be a day with nominal work for the person. In the day-to-day labour time disposition of the reference week, such a day's work was considered as 'half-days' work.
- 2.20 *Earnings*: Earnings referred to the wage/salary income (and not total earnings) receivable for the wage/salaried work done during the reference week by the wage/salaried employees and casual labourers. The wage/salary receivable may be in cash or kind or partly in cash and partly in kind.
 - i) The wages in kind were evaluated at the current retail price.
 - ii) Bonus and perquisites evaluated at retail prices and duly apportioned for the reference week were also included in earnings.
 - iii) Amount receivable as 'over-time' for the additional work done beyond normal working time was also included.

Chapter 3

Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

3.1 Sample Design

- 3.1.1. A stratified multi-stage sampling design for rural as well as urban areas was adopted for selection of the sample units for the survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the census villages (panchayat wards for Kerala) for rural areas and the NSSO Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks for urban areas. The ultimate stage units (USU) were the households for both rural and urban areas.
- 3.1.2 Selection of the first-stage units: The various steps involved before making the selection of the FSUs are discussed at length in the following few paragraphs before taking up the issue of selection of USUs within a FSU.
- 3.1.2.1 Sampling frame for the first stage units (FSU's): For rural areas, the list of census villages as per 1991 population census (list of census villages as per 1981 Census for the State of Jammu & Kashmir) constituted the sampling frame for selection of sample FSUs for most of the states. For the rural areas of Kerala, however, the list of panchayat wards was used as the sampling frame for selection of panchayat wards. For Nagaland, the list of villages located within 5 kms. of a bus route constituted the sampling frame, whereas, the list of accessible villages constituted the sampling frame for Andaman & Nicobar Islands. All the uninhabited villages of the country as per 1991 Census were left out of the survey coverage of the NSS 55th round. For the urban areas, the latest lists of UFS blocks constituted the sampling frame for selection of sample FSUs.
- 3.1.2.2 Stratification of the first stage units in rural areas: From the list of villages of each State/Union Territory (U.T.), initially, two special strata were formed by considering villages (a) with very small population and (b) with very high population. These are formally stated below:

Stratum 1: all FSU's with population between 1 to 100, Stratum 2: FSU's with population more than 15,000.

The above two strata were spread across a given state and were not confined to any particular administrative division within the state. Each of the above two strata was formed if at least 50 such FSU's were there in the respective frames. Otherwise, these type of villages were included in the general strata as described below:

After formation of strata 1 and 2 (wherever applicable), the remaining villages of the State/ U.T. were considered for formation of general strata. While forming general strata, efforts were made to treat each district with population less than 2 millions as a separate stratum. If limitation of sample size did not allow forming so many strata, smaller districts within a particular NSS region were merged to form a stratum. Each district with rural population of 2 millions or more as per 1991 Census (1.8 millions or more as per 1981 Census in case of Jammu & Kashmir) was as usual split into a number of strata.

3.1.2.3 Stratification of the first stage units in urban areas: Within each NSS region, strata were formed by grouping towns on the basis of their population as per 1991 population census (1981 Census for the State of Jammu & Kashmir) following certain specifications which are stated below in a tabular form:

Stratum	Composition of strata within a NSS region	
number		
1, 3, 5 *	'hospital area' (HA) / 'industrial area' (IA) / 'bazaar area' (BA) blocks	
	taken together of each single city with a population of 10 lakhs or more	
	(there could be a maximum of 3 such cities within an NSS Region)	
2 1 6 *	Other blocks of each single city with a population of 10 lakes or more	
2, 4, 6 *	Other blocks of each single city with a population of 10 lakhs or more	
7	HA or IA or BA blocks of all towns with population between 50,000 to	
′	1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	less than 10 lakhs	
8	Other blocks of all towns with population between 50,000 to less than 10	
	1 1	
	lakhs	
9	HA or IA or BA blocks of all towns with population less than 50,000	
]	The of the of the offices of all towns with population less than 50,000	
10	Other blocks of all towns with population less than 50,000	
	o mail of one of the control population robb than bo,000	

^{*} Stratum numbers 3, 4, 5 & 6 remained void if there was only one city in an NSS region with a population of 10 lakhs or more.

It may be noted that if limitation of sample size did not allow forming so many strata, all blocks of stratum 7 were merged with those of stratum 8 and all blocks of stratum 9 were merged with those of stratum 10.

- 3.1.2.4 *Allocation of FSU's among Strata*: At the all-India level, a total number of 10,384 FSU's (6208 villages and 4176 urban blocks) was selected for survey in the *central sample* in the 55th round. The actual state/ U.T. level allocation of FSUs in both the rural and urban sector are given in Table A at the end of this Appendix. The sample size at the state/U.T. level was allocated as follows:
- (a) in rural areas: state/ UT level rural sample size was allocated among the rural strata in proportion to population.
- (b) in urban areas: state/ UT level urban sample size was first allocated among the three classes of towns (i.e. 10 lakh +, 50000 to less than 10 lakhs and less than 50,000) in proportion to population. Then sample allocation for each of the three classes of towns, within an NSS region, was further allocated between two strata types consisting of (i) HA/ IA/ BA blocks, and (ii) the rest in proportion to total number of FSU's in the respective frames with double weightage given to the first category of blocks.
- 3.1.2.5 Sub-round wise allocation: Sample size for the whole round for each State/UT x Sector (i.e. rural/ urban) were allocated equally among the 4 sub-rounds. Stratum level allocations for both rural and urban areas of a sub-round were made in even numbers in order to facilitate selection of FSU's in the form of 2 independent sub-samples. Sub-sample numbers were 1 & 2 for sub-round 1; 3 & 4 for sub-round 2; 5 & 6 for sub-round 3 and 7 & 8 for sub-round 4. One salient feature of the 55th round

was the *rotation sampling scheme* which was adopted for the first time in the NSS for the purpose of collection of employment-unemployment data from central sample only. Under this scheme, 1 subsample of the sampled first stage units (FSU's) of each sub-round was revisited in the subsequent subround. From each such FSU, sample households visited in the previous sub-round for collecting data on employment-unemployment were revisited in the subsequent sub-round for collecting employment-unemployment details.

- 3.1.2.6 Selection of first-stage units: For each sub-round, sample first-stage units from each stratum were selected afresh in the form of 2 independent sub-samples by following circular systematic sampling with:
 - (a) probability proportional to population for all rural strata other than stratum 1, and
 - (b) equal probability for rural stratum 1 as well as for all urban strata.
- 3.1.3 Selection of Ultimate Stage Units within a FSU: The remaining paragraphs of this sub-section outlines the various steps leading to the actual selection of USUs within a FSU.
- 3.1.3.1 Formation of hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks: In some cases, depending upon the approximate present population (P) and approximate total number of non-agricultural enterprises (E) of the villages/ blocks, the FSUs were further divided into a fixed number of hamlet groups/ sub-blocks, as per the rules stated below:

Value of P	No. of hg's/sb's formed in the FSU as per population criterion	Value of E	No. of hg's/sb's formed in the FSU as per enterprise criterion
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Less than 1200	1 @	Less than 100	1 @
1200 – 1999	5	100 - 249	5
2000 - 2399	6	250 - 299	6
2400 – 2799	7	300 – 349	7
2800 - 3199	8	350 - 399	8
(and	so on)	(and so	on)

@ no. of hg's/sb's = '1' implies that the whole FSU was considered for listing.

It may be noted that for rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim and Poonch, Rajouri, Udhampur and Doda districts of Jammu & Kashmir, number of hamlet groups formed in the village as per population criterion was: 1 for P < 600, 5 for P = 600 to 999, 6 for P = 1000 to 1199, 7 for P = 1200 to 1399, 8 for P = 1400 to 1599, and so on (procedure remaining unchanged as per enterprise criterion). Further, the higher of the two values obtained as per population and enterprise criteria was taken as the number (D) of hamlet-groups (hg)/ sub-blocks (sb) to be formed in the FSU. In cases where hg's/ sb's were formed in the sample FSU, the same was done by more or less equalizing the population of the different hgs/ sbs of the FSU.

3.1.3.2 Formation of Segments within FSU: The hg/sb having maximum concentration of non-agricultural enterprises was selected with certainty for listing of households/enterprises. This hamlet group/sub-block was referred to as segment 1. From the remaining (D-1) hg's/sb's of the FSU, 2 more hg's/sb's were selected circular systematically and these 2 selected hg's/sb's together were referred to as segment 2 for doing a combined listing of households. The listing of households was done only in segments 1 and 2 of the FSU. The FSUs not requiring hg/sb formation were treated as segment 1 for the purpose of data collection and estimation.

- 3.1.3.3 Sampling frame of households: All households of segments 1 and 2 of the FSU were listed independently and this list of households of the segments 1 and 2 constituted the sampling frame for the purpose of selection of sample households from the corresponding segments.
- 3.1.3.4 Stratification of households: All the households listed in a segment (both rural & urban) were stratified into two second stage strata, viz. 'affluent households' which formed second stage stratum 1, and the rest which formed second stage stratum 2. In the rural sector, a household was classified as 'affluent' if the household owned certain items like motor car/ jeep, colour TV, telephone, etc. or owned land / livestock in excess of certain limits. In the urban sector, the households with MPCE (monthly per capita consumer expenditure) greater than certain limit for a given town/city were treated as 'affluent' households and were included in the frame of second stage stratum 1, and rest of the urban households were included in the frame of second stage stratum 2.
- 3.1.3.5 Selection of households: Sample households were selected from the respective frames by circular systematic sampling with equal probability. For the purpose of systematic sampling, households in the frame of second stage stratum 2 were arranged by means of livelihood x land possessed classes for rural samples and by means of livelihood x MPCE classes for urban samples. The number of households selected for survey on employment–unemployment from different segments x second stage stratum (within a FSU) are specified below:

segment	Household allotment *				
	second stage stratum				
	1	2	total		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
	FSU with hg/ sb formation:				
1	1	3	4		
2	1	7	8		
	FSU with no hg/ sb formation:				
1	2	10	12		

^{*} The fsus of sub-sample 1, sub-sample 3 and sub-sample 5 were re-visited during sub-round 2, sub-round 3 and sub-round 4 respectively. In the fsus of these re-visit sub-samples, all the households where schedule 10 was previously canvassed (i.e. during the previous sub-round) were re-visited for canvassing schedule 10.1. However, in case such a household could not be surveyed during re-visit, it was substituted and schedule 10 was canvassed in the substituted household. Further, schedule 10 was also canvassed for those households which were 'casualty' during visit 1 but could be surveyed during the re-visit. From among the newly formed households found during the re-visit of a fsu (which constituted the second stage stratum 9), at most 1 household was surveyed from each of the 2 segments and schedule 10 only was canvassed for those households.

3.2 Estimation Procedure

- 3.2.1 This estimation procedure adopted in the 55th round for schedule 10 provides
- (a) estimates on quarterly/ sub-round basis, and
- (b) the estimate of error from the sub-sample replicates.

Tabulated estimate for a quarter/ sub-round was obtained by combining the estimates of the corresponding sub-sample replicates. The estimation procedure adopted in the 55th round for schedule 10 is described below.

3.2.2 *Notation:* The notations used for estimation procedure are given below:

a = subscript for the a-th stratum

r =subscript for the r-th sub-sample replicate (r = 1, 2, ..., 8)

q = subscript for the q-th sub-round / quarter (q=1,2,3 & 4)

f = subscript for the fth sampled village/block as First Stage Unit (FSU)

s = subscript for the s-th segment of sampled village/ block (s= 1 & 2)

c = subscript for the c-th second stage stratum of households in the sampled village/ block (c= 1.2); for new households during revisit, c= 9.

j = subscript for the j-th sampled household

p = subscript for pooled estimate

z= size used for selection of an FSU from the sampling frame

Z = total of sizes in the sampling frame for the stratum

n = number of sampled FSU surveyed within a stratum and a sub-sample replicate (including zero cases and uninhabited cases but excluding casualty cases) and used for tabulation

L = number of sub-sample replicates surveyed and used for tabulation

D = number of hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks formed in rural/ urban sampled FSU

H = total number of households listed in the appropriate frame

h = number of sampled households surveyed and used for tabulation from the frame

y, x= value of characteristic y, x obtained in the sample

 $\vec{Y}, \vec{X} =$ estimated value of characteristic y, x obtained from the sample.

3.2.3 *Estimates of aggregates:* If \overrightarrow{P} be the estimate of aggregate of any characteristic y for a given stratum (**a**), and for a particular sub-round (**q**) and sub-sample replicate (**r**), the formula used for estimating a characteristic of household from a given 2nd stage stratum (c) is as specified below:

For rural areas:

$$\hat{Y}_{c} = \frac{Z}{n} \sum_{f=1}^{n} \frac{1}{z_{f}} \sum_{s=1}^{2} B_{fsc} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{fsc}} y_{fscj}$$

where
$$B_{fsc} = \frac{H_{fsc}}{h_{fsc}}$$
, for segment 1 (s=1) and $B_{fsc} = \frac{D_f - 1}{2} \times \frac{H_{fsc}}{h_{fsc}}$, for segment 2 (s=2).

For urban areas:

$$\hat{Y}_c = \frac{Z}{n} \sum_{f=1}^{n} \sum_{s=1}^{2} B_{fsc} \sum_{j=1}^{h_{fsc}} y_{fscj}$$

where,
$$B_{fsc} = \frac{H_{fsc}}{h_{fsc}}$$
, for segment 1 (s=1) and $B_{fsc} = \frac{D_f - 1}{2} \times \frac{H_{fsc}}{h_{fsc}}$, for segment 2 (s=2).

These formulae are provided for the general case of FSU's having 2 segments 1 & 2. For the FSU's requiring no hg/sb formation, the formula is identical to that given for segment 1 while the contribution from segment 2 is taken as zero.

Finally, the estimate of a characteristic y for a stratum (a), for a particular sub-round (q) and a sub-sample replicate (r) (which actually represented \hat{Y}_{aqr}) was obtained as $\hat{Y} = \sum \hat{Y}_c$.

The combined estimate for a particular stratum and a particular sub-round was computed as the average of sub-sample replicate estimates and is given below:

$$\hat{Y}_{aq} = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{r=1}^{L} \hat{Y}_{aqr}$$

If \hat{Y}_{qr} be the State/ UT/ Region level aggregate from the r-th sub-sample replicate and q-th sub-round, and \hat{Y}_{qp} , the combined estimate of the aggregate based on the whole sample, for a given sub-round/ quarter q, then:

$$\hat{Y}_{qr} = \sum_{a} \hat{Y}_{aqr}$$
 based on sub-sample replicate group r,

and

$$\hat{Y}_{qp} = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{r=1}^{L} \hat{Y}_{qr}$$
 based on all sub-sample replicates.

3.2.4 Estimates of ratios: If \hat{X} & \hat{Y} be the State/UT/Region level aggregate estimate corresponding to variables x and y, then the estimate of ratio, in general, is given by

$$\hat{R}_r = \frac{\hat{Y}_r}{\hat{X}_r}$$
 based on sub-sample group r,

and

$$\hat{R}_p = \frac{\hat{Y}_p}{\hat{X}_p}$$
 based on the whole sample.

Estimates for the sub-round (/quarter) \hat{R}_{qr} and \hat{R}_{qp} was obtained by replacing \hat{Y}_r and \hat{Y}_p by \hat{Y}_{qr} and \hat{Y}_{qp} , respectively and \hat{X}_r and \hat{X}_p by \hat{X}_{qr} and \hat{X}_{qp} , respectively.

3.2.5 *Treatment for casualty.*

- I) If $H_{fsc}>0$ but $h_{rfsc}=0$ for a particular 2nd stage stratum of households in a FSU with no hamlet-group/sub-block formation (ie. $D_f=1$), it was a case of casualty and the value of n was reduced by 1.
- II) If $D_f > 1$ and $H_{fs'c} > 0$ but $h_{fs'c} = 0$ for s = 1 (say, s') and if it was not a case for the entire FSU, here n was not reduced by 1 and in this case $[(D_f 1)/2] \times H_{fsc}$ was replaced by $\{H_{fs'c} + [(D_f 1)/2] \times H_{fsc}\}$ in the formula for s = 2.
- III) If $D_f > 1$ and $H_{fs'c} > 0$ but $h_{fs'c} = 0$ for s = 2 (say, s') and if it was not a case for the entire FSU, here n was not reduced by 1 and in this case, H_{fsc} was replaced by $\{H_{fsc} + [(D_{f}-1)/2] \times H_{fs'c}\}$ in the formula for s = 1.
- IV) If $H_{fsc} > 0$ but $h_{fsc} = 0$ for a particular second stage stratum of households in both the segments (s=1 & 2) in an FSU, it was a case of casualty and the value of n was reduced by 1.

Table A: Number of villages/ blocks allotted and surveyed and number of persons surveyed in different states and union territories

state/ut.	Villages / blocks				persons	
	allotted		surveyed		surveyed	
	rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	432	320	432	320	30668	22712
Ar. Pradesh	80	24	74	21	5393	993
Assam	296	72	291	71	25875	4890
Bihar	624	192	611	190	54810	15635
Goa	16	24	16	24	1193	1634
Gujarat	208	232	208	232	17681	17936
Haryana	96	64	96	64	8858	5091
H. P.	144	80	140	80	10807	4703
Jammu Kashmir	208	128	131	84	10796	6744
Karnataka	232	208	232	208	19627	15232
Kerala	240	168	240	168	16815	12642
Madhya Pradesh	432	264	432	264	39359	22425
Maharashtra	352	440	352	440	28027	33233
Manipur	64	56	64	56	5441	4757
Meghalaya	80	32	80	32	6472	2282
Mizoram	40	72	39	72	2826	5571
Nagaland	40	24	40	24	3285	1559
Orissa	296	88	295	88	23277	6209
Punjab	184	160	184	160	16346	11509
Rajasthan	272	168	272	168	25828	13668
Sikkim	88	24	88	24	7111	1475
Tamil Nadu	352	360	352	360	23523	22961
Tripura	136	48	86	48	6435	3305
Uttar Pradesh	792	392	791	391	78391	34132
West Bengal	384	288	384	288	31813	19404
A & N Islands	24	16	24	16	2327	1061
Chandigarh	16	64	16	64	927	4387
D & N Haveli	16	8	16	8	1247	527
Daman & Diu	16	16	15	16	1095	1318
Delhi	16	96	16	96	1340	6768
Lakshadweep	8	16	7	16	455	2314
Pondicherry	24	32	24	32	1731	2157
All India	6208	4176	6048	4125	509779	309234

Chapter 4

Households and Population

4.0. Introduction

4.0.1 *General*: As stated earlier in chapter 1, the NSS 55th round survey was conducted during July 1999-June 2000. To study the employment-unemployment situation of a country it is necessary to look into the socio-economic structure of the households and the demographic pattern of the population of the country during that time. As such, certain information on socio-economic condition of sample households and demographic data pertaining to the surveyed individuals were also collected in this survey. In this chapter, the main findings relating to these aspects have been presented. The estimates are given for India and its constituent states and union territories with an effort to present a more detailed picture at the all-India level. Discussions are mainly centered around the all-India estimates. A comparison with earlier survey results is also done in some cases, at the all-India level.

4.0.2 *Use of estimated aggregates*: A few points on some general aspects of the survey estimates are stated in this para. Compared to the census population or the projections thereof, population estimates from the NSSO surveys are, in general, on the lower side. This difference arises mainly due to the differences in methods and coverage adopted by the NSSO in comparison with the census operation. However, the ratios obtained from the survey are much closer to the ratios obtained using census figures. Usually the estimates on employment- unemployment are presented as ratios. To estimate an absolute number in any category, it is advisable to apply the survey estimates of ratios to the census population or projections thereof, for that category. The estimates of aggregates given in the detailed tables (e.g. Appendix table 19) may help to combine the ratios but may not be used fer generating deriving estimates of absolute numbers for a characteristic. It may also be noted that as the tables are generally presented as per thousand distribution, the figures are rounded off. Thus, while using the ratios from the survey results, it is to be noted that the accuracy of these derived aggregates will be limited to the number of significant digits available in the ratio or percentage estimates presented in the report. The estimated aggregates, wherever possible, can be used to get ratios with more significant digits.

4.1 Estimates of households and population

4.1.1 As per the survey estimates, about 921 million people stayed in 189 million households in India. About 73 per cent of the households belonged to rural India and accounted for nearly 75 per cent of total population (please see Table 19 in Appendix A).

4.1.2 Table 4.1 gives the household size and sex ratio (number of females per 1000 males) over the years from 1977-78 up to 1999-2000. It is seen from this table that, during 1999-2000, on an average, the sex ratio of an Indian household was 947. The average household size for the rural is 5.0, which is a little higher than the urban average of 4.5. For every 1000 males, the number of females was more in the rural (959) as compared to the urban areas (915).

Table 4.1: Average household size (0.0) and sex ratio (female per 1000 males) over the different NSS surveys

all-India

NSS	rural		urban		
survey	household	sex- ratio	household	sex- ratio	
periods	size		size		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1977-78 (32 nd)	5.2	959	4.9	904	
1983 (38^{th})	5.1	963	4.7	905	
1987-88 (43 rd)	5.1	948	4.7	912	
1993-94 (50th)	4.9	944	4.4	905	
1999-2000 (55 th)	5.0	959	4.5	915	

4.1.3 *Change over the years*: It is seen from the table that the sex-ratio increased in 1999-2000 as compared to that in 1993-94 – more so in rural areas than in urban areas. This is a reversal of the trend seen between 1983 and 1993-94 in rural areas, during which period, the ratio declined gradually. As regards the household size, the estimate was marginally higher than that in 1993-94, both in rural and urban areas.

Table 4.1.1: Number of female headed households; household size and sex-ratio for the female headed households during 1993-94 and 1999-2000

all-India

characteristics of the	rui	ral	urban		
female headed hhs	1993-94	1999-2000	1993-94	1999-2000	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
no. of female headed hhs per 1000 hhs	97	104	106	94	
household size sex- ratio	3.2 1861	3.5 1820	3.2 1706	3.5 1721	

4.1.4 Information on sex of the head of household was collected in the survey. Number of female-headed households per 1000 households along with the sex-ratio and household size obtained for such female-headed households during 1993-94 and 1999-2000 are shown in Table 4.1.1 for all-India. It is observed that during 1999-2000, about 10 per cent and 9 per cent of households were headed by females in rural and urban India respectively. Compared to all households, they had, on an average, a relatively smaller household size and a much higher sex-ratio. As in the case for all households, for female-headed households too, there was a slight increase in the household size between 1993-94 and 1999-2000 in both rural and urban areas. On the other hand, between this period, the sex-ratio in the female headed households declined in rural India (from 1861 to 1820) while in the urban India it showed a rise (from 1706 to 1721).

4.1.5 *State-level results*: The corresponding estimates as obtained for each state and union territory in the present survey are presented in Table 4.1.2. Among the major states, the proportion of female-headed households was highest in Kerala, in rural areas and Himachal Pradesh (in urban areas). The all-India feature of smaller household size and higher sex-ratio in female-headed households as compared to all households is noticeable in the major states.

4.2 Household type

4.2.1 The nature and type of work from which a household derives its major income is an important indicator of the activity pattern of its members. Every sample household was, therefore, categorised into *household types*, depending on the economic activity of the members of the household during the 365 days preceding the date of survey from which major income of the household was generated. The distribution of households and the corresponding population by *household type* for all-India is given in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2: Per 1000 distribution of households and population by household type during 1987-88, 1993-94 and 1999-2000

all-India	,									
household		households		population						
type	1987 - 88	1993 - 94	1999-2000	1987 - 88	1993 - 94	1999-2000				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)				
	rural									
self-employed in:										
agriculture	377	378	327	428	424	371				
non-agriculture	123	127	134	128	131	139				
self-employed	500	505	461	556	554	509				
agricultural labour	307	303	322	278	275	301				
other labour	90	80	80	84	75	76				
rural labour	397	383	402	362	350	376				
others	101	112	137	81	95	114				
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000				
			urban							
self-employed	335	337	344	389	388	393				
regular wage/salaried	442	434	417	436	428	402				
casual labour	127	132	140	121	129	141				
others	93	97	97	52	55	63				
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000				

4.2.2 Table 4.2 reveals that during 1999-2000, members of about 46 per cent of the rural households took recourse to *self-employment*. They constituted about 51 per cent of the rural population. Another 38 per cent of the rural population belonged to *rural labour* households. Such households constituted 40 per cent of all rural households. Among urban households, *regular employment* was the mainstay of 42 per cent of households with an almost equal share (40 per cent) of urban population. Nearly 34 per cent of the urban households had income mainly from *self-employment*. While there has been a decline in the proportion of households depending on *self-employment* between 1993-94 and 1999-2000 in rural areas, the proportion remained at almost the same level in urban areas throughout the period 1987-88 to 1999-2000.

4.2.3 *State-wise distribution:* The distributions of households and persons by household type for different states and union territories are given in Tables 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 respectively, both for rural and urban areas.

- 4.2.4 *Rural areas:* In the rural areas, *self-employment* was the major activity of the households in many of the major states. Among the major states, the proportion of *self-employed* households was highest in Jammu & Kashmir (68 per cent) followed by Rajasthan (66 per cent), Uttar Pradesh (62 per cent), Himachal Pradesh (55 per cent), Assam and Haryana (51 per cent each).
- 4.2.5 *Urban areas:* On the other hand, *regular employment* was the main activity of urban households in most of the major states. About 54 per cent of the urban households in Maharashtra were found to depend on *regular employment*. In each of the states of Karnataka, Punjab, Assam and Jammu & Kashmir, about 42 per cent of urban households depended on *regular employment*. Among the major states, the percentage of *self-employed* households and *casual labour* households in the urban areas was highest in Uttar Pradesh (46) and Kerala (25), respectively.

4.3 Monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE)

4.3.1 Household income, or for that matter 'level of living', is highly related with 'employment' of the household members. Thus, the distribution of households and population by income level is an useful background information for a correlative study on 'employment' or 'unemployment'. As it is difficult to collect reliable income data, the NSSO, collects data on consumption expenditure in its surveys. In the present survey on employment-unemployment, data on consumption expenditure was collected through a separate work-sheet which was integrated with the employment-unemployment schedule. Based on the data, monthly per capita expenditure was worked out for each sample household which is expected to serve as a close proxy for income. The distributions of households and the corresponding population by MPCE class for all-India are presented in Table 4.3. The corresponding distributions for states and union territories are presented in Table 4.3.1(for households) and in Table 4.3.2 (for persons).

Table 4.3: Per 1000 distribution of households and population by MPCE (Rs.) class during 1999-2000

all-India

	rural		urban			
MPCE class	households	population	MPCE class	households	population	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
less than 225	73	79	less than 300	55	77	
225 - 255	55	63	300 - 350	48	62	
255 - 300	92	118	350 - 425	91	107	
300 - 340	107	116	425 - 500	90	113	
340 - 380	104	110	500 - 575	96	103	
380 - 420	95	97	575 - 665	98	105	
420 - 470	100	99	665 - 775	100	98	
470 - 525	91	80	775 - 915	97	89	
525 - 615	97	90	915 - 1120	106	88	
615 - 775	90	77	1120 - 1500	110	82	
775 - 950	44	36	1500 - 1925	55	41	
950 & above	52	34	1925 & above	54	35	
all	1000	1000	all	1000	1000	

4.3.2 In urban India, about 48 per cent of the households – which accounted for nearly 57 per cent of the population - spent less than Rs.665/- per month per person. On the other hand, in rural India, about 53 per cent of the households – which accounted for 58 per cent of the population - could spend up to of Rs.420/-. The proportion of households spending Rs.775/- or more per capita was as low as 10 per cent in rural India, it was a little above 42 per cent in urban India.

4.4 Households and particulars of land

4.4.1 In rural India, a majority of the households depend mainly on agricultural activities and thus land is the main source of employment for their members. Hence, it is important to study certain aspects of land viz. the particulars of its ownership, possession and cultivation by the rural households. These aspects are discussed one by one in the following paragraphs.

4.4.2 *Ownership of land*: So far as the ownership of land is concerned, information on size of land owned as on the date of survey was collected in the survey. In Table 4.4, the distribution of rural households by size classes of land owned is shown for each *household type* at the national level.

Table 4.4: Per thousand distribution of rural households by size class of land owned for each household type

all-India								rural	
size class of		household type							
land owned	se	self employed			l labour		others	all	
(0.00 hectares)	agri-	non-	all	agricultural	other	all			
	culture	agricul-		labour	labour				
		ture							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
up to 0.40	163	816	353	812	863	822	705	589	
0.41 - 1.00	308	111	250	139	102	132	147	188	
1.01 - 2.00	249	42	189	37	24	34	81	112	
2.01 - 4.00	177	23	132	11	7	10	47	71	
4.01 & above	104	9	76	2	5	2	21	39	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	

4.4.2.1 During 1999-2000, about 59 per cent of the households owned land of size up to 0.40 hectares and 19 per cent owned between 0.41 to 1.00 hectares. The situation was the worst for *other labour* households - about 86 per cent of them owning land up to 0.40 hectares and another 10 per cent between 0.41 to 1.00 hectares. On the other hand, 53 per cent of households depending on *self-employment in agriculture* owned more than 1.00 hectares.

4.4.2.2 *State level distribution*: The distribution of rural households by size classes of land owned for each state and union territory is given in Table 4.4.1. The table shows that among the major states, the proportion of rural households owning land up to 1.00 hectare was as high as 92 per cent in West Bengal and 91 per cent in Tamil Nadu. However, in some major states, proportion of households owning land with size exceeding 1.00 hectare was quite substantial – it was 50 per cent in Rajasthan and 41 per cent in Madhya Pradesh as against about 22 per cent at the all-India level.

4.4.3 *Land possessed*: As seen from Table 4.5.1, in 1999-2000, the average area of land possessed as on the date of survey by a rural household was 0.81 hectare. The corresponding average for a female-headed household was 0.42 hectares. As high as 77 per cent of the households possessed 1 hectare or less of land and 7 per cent were landless. In rural Kerala, only 6 per cent of the households were found to possess 1 hectare or more of land and the average land possessed was as low as 0.28 hectare - the lowest among the major states. The states that ranked just above Kerala were West Bengal (0.32 hectare), Tamil Nadu (0.34 hectare), Bihar (0.49 hectare) and Orissa (0.57 hectare). Average land possessed was the highest in Rajasthan (2.38 hectares).

4.4.4 *Land cultivated*: For the purpose of the survey, land cultivated was defined as the net area sown during the agricultural year (AY) 1998-99 i.e. July 1998 to June 1999. The distributions of rural households by size class of land cultivated according to the latest three quinquennial NSS rounds, viz., 55th, 50th (1993-94) and the 43rd (1987-88), are presented in table 4.6.

Table 4.6: Per 1000 distribution of rural households by size class of land cultivated during the agricultural years 1986-87, 1992-93, 1998-99

all-India size class of households population 1998- 99 land cultivated 1986 - 87 1992 - 93 1986 - 87 1992 - 93 1998-99 (0.00 hectares)**(7)** (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) 472 509 573 up to 0.40 544 575 632 0.41 - 1.00171 179 179 173 168 182 1.01 - 2.00139 135 112 158 155 128 2.01 - 4.0086 76 59 108 95 74 43 82 61 43 4.01 & above 58 30 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 total

4.4.4.1 The table shows that during the agricultural year 1998-99, about 63 per cent of the rural households cultivated land up to 0.40 hectares. In fact, about 40 per cent of rural households were estimated to have cultivated very little or no land (i.e. in the '0.00 hectare' category) in AY1998-99 (see Appendix 23R). About 80 per cent of households were found to cultivate 1 hectare or less of land while on the date of survey, about 77 per cent of the rural households possessed 1 hectare or less of land (ref. Table 4.5.1). Over the years, the distribution has shifted towards the lower size classes, that is, an increasing proportion of households have shifted gradually to the lower size classes.

4.4.4.2 *State-level distribution*: Based on the present survey, the distributions of rural households by size class of land cultivated for different states and union territories are presented in Table 4.6.1. The major states where 50 per cent or more of rural households had no cultivated land during the agricultural year 1998-99 were Tamil Nadu (67), Punjab (61), Andhra Pradesh (52) and West Bengal (50). This percentage was the lowest in Jammu & Kashmir (13), and also by in Himachal Pradesh (17) Rajasthan (22), Uttar Pradesh (26) and Madhya Pradesh (29).

4.5 Literacy of household members

4.5.1 Literacy, together with educational attainment, determines the quality of population and is highly related to one's employment prospects. For the purposes of this survey, a person who could read and write a simple message in any language with understanding was considered a *literate*. *Literates* were further classified according to their levels of educational attainment. The discussion here is restricted to persons in the age-group 15 years and above. The proportion of households with no *literate* member, classified by *household type*, is given in Table 4.7 for India as a whole, and in Table 4.7.1 for different states and union territories.

4.5.2 Table 4.7 shows that, during 1999-2000, in India, in as many as 32 per cent of the households in the rural areas and 12 per cent in the urban areas, there was not a single member in the age-group 15 years and above who could read and write a simple message with understanding. In other words, all the members of age 15 years and above in those households were *illiterate*. Further, as high as 61 per cent of the rural – and 34 per cent of the urban-households had no *literate* female member. These proportions are found to be highest among the *agricultural labour* households in the rural and *casual labour* households in the urban areas.

Table 4.7: Number of households with no literate member/female member of age 15 years and above per 1000 households

all-India

an maia						
	rural		urban			
household	hhs. with	hhs. with	household	hhs. with	hhs. with	
type	no literate	no literate	type	no literate	no literate	
	member	female member		member	female member	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
self-emp. in:						
agriculture	240	558	self-employed	119	321	
non-agriculture	233	531	reg. wage/ salaried	46	249	
agri.labour	475	752	casual labour	277	572	
other labour	302	596	others	211	474	
others	252	479				
all	321	609	all	119	341	

4.5.3 *State-wise variations*: As seen from table 4.7.1 the state-wise variations in these proportions during 1999-2000 were quite significant. Among the major states, the proportion of households with *no literate* member of age 15 yrs. and above was the lowest in Kerala – this proportion varying from 45 per cent (Andhra Pradesh) to 3 per cent (Kerala) in rural areas and from 23 per cent (Bihar) to 2 per cent (Kerala) in the urban areas.

4.6 Households with usually employed (principal status) of age 15 years and above

4.6.1 Income of a household obviously depends on the number of employed persons in the household. Although income depends also on the type of work by the members, the number of employed persons in a household could be taken as a broad indicator of its economic condition. The results giving the distribution of households by number of usually employed persons of age 15 years and above are presented in Table 4.8 for all-India. The corresponding results obtained from the 50th round survey have also been shown in parentheses to observe the changes, if any, over the period 1993-94 to 1999-2000. It may be noted that persons employed in the *principal status* only were

considered, as the income from their *subsidiary status* employment was expected to be relatively much less as compared to the income from their principal status employment.

Table 4.8: Per 1000 distribution of households by number of usually employed (principal status) persons of age 15 years and above as member of the household

all-India								
category	number of usually employed (principal status)							
of		persons of a	ge 15 years a	nd above				
household	none	only 1	only 1	only 1 male	others			
		male	female	& 1 female				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
			rural					
all households	46	277	49	278	351			
	(31)	(263)	(50)	(290)	(366)			
female headed hhs.	228	57	396	112	207			
	(174)	(45)	(455)	(110)	(216)			
			urban					
all households	76	509	36	129	250			
	(83)	(495)	(36)	(135)	(250)			
female headed hhs.	263	112	301	99	225			
	(323)	(92)	(282)	(104)	(199)			
				oth				

Note: Figures in parentheses are the corresponding estimates obtained from the 50th round (1993-94)

4.6.2 It is seen from Table 4.8 that during 1999-2000, about 5 per cent of the rural households and 8 per cent of the urban households had no usually employed member, while about 63 and 38 per cent of rural and urban households respectively had two or more members employed more or less regularly. On the other hand, in the households where the head was a female, the proportion of households with no usually employed member was considerably higher – 23 per cent in the rural areas and 26 per cent in the urban areas of India. It may be interesting to note that while among all the households only 4 to 5 per cent had 'only 1 female worker', among households headed by females, the proportion with 'only 1 woman worker' was much higher- 40 per cent in rural areas and 30 per cent in urban areas.

4.6.3 *Change between 1993-94 to 1999-2000*: Table 4.8 reveals that over the period 1994 to 2000, the proportion of households with no worker increased from about 3 per cent in 1993-94 to 5 per cent in 1999-2000 in rural India - the urban proportion being stable at the level of 8 per cent. For female headed households, the increase in this proportion was more in rural areas – from 17 per cent in 1993-94 to 23 per cent 1999-2000. However, for such households in urban areas, this proportion was much less (26 per cent) in 1999-2000 than that (32 per cent) in 1993-94.

4.6.4 *State-level distribution*: The corresponding distributions for different states and union territories based on data of the present survey are presented in Table 4.8.1. Broadly speaking, the same pattern as that noted for all-India is also seen for the major states.

4.7 Age distribution of population

4.7.1 Age and sex are two important demographic characteristics. The distribution of population by age-group and sex as background information could improve the understanding of the results on employment-unemployment. In Table 4.9, the distribution of the rural and urban population by 5-year age-groups is presented for males and females separately. Comparable results based on the 50th round (1993-94) survey are also presented in this table.

Table 4.9: Per 1000 distribution of population by five year age groups in NSS 50th and 55th rounds

all-India									
age group	rural n	rural male		male	urban 1	urban male		urban female	
(years)	50 th	55 th							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
0-4	129	117	127	119	105	93	106	92	
5-9	132	137	126	129	112	109	111	109	
10-14	120	128	107	117	115	116	114	114	
15-19	102	99	90	88	112	110	103	102	
20-24	81	77	91	86	96	96	98	94	
25-29	74	75	85	84	84	85	90	90	
30-34	68	66	74	75	77	75	78	81	
35-39	64	66	62	67	70	74	73	78	
40-44	50	53	52	51	60	65	54	57	
45-49	45	46	48	45	50	52	45	49	
50-54	38	37	37	36	36	39	35	35	
55-59	29	28	32	30	28	27	29	28	

4.7.2 *Age distribution*: During the five years separating the present survey from the last quinquennial one, a small shift is visible in the population, especially among the younger groups. A slight decline in the share of the youngest age-group (0-4 years) in all the categories and a little increase in the share of children aged 5-14 years in rural areas are noticeable. This distribution would help in better understanding of the results presented subsequently, as most of the results are age specific. The corresponding distributions for different states and union territories are given in Table 4.9.1 for each sex separately for rural and urban areas.

4.8 Educational level of population

60 & above

all

4.8.1 As mentioned earlier (in para 4.5.1), educational attainment determines the quality of a population and one's employment prospect. Thus, it is important to study the distribution of population by educational attainment (level) before a comprehensive discussion is attempted on employment-unemployment in the subsequent chapters. There is also a need to examine the changes in the literacy rates over time. To that end, relevant estimates obtained from the past quinquennial surveys, wherever possible, have also been presented. It may be mentioned that in the earlier quinquennial surveys, a person who could read and write a simple message in any language was considered as *literate*. From the 50th round onwards, another condition viz. "with understanding" was added for identifying *literates*. In Table 4.10, the literacy rates (number of literates per 1000 persons) by sex as estimated from

the present and past few quinquennial surveys on employment and unemployment are presented for rural and urban India. The distribution of persons by education level is presented in Table 4.10.1 for each sex and rural-urban residence at the all-India level and those for different states and union territories for 1999-2000 in Table 4.10.1.1. As seen from Table 4.10.1.1, there was considerable variation in the proportion of *non-literate* and *educated* over the major states.

Table 4.10: Literacy rate (per 1000 persons) by sex and for rural and urban India in NSS 38^{th} , 43^{rd} , 50^{th} and 55^{th} Rounds

all-India

year and round	rur	al	urban		
	male	male female		female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1983 (38th)	449	219	693	515	
1987-88(43rd)	484	260	719	556	
1993-94 (50th)	545	321	759	616	
1999-00 (55th)	588	385	784	657	

4.8.2 Change over rounds: Over the period 1983 to 2000, it is seen that the literacy rate has increased considerably. The increase is relatively more among females than among males – both in rural and urban India. Further, as seen from Table 4.10.1, the proportion of *educated* persons (i.e. educational level *secondary and above*) has increased in all the categories during the period of 6 years between 1994 to 2000. In rural India, the proportions of *educated* persons in 1999-2000 were 12 and 5 per cent respectively among males and females. The corresponding proportions in urban India were 32 and 23 per cent.

Table 4.10.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level in NSS 50th and 55th Rounds

all-India

year and round		general educational level							
	not literate	literate& up to	middle	secondary &					
		primary		above					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)					
		<u>rural male</u>							
1993-94 (50 th)	455 (411)	337 (276)	109 (154)	98 (157)					
$1999-00 (55^{th})$	412 (372)	342(262)	126(178)	117(189)					
		rural female							
1993-94 (50 th)	679 (708)	230 (166)	56 (73)	34 (53)					
$1999-00 (55^{th})$	615 (652)	260(174)	75 (96)	50 (77)					
		urban male							
1993-94 (50 th)	241 (162)	332 (233)	145 (184)	281 (419)					
$1999-00 (55^{th})$	216 (144)	309 (199)	156 (193)	317 (464)					
		urban female							
1993-94 (50 th)	384 (363)	310 (216)	118 (143)	187 (277)					
1999-00 (55 th)	343 (318)	299 (195)	132 (157)	225 (328)					

Note: Figures in parentheses are the corresponding proportions for persons of age 15 years and above.

Table 4.1.2: Number of female headed (fh.) households per 1000 households, sex-ratio and average household size by sex of the head of the households for different states and u.t.s

		1	ural				υ	ırban		
state/u.t.	no. of fh.	average	hh.size	se	x-ratio	no. of fh.	average	hh.size	se	x-ratio
	hhs. per	fh.	all	fh.	all	hhs. per	fh.	all	fh.	all
	1000	hhs.	hhs.	hhs.	hhs.	1000 hhs	hhs.	hhs.	hhs.	hhs.
(1)	hhs (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	121	2.7	4.1	2476	998	100	3.5	4.3	1708	958
Ar. Pradesh	73	3.6	4.7	2060	910	67	3.4	4.2	1993	796
Assam	84	4.3	5.3	1299	905	103	3.6	4.5	1618	863
Bihar	96	3.8	5.3	1719	932	83	4.1	5.0	1774	872
Goa	194	3.1	4.5	1759	1014	101	3.6	4.3	1604	933
Gujarat	90	3.5	5.0	1885	975	79	2.9	4.6	1982	913
Haryana	81	4.6	5.5	1446	894	58	4.3	4.6	1421	884
Н. Р.	220	3.9	4.7	1928	1043	222	1.7	3.2	3652	931
Jammu & Kashmir	65	2.7	5.0	2624	917	47	3.9	4.9	1537	899
Karnataka	139	3.5	5.0	1703	999	119	3.7	4.4	1745	957
Kerala	251	4.1	4.5	1806	1111	218	4.1	4.3	1794	1092
Madhya Pradesh	60	2.9	5.3	1857	928	78	3.6	5.1	1674	910
Maharashtra	98	2.9	4.7	1750	951	79	3.7	4.6	1669	893
Manipur	93	4.7	5.2	1369	906	75	3.9	5.3	1500	970
Meghalaya	205	4.6	4.8	1516	1033	246	3.6	4.1	1993	975
Mizoram	159	3.5	4.7	1724	965	170	3.8	4.5	1897	1041
Nagaland	65	2.7	4.8	1793	872	85	3.0	4.2	1702	837
Orissa	93	3.1	4.6	2233	1020	86	3.1	4.4	2318	919
Punjab	95	4.4	5.3	1492	929	77	3.6	4.3	1632	857
Rajasthan	85	3.8	5.6	1658	937	63	4.1	5.0	1387	878
Sikkim	92	3.9	4.7	1504	875	100	3.3	3.9	3127	824
Tamil Nadu	150	2.7	4.0	2083	983	139	3.0	3.9	1886	955
Tripura	101	3.3	4.5	1882	871	75	3.1	4.2	1409	905
Uttar Pradesh	97	4.0	5.7	1729	944	65	4.1	5.1	1397	889
West Bengal	78	3.4	5.0	1886	975	115	3.1	4.1	1806	935
A & N Islands	93	2.9	4.8	2772	926	105	4.5	4.1	2147	970
Chandigarh	21	2.5	2.9	1010	295	57	3.4	4.2	2013	908
D & N Haveli	32	2.1	4.6	6847	962	0	1.9	3.6	2864	862
Daman & Diu	71	2.4	4.2	2486	747	182	3.6	4.8	1832	917
Delhi	11	6.6	4.4	1145	755	57	3.0	4.4	1991	865
Lakshadweep	500	6.0	4.9	1682	1246	500	7.1	6.0	1181	961
Pondicherry	145	3.6	4.2	1647	976	176	3.4	4.0	2145	1106
All India	104	3.5	5.0	1820	959	94	3.5	4.5	1721	915

fh. hhs.: female headed households

Table 4.2.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by household type for each state and u.t.s

						rural	
	household type						
state/u.t.	self-en	nployed in		agricultural	other	others	
	agri-	non-	all	labour	labour		
	culture	agri.		households	households		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	250	135	385	425	65	125	
Ar. Pradesh	463	85	548	67	64	313	
Assam	358	155	513	172	165	148	
Bihar	319	125	444	380	43	131	
Goa	83	163	246	139	243	372	
Gujarat	332	102	434	348	86	132	
Haryana	348	160	508	187	87	218	
Himachal Pradesh	427	123	550	40	174	236	
Jammu & Kashmir	563	120	683	53	88	176	
Karnataka	324	101	425	417	52	106	
Kerala	183	165	348	218	247	184	
Madhya Pradesh	418	84	502	367	46	86	
Maharashtra	257	88	345	417	74	164	
Manipur	598	97	695	92	16	195	
Meghalaya	682	57	739	105	47	104	
Mizoram	621	56	677	56	27	239	
Nagaland	569	48	617	10	20	353	
Orissa	254	118	372	433	46	148	
Punjab	289	167	456	246	101	196	
Rajasthan	510	147	657	79	156	109	
Sikkim	425	91	516	93	131	257	
Tamil Nadu	166	125	291	452	138	119	
Tripura	219	182	401	170	225	199	
Uttar Pradesh	472	145	617	190	58	134	
West Bengal	214	223	437	382	55	124	
A & N Islands	314	99	413	84	323	180	
Chandigarh	159	212	371	85	222	322	
D & N Haveli	330	71	401	108	305	187	
Daman & Diu	64	164	228	227	337	209	
Delhi	15	327	342	88	12	556	
Lakshadweep	250	34	284	69	136	511	
Pondicherry	59	114	173	442	223	162	
All India	327	134	461	322	80	137	

Table 4.2.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by household type for each state and u.t.s

Table 4.2.2: Per 1000 distribution of persons by household type for each state and u.t.s

					rural
		1	nousehold type		
state/u.t.	self-emplo	oyed in	agricultural	other	others
	agriculture	non-agri.	labour	labour	
	_		households	households	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	282	141	431	67	79
Ar. Pradesh	528	66	66	52	282
Assam	389	150	168	152	140
Bihar	354	134	346	42	122
Goa	95	207	145	272	282
Gujarat	360	109	332	93	106
Haryana	387	155	179	81	199
Himachal Pradesh	452	131	42	175	199
Jammu & Kashmir	568	124	53	78	176
Karnataka	370	105	399	51	74
Kerala	174	180	223	254	168
Madhya Pradesh	457	83	350	45	65
Maharashtra	291	93	413	71	131
Manipur	606	94	78	17	203
Meghalaya	702	59	85	39	109
Mizoram	648	53	47	27	225
Nagaland	586	44	14	17	338
Orissa	289	123	421	42	124
Punjab	332	171	236	96	164
Rajasthan	552	142	71	145	90
Sikkim	465	86	89	130	226
Tamil Nadu	189	127	446	134	102
Tripura	238	191	164	219	184
Uttar Pradesh	514	150	171	53	111
West Bengal	239	229	366	51	113
A & N Islands	401	103	86	267	143
Chandigarh	162	222	83	179	354
D & N Haveli	368	89	97	309	138
Daman & Diu	68	179	234	322	196
Delhi	20	372	80	18	504
Lakshadweep	259	26	113	45	557
Pondicherry	63	124	447	199	168
All India	371	139	301	76	114

Table 4.2.2: Per 1000 distribution of persons by household type for each state and u.t.s

				urban
		household	type	
state/u.t.	self-	regular	casual	others
	employed	wage/salaried	labour	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	333	400	202	64
Ar. Pradesh	187	536	112	165
Assam	426	406	68	100
Bihar	439	327	118	115
Goa	239	531	181	49
Gujarat	394	370	199	38
Haryana	433	360	129	76
H. P.	262	444	68	223
Jammu & Kashmir	414	425	101	61
Karnataka	362	399	175	61
Kerala	352	301	272	73
Madhya Pradesh	405	372	155	66
Maharashtra	323	515	122	40
Manipur	446	413	56	83
Meghalaya	210	589	131	66
Mizoram	372	447	115	63
Nagaland	126	714	24	136
Orissa	341	391	185	81
Punjab	467	382	98	52
Rajasthan	446	389	114	51
Sikkim	313	553	68	65
Tamil Nadu	338	423	176	58
Tripura	278	464	141	114
Uttar Pradesh	508	320	100	72
West Bengal	416	413	104	67
A & N Islands	216	613	144	26
Chandigarh	309	599	32	60
D & N Haveli	309	616	57	17
Daman & Diu	436	430	50	85
Delhi	402	508	41	47
Lakshadweep	397	436	107	43
Pondicherry	276	413	243	66
All India	393	402	141	63

Table 4.3.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by monthly per capita expenditure (mpce) class for each state and u.t.

Table 4.3.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by monthly per capita expenditure (mpce) class for each state and u.t.

Table 4.3.2: Per 1000 distribution of persons by monthly per capita expenditure (mpce) class for each state and u.t.

												rural
				mont				re class				
state / u.t.	0 -	225 -	255 -	300 -	340 -	380 -	420 -	470 -	525 -	615 –	775 -	950 &
(1)	225	255	300	340	380	420	470	525	615	775	950	above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	74	46	104	133	130	109	110	86	84	72	28	23
Ar. Pradesh	155	37	72	93	86	110	77	91	109	79	41	50
Assam	59	65	129	141	143	117	111	85	75	50	16	9
Bihar	123	99	171	151	129	89	87	58	51	30	8	5
Goa	0	4	33	53	87	75	69	47	166	217	142	107
Gujarat	36	35	70	93	93	100	118	101	141	118	51	44
Haryana	10	15	41	41	62	63	95	110	142	173	132	116
Himachal Pradesh	8	8	39	49	75	75	105	106	172	170	87	106
Jammu &	0	4	19	27	28	67	128	158	202	190	106	71
Karnataka	77	56	141	112	103	95	95	86	104	73	32	28
Kerala	14	21	32	52	66	68	88	96	145	169	95	154
Madhya Pradesh	148	99	153	140	116	86	75	55	59	40	15	13
Maharashtra	88	66	124	113	107	97	101	69	90	71	36	39
Manipur	16	10	50	43	95	121	145	155	193	119	42	9
Meghalaya	0	0	15	20	55	102	120	186	239	198	48	15
Mizoram	4	4	44	19	58	47	68	112	145	241	154	104
Nagaland	2	0	3	2	5	18	39	82	133	312	235	169
Orissa	174	126	159	142	98	86	65	47	47	34	14	7
Punjab	14	8	27	39	49	67	112	119	156	184	107	118
Rajasthan	18	20	51	74	105	114	133	126	141	129	51	39
Sikkim	8	31	78	93	109	135	138	113	105	123	38	29
Tamil Nadu	102	73	119	110	95	92	87	80	79	73	44	47
Tripura	20	20	43	72	96	102	159	125	147	126	57	33
Uttar Pradesh	62	57	127	120	121	107	102	84	86	77	29	27
West Bengal	69	68	132	136	128	117	106	73	78	60	19	15
A & N Islands	0	0	0	12	29	39	115	103	204	217	169	112
Chandigarh	0	0	12	2	37	29	46	41	138	212	128	357
D & N Haveli	55	50	40	57	63	98	94	228	126	89	55	45
Daman & Diu	21	12	11	51	20	30	59	62	109	164	206	254
Delhi	0	5	0	9	6	36	47	30	43	133	328	362
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	164	71	384	146	220
Pondicherry	104	58	57	98	79	110	122	74	60	99	73	66
All India	79	63	118	116	110	97	99	80	90	77	36	34

Table 4.3.2: Per 1000 distribution of persons by monthly per capita expenditure (mpce) class for each state and u.t.

urban monthly per capita expenditure class (Rs.) 300 -1120 -1500 - 1925 & 0 -350 -425 -500 -575 -775 -915 state / u.t. 665 -above (1) (2)(3)(4)(5) (6) (7)(8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana Himachal Jammu & Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 4.4.1: Per 1000 distribution of rural households by size class of land owned for each state and uts.

Table 4.5.1: Average area of land possessed (hectare) and per 1000 distribution of rural households by size class of land possessed for each state and u.t.

rural av. area of size class of land possessed (0.00 hec.) land possessed per 0.00 0.01-0.41 -1.01-2.01state/u.t. above fh. hhs. all hhs. 0.40 1.00 2.00 4.00 4.00 (2)(4)(5)(6)(7) (8) (9) (1)(3) Andhra Pradesh 0.36 0.67 Ar. Pradesh 1.56 1.64 Assam 0.40 0.65 Bihar 0.28 0.49 Goa 0.04 0.11 0.48 1.04 Gujarat 0.84 Haryana 1.11 Himachal Pradesh 0.53 0.61 Jammu & Kashmir 0.99 0.77 Karnataka 0.69 1.08 0.23 0.28 Kerala Madhya Pradesh 1.45 0.76 Maharashtra 0.49 1.03 Manipur 0.71 0.60 Meghalaya 0.94 1.03 Mizoram 0.73 0.94 2.31 2.21 Nagaland Orissa 0.26 0.57 Punjab 0.62 0.93 1.40 Rajasthan 2.38 Sikkim 0.57 0.67 Tamil Nadu 0.18 0.34 **Tripura** 0.21 0.33 Uttar Pradesh 0.32 0.71 West Bengal 0.32 0.16 A & N Islands 0.54 0.67 Chandigarh 0.24 0.49 D & N Haveli 0.24 0.51 Daman & Diu 0.09 0.17 Delhi 0.67 0.08 Lakshadweep 0.08 0.06 0.17 Pondicherry 0.16 0.42 0.81 All India

Table 4.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of rural households by size class of land cultivated for each state and u.t.

Table 4.7.1: Number of households with no literate member/female member of age 15 years and above per 1000 households for each state and u.t.

	n	ural	urban					
state/u.t.	hhs. with	hhs. with	hhs. with	hhs. with				
	no literate	no literate	no literate	no literate				
	member	female member	member	female member				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
Andhra Pradesh	448	713	172	389				
Ar. Pradesh	394	626	56	313				
Assam	206	427	77	267				
Bihar	492	774	225	523				
Goa	141	252	48	328				
Gujarat	235	522	85	279				
Haryana	176	530	126	399				
Н. Р.	111	337	164	396				
Jammu & Kashmir	247	550	81	407				
Karnataka	350	617	111	275				
Kerala	29	92	16	109				
Madhya Pradesh	375	712	135	368				
Maharashtra	221	482	71	272				
Manipur	119	304	40	177				
Meghalaya	176	282	36	216				
Mizoram	35	134	7	66				
Nagaland	90	310	19	298				
Orissa	368	638	168	425				
Punjab	246	472	115	372				
Rajasthan	360	800	122	468				
Sikkim	134	434	33	336				
Tamil Nadu	242	489	89	260				
Tripura	168	323	67	223				
Uttar Pradesh	346	715	183	463				
West Bengal	274	508	119	310				
A & N Islands	52	259	45	256				
Chandigarh	200	691	79	298				
D & N Haveli	349	657	71	279				
Daman & Diu	85	494	50	136				
Delhi	26	467	55	292				
Lakshadweep	83	291	29	211				
Pondicherry	130	339	71	183				
All India	321	609	119	341				

Table 4.8.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by number of usually employed (principal status) persons of age 15 years and above as members of the household for each state and u.t.

		1
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state/u.t.		numb	er of usu	ıally emp	ployed pe	ersons of	f age 15 y	ears and	above	
	nor	ne	only	y 1	only	1	only 1	male	othe	ers
			ma	ıle	fema	ale	& 1 fe	male		
	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	65	204	160	33	67	414	399	114	308	235
Ar. Pradesh	255	149	248	16	41	421	213	75	242	339
Assam	24	151	441	133	22	256	154	155	359	304
Bihar	56	389	377	64	42	371	211	85	313	92
Goa	111	454	432	89	39	207	160	69	258	181
Gujarat	43	238	164	39	31	293	323	105	438	325
Haryana	50	251	377	217	28	258	207	68	338	206
Himachal Pradesh	37	94	151	35	90	381	319	133	403	357
Jammu & Kashmir	16	189	280	64	40	594	247	24	417	129
Karnataka	37	137	167	42	57	356	308	168	431	297
Kerala	45	113	332	148	89	320	235	171	300	249
Madhya Pradesh	25	179	168	41	33	466	374	119	400	195
Maharashtra	49	197	163	31	53	420	380	141	354	211
Manipur	23	103	329	102	19	121	305	307	324	367
Meghalaya	5	22	123	16	36	163	457	269	380	530
Mizoram	18	0	229	40	37	201	353	285	363	473
Nagaland	45	229	186	54	35	422	428	43	306	253
Orissa	67	335	281	44	44	414	301	61	306	146
Punjab	60	373	316	82	27	214	206	101	392	230
Rajasthan	42	276	183	1	47	507	333	50	394	165
Sikkim	81	106	338	187	38	378	250	140	294	190
Tamil Nadu	41	161	229	54	73	407	346	149	311	228
Tripura	32	168	669	125	42	414	55	69	201	223
Uttar Pradesh	45	258	331	46	51	466	200	72	373	158
West Bengal	34	272	471	56	35	409	155	82	304	180
A & N Islands	52	392	426	7	32	297	180	181	310	123
Chandigarh	9	275	602	281	0	10	51	160	337	275
D & N Haveli	53	0	182	0	20	594	401	224	343	182
Daman & Diu	36	238	295	121	23	393	226	0	419	248
Delhi	34	414	709	0	0	0	21	0	236	586
Lakshadweep	48	118	489	91	143	354	81	155	239	282
Pondicherry	32	190	423	98	55	241	215	142	275	328
All India	46	228	277	57	49	396	278	112	351	207

fh.: female headed households



Table 4.8.1: Per 1000 distribution of households by number of usually employed (principal status) persons of age 15 years and above as members of the household for each state and u.t.

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state/u.t.	number of usually employed persons of age 15 years and above											
•	noi	ne	only	y 1	only	1	only 1	male	othe	ers		
			ma	le	fema	ale	& 1 fe	male				
	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.	all	fh.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
Andhra Pradesh	96	275	502	116	36	275	164	95	202	238		
Ar. Pradesh	114	125	699	166	40	552	83	82	63	75		
Assam	87	310	548	112	37	316	100	83	227	180		
Bihar	121	291	542	82	36	400	81	91	221	135		
Goa	62	163	601	318	51	260	82	33	203	226		
Gujarat	85	410	469	98	22	244	117	72	307	176		
Haryana	59	318	568	179	19	250	113	49	241	204		
H. P.	295	754	452	26	37	141	90	41	127	37		
Jammu & Kashmir	61	374	615	200	15	202	72	63	238	161		
Karnataka	67	172	464	89	49	342	159	104	261	292		
Kerala	102	223	358	162	67	243	190	122	283	251		
Madhya Pradesh	58	221	488	94	36	351	135	148	282	187		
Maharashtra	57	218	518	82	35	317	125	112	265	271		
Manipur	42	250	386	94	33	294	274	168	266	194		
Meghalaya	166	205	443	31	101	353	151	216	139	196		
Mizoram	28	37	416	78	84	416	269	235	203	234		
Nagaland	167	352	485	32	68	505	159	32	122	80		
Orissa	106	307	524	53	42	405	130	105	197	129		
Punjab	36	199	599	151	26	307	94	70	245	273		
Rajasthan	71	324	493	93	21	223	154	150	260	210		
Sikkim	70	560	557	0	37	233	162	35	174	172		
Tamil Nadu	88	264	439	129	54	299	180	90	240	218		
Tripura	61	191	680	212	31	365	79	113	149	120		
Uttar Pradesh	66	296	547	101	24	278	98	74	265	250		
West Bengal	82	282	554	147	37	256	91	90	236	225		
A & N Islands	26	170	518	176	71	424	125	4	259	226		
Chandigarh	66	320	505	81	38	374	162	110	230	116		
D & N Haveli	21	0	650	321	22	500	97	179	209	0		
Daman & Diu	94	364	381	217	39	129	105	34	381	257		
Delhi	39	198	601	71	31	542	84	110	244	78		
Lakshadweep	32	76	405	208	111	255	114	139	338	322		
Pondicherry	86	273	506	131	71	300	139	69	198	228		
All India	76	263	509	112	36	301	129	99	250	225		

fh.: female headed households



Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

													rural f	emale
state/u.t.						ag	e group	(in yea	ırs)					
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	total
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	above (15)	(16)
Andhra Pradesh	95	125	106	81	92	94	77	70	57	49	46	27	80	1000
Ar. Pradesh	111	155	114	106	79	115	58	65	50	56	28	20	42	1000
Assam	108	135	122	94	96	94	79	73	48	43	30	25	53	1000
Bihar	145	148	115	75	83	81	76	63	53	42	35	30	53	1000
Goa	66	94	67	121	97	119	64	83	35	60	83	32	78	1000
Gujarat	116	115	103	92	93	86	77	69	54	46	36	34	80	1000
Haryana	108	123	140	109	79	76	78	72	45	33	29	22	85	1000
Н. Р.	100	96	118	100	110	82	66	71	49	51	46	29	80	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	94	107	118	102	97	82	81	76	53	47	44	24	75	1000
Karnataka	100	125	119	86	85	89	80	70	53	44	42	29	72	1000
Kerala	81	73	90	99	92	91	71	77	61	63	44	36	117	1000
Madhya Pradesh	134	138	125	81	87	77	80	62	47	44	31	29	65	1000
Maharashtra	105	112	119	82	82	86	80	72	51	45	41	31	93	1000
Manipur	100	100	97	101	112	91	96	70	63	50	36	32	53	1000
Meghalaya	138	130	136	104	85	88	79	76	53	35	23	23	29	1000
Mizoram	121	110	120	115	82	112	61	66	57	66	31	19	41	1000
Nagaland	113	97	133	110	94	84	75	61	47	61	34	22	68	1000
Orissa	106	124	110	88	87	91	75	65	52	47	39	34	81	1000
Punjab	93	116	124	100	92	81	73	70	55	40	35	25	95	1000
Rajasthan	137	146	123	80	85	74	73	62	46	43	33	28	69	1000
Sikkim	90	126	142	123	92	86	89	72	46	35	30	18	50	1000
Tamil Nadu	80	84	93	106	91	93	70	81	69	66	44	42	81	1000
Tripura	67	131	130	95	73	101	116	87	49	39	24	21	67	1000
Uttar Pradesh	144	147	122	90	79	74	65	57	45	40	34	31	70	1000
West Bengal	118	137	124	96	92	87	76	70	50	41	26	25	57	1000
A & N Islands	89	108	115	126	103	124	49	92	59	29	27	33	46	1000
Chandigarh	115	99	101	101	77	156	84	151	33	28	19	0	30	1000
D & N Haveli	126	143	114	82	90	109	106	54	41	49	23	14	48	1000
Daman & Diu	77	119	129	93	74	131	77	79	63	33	27	35	64	1000
Delhi	67	106	181	106	95	82	120	53	75	61	5	9	41	1000
Lakshadweep	151	138	101	108	97	90	57	58	37	49	27	34	52	1000
Pondicherry	81	90	105	125	93	128	70	76	36	33	40	40	80	1000
All India	119	129	117	88	86	84	75	67	51	45	36	30	72	1000

Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

													rural p	erson
state/u.t.						age	group	(in ye	ars)					
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	total
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Andhra Pradesh	96	128	109	88	85	87	76	71	58	51	47	29	75	1000
Ar. Pradesh	112	148	116	96	80	108	69	66	53	52	39	22	39	1000
Assam	104	134	125	100	89	91	74	75	53	44	33	26	52	1000
Bihar	138	155	127	82	75	76	69	62	52	43	36	29	56	1000
Goa	54	106	91	115	89	115	77	79	49	57	67	27	73	1000
Gujarat	113	117	113	93	90	83	77	70	56	46	36	31	74	1000
Haryana	115	124	143	108	81	77	64	70	52	35	29	20	81	1000
H. P.	110	103	119	106	98	81	65	63	47	50	41	31	87	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	109	106	114	116	86	76	82	70	55	50	40	33	63	1000
Karnataka	99	124	119	94	86	83	77	72	55	48	41	27	69	1000
Kerala	85	75	99	101	95	87	70	70	58	64	44	37	110	1000
Madhya Pradesh	126	141	129	91	82	77	72	65	50	44	33	26	65	1000
Maharashtra	111	114	127	91	77	81	73	71	54	44	39	31	86	1000
Manipur	113	105	100	102	103	86	80	75	58	48	39	30	62	1000
Meghalaya	129	131	138	101	81	85	75	87	59	38	24	19	32	1000
Mizoram	117	119	126	110	85	95	73	60	62	55	37	22	38	1000
Nagaland	90	108	130	118	91	87	72	64	42	50	40	25	82	1000
Orissa	107	125	114	91	79	84	75	69	54	47	40	33	81	1000
Punjab	100	123	122	103	86	77	69	67	56	43	38	23	94	1000
Rajasthan	134	150	134	92	78	70	67	59	46	40	36	26	67	1000
Sikkim	92	121	141	121	92	84	77	73	53	44	33	16	54	1000
Tamil Nadu	88	94	96	104	85	87	72	74	66	63	47	39	84	1000
Tripura	66	144	140	104	76	82	85	88	62	46	27	22	58	1000
Uttar Pradesh	142	155	128	94	76	69	60	57	43	40	33	30	73	1000
West Bengal	112	137	130	99	85	85	73	69	55	46	28	27	55	1000
A & N Islands	105	109	119	114	84	118	55	82	59	42	36	26	51	1000
Chandigarh	61	71	65	121	169	78	114	125	35	17	14	3	127	1000
D & N Haveli	137	130	115	74	74	124	114	68	32	55	28	16	33	1000
Daman & Diu	77	94	116	104	118	130	98	71	56	41	19	27	51	1000
Delhi	102	109	139	116	109	93	73	79	50	75	14	9	33	1000
Lakshadweep	133	136	116	97	87	74	75	70	53	53	26	30	50	1000
Pondicherry	89	100	102	111	91	123	79	70	46	36	31	38	80	1000
All India	118	133	123	94	81	79	70	66	52	46	37	29	71	1000

Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

													urban fe	emale
state/u.t.						age	e group	(in yea	ırs)					
_	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	total
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Andhra Pradesh	86	111	120	99	99	99	86	76	55	42	37	29	60	1000
Ar. Pradesh	113	148	117	95	55	78	160	130	46	37	6	8	7	1000
Assam	73	103	108	99	97	123	97	76	48	51	38	32	54	1000
Bihar	114	139	123	98	85	76	71	73	56	51	35	22	57	1000
Goa	72	96	71	100	120	91	71	108	31	66	48	33	90	1000
Gujarat	85	83	105	122	96	76	86	80	68	55	35	31	77	1000
Haryana	118	125	106	105	97	89	93	76	58	34	22	13	64	1000
H. P.	62	98	143	127	90	92	74	72	63	50	29	24	75	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	112	102	96	89	84	95	93	95	62	39	40	22	71	1000
Karnataka	84	90	96	101	113	105	77	78	57	56	35	30	72	1000
Kerala	70	70	94	94	103	85	85	79	63	66	41	34	112	1000
Madhya Pradesh	105	121	117	98	92	86	88	67	53	45	31	32	65	1000
Maharashtra	88	110	109	102	94	99	81	78	57	49	34	28	71	1000
Manipur	75	100	115	112	89	109	81	67	55	46	51	28	73	1000
Meghalaya	69	120	128	129	111	92	84	83	62	39	26	27	24	1000
Mizoram	76	118	136	108	95	81	93	75	64	45	29	21	54	1000
Nagaland	126	131	117	164	120	99	67	42	40	43	21	15	13	1000
Orissa	83	108	127	120	85	93	78	81	67	47	33	23	56	1000
Punjab	85	100	109	107	116	77	82	78	58	54	31	26	76	1000
Rajasthan	107	125	126	100	93	72	78	80	55	43	29	23	70	1000
Sikkim	61	157	122	85	112	99	92	87	58	29	38	12	49	1000
Tamil Nadu	80	80	104	95	94	100	84	88	55	49	46	38	88	1000
Tripura	75	110	116	83	88	86	92	112	46	64	38	17	72	1000
Uttar Pradesh	112	143	130	106	84	80	67	67	55	46	28	24	55	1000
West Bengal	79	91	106	92	88	93	90	88	60	51	43	31	87	1000
A & N Islands	96	96	112	163	99	120	46	77	49	63	31	13	33	1000
Chandigarh	81	99	103	103	120	96	77	61	71	57	36	39	58	1000
D & N Haveli	112	101	107	72	95	189	112	76	61	16	16	13	31	1000
Daman & Diu	63	90	93	139	88	92	85	78	50	91	33	36	62	1000
Delhi	80	110	121	108	91	97	85	93	60	43	28	21	64	1000
Lakshadweep	95	122	118	103	95	94	82	70	47	47	45	28	51	1000
Pondicherry	65	97	114	124	72	101	80	89	56	50	30	32	89	1000
All India	92	109	114	102	94	90	81	78	57	49	35	28	70	1000

Table 4.9.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by age-group for each state and u.t.

												ı	ırban p	erson
state/u.t.						age	group	(in ye	ars)					
_	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	total
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Andhra Pradesh	87	117	121	107	92	94	81	76	60	46	35	28	55	1000
Ar. Pradesh	93	164	143	100	50	64	102	133	72	47	19	5	9	1000
Assam	73	105	109	87	93	120	93	79	60	51	38	37	54	1000
Bihar	109	141	134	103	83	68	74	67	56	51	39	23	52	1000
Goa	75	78	78	114	117	104	73	85	53	56	48	39	77	1000
Gujarat	88	96	110	117	94	78	77	78	69	58	39	28	67	1000
Haryana	116	115	104	119	95	96	85	68	60	42	25	15	58	1000
H. P.	67	98	127	118	92	89	72	76	60	59	44	29	69	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	115	110	99	93	84	86	84	93	66	47	34	23	66	1000
Karnataka	84	91	103	102	107	100	78	74	64	55	41	28	67	1000
Kerala	78	72	91	97	98	84	83	76	64	64	46	36	106	1000
Madhya Pradesh	108	121	120	103	93	82	81	70	56	45	34	27	59	1000
Maharashtra	88	104	109	104	103	95	84	74	62	50	36	29	62	1000
Manipur	80	111	116	100	87	95	85	69	54	52	43	30	80	1000
Meghalaya	77	124	141	132	109	73	75	74	64	47	28	21	28	1000
Mizoram	85	107	138	113	90	85	80	79	66	48	37	21	49	1000
Nagaland	107	125	122	143	116	89	83	57	49	39	30	15	22	1000
Orissa	85	116	123	110	94	77	78	78	64	55	41	24	54	1000
Punjab	93	98	112	104	111	95	73	74	60	53	35	22	69	1000
Rajasthan	106	121	127	111	94	72	74	77	59	45	30	22	61	1000
Sikkim	62	134	120	104	113	102	81	70	72	34	34	23	51	1000
Tamil Nadu	84	85	103	99	91	96	80	87	61	53	43	36	83	1000
Tripura	68	111	113	103	72	83	84	100	69	65	42	22	66	1000
Uttar Pradesh	110	136	132	116	90	79	64	65	55	45	32	24	50	1000
West Bengal	72	87	102	96	87	89	83	91	71	57	46	35	85	1000
A & N Islands	86	96	98	132	114	99	76	78	57	59	39	30	31	1000
Chandigarh	78	110	97	98	118	96	78	71	62	54	38	35	66	1000
D & N Haveli	105	82	84	105	91	156	146	75	74	28	10	18	25	1000
Daman & Diu	89	111	81	128	96	99	83	74	51	65	46	31	46	1000
Delhi	84	101	119	116	99	94	77	86	67	46	30	22	59	1000
Lakshadweep	113	126	133	96	80	71	78	65	53	44	46	32	59	1000
Pondicherry	70	99	101	104	86	105	85	84	66	52	37	30	82	1000
All India	93	109	115	107	95	88	78	76	61	50	37	28	64	1000

Table 4.10.1.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t. rural male

	rural male				
states/u.ts.	general educational level				
	not literate	literate& upto	middle	secondary &	
		primary		above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Andhra Pradesh	491	310	96	103	
Ar. Pradesh	474	291	110	115	
Assam	316	396	172	116	
Bihar	544	262	90	103	
Goa	185	322	190	303	
Gujarat	346	364	161	129	
Haryana	337	371	106	185	
Himachal Pradesh	269	389	133	208	
Jammu & Kashmir	363	349	142	144	
Karnataka	428	298	137	133	
Kerala	152	364	276	205	
Madhya Pradesh	448	390	86	74	
Maharashtra	322	357	173	145	
Manipur	312	273	195	217	
Meghalaya	323	570	76	31	
Mizoram	164	446	261	124	
Nagaland	191	389	229	190	
Orissa	433	351	131	84	
Punjab	376	345	105	174	
Rajasthan	448	372	102	80	
Sikkim	268	511	98	114	
Tamil Nadu	321	391	142	144	
Tripura	211	514	164	108	
Uttar Pradesh	448	314	119	116	
West Bengal	372	402	134	92	
A & N Islands	244	453	165	137	
Chandigarh	367	317	133	183	
D & N Haveli	422	320	94	164	
Daman & Diu	209	330	181	279	
Delhi	179	364	175	279	
Lakshadweep	161	484	203	152	
Pondicherry	267	387	159	187	
All India	412	342	126	117	

Table 4.10.1.1: Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t.

	rural female				
states/u.ts.	general educational level				
	not literate	literate& upto	middle	secondary &	
		primary		above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Andhra Pradesh	665	241	54	40	
Ar. Pradesh	578	288	77	47	
Assam	463	341	132	62	
Bihar	763	170	40	27	
Goa	342	244	197	215	
Gujarat	570	284	88	58	
Haryana	554	308	72	64	
Himachal Pradesh	414	369	91	126	
Jammu & Kashmir	593	235	96	74	
Karnataka	607	245	91	54	
Kerala	213	354	245	188	
Madhya Pradesh	683	262	33	21	
Maharashtra	514	301	122	62	
Manipur	434	288	151	127	
Meghalaya	369	530	73	29	
Mizoram	201	474	240	85	
Nagaland	336	402	141	118	
Orissa	629	253	79	38	
Punjab	472	338	72	116	
Rajasthan	760	195	28	17	
Sikkim	405	432	90	71	
Tamil Nadu	497	314	108	80	
Tripura	342	472	121	63	
Uttar Pradesh	693	219	46	40	
West Bengal	547	329	90	33	
A & N Islands	322	405	168	105	
Chandigarh	452	386	53	108	
D & N Haveli	622	265	75	33	
Daman & Diu	351	375	131	143	
Delhi	306	421	139	130	
Lakshadweep	328	446	134	92	
Pondicherry	354	395	133	117	
All India	615	260	75	50	



Table 4.10.1.1 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t.

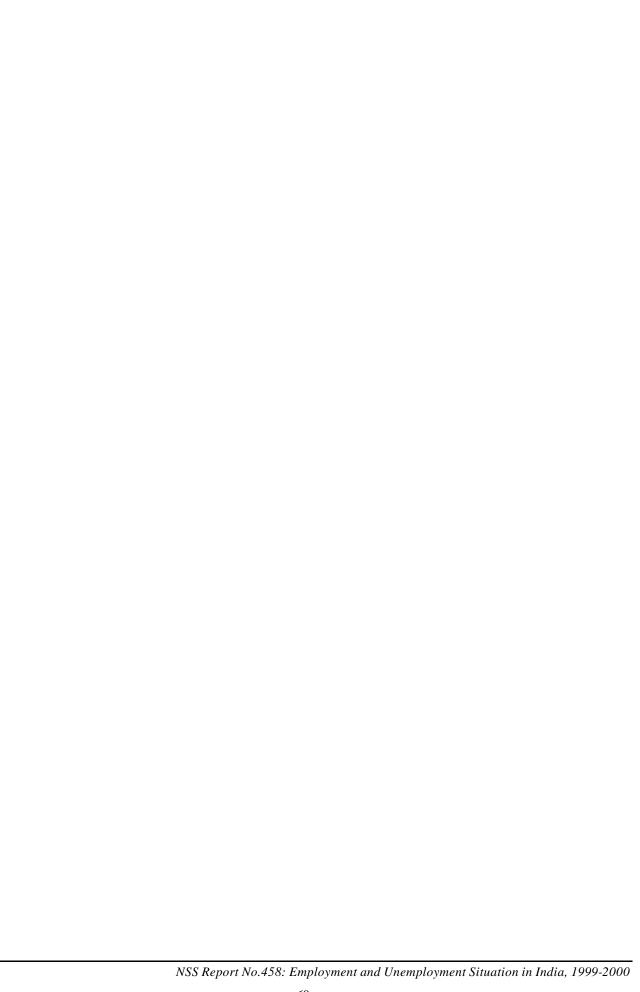


Table 4.10.1.1 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t.

Table 4.10.1.1 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t.



Table 4.10.1.1 : Per 1000 distribution of persons by general educational level for each state and u.t.

Chapter 5

Labour Force

5.0 General

- 5.0.1 Labour force, or in others words, the 'economically active' population, refers to the population which supplies or seeks to supply labour for production and, therefore, includes both 'employed' and 'unemployed'. For measuring the labour force participation, all the three measures adopted for classification of the population, viz. usual status, current weekly status and current daily status, are used here.
- 5.0.2 The current daily status will give only the labour force person-days. However, the labour force measured in terms of usual status will include (a) persons who had, for a relatively longer part of the year, either worked or were looking for work *and* (b) also those persons from among the remaining population who had worked at least for some time with some regularity. Thus, on the basis of usual status, two sets of estimates can be obtained one set based on the principal status only and the other set considering both the principal as well as the subsidiary statuses.

5.1 Labour force participation rates (LFPR)

5.1.1 The labour force participation rate (LFPR) is defined as the number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons. In Table 5.1, the LFPRs, as estimated from the present survey, based on the different concepts are presented for all-India. The corresponding rates obtained from the 50th round (1993-94) survey are also given in this table for the sake of comparison.

Table 5.1: Number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons (LFPR) according to usual, current weekly and current daily statuses

status			num	iber of pe	ersons / pei	rson-day	s in labo	ur force		
			rural			urban				
		male		female	sex-		male		female	sex-
	1993	1999-	1993-	1999-	ratio of	1993-	1999-	1993-	1999-	ratio of
	-94	2000	94	2000	labour	94	2000	94	2000	labour
					force					force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
usual - ps	549	533	237	235	422	538	539	132	126	214
usual - all	561	540	330	302	536	543	542	165	147	249
cws	547	531	276	263	474	538	539	152	138	234
cds	534	515	232	220	410	532	528	132	123	213

5.1.2 *Usual status approach*: During the period of six years ending June 2000, for males, the usual status LFPRs decreased by about 2 percentage points in rural areas but remained stable in urban areas. During this period, for females, usual status LFPRs taking principal status (ps) workers only remained stable in both rural and urban areas. However, when 'all workers' viz. 'workers' considering *both* principal and subsidiary statuses are considered, usual status LFPRs for females show a decrease during the period – by about 3 percentage points in rural areas and 2 percentage points in urban areas. In 1999-2000, considering 'all' workers, about 54 per cent of the rural males and 30 per cent of the

rural females were 'usually' available for employment. The corresponding proportions for urban areas were 54 and 15 per cent, respectively.

- 5.1.3 *Current status approach*: Compared to LFPRs of the current statuses, the usual status ('all') LFPRs were higher in both the sectors and more so for rural females. This could be due to some among the usually employed withdrawing from labour force when there is no work during some part of the year rather than reporting themselves as unemployed in the current status. The difference is more for females in the rural areas where the seasonality in work is believed to be substantial.
- 5.1.4 Sex-ratio of labour force: Table 5.1.1 also presents the sex ratio (i.e. number of females per 1000 males) of the labour force. The table reveals that whatever be the approach followed, females were far outnumbered by males in the labour force to a greater extent in urban areas than in rural areas. However, when the usual status 'all workers' approach is followed, females were relatively more frequent in the labour force. This was more so in rural areas than in urban areas. This reflects that the feature of females being engaged in subsidiary economic activities was more frequently observed in rural areas than in urban areas.
- 5.1.5 *State level estimates*: The LFPRs based on the various alternative concepts for different states and union territories as estimated from the present survey are presented in Tables 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.

5.2 Age specific labour force participation rates (ASLFPR)

5.2.1 In Table 5.2, the LFPRs for different age-groups as estimated from the 55th and the 50th round surveys are provided. The rates given here are based on usual status 'all' approach, i.e. taking into account both the principal and subsidiary statuses.

Table 5.2 : Age	specific usual status la	bour force participatio	on rates in NSS 50 th	and 55 th rounds	
all-India					
age group	rural male	rural female	urban male	urban female	

age group	rural m	ale	rural fe	male	urban m	nale	urban fer	nale
_	50 th	55 th						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
5-9	11	7	14	7	4	3	4	2
10-14	139	93	142	96	71	52	47	37
15-19	598	532	371	314	404	366	142	121
20-24	902	889	470	425	772	755	230	191
25-29	980	975	528	498	958	951	248	214
30-34	988	987	587	557	983	980	283	245
35-39	992	986	610	579	990	986	304	289
40-44	989	984	607	586	984	980	320	285
45-49	984	980	594	566	976	974	317	269
50-54	970	953	543	515	945	939	287	264
55-59	941	930	468	450	856	811	225	208
60 & above	699	640	241	218	443	402	114	94
all	561	540	331	302	542	542	164	147

5.2.2 Change in LFPR between 1993-94 and 1999-2000: It is seen from the table that, compared to the rates in 1993-94, among rural males, the LFPR has declined in the younger age groups as well as for those

aged 50 years and above during 1999-2000. It has remained more or less same for the age groups 25 to 49 years. However, over this period, among rural females, LFPR declined for almost all age groups. In urban areas, the pattern closely resembled that seen for the rural areas. For example, the LFPR for males remained broadly the same for the age groups 25-49 in both rural and urban areas.

Table 5.1.1: Number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons (LFPR) according to usual, current weekly and current daily statuses for each state and ut.

						C	1					rural
<u>-</u>	1	ma		1 11	1	fema		1 '1			sons	1 11
state / u.t.	usual		weekly	daily	usual s		weekly	daily	usual s		weekly	daily
(1)	ps (2)	ps+ss	status	status	ps	ps+ss	status	status	ps (10)	ps+ss	status	status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	607	611	601	582	446	480	430	387	526	546	515	484
Ar. Pradesh	404	425	422	380	278	310	296	242	344	371	362	314
Assam	531	546	538	512	99	161	140	105	326	364	349	319
Bihar	498	503	499	485	133	174	155	125	322	344	333	311
Goa	571	578	555	540	182	215	185	172	375	395	369	355
Gujarat	581	587	583	559	312	413	361	293	448	501	473	428
Haryana	476	481	478	473	33	202	178	111	267	349	337	302
Himachal Pradesh	520	546	524	516	286	474	427	316	400	509	475	414
Jammu & Kashmir	547	554	546	539	49	330	229	109	309	447	394	333
Karnataka	599	601	593	567	355	381	347	304	477	491	470	436
Kerala	569	587	561	533	197	273	222	188	374	422	383	351
Madhya Pradesh	535	540	526	514	331	383	314	282	437	464	424	402
Maharashtra	536	542	534	513	397	437	389	346	468	490	463	432
Manipur	499	506	496	465	157	257	219	185	336	387	364	332
Meghalaya	559	559	558	513	415	419	421	373	486	488	489	442
Mizoram	536	563	558	515	370	441	425	360	454	503	493	439
Nagaland	523	532	533	524	255	451	445	327	398	494	492	432
Orissa	557	564	548	530	207	302	242	197	380	432	394	362
Punjab	539	543	540	532	43	282	274	158	300	417	412	352
Rajasthan	500	503	499	496	272	389	332	288	390	448	418	395
Sikkim	517	519	515	498	238	245	233	190	387	391	383	355
Tamil Nadu	607	610	597	575	406	434	394	347	508	523	496	462
Tripura	506	507	507	499	73	76	77	71	305	307	307	300
Uttar Pradesh	475	486	475	462	123	201	165	129	304	348	325	300
West Bengal	543	549	544	526	121	165	151	115	335	359	350	323
A & N Islands	559	560	562	555	173	193	177	160	373	384	377	365
Chandigarh	790	790	805	789	81	128	132	104	628	639	652	633
D & N Haveli	592	592	585	565	347	354	268	236	472	475	430	404
Daman & Diu	663	665	652	640	259	300	229	199	490	509	471	451
Delhi	541	541	540	534	29	36	40	31	321	324	325	318
Lakshadweep	551	551	551	549	166	199	165	160	337	356	337	333
Pondicherry	586	587	580	567	290	294	271	239	440	443	428	405
All India	533	540	531	515	235	302	263	220	387	423	400	370

Table 5.1.1: Number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons (LFPR) according to usual , current weekly and current daily statuses for each state and ut.

urhar

						C	,					urban
- · · · · · -		ma		 .		fema				I	sons	
state / u.t.	usual		weekly	daily	usual s		weekly	daily	usual s		weekly	daily
(1)	ps	ps+ss	status	status	ps	ps+ss	status	status	ps	ps+ss	status	status
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	530	532	527	517	166	184	171	158	352	362	353	341
Ar. Pradesh	406	406	356	349	110	110	81	80	275	275	234	229
Assam	558	565	567	533	124	138	138	128	357	368	368	345
Bihar	463	466	463	458	71	82	78	70	281	287	284	278
Goa	585	585	576	566	151	159	165	160	375	379	378	370
Gujarat	544	547	544	525	117	138	130	112	340	352	346	328
Haryana	519	520	521	510	61	101	104	78	304	323	326	307
Himachal Pradesh	531	533	532	532	109	142	130	114	328	344	338	330
Jammu & Kashmir	496	500	493	490	48	68	57	50	284	296	287	282
Karnataka	560	562	558	546	175	186	180	165	372	378	373	360
Kerala	574	591	569	539	212	254	220	195	385	415	387	360
Madhya Pradesh	505	509	503	491	124	136	126	116	324	331	323	312
Maharashtra	562	563	562	551	132	146	140	129	359	367	363	352
Manipur	470	478	470	449	158	225	211	174	317	353	343	314
Meghalaya	407	407	407	400	210	211	212	207	310	310	311	305
Mizoram	481	487	499	460	252	265	276	234	364	374	385	345
Nagaland	432	433	433	431	176	217	217	189	315	335	335	321
Orissa	508	511	497	491	120	153	125	111	323	339	319	309
Punjab	559	565	559	555	75	128	111	90	336	363	352	341
Rajasthan	496	499	497	494	97	141	111	97	310	332	316	308
Sikkim	553	557	556	549	225	225	225	211	405	407	406	396
Tamil Nadu	582	585	581	569	209	227	214	195	400	410	402	386
Tripura	519	522	517	511	79	81	83	81	310	313	311	307
Uttar Pradesh	507	512	507	498	69	97	88	73	301	317	310	298
West Bengal	608	612	610	602	115	129	127	112	370	378	377	365
A & N Islands	652	653	655	653	223	249	235	212	441	454	448	436
Chandigarh	559	566	566	565	134	153	164	151	357	369	375	368
D & N Haveli	664	664	663	648	112	112	99	95	409	409	402	392
Daman & Diu	554	557	556	537	198	203	197	178	384	387	384	365
Delhi	544	546	567	555	87	109	118	100	332	343	358	344
Lakshadweep	453	460	450	442	144	221	157	149	302	343	306	298
Pondicherry	573	574	574	563	171	181	173	159	362	368	363	351
All India	539	542	539	528	126	147	138	123	342	354	347	335

Table 5.1.2: Number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons (LFPR) according to usual status for persons of age 15 years and above for each state and u.t.

rural

state/u.t.	male		fema	ıle	pers	son
	ps	ps+ss	ps	ps+ss	ps	ps+ss
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	880	883	618	664	747	773
Ar. Pradesh	633	667	436	488	540	582
Assam	820	841	153	249	505	561
Bihar	863	869	219	287	546	582
Goa	782	793	236	279	499	526
Gujarat	876	884	455	600	665	742
Haryana	774	780	52	319	427	558
Himachal Pradesh	796	825	414	675	596	746
Jammu & Kashmir	822	832	70	478	456	660
Karnataka	883	885	517	555	701	721
Kerala	790	814	262	363	506	571
Madhya Pradesh	862	869	533	614	704	746
Maharashtra	832	839	582	641	707	740
Manipur	745	756	222	365	489	564
Meghalaya	896	897	690	697	793	796
Mizoram	849	880	562	644	705	762
Nagaland	758	769	384	679	588	728
Orissa	848	858	302	440	569	645
Punjab	822	827	61	415	449	625
Rajasthan	845	849	411	597	630	724
Sikkim	793	797	367	378	595	603
Tamil Nadu	854	857	538	574	693	713
Tripura	795	797	106	111	464	467
Uttar Pradesh	828	843	203	332	519	590
West Bengal	855	863	178	244	521	558
A & N Islands	853	855	244	274	551	567
Chandigarh	941	941	120	186	783	796
D & N Haveli	935	935	559	570	751	756
Daman & Diu	891	894	380	438	684	709
Delhi	823	823	45	56	491	495
Lakshadweep	876	876	272	327	543	574
Pondicherry	847	848	403	409	623	627
All India	846	855	355	457	602	657

Table 5.1.2: Number of persons in the labour force per 1000 persons (LFPR) according to usual status for persons of age 15 years and above for each state and u.t.

urt	an
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state/u.t.	ma	le	fema	ıle	perso	on urban
	ps	ps+ss	ps	ps+ss	ps	ps+ss
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	777	779	233	259	508	522
Ar. Pradesh	696	696	174	174	456	456
Assam	778	788	157	176	489	503
Bihar	753	757	108	125	448	459
Goa	754	754	199	210	489	494
Gujarat	789	792	158	183	478	493
Haryana	758	759	94	155	454	482
Himachal Pradesh	735	738	156	203	460	484
Jammu & Kashmir	746	751	69	98	418	435
Karnataka	781	783	236	252	511	520
Kerala	771	794	277	332	510	550
Madhya Pradesh	776	782	186	204	492	504
Maharashtra	793	796	188	208	510	521
Manipur	693	704	223	317	456	509
Meghalaya	650	650	303	304	472	472
Mizoram	718	728	379	399	546	561
Nagaland	650	653	271	337	482	513
Orissa	758	760	175	221	476	499
Punjab	805	811	105	174	478	513
Rajasthan	755	759	142	208	470	503
Sikkim	776	781	288	288	563	566
Tamil Nadu	798	801	279	303	541	555
Tripura	724	729	111	115	436	441
Uttar Pradesh	791	798	108	151	474	498
West Bengal	801	805	148	165	492	502
A & N Islands	885	886	322	359	616	634
Chandigarh	783	792	186	213	498	515
D & N Haveli	857	857	165	165	559	559
Daman & Diu	807	812	249	255	527	532
Delhi	768	770	125	148	473	485
Lakshadweep	774	786	218	333	484	550
Pondicherry	778	779	231	246	493	501
All India	782	787	179	209	493	510

Chapter 6

Employed (work force)

6.0 General

- 6.0.1 In this sub-section, the estimate of the work force (or employed) and their structure are discussed. In order to study the trend, earlier survey estimates are provided. As stated earlier in Chapter 2, the survey has generated three different estimates of the employed based on the three approaches used in classification of the activity statuses of the person surveyed. These are:
 - i) number of persons usually employed in the principal status and all workers taking into account the employed according to both the principal and subsidiary statuses,
 - ii) number of persons employed on an average in a week and
 - iii) number of persons-days employed per day on an average during the reference period of 7 days preceding the date of survey.
- 6.0.2 The number of persons/person-days employed per thousand persons/person-days is referred to as work-force participation rates (WFPR) or worker-population ratio (WPR). This ratio is used in the following discussions on the employed.

6.1 Usually employed

- 6.1.1 Of the three estimates mentioned above, the first one gives the magnitude of the 'usually employed' or the 'usual status work-force'. In table 6.1, estimates have been presented for two categories viz. (a) 'usually employed' or 'working' in the principal status (ps workers) and (b) 'usually employed' or 'working ' only in a subsidiary status (ss workers). The two categories together constitute the total usually employed (or 'all' workers). The first category pertains to those with more or less stable employment.
- 6.1.2 Usually employed over the rounds: Table 6.1 presents the WFPRs obtained from the present as well as those from the previous quinquennial surveys. It may be noted that due to certain procedural differences for the 27th round WFPR values pertaining to usual status are comparable only with respect to 'all workers', and hence, are presented for that category only. The table shows that, relative to 1993-94, in rural areas, WFPRs for males in 1999-2000 was lower by about 2 percentage points while that for females was lower by about 3 percentage points. In urban areas for males, the rates were at the same level, while for females, the rate was lower by more than 1 percentage point in 1999-2000.
- 6.1.3 WPR for states and uts during 1999-2000: To study the regional disparities in the usual status WFPRs, the estimates based on the 55th round results on usual status worker- population ratio in terms of 'principal status' and also 'principal as well as the subsidiary status taken together' are presented in Table 6.1.1 separately for males, females and persons by their rural-urban residence. The discussion below is restricted mostly to figures based on 'all' workers.

Table 6.1: Number of persons emplyed per 1000 persons according to usual status

alLIndia

airmuia										
					usı	ally emp	loyed			
round	cate-		rural			urban			all	
(year)	gory of worker	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
55	ps	522	231	380	513	117	324	520	203	365
(1999-00)	SS	9	68	37	5	22	13	7	56	32
	all	531	299	417	518	139	337	527	259	397
50	ps	538	234	390	513	121	327	532	206	375
(1993-94)	SS	15	94	54	8	34	20	13	80	45
	all	553	328	444	521	155	347	545	286	420
43	ps	517	245	385	496	118	315	512	217	369
(1987-88)	SS	22	78	49	10	34	22	19	68	43
	all	539	323	434	506	152	337	531	285	412
38	ps	528	248	391	500	120	320	521	218	374
(1983)	SS	19	92	54	12	31	20	17	78	46
	all	547	340	445	512	151	340	538	216	420
32	ps	537	248	395	497	123	319	529	224	371
(1977-78)	SS	15	83	49	11	33	22	14	73	52
	all	552	331	444	508	156	341	543	297	423
27										
(1972-73)	all	545	318	*	501	134	*	*	*	*
ps = princ	ipal status;	ss =	subsidiary	status	*: pr	oportions	not derive	ed for N	SS 27 th rou	ınd

*: proportions not derived for NSS 2/" round

6.1.4 Rural males: During 1999-2000, among the major states, the percentage of usual status workers (principal and subsidiary) among rural males was highest in Andhra Pradesh (61 per cent) followed by Karnataka and Tamil Nadu (60 per cent each). Major states with WPRs well above the national average of 53 per cent for rural males are Gujarat (58 per cent), Kerala and Orissa (55 per cent each). The rural male WPR was lowest in Haryana and Uttar Pradesh (48 per cent each). Bihar (49 per cent) reported a low value too.

6.1.5 Rural females: Andhra Pradesh (48 per cent) and Himachal Pradesh (47 per cent) reported rates much higher than other major states. However, states like Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu (43 per cent each), Gujarat (41 per cent), Rajasthan (39 per cent), Madhya Pradesh and Karnataka (38 per cent each) also reported high rates. Assam reported the lowest rate (15 per cent) while West Bengal (16 per cent) and Bihar (17 per cent) also reported very low rates. The percentage of female subsidiary status workers was relatively very high in Jammu & Kashmir (28 per cent), Punjab (24 per cent) and Haryana (17 per cent). It is seen that the major states reporting a low percentage of usually employed (principal status) rural females also reported a high percentage of employed in terms of the subsidiary status.

6.1.6 *Urban males*: In the urban areas, the male WPR was quite higher than the national average of 52 per cent in the major states of West Bengal (57 per cent), Tamil Nadu and Kerala (56 per cent each), Punjab and Karnataka (55 per cent each) and Gujarat (52 per cent). Rather low rates are reported by some states like Bihar (43 per cent), Orissa (48 per cent) and Jammu & Kashmir (48 per cent).

6.1.7 *Urban females*: For urban females, only Tamil Nadu (22 per cent) and Kerala (20 per cent) reported rates of 20 per cent or more. The proportion of subsidiary status workers among urban females is relatively higher in the major states of Punjab, Kerala, Rajasthan and Haryana compared to the other major states.

6.2 Age specific usual status worker-population ratio (ASWPR)

- 6.2.1 The number of persons usually employed in a particular age-group per 1000 persons in that age-group is defined as the age specific worker-population ratio (ASWPR). Based on the age recorded, the ASWPRs are estimated from the 55th round data for age groups of five year interval up to the age of 60 years for both the principal status (ps) workers and 'all' workers. The relevant results, separately for rural and urban areas, are presented for all-India in table 6.2 and for states and union-territories in table 6.2.1(for ps workers) and in table 6.2.2(for 'all' workers). Comparable all-India results based on the 50th round survey are also presented in Table 6.2.
- 6.2.2 Change in ASWPR between 1993-94 and 1999-2000: It is seen from Table 6.2 that for 'all' workers, compared to the rates in 1993-94, among rural males, the ASWPR has declined in the younger age groups as well as for those aged 50 years and above during 1999-2000. It has remained more or less same for the age groups 25 to 49 years. However, over this period, among rural females, ASWPR declined for almost all age groups. In urban areas, the pattern closely resembled that seen for the rural areas. For example, the ASWPR for males remained broadly the same for the age groups 25-49 in both rural and urban areas.

6.3 Age composition of the usually employed

- 6.3.1 Table 6.3 shows the per 1000 distribution of the usually employed persons by age-group for all-India for both the principal status (ps) workers and all workers as obtained from the present survey as also that from the 50th round (1993-94).
- 6.3.2 It is seen from Table 6.3 that for 'all' workers during the year 1999-2000, more than two-thirds of the usually employed were in the age-bracket 15 to 44. The proportion of the usually employed males in this age bracket is 69 per cent in rural and 73 per cent in urban areas. For the females, the corresponding percentages are 71 and 72. Further, during this period, about two- fifths of the usually employed belonged to the age-group 45-59. The oldest group (i.e age-group 60 and above) accounted for about 5 per cent of the usually employed in urban areas. However, in rural areas, about 9 per cent of usually employed males belonged to this group.

Table 6.2 : Age specific usual status worker population ratio

all-India

		rura	<u>l</u>			ur	ban	II-IIIuia
age group	ma	le	femal	e	mal	e	fema	ıle
•	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-
	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
0-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-9	5	6	6	7	3	3	1	2
	(9)	(11)	(11)	(14)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(5)
10-14	82	91	74	96	46	49	28	36
	(112)	(138)	(104)	(141)	(59)	(66)	(35)	(45)
15-19	475	503	234	304	303	314	87	105
	(523)	(577)	(264)	(364)	(337)	(356)	(94)	(123)
20-24	823	844	310	409	644	658	130	155
	(824)	(859)	(318)	(456)	(654)	(674)	(136)	(180)
25-29	942	950	373	491	878	883	161	194
	(947)	(957)	(354)	(525)	(892)	(904)	(175)	(224)
15-29	721	741	307	400	583	593	124	149
	(740)	(775)	(311)	(447)	(601)	(618)	(133)	(173)
30-34	974	979	422	555	958	960	198	235
	(980)	(983)	(407)	(585)	(961)	(964)	(208)	(272)
35-39	981	984	453	579	973	975	235	285
	(988)	(989)	(435)	(608)	(982)	(983)	(233)	(301)
40-44	981	983	462	586	973	974	242	283
	(985)	(987)	(440)	(606)	(980)	(981)	(257)	(320)
30-44	978	982	443	572	968	969	223	266
	(984)	(986)	(425)	(598)	(974)	(975)	(230)	(295)
45-49	977	980	450	566	968	969	234	267
	(980)	(983)	(438)	(594)	(971)	(973)	(253)	(317)
50-54	949	953	399	515	933	935	225	262
	(965)	(970)	(407)	(542)	(941)	(942)	(240)	(286)
55-59	919	929	351	450	803	809	181	207
	(936)	(942)	(337)	(467)	(845)	(856)	(185)	(226)
45-59	953	958	407	518	918	921	218	250
	(963)	(968)	(401)	(543)	(931)	(935)	(231)	(283)
60 & above	622	639	174	218	386	402	82	94
	(683)	(699)	(172)	(241)	(429)	(442)	(91)	(113)
all	522	531	231	299	513	518	117	139
	(538)	(553)	(234)	(328)	(513)	(521)	(121)	(155)

Note: The corresponding figures for 1993-94, NSS 50th Round are given in parentheses.

Table 6.3: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by age-group

all-India

-		rura	1			urb		n-maa
age group	mal		femal	e	mal		fema	le
1.9. 9. 1.h	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	wor-							
	kers							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
0-4	-	-		-	-		-	
5-9	1	2	3	3	1	1	1	2
	(2)	(3)	(6)	(5)	(1)	(1)	(3)	(3)
10-14	20	22	37	37	11	11	27	29
	(25)	(30)	(48)	(46)	(13)	(15)	(32)	(33)
15-19	90	94	89	90	65	67	76	78
	(100)	(107)	(101)	(100)	(73)	(77)	(80)	(82)
20-24	121	122	116	118	120	122	104	105
	(124)	(126)	(124)	(126)	(122)	(124)	(110)	(114)
25-29	135	134	135	137	146	145	124	126
	(130)	(128)	(129)	(137)	(146)	(146)	(129)	(130)
15-29	346	350	340	345	331	334	304	309
	(354)	(361)	(354)	(363)	(341)	(347)	(319)	(326)
30-34	123	122	136	139	140	139	137	137
	(124)	(121)	(128)	(131)	(144)	(142)	(134)	(138)
35-39	123	121	131	129	140	139	156	159
	(117)	(115)	(115)	(115)	(134)	(132)	(141)	(142)
40-44	99	98	103	101	122	122	119	117
	(91)	(88)	(98)	(96)	(114)	(113)	(113)	(111)
30-44	345	341	370	369	402	400	412	413
	(332)	(324)	(341)	(342)	(392)	(387)	(388)	(391)
45-49	87	85	88	85	98	97	97	93
	(82)	(80)	(89)	(86)	(95)	(94)	(95)	(93)
50-54	67	66	62	62	71	70	67	65
	(68)	(66)	(65)	(62)	(66)	(65)	(69)	(64)
55-59	50	50	45	45	43	43	43	42
	(51)	(50)	(46)	(45)	(46)	(45)	(44)	(42)
45-59	204	201	195	192	212	210	207	200
	(201)	(196)	(200)	(193)	(207)	(204)	(208)	(199)
60 & above	84	85	54	53	44	45	49	48
	(85)	(86)	(51)	(51)	(46)	(47)	(49)	(47)
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Note: The corresponding figures for 1993-94, NSS 50th Round are given in parentheses.

6.3.3 Change in distribution between 1993-94 and 1999-2000: During 1993-94, the estimated proportions of the usually employed in the age-groups of 45-59 or 60 & above were broadly the same as those for 1999-2000 –for males or females, in either rural or urban areas. This observation holds true for the age-bracket 15 to 44 considered as a whole. However, for the age-group 15-29, a small

decrease is observed – of about 1 percentage point for males and 2 percentage points for females – in the proportions for 1999-2000 as compared to those for 1993-94 (see Table 6.3). On the other hand, for the age-group 30-44, a small increase in the proportions for 1999-2000 is noticed over those for 1993-94 – which is almost commensurate with the decrease noted against the age-group 15-29.

6.4 Education level specific usual status worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above

6.4.1 Among persons of age 15 years and above, the number of persons who are usually employed in a particular education category per 1000 persons in that education category is defined as the education level specific worker population ratio. For working out such education specific worker-population ratios, the persons of age 15 years and above are classified into 6 categories viz., 'not literate', 'literate and up to primary', 'middle', 'secondary', 'higher secondary' and 'graduate and above'. The relevant worker-population ratios for rural and urban India for both the principal status (ps) workers and 'all' workers are shown in Table 6.4. The corresponding results for 1993-94 obtained from NSS 50th round survey are also presented in this table. As done earlier, discussions are restricted to 'all' workers only.

Table 6.4: Education-level specific usual status worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above

all-India

		rura	1			urb	oan	
education	mal		femal	e	mal	e	fema	ıle
category	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	wor-	wor-						
	kers	kers						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
not literate	891	895	404	513	836	839	229	271
not incrate	(913)	(918)	(391)	(540)	(866)	(870)	(233)	(300)
literate & upto	872	880	303	403	824	830	146	177
primary	(898)	(909)	(286)	(416)	(844)	(850)	(150)	(203)
middle	752	768	205	290	725	732	99	129
	(735)	(770)	(177)	(290)	(713)	(723)	(91)	(131)
secondary	713	737	173	257	661	668	104	124
	(683)	(728)	(153)	(258)	(663)	(677)	(108)	(134)
higher	679	713	134	206	599	608	111	124
secondary	(629)	(686)	(161)	(234)	(589)	(607)	(126)	(147)
graduate &	802	836	269	310	797	806	252	273
above	(792)	(834)	(293)	(366)	(807)	(818)	(282)	(301)
all	829	841	350	452	745	752	166	197
a11	(846)	(864)	(346)	(486)	(758)	(768)	166 (175)	(223)

6.4.2 Table 6.4 reveals that at all-India level, for rural males with educational qualification *graduate* and above (or rural male graduate, in brief), the worker-population ratio was almost stable over the period 1993-94 to 1999-2000: between 834 to 836. However, among the rural female graduates, this ratio was 310 in 1999-2000 – a fall of about 6 percentage points compared to that of 1993-94. In urban

areas, among the *graduate and above*, there was a fall in the ratio of about 1 percentage point for males and about 3 percentage points of females over this period.

6.4.3 Education level specific usual status worker-population ratios for persons of age 15 years and above for states and union territories based on the data of the present survey are presented in Table 6.4.1 and 6.4.2 – Table 6.4.1 for 'ps' workers and Table 6.4.2 for 'all' workers.

6.5 Educational level composition of the usually employed (15+)

6.5.1. Per 1000 distribution of the usually employed persons of age 15 years and above (referred to as 'employed' in this sub-section hereafter) by education category for all-India for both the principal status (ps) workers and 'all' workers is presented in Table 6.5. The corresponding distribution for 1993-94 obtained from NSS 50th round survey results is also presented in the table.

Table 6.5: Per 1000 distribution of the usually employed of age 15 years and above by education category all-India

			_					iii iiidia
		rura	ıl	urban				
education	male		female		male		female	
category	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all	ps	all
	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-	wor-
	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers	kers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
not literate	400	396	753	739	161	160	437	439
	(444)	(437)	(799)	(785)	(185)	(184)	(483)	(489)
literate & upto	274	273	151	155	220	219	171	176
primary	(294)	(291)	(138)	(142)	(260)	(258)	(185)	(197)
middle	161	163	57	62	188	188	94	103
	(134)	(137)	(37)	(43)	(173)	(173)	(74)	(84)
secondary	92	93	24	28	169	169	87	88
•	(72)	(75)	(16)	(19)	(153)	(155)	(78)	(76)
higher	41	42	7	9	93	94	59	55
secondary	(31)	(33)	(6)	(6)	(86)	(87)	(52)	(47)
graduate &	32	33	7	6	168	168	152	139
above	(25)	(26)	(5)	(4)	(143)	(143)	(126)	(106)
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

6.5.2 During 1999-2000, among the 'employed' rural males, about 40 per cent were *not literate* while 17 per cent were *educated* i.e. with *secondary and above* educational standard. On the other hand, among the 'employed' rural females, about 74 per cent were *not literate* while only about 4 per cent were *educated*. In urban India, an estimated 16 per cent of the 'employed' males and about 44 per cent of the 'employed' females were *not literate*. The estimate of the proportion of *educated* people was much higher in urban areas – with about 43 per cent of the 'employed' males and about 28 per cent of the 'employed' females reporting themselves as *educated*. In urban areas a rise of about 5 percentage points in the proportion of educated people among the usually employed in 1999-2000 compared to that in 1993-94. In rural areas, the rise was less - 3 percentage points for males and 2 percentage points for females.

6.6 Distribution of usually employed by status of employment

6.6.1 As stated earlier in chapter 2 (Concepts & Definitions), employed persons are categorised into three broad groups according to their status of employment. These broad groups are: (i) *self-employed*, (ii) *regular employees* and (iii) *casual labour*. Table 6.6 shows the per 1000 distribution of usually employed by these broad groups for all-India for both principal status (ps) workers and 'all' workers. The table also gives the results on the corresponding distribution obtained from the earlier quinquennial surveys. The discussion below, as before, pertains to 'all' workers.

Table 6.6: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment in different NSS rounds

all-India

						an-mua				
	usually employed									
NSS round		principal status			all					
	self-	regular	casual	self-	regular	casual				
	employed	employees	labour	employed	employees	labour				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)				
		r	ural males							
55 (1999-00)	544	90	366	550	88	362				
50 (1993-94)	567	87	346	577	85	338				
43 (1987-88)	575	104	321	586	100	314				
38 (1983)	595	106	299	605	103	292				
rural females										
55	500	39	461	573	31	396				
50	513	34	453	586	27	387				
43	549	49	402	608	37	355				
38	541	37	422	619	28	353				
		u	rban males							
55	412	419	169	415	417	168				
50	411	427	162	417	420	163				
43	410	444	146	417	437	146				
38	402	445	153	409	437	154				
urban females										
55	384	385	231	453	333	214				
50	372	355	273	458	284	258				
43	393	342	265	471	275	254				
38	373	318	309	458	258	284				

6.6.2 During 1999-2000, in rural India, more than half of the usually employed ('all' workers) were self-employed – 55% among males and 57% among females. The corresponding proportions in urban India were 42 per cent for males and 45 per cent for females. Proportion of regular employees was relatively lower among females as compared to males in both rural and urban India. On the other hand, proportion of casual labour was more among female workers than that among male workers.

6.6.3 Change over rounds: For rural males, the proportion of self-employed had gradually fallen from 61 per cent in 1983 to 55 per cent in 1999-2000. For females, the corresponding fall was from 62 per cent to 57 per cent. Interestingly, there has been a corresponding increase in the proportion of casual labour over this period. During this period, though the proportion of regular employees among urban males had fallen by about 2 percentage points, among urban females, there had been an increase in this proportion – by more than 7 percentage points.

6.6.4 *State-level distribution*: The distributions of the usually employed by employment status during 1999-2000 (55th round) for different states and union territories are presented in Table 6.6.1.

6.7 Industrial distribution of the usually employed

6.7.1 As in the earlier quinquennial surveys, for the 55th round survey also, information relating to the sector (industry) of employment in which a person was working has been collected for the persons categorised as *employed*. In the case of *usually employed*, this information was collected for both the principal status (ps) as well as subsidiary status (ss) workers. Table 6.7 shows the distribution of *usually employed* by industry, separately for usual 'principal status' (ps) workers and for 'all' workers. In this present survey, the industry classification followed is NIC 1998. Similar results based on the earlier quinquennial surveys are also presented in the table. It may be mentioned that in NSS 50th Round NIC 1987 was used while in NSS 43rd and 38th rounds NIC 1970 was used.

6.7.2 Rural areas: The table shows that, during 1999-2000, in rural India, among 'all' usually employed, about 71 per cent of the males and 85 per cent of the females were engaged in the agricultural sector. The proportion of males engaged in the agricultural activities gradually fell from 81 per cent in 1977-78 to 71 per cent in 1999-2000. On the other hand, in the case of female workers, the proportion engaged in the agricultural activities decreased from 88 per cent in 1977-78 to 85 per cent in 1999-2000. Over the years, in rural India, there has been a gradual increase in the proportion of males engaged in 'trade, hotel and restaurant', 'transport, storage and communications' and 'construction'.

6.7.3 *Urban areas*: In urban India, the 'trade, hotel and restaurant' sector engaged about 29 per cent of the male workers while 'manufacturing' and 'services' sectors accounted for about 22 and 21 per cent respectively of the usually employed males. Next to these three sectors, 'transport, storage and communications', 'construction' and 'agriculture' sectors provided employment to about 10, 9 and 7 per cent respectively of the urban male workers. On the other hand, for urban females, 'services' sector accounted for the highest proportion (34 per cent) of the total usually employed, followed by 'manufacturing' (24 per cent) and 'agriculture' (18 per cent). Proportion of urban females employed in agricultural sector fell by about 14 percentage points – and in 'manufacturing' by 6 percentage points - since 1977-78, with a significant rise – of about 8 percentage points each - in 'trade, hotel and restaurant' and 'services' sectors. The 'trade, hotel and restaurant' sector, which accounted for about 10 per cent of the employed urban females between 1983 to 1993-94 engaged as many as 17 per cent of them during 1999-2000.

Table (6.7): Per 1000 distribution of usually employed persons by broad industry division

Table (6.7): Per 1000 distribution of usually employed persons by broad industry division

6.7.4. *State-level distribution:* The per 1000 distributions of *usually employed* in the 'principal status' (ps) and in the 'principal as well as subsidiary status' ('all' workers) by industry for each state and union territory are presented in Tables 6.7.1 and 6.7.2 respectively.

6.8 Distribution of persons by number of subsidiary economic activities

- 6.8.1 In the preceding section all discussions on employment pertained to those who were economically active as per their principal or subsidiary activity status. In the present survey, for the first time, data was collected (in detail) on two subsidiary economic activities as well as on the *number* of subsidiary economic activities for each member in the sample household. This was done in an attempt to make a more detailed study regarding the extent of involvement of household members in various economic activities. The distribution obtained by number of subsidiary economic activities for persons with different principal usual activity statuses is presented in Table 6.8.
- 6.8.2 Rural areas: It is seen from Table 6.8 that, during 1999-2000, about 70 per cent of the rural workers had no subsidiary economic activity while about 27 per cent of them had just one subsidiary economic activity. There was hardly any gender divide in this regard. Among the regular salaried or the unemployed, however, proportion of females reporting no subsidiary economic activity (90 and 89 per cent respectively) was higher than that for males (82 and 83 per cent respectively). For those out of labour force, only 1 per cent among males and 8 per cent among females reported only one subsidiary activity, the rest mostly reporting no subsidiary economic activity. On the whole, only 1 per cent of the population reported having 2 or more subsidiary economic activities.
- 6.8.3 *Urban areas*: In urban areas, percentage of population reporting 2 *or more* activities was negligible. Among *employed* or *unemployed* male or female about 95 per cent reported *no* subsidiary economic activity while almost all of the rest reported just *one* subsidiary economic activity. Thus, the proportion of workers (or labour force) in rural areas reporting some subsidiary economic activity was much higher than that in urban areas.

Table 6.8: Per 1000 distribution of persons with different principal usual activity statuses by number of subsidiary economic activities

		male		female number of subsidiary				
usual	number	of subs	idiary					
principal	economic activities			econ	economic activities			
status	0	1 2 or more		0	1	2 or more		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
			ru	ral				
11-21	720	259	21	727	253	19		
31	815	176	8	897	96	7		
41,51	645	322	32	665	307	28		
11 –51	701	275	24	705	272	23		
81	831	152	17	890	99	11		
11-81	704	272	24	708	270	23		
91 – 99	985	14	1	912	78	10		
all	836	152	13	864	123	13		
			urb	oan				
11-21	936	62	2	931	66	3		
31	977	23	0	978	22	0		
41,51	925	71	4	924	72	5		
11 –51	951	47	2	947	50	2		
81	942	57	2	946	54	0		
11-81	951	48	2	947	51	2		
91 – 99	993	7	0	976	24	1		
all	970	29	1	972	27	1		

6.9 Estimates of employed according to current status

6.9.1 The *usual status* approach adopted for classification of the population is unable to capture the changes in the activity pattern caused by seasonal fluctuations. But the estimates obtained by adopting the current weekly and current daily status approaches are expected to reflect the overall effect caused by the intermittent changes in the activity pattern during the year. The latter reflects also the changes which take place even during a week. The estimates of the *employed* based on *current weekly status* give the average weekly picture while those based on *current daily status* give the average daily picture of employment. The difference between the two rates indicates the *underemployment* of those who had some employment in the week. Table 6.9 gives the relevant estimates of the *employed* according to *current weekly status* and *current daily status* for all-India based on the six quinquennial surveys.

6.9.2 It is observed that though the difference between the two rates had steadily reduced from 1977 to 1987 in both the sectors for males and females since the late eighties, the *underemployment* among those who had some employment in the week has considerably increased in the rural areas.

Table 6.9: Number of persons employed per 1000 persons according to current weekly status and current daily status during 1972-73 to 1999-2000 in different NSS rounds all-India

round		cws er	nployed		cds employed			
(year)	rural		urban		rural		urban	
	male	female	male	female	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
55 (1999-00)	510	253	509	128	478	204	490	111
50 (1993-94)	531	267	511	139	504	219	496	120
43 (1987-88)	504	220	492	119	501	207	477	110
38 (1983)	511	227	492	118	482	198	473	106
32 (1977-78)	519	232	490	125	488	194	472	109
27 (1972-73)	530	277	491	123	503	231	477	108

6.9.3 *State-level estimates*: The proportions of persons employed according to *current weekly status* and *current daily status* per 1000 persons by sex and residence for each state and union territory are presented in Table 6.9.1.

6.10 Daily wage rates of casual labourers

- 6.10.1 Data on the average wage earnings per day received by casual labourers and regular wage/salaried persons during each of the seven days of the reference week were collected in this survey. Table 6.10 presents the rates for those casual labourers *engaged in public works* in rural areas for different states and union territories. *As is seen from the table, sample size of persons reporting is rather low even in many major states*. At the all India level, the average daily wage-rate of casual labourers *engaged in public works* was Rs.48.14 for males and Rs.38.06 for females.
- 6.10.2 Casual labourers in other types of work: The sample size of persons reporting was, however, much more when casual labourers *engaged in other types of work*, i.e. engaged in works other than public works, were considered. The daily wage-rates for different states and union territories are shown in Table 6.11.
- 6.10.2.1 *Rural areas*: In rural areas, among the major states, the average daily wage rate for male workers was the highest in Kerala (Rs.100.78), followed by Jammu & Kashmir (Rs.77.04) and Himachal Pradesh (Rs.67.06). For female workers, the rate was the highest in Jammu & Kashmir (Rs.66.07), followed by Kerala (Rs.56.65) and Haryana (Rs.51.01).
- 6.10.2.2 *Urban areas*: In urban areas, among the major states, the average daily wage rate for male workers was the highest in Kerala (Rs.102.35), followed by Jammu & Kashmir (Rs.97.65) and Punjab (Rs.82.40). For female workers, the rate was the highest in Jammu & Kashmir (Rs.71.48), followed by Punjab (Rs.53.09) and Assam (Rs.51.59).

Table 6.1.1: Number of persons usually employed in the principal status (ps) and in the principal as well as subsidiary status (all) per 1000 persons for each state and u.t.

Table 6.1.1: Number of persons usually employed in the principal status (ps) and in the principal as well as subsidiary status (all) per 1000 persons for each state and u.t.

urban

	mal	Δ	fema	ام	persons urban		
state/u.t.	ps all			all			
state/u.t.	workers	workers	ps workers	workers	ps workers	workers	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(0)	(1)	
Andhra Pradesh.	508	511	159	178	337	348	
Ar. Pradesh	399	399	100	100	267	267	
Assam	507	522	97	112	317	332	
Bihar	428	432	64	75	258	266	
Goa	495	498	98	106	303	309	
Gujarat	532	536	114	135	333	345	
Haryana	505	506	58	98	296	314	
H. P.	498	499	96	130	304	322	
Jammu & Kashmir	473	478	41	62	268	281	
Karnataka	543	545	167	178	359	366	
Kerala	534	558	156	203	337	373	
Madhya Pradesh	483	488	122	134	311	319	
Maharashtra	528	532	122	137	336	346	
Manipur	436	445	142	211	291	330	
Meghalaya	393	393	196	197	296	296	
Mizoram	460	471	246	259	351	363	
Nagaland	391	393	158	199	285	305	
Orissa	472	475	112	145	300	317	
Punjab	541	549	73	125	325	353	
Rajasthan	483	486	93	138	301	323	
Sikkim	515	519	200	200	373	375	
Tamil Nadu	560	563	197	215	382	393	
Tripura	490	494	72	75	291	295	
Uttar Pradesh	484	490	66	94	288	304	
West Bengal	561	567	102	117	340	350	
A & N Islands	627	632	169	206	401	422	
Chandigarh	537	547	114	136	336	351	
D & N Haveli	656	656	112	112	404	404	
Daman & Diu	545	549	181	186	371	376	
Delhi	526	528	82	105	320	332	
Lakshadweep	412	432	103	179	261	308	
Pondicherry	553	555	159	169	346	352	
All India	513	518	117	139	324	337	

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

All India

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

urban females age group (in years) state/u.t. 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60 & all above (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)(10)(11)(12)(13)(14) (15)Andhra Pradesh. Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H. P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu

Delhi

Lakshadweep

Pondicherry

All India

Table 6.2.1: Age-specific usual principal worker population ratio for each state and u.t.

Table 6.2.2: Age-specific usual worker (principal & subsidiary status taken together) population ratio for each state and u.t.

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Table 6.2.2: Age-specific usual worker (principal & subsidiary status taken together) population ratio for each state and u.t.

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal status for each state and u.t.

rural males

state/u.t.			genera	al educationa	l level		
	not literate	literate& upto primary	middle	secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	902	925	827	706	656	795	869
Ar. Pradesh	637	646	564	500	748	832	627
Assam	862	890	689	608	535	648	782
Bihar	908	847	704	765	700	813	842
Goa	637	875	758	566	834	823	727
Gujarat	891	929	823	810	731	858	869
Haryana	761	831	650	779	709	868	764
H. P.	866	885	673	719	446	774	772
Jammu & Kashmir	949	770	705	720	637	725	800
Karnataka	908	919	853	777	687	890	874
Kerala	683	803	758	639	524	725	731
Madhya Pradesh	918	870	728	706	729	849	856
Maharashtra	855	899	762	712	611	850	812
Manipur	879	817	729	502	503	889	728
Meghalaya	928	941	644	675	783	798	892
Mizoram	879	844	891	604	767	1000	831
Nagaland	913	844	647	599	556	841	735
Orissa	889	881	765	550	421	717	822
Punjab	847	827	730	789	655	906	804
Rajasthan	900	850	752	674	736	839	838
Sikkim	923	755	682	579	711	731	765
Tamil Nadu	879	905	779	676	668	741	829
Tripura	935	852	635	610	697	857	788
Uttar Pradesh	893	829	733	708	742	804	818
West Bengal	887	873	743	710	655	713	827
A & N Islands	873	900	732	695	817	761	824
Chandigarh	980	953	856	937	561	711	933
D & N Haveli	975	946	829	727	896	1000	920
Daman & Diu	932	892	846	857	796	954	878
Delhi	750	754	857	656	787	953	791
Lakshadweep	664	862	601	826	1000	1000	778
Pondicherry	837	881	751	764	710	739	807
All India	891	872	752	713	679	802	829

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal status for each state and u.t.

rural females

				1 1 1		rural fo	emaies
state/u.t.				al educationa			
	not	literate &	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	all
	literate	up to			secondary	& above	
(1)	(2)	primary	(4)	(5)		(7)	<u>/0\</u>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	675	508	376	291	238	450	613
Ar. Pradesh	520	383	243	88	167	245	436
Assam	188	106	62	61	110	226	134
Bihar	249	121	82	82	50	68	218
Goa	276	141	100	68	294	465	192
Gujarat	522	425	290	254	276	286	454
Haryana	59	47	15	62	12	43	51
H. P.	473	444	296	293	183	226	407
Jammu & Kashmir	42	69	139	55	131	342	65
Karnataka	596	438	302	258	195	307	516
Kerala	257	259	173	149	136	255	211
Madhya Pradesh	581	448	288	216	173	258	532
Maharashtra	659	613	408	287	149	306	576
Manipur	223	273	147	193	113	509	217
Meghalaya	697	730	515	671	481	471	688
Mizoram	408	600	560	529	328	1000	559
Nagaland	385	399	354	260	322	382	369
Orissa	386	148	93	60	52	161	297
Punjab	52	58	29	56	94	345	57
Rajasthan	446	265	183	141	123	472	410
Sikkim	385	308	204	485	740	739	360
Tamil Nadu	639	494	348	282	257	294	531
Tripura	125	82	64	78	244	410	102
Uttar Pradesh	230	148	93	91	63	212	203
West Bengal	218	127	68	107	53	238	171
A & N Islands	240	243	183	182	297	232	225
Chandigarh	53	164	230	190	0	356	119
D & N Haveli	623	521	333	147	865	966	559
Daman & Diu	430	452	408	182	60	261	380
Delhi	13	79	0	19	91	82	33
Lakshadweep	174	117	153	8	393	0	133
Pondicherry	524	430	214	119	244	382	393
All India	404	303	205	173	134	269	350

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal status for each state and u.t.

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal status for each state and u.t.

urban male

state/u.t.			gener	al educationa	l level	urban	
State/ u.t.	not	literate &	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	all
	literate	up to	111107010	secondary	secondary	& above	
	11001000	primary			secondary		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	845	874	674	647	572	788	745
Ar. Pradesh	679	683	625	561	735	930	684
Assam	831	836	633	657	572	771	707
Bihar	864	822	654	592	414	737	695
Goa	764	802	700	510	513	723	640
Gujarat	849	828	750	721	629	851	772
Haryana	723	757	747	711	606	895	738
Н. Р.	883	794	580	633	508	799	689
Jammu & Kashmir	743	855	630	684	601	783	711
Karnataka	846	866	773	686	584	808	758
Kerala	546	783	777	647	460	809	718
Madhya Pradesh	822	793	708	633	643	803	742
Maharashtra	808	814	730	705	625	802	745
Manipur	785	702	639	595	567	682	642
Meghalaya	830	849	707	440	461	749	628
Mizoram	662	845	693	586	461	812	687
Nagaland	754	763	552	447	554	673	589
Orissa	847	824	693	589	426	705	703
Punjab	820	876	749	725	635	845	780
Rajasthan	803	811	706	633	620	789	734
Sikkim	786	784	689	662	616	766	725
Tamil Nadu	810	841	793	682	637	817	768
Tripura	759	724	651	571	513	824	685
Uttar Pradesh	873	806	711	617	614	794	756
West Bengal	857	828	706	591	603	763	740
A & N Islands	913	918	774	765	865	861	851
Chandigarh	882	902	639	723	634	783	752
D & N Haveli	1000	834	674	800	724	966	847
Daman & Diu	802	905	726	765	726	983	795
Delhi	822	818	699	622	666	830	743
Lakshadweep	494	810	608	719	838	1000	704
Pondicherry	746	781	746	738	625	816	750
All India	836	824	725	661	599	797	745

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal status for each state and u.t.

urban females

state/u.t.			geners	al educationa	l level	urbarri	emales
state/ u.t.	not literate	literate & up to primary	middle	secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	348	166	95	99	110	271	223
Ar. Pradesh	154	104	44	180	268	405	159
Assam	171	33	59	99	119	349	118
Bihar	150	37	45	36	29	134	97
Goa	165	60	110	62	83	361	129
Gujarat	234	134	86	99	97	242	154
Haryana	86	68	38	93	69	203	89
H. P.	185	125	85	118	64	247	138
Jammu & Kashmir	42	20	34	36	61	302	60
Karnataka	337	188	139	146	187	334	225
Kerala	167	243	168	200	167	319	204
Madhya Pradesh	306	131	56	46	106	188	183
Maharashtra	233	150	113	125	135	303	174
Manipur	188	211	165	110	103	444	200
Meghalaya	249	277	209	114	330	568	282
Mizoram	288	490	311	287	323	684	370
Nagaland	243	197	64	300	382	539	241
Orissa	281	122	37	63	126	208	164
Punjab	100	58	71	103	92	193	102
Rajasthan	169	94	67	65	101	254	137
Sikkim	89	216	91	270	474	512	250
Tamil Nadu	348	259	188	190	178	353	262
Tripura	42	69	39	209	194	267	102
Uttar Pradesh	143	76	41	31	44	158	103
West Bengal	218	110	71	42	108	188	131
A & N Islands	263	269	64	254	476	385	244
Chandigarh	97	70	72	99	165	400	160
D & N Haveli	460	207	138	290	0	0	165
Daman & Diu	343	285	120	228	0	221	226
Delhi	102	88	32	44	57	275	119
Lakshadweep	75	118	85	620	691	434	156
Pondicherry	293	193	143	214	84	459	216
All India	229	146	99	104	111	252	166

Table 6.4.1: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above

according to usual principal status for each state and u.t. urban person

state/u.t.			gener	al educationa	l level		
•	not	literate &	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	all
	literate	up to primary			secondary	& above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	515	527	391	429	397	617	487
Ar. Pradesh	284	387	334	404	596	779	443
Assam	398	460	354	411	392	629	433
Bihar	378	457	407	376	278	584	412
Goa	307	422	485	330	385	538	396
Gujarat	417	475	463	454	411	612	468
Haryana	308	460	503	474	397	596	441
H. P.	424	456	329	427	281	586	427
Jammu & Kashmir	231	539	394	376	388	632	396
Karnataka	513	519	462	443	409	638	494
Kerala	257	498	474	416	307	571	446
Madhya Pradesh	469	490	442	405	424	599	473
Maharashtra	395	493	466	489	429	607	478
Manipur	342	408	395	387	400	584	419
Meghalaya	440	506	422	310	406	660	451
Mizoram	441	633	498	435	404	786	526
Nagaland	436	450	328	386	484	638	435
Orissa	464	470	409	390	321	559	442
Punjab	378	559	498	447	400	533	463
Rajasthan	345	522	478	453	427	618	457
Sikkim	347	543	516	504	546	669	517
Tamil Nadu	482	538	531	497	431	632	519
Tripura	269	422	393	409	370	630	411
Uttar Pradesh	422	506	469	402	370	553	453
West Bengal	448	485	425	342	391	569	452
A & N Islands	497	676	463	497	699	628	561
Chandigarh	378	528	384	429	429	617	469
D & N Haveli	688	663	402	616	374	543	553
Daman & Diu	441	547	373	586	521	664	510
Delhi	346	483	438	381	427	594	456
Lakshadweep	221	410	372	683	761	781	419
Pondicherry	436	457	400	492	406	716	472
All India	429	502	457	436	398	596	468

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t. rural male

state/u.t.			gener	al educationa	l level	10.	iai iliale
	not literate	literate & up to	middle	secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	all
(1)	(2)	primary (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	905	927	830	718	704	838	875
Ar. Pradesh	692	665	568	544	748	874	662
Assam	873	900	727	693	657	745	814
Bihar	910	859	718	777	718	842	850
Goa	694	875	758	573	834	823	738
Gujarat	893	934	841	823	762	871	879
Haryana	770	832	660	788	730	868	772
H. P.	871	903	716	777	564	883	810
Jammu & Kashmir	950	776	732	756	720	878	822
Karnataka	910	921	853	784	697	890	877
Kerala	720	832	789	687	567	815	768
Madhya Pradesh	920	877	743	726	752	861	863
Maharashtra	862	906	774	737	628	865	823
Manipur	879	817	729	532	555	935	740
Meghalaya	928	941	647	675	783	798	893
Mizoram	903	884	908	703	784	1000	868
Nagaland	913	851	666	617	579	871	749
Orissa	897	893	785	587	469	747	837
Punjab	849	830	742	791	673	919	809
Rajasthan	904	857	759	686	755	842	844
Sikkim	924	758	694	601	711	750	771
Tamil Nadu	881	910	788	687	674	758	834
Tripura	936	855	635	610	697	879	790
Uttar Pradesh	897	843	757	750	779	847	835
West Bengal	890	884	756	725	734	762	840
A & N Islands	873	900	746	695	908	814	836
Chandigarh	984	956	856	937	561	711	935
D & N Haveli	975	946	829	727	896	1000	920
Daman & Diu	932	899	846	864	796	954	881
Delhi	750	754	857	657	787	953	792
Lakshadweep	664	885	601	839	1000	1000	789
Pondicherry	837	881	751	764	727	739	808
All India	895	880	768	737	713	836	841

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t.

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t.

rural persons

-t-t				.1	1 11	1	persons
state/u.t.	4			al educationa			- 11
	not	literate &	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	all
	literate	up to primary			secondary	& above	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	795	780 742	697	608	594	737	767
Ar. Pradesh	637	543	459	381	654	846	579 529
Assam	497	616	508	514	502	641	539
Bihar	555	604	550	619	606	776	572
Goa	431	591	427	385	560	707	477
Gujarat	742	791	693	689	679	718	739
Haryana	501	602	494	670	593	724	554
Н. Р.	778	809	644	695	508	738	737
Jammu & Kashmir	667	696	595	599	581	790	653
Karnataka	739	751	662	624	595	780	716
Kerala	454	584	544	472	362	561	525
Madhya Pradesh	762	766	639	626	622	788	743
Maharashtra	762	809	660	612	523	757	729
Manipur	538	643	545	448	454	833	554
Meghalaya	806	843	584	676	683	652	793
Mizoram	642	771	773	689	719	1000	755
Nagaland	792	797	643	571	526	770	711
Orissa	674	656	557	411	353	613	632
Punjab	619	633	567	629	519	754	614
Rajasthan	727	757	683	602	650	796	721
Sikkim	594	595	481	561	722	746	585
Tamil Nadu	741	758	620	557	537	599	699
Tripura	427	497	407	409	591	727	462
Uttar Pradesh	555	636	610	590	623	757	586
West Bengal	517	584	509	542	602	667	543
A & N Islands	483	636	474	451	655	699	547
Chandigarh	779	807	788	839	514	656	790
D & N Haveli	764	772	610	589	892	999	749
Daman & Diu	678	733	697	675	628	848	701
Delhi	186	503	526	419	658	765	472
Lakshadweep	335	502	393	464	681	1000	458
Pondicherry	646	647	523	529	547	598	602
All India	653	691	601	587	575	722	647

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t.

All India

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t.

All India

Table 6.4.2: Education-specific worker population ratio for persons of age 15 years and above according to usual principal and subsidiary status (all workers) for each state and u.t.

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

rural female

usually employed									
state/u.t. principal status principal &									
	egular	casual							
	oyees	labour							
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	(6)	(7)							
Andhra Pradesh 404 39 557 426	36	538							
Ar. Pradesh 922 16 62 930	14	56							
Assam 268 343 389 548	198	254							
Bihar 449 18 533 477	15	508							
Goa 350 290 360 468	237	295							
Gujarat 518 21 461 591	16	393							
Haryana 572 87 341 860	15	125							
H. P. 934 48 18 959	29	12							
Jammu & Kashmir 824 148 28 974	21	5							
Karnataka 453 20 527 476	19	505							
Kerala 333 224 443 530	150	320							
Madhya Pradesh 520 16 464 544	15	441							
Maharashtra 427 17 556 445	15	540							
Manipur 818 70 112 882	42	76							
Meghalaya 816 32 152 813	31	156							
Mizoram 923 68 9 936	57	7							
Nagaland 882 112 6 933	62	5							
Orissa 411 17 572 492	13	495							
Punjab 476 230 294 889	37	74							
Rajasthan 883 14 103 890	10	100							
Sikkim 679 235 86 691	228	81							
Tamil Nadu 351 73 576 380	69	551							
Tripura 282 225 493 310	214	476							
Uttar Pradesh 700 23 277 775	16	209							
West Bengal 547 69 384 624	51	325							
A & N Islands 759 190 51 788	168	44							
Chandigarh 200 440 360 450	300	250							
D & N Haveli 690 49 261 696	48	256							
Daman & Diu 409 136 455 421	132	447							
Delhi 400 600 0 546	454	0							
Lakshadweep 556 333 111 750	250	0							
Pondicherry 224 118 658 230	123	647							
All India 500 39 461 573	31	396							

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

rural persons

			usually er	nploved	Turar	persons
state/u.t.	pr	rincipal status			ipal & subs. st	atus
	self-	regular	casual	self-	regular	casual
	employed	employees	labour	employed	employees	labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	449	60	491	458	59	483
Ar. Pradesh	780	136	84	793	126	81
Assam	534	188	278	582	166	252
Bihar	518	37	445	523	35	442
Goa	341	327	332	377	309	314
Gujarat	510	70	420	542	63	395
Haryana	585	163	252	664	124	212
H. P.	727	130	143	787	101	112
Jammu & Kashmir	732	127	141	818	86	96
Karnataka	493	55	452	502	53	445
Kerala	354	158	488	429	137	434
Madhya Pradesh	557	37	406	566	35	399
Maharashtra	433	77	490	443	73	484
Manipur	774	116	110	800	100	100
Meghalaya	798	45	157	796	44	160
Mizoram	881	94	25	890	84	26
Nagaland	776	208	16	821	166	13
Orissa	460	47	493	487	42	471
Punjab	533	179	288	655	130	215
Rajasthan	783	57	160	799	49	152
Sikkim	615	264	121	620	261	119
Tamil Nadu	353	121	526	367	118	515
Tripura	470	112	418	472	111	417
Uttar Pradesh	701	63	236	727	56	217
West Bengal	499	75	426	522	70	408
A & N Islands	591	266	143	603	257	140
Chandigarh	356	573	71	364	563	73
D & N Haveli	498	162	340	501	161	338
Daman & Diu	243	552	205	258	532	210
Delhi	364	459	177	370	454	176
Lakshadweep	440	400	160	463	370	167
Pondicherry	218	162	620	220	162	618
All India	531	75	394	558	68	374

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

urban male

					urba	an male
			usually en			
state/u.t.		incipal status			ipal & subs. st	
	self-	regular	casual	self-	regular	casual
	employed	employees	labour	employed	employees	labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	358	422	220	358	420	222
Ar. Pradesh	216	590	194	216	590	194
Assam	472	416	112	483	405	112
Bihar	537	313	150	541	310	149
Goa	234	536	230	233	535	232
Gujarat	406	360	234	408	359	233
Haryana	432	445	123	433	444	123
H. P.	334	545	121	337	543	120
Jammu & Kashmir	483	408	109	489	404	107
Karnataka	378	418	204	379	417	204
Kerala	357	289	354	374	280	346
Madhya Pradesh	450	371	179	452	369	179
Maharashtra	329	541	130	330	540	130
Manipur	522	362	116	531	355	114
Meghalaya	256	552	192	256	552	192
Mizoram	420	405	175	426	398	176
Nagaland	196	758	46	200	755	45
Orissa	415	401	184	419	399	182
Punjab	468	409	123	474	404	122
Rajasthan	458	405	137	461	404	135
Sikkim	396	514	90	405	514	81
Tamil Nadu	331	455	214	330	454	216
Tripura	334	507	159	338	504	158
Uttar Pradesh	527	337	136	531	334	135
West Bengal	429	402	169	431	399	170
A & N Islands	260	469	271	262	469	269
Chandigarh	363	586	51	362	583	55
D & N Haveli	328	557	115	328	557	115
Daman & Diu	545	421	34	541	418	41
Delhi	420	539	41	419	541	40
Lakshadweep	345	455	200	345	431	224
Pondicherry	293	408	299	292	410	298
All India	412	419	169	415	417	168

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

urban female

			usually er	mployed	urban	Temale
state/u.t.	pr	incipal status	usuuriy Ci		ipal & subs. sta	atus
	self-	regular	casual	self-	regular	casual
	employed	employees	labour	employed	employees	labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	354	312	334	393	285	322
Ar. Pradesh	357	571	72	357	571	72
Assam	148	646	206	251	556	193
Bihar	456	296	248	513	252	235
Goa	362	445	193	414	411	175
Gujarat	371	305	324	419	264	317
Haryana	334	530	136	535	330	135
Н. Р.	384	547	69	533	406	61
Jammu & Kashmir	126	621	253	410	413	177
Karnataka	384	348	268	415	326	259
Kerala	386	406	208	509	319	172
Madhya Pradesh	492	185	323	504	172	324
Maharashtra	327	444	229	374	410	216
Manipur	649	294	57	758	197	45
Meghalaya	275	590	135	277	588	135
Mizoram	604	245	151	616	233	151
Nagaland	191	794	15	343	629	28
Orissa	358	273	369	460	212	328
Punjab	187	712	101	491	434	75
Rajasthan	543	301	156	653	209	138
Sikkim	114	743	143	114	743	143
Tamil Nadu	356	438	206	394	407	199
Tripura	125	735	140	128	723	149
Uttar Pradesh	557	349	94	661	257	82
West Bengal	394	428	178	436	401	163
A & N Islands	318	439	243	383	358	259
Chandigarh	126	843	31	194	759	47
D & N Haveli	444	222	334	444	222	334
Daman & Diu	614	295	91	622	289	89
Delhi	209	749	42	364	591	45
Lakshadweep	538	462	0	696	261	43
Pondicherry	299	406	295	298	405	297
All India	384	385	231	453	333	214

Table 6.6.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed by category of employment for different states and u.ts.

urban persons

					urban p	persons
			usually er			
state/u.t.		incipal status		•	ipal & subs. sta	atus
	self-	regular	casual	self-	regular	casual
	employed	employees	labour	employed	employees	labour
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	357	396	247	367	387	246
Ar. Pradesh	241	590	169	241	590	169
Assam	426	449	125	447	429	124
Bihar	528	311	161	537	302	161
Goa	254	522	224	263	514	223
Gujarat	401	351	248	410	341	249
Haryana	423	453	124	448	428	124
H. P.	342	546	112	376	516	108
Jammu & Kashmir	457	423	120	481	404	115
Karnataka	379	402	219	388	396	216
Kerala	364	318	318	413	291	296
Madhya Pradesh	458	336	206	463	330	207
Maharashtra	329	525	146	338	515	147
Manipur	551	346	103	603	306	91
Meghalaya	262	564	174	263	564	173
Mizoram	486	350	164	495	338	167
Nagaland	195	767	38	242	717	41
Orissa	405	378	217	428	358	214
Punjab	439	440	121	477	409	114
Rajasthan	471	390	139	499	365	136
Sikkim	329	568	103	327	565	108
Tamil Nadu	337	451	212	347	441	212
Tripura	308	535	157	313	530	157
Uttar Pradesh	531	339	130	550	323	127
West Bengal	424	406	170	432	400	168
A & N Islands	275	463	262	291	442	267
Chandigarh	324	627	49	331	615	54
D & N Haveli	343	514	143	343	514	143
Daman & Diu	558	389	53	557	391	52
Delhi	395	564	41	411	548	41
Lakshadweep	382	456	162	457	383	160
Pondicherry	294	407	299	293	408	299
All India	407	413	180	422	400	178

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

rural male

					broad	industry	division		Tura	l male
state/ n t	o ami avs1	mining	*** ****	elec-		•		~ ~ ~ ~	vices	all
state/ u.t.	U	& quar-	manu- factur-	tricity		trade, hotel &	trans-		pub. adm.,	an
	etc.	rying	ing	water,		restau-		business	educn.,	
	ctc.	171115	1115	etc.	tion	rant	cic.	act. etc.	comm.	
	(01 05)	(10 14)	(15 – 37)		(45)	(50 – 55)	(60 64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc.	(01 00)
(1)	(01-03) (2)	(10-14) (3)	$\frac{(15-37)}{(4)}$	$\frac{(40-41)}{(5)}$	(6)	(50-55) (7)	(8)	(9)	$\frac{(75-99)}{(10)}$	$\frac{(01-99)}{(11)}$
Andhra Pradesh.	744	10	53	1	34	58	30	4	66	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	743	0	30	6	70	11	2	3	136	1000
Assam	637	3	30	1	23	102	33	3	169	1000
Bihar	789	6	53	1	28	53	19	3	48	1000
Goa	232	56	138	4	157	174	151	10	78	1000
Gujarat	714	4	101	3	33	55	39	4	46	1000
Haryana	592	6	93	13	88	74	47	9	79	1000
H. P.	510	0	71	21	183	64	45	8	98	1000
Jammu Kashmir	661	0	45	7	105	55	26	3	100	1000
Karnataka	785	9	52	1	21	57	24	6	45	1000
Kerala	413	21	96	3	130	163	93	21	59	1000
Madhya Pradesh	842	4	39	1	23	39	12	2	39	1000
Maharashtra	739	2	69	4	34	58	33	6	56	1000
Manipur	777	1	22	0	13	27	20	2	137	1000
Meghalaya	860	11	9	0	28	31	19	0	42	1000
Mizoram	835	5	5	0	14	19	2	1	118	1000
Nagaland	700		8	10	14	37	24	0	205	1000
Orissa	772	6	56	2	38	60	17	2	46	1000
Punjab	636		77	11	79	81	56	5	54	1000
Rajasthan	672	19	54	3	120	55	30	5	41	1000
Sikkim	566	8	27	37	49	69	38	11	195	1000
Tamil Nadu	621	7	138	3	58	72	43	8	50	1000
Tripura	451	0	37	0	85	130	26	1	270	1000
Uttar Pradesh	713	2	84	2	45	68	30	4	52	1000
West Bengal	663	4	110	1	27	103	43	4	45	1000
A & N Islands	603	0	41	6	135	54	50	1	109	1000
Chandigarh	679		93	0	84	59	16	18	51	1000
D & N Haveli	385		246	0	79	39	166	0	68	1000
Daman & Diu	216		509	0	10	103	58	9	94	1000
Delhi	62		266	5	104	308	88	5	163	1000
Lakshadweep	489		39	10	109	71	72	0	210	1000
Pondicherry	526		162	33	61	122	16	7	72	1000
All India	712	6	73	2	45	68	32	5	56	1000

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

rural persons

					ا اد د د دا		dieviai au		rural p	ersons
atata/ n t						ndustry o				all
state/ u.t.	_	mining & quar-	manu- fac-	elec-		trade, hotel &	trans-		pub. adm.,	an
	etc.	rying	turing	tricity water,		restau-	etc.		educn.,	
	cic.	1,1116	turing	etc.	tion	rant	ctc.	act. etc.	comm.	
				cic.		Tuit		act. etc.	serv., etc.	
	, ,	(10 – 14)	,	(40 – 41)		(50 – 55)		(65 – 74)	(75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	785	9	56	1	23	46		2	61	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	821	0	30	3	48	7	1	3	87	1000
Assam	653	3	34	1	20	90	29	3	167	1000
Bihar	800		61	1	24	46	15	3	46	1000
Goa	255	62	121	3	132	192	124	8	103	1000
Gujarat	779	5	75	2	30	42	26	3	38	1000
Haryana	599	5	90	12	86	73	44	8	83	1000
H. P.	661	0	51	14	118	44	29	5	78	1000
Jammu Kashmir	667	0	48	7	98	51	24	3	101	1000
Karnataka	820	8	54	0	15	45	15	4	39	1000
Kerala	423	19	135	2	107	135	70	20	89	1000
Madhya Pradesh	870	4	38	1	19	28	8	1	32	1000
Maharashtra	823	1	47	2	24	39	19	3	40	1000
Manipur	744	7	57	0	10	42	16	2	122	1000
Meghalaya	865	7	7	0	16	42	11	2	50	1000
Mizoram	841	3	10	0	10	33	2	1	100	1000
Nagaland	746		7	9	10	35	17	1	174	1000
Orissa	781	5	75	1	35	49	13	2	40	1000
Punjab	627	0	79	11	74	80	53	5	72	1000
Rajasthan	750	16	48	2	89	39	20	4	34	1000
Sikkim	603	8	25	28	38	63	27	8	199	1000
Tamil Nadu	674	5	140	2	41	57	27	6	48	1000
Tripura	455	0	39	0	79	119	23	1	284	1000
Uttar Pradesh	738	1	84	1	37	59	24	4	52	1000
West Bengal	647	3	145	1	23	91	35	4	52	1000
A & N Islands	640	3	32	9	116	48	40	3	110	1000
Chandigarh	660	0	100	0	81	63	16	17	62	1000
D & N Haveli	549	14	185	0	63	26		0	52	1000
Daman & Diu	318		438	0	8	95	46	7	88	1000
Delhi	66	0	263	4	101	307	85	6	167	1000
Lakshadweep	509		37	8	90	71	69	0	216	1000
Pondicherry	599		138	22	47	106		5	72	1000
All India	751	5	74	2	35	54	23	4	52	1000

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

urban male

									urban	maie
					broad i	ndustry (division			
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	rices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity		hotel &	_		pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01 - 05)	(10-14)	(15-37)	(40-41)	(45)	(50 – 55)	(60-64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 - 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	71	10	185	7	116	267	119	49	176	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	64	0	5	22	129	333	12	10	424	1000
Assam	49	6	76	7	62	338	94	66	301	1000
Bihar	87	45	179	13	52	311	81	36	195	1000
Goa	12	24	135	14	209	261	202	42	102	1000
Gujarat	72	6	267	6	84	292	98	40	134	1000
Haryana	60	21	221	6	69	391	79	28	124	1000
H. P.	40	0	95	41	118	246	59		343	1000
Jammu Kashmir	116		81	15	126	294	46		297	1000
Karnataka	81	3	218	7	116	296	97	51	132	1000
Kerala	70		181	7	145	314	118	47	114	1000
Madhya Pradesh	118	21	170	5	83	287	99	29	188	1000
Maharashtra	35		252	9	88	272	130	59	150	1000
Manipur	294		52	0	62	160	41	15	362	1000
Meghalaya	15	0	37	4	155	208	69	7	505	1000
Mizoram	238		43	0	119	142	43	25	372	1000
Nagaland	67	0	50	10	70	109	5		671	1000
Orissa	112		172	11	95	264	88	39	200	1000
Punjab	63		244	13	75	321	99		146	1000
Rajasthan	66	27	206	8	115	251	94	44	188	1000
Sikkim	22	18	69	23	51	406	65	19	326	1000
Tamil Nadu	65	4	266	9	84	285	110	50	129	1000
Tripura	27	0	37	2	43	260	52	30	550	1000
Uttar Pradesh	74	0	244	5	71	325	87	31	163	1000
West Bengal	32	9	253	14	72	278	132	47	162	1000
A & N Islands	150	0	129	23	93	232	200	16	157	1000
Chandigarh	17	0	192	14	78	318	48	66	268	1000
D & N Haveli	49		604	0	56	144			42	1000
Daman & Diu	130		109	0	46	410		9	143	1000
Delhi	8	0	245	3	62	318	76	54	234	1000
Lakshadweep	255		63	24	124	203	61	9	260	1000
Pondicherry	58	0	329	7	155	249	72	34	97	1000
All India	65	9	225	8	88	293	104	44	165	1000

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

urban female

					hroad i	ndustry (livision		urbar	1 Temale
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-		cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	rices	all
state, a.t.	•	& quar-	fac-	tricity		hotel &			pub. adm.,	un
	etc.	rying	turing	water,		restau-	etc.		educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
									serv., etc.	
(1)	$\frac{(01-05)}{(2)}$	(10-14) (3)	$\frac{(15-37)}{(4)}$	$\frac{(40-41)}{(5)}$	(45)	(50-55) (7)	$\frac{(60-64)}{(8)}$	(65 – 74) (9)	(75-99) (10)	$\frac{(01-99)}{(11)}$
Andhra Pradesh	151	2	217	(3)	123	203	16	21	266	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	199		0	0	26	343	0	5	427	1000
Assam	17	0	5	5	4	95	39	13	821	1000
Bihar	174		171	8	34	195	4	21	358	1000
Goa	53		112	24	110	263	35	99	261	1000
Gujarat	151	1	160	1	72	161	27	24	404	1000
Haryana	49		90	0	10	255	9	20	567	1000
Н. Р.	224		24	29	23	129	19	14	538	1000
Jammu Kashmir	0		61	0	216	77	7	11	628	1000
Karnataka	196	3	289	0	51	156	7	53	244	1000
Kerala	77	2	330	2	28	186	23	47	305	1000
Madhya Pradesh	301	8	221	1	65	155	15	5	229	1000
Maharashtra	152	1	148	1	42	193	27	54	383	1000
Manipur	131	0	180	0	4	338	29	8	310	1000
Meghalaya	8	0	41	0	1	250	5	15	680	1000
Mizoram	415	12	30	0	39	245	7	14	238	1000
Nagaland	31	0	43	0	13	115	0	32	765	1000
Orissa	191	8	225	0	137	120	25	1	294	1000
Punjab	38		185	12	14	141	36	22	551	1000
Rajasthan	237	20	256	0	82	80	12	9	305	1000
Sikkim	19	38	64	0	61	100	0	20	698	1000
Tamil Nadu	140	4	319	4	44	167	29	20	274	1000
Tripura	23	0	42	1	31	107	27	17	753	1000
Uttar Pradesh	122		310	0	16	115	13	10	414	1000
West Bengal	22	6	262	0	22	132	17	16	524	1000
A & N Islands	128	0	109	12	45	175	44	4	483	1000
Chandigarh	2	0	122	7	9	91	26	47	696	1000
D & N Haveli	297		117	0	0	188	0		398	1000
Daman & Diu	89		263	0	9	215	0		415	1000
Delhi	0	0	150	10	7	107	18	54	654	1000
Lakshadweep	114		0	0	38	407	24		417	1000
Pondicherry	46	0	336	0	87	223	0	10	298	1000
All India	146	4	232	2	55	164	20	28	350	1000

Table 6.7.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status by broad industry division for each state/ union territory

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

rural male

					broad i	ndustry	division		10	iai iliaic
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	vices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,	fin. inter.,	pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01-05)	(10 – 14)	(15-37)	(40 – 41)	(45)	(50 – 55)	(60-64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	744	9	53	1	34	58	30	4	67	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	756	0	28	5	67	10	2	3	129	1000
Assam	647	3	29	1	22	99	33	3	163	1000
Bihar	790	6	53	1	28	53	19	3	48	1000
Goa	242	55	136	4	154	171	150	10	77	1000
Gujarat	714	4	101	3	33	56	39	4	46	1000
Haryana	596	6	92	13	87	73	46	9	78	1000
H. P.	538	0	67	20	172	61	43	7	92	1000
Jammu Kashmir	669	0	44	7	102	54		2	97	1000
Karnataka	785	9	52	1	21	58	24	6	45	1000
Kerala	428	21	94	3	126	158	90	21	60	1000
Madhya Pradesh	842	4	39	1	22	39	12	2	39	1000
Maharashtra	738	2	70	4	34	57	32	6	57	1000
Manipur	780	1	22	0	13	27	20	3	134	1000
Meghalaya	860	11	9	0	28	32	19	0	42	1000
Mizoram	840	5	6	0	17	18	2	1	111	1000
Nagaland	705	3	8	10	13	36		0	201	1000
Orissa	770	6	56	2	39	61	18	3	47	1000
Punjab	637	0	77	11	78	81	56	5	54	1000
Rajasthan	673	19	54	3	119	56	30	5	41	1000
Sikkim	569	8	27	37	49	69	37	11	194	1000
Tamil Nadu	622	6	138	3	58	71	43	8	50	1000
Tripura	453	0	37	0	84	130	26	1	270	1000
Uttar Pradesh	718	2	83	2	44	67	29	4	51	1000
West Bengal	664	4	109	1	27	102	42	4	46	1000
A & N Islands	604	0	41	6	136	54	51	1	107	1000
Chandigarh	677	0	95	0	83	59	16	18	51	1000
D & N Haveli	385	17	246	0	79	39	166	0	68	1000
Daman & Diu	219	0	507	0		102		9	94	1000
Delhi	62	0	266	5	104	308	88	5	163	1000
Lakshadweep	482		39	10	108	70	82	0	210	1000
Pondicherry	525			33	61	121			72	1000
All India	714	6	73	2	45	68	32	5	56	1000

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

rural female

				bı	road in	ndustry	divisio	n	Turu	1 Temale
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-		cons-	trade,			rices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,	fin. inter.,	pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01-05)	(10-14)	(15-37)	(40-41)	(45)	(50-55)	(60-64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	843	7	60	0	8	30	1	0	51	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	951	0	27	0	11	1	0	2	8	1000
Assam	794	0	83	0	2	15	3	2	102	1000
Bihar	857	1	85	0	5	18	1	1	32	1000
Goa	421	68	49	0	37	246	21	0	157	1000
Gujarat	920	4	22	0	18	16	1	0	18	1000
Haryana	921	0	20	0	8	26	0	0	25	1000
H. P.	951	0	11	1	4	6	1	1	25	1000
Jammu Kashmir	935	0	39	0	2	4	2	1	18	1000
Karnataka	878	5	57	0	5	25	0	0	29	1000
Kerala	598	8	193	0	27	37	2	11	125	1000
Madhya Pradesh	916	3	42	0	12	10	0	0	19	1000
Maharashtra	939	1	22	0	9	13	0	0	16	1000
Manipur	696		186	0	0	58	0	0	42	1000
Meghalaya	873	1	4	0	1	56	0	3	61	1000
Mizoram	875	0	14	0	4	45	1	0	61	1000
Nagaland	919	0	3	3	0	18	0	1	56	1000
Orissa	804	2	129	0	18	19	0	0	28	1000
Punjab	906		23	2	1	11	0	0	57	1000
Rajasthan	919	8	28	0	24	6	0	0	14	1000
Sikkim	701	9	20	8	12	48	0	2	202	1000
Tamil Nadu	759	3	142	0	16	34	2	2	42	1000
Tripura	491	0	64	0	45	25	0	0	375	1000
Uttar Pradesh	875	0	64	0	5	19	0	0	36	1000
West Bengal	541	0	361	0	4	28	0	1	66	1000
A & N Islands	799	14	2	15	41	21	0	7	100	1000
Chandigarh	313	0	243	0	0	118	0	0	325	1000
D & N Haveli	838		77	0	33	3	15	0	24	1000
Daman & Diu	704		175	0	0	58	3	0	59	1000
Delhi	392	0	126	0	0	217	0	37	228	1000
Lakshadweep	722	0	18	0	0	48	38	0	174	1000
Pondicherry	745		88	0	18	74		6	69	1000
All India	854	3	76	0	11	20	1	1	36	1000

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

rural persons

				bı	road in	ndustry	divisio	n	Turar	persons
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	rices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,	fin. inter.,	pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01-05)	(10 – 14)	(15-37)	(40 – 41)	(45)	(50-55)	(60-64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	788	8	56	1	22	46	17	2	60	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	834	0	28	3	44	6	1	2	81	1000
Assam	677	3	40	1	18	81	27	3	151	1000
Bihar	806	5	61	1	22	45	14	2	44	1000
Goa	287	58	114	3	125	190	117	8	98	1000
Gujarat	798	4	69	2	27	39	24	2	35	1000
Haryana	685	4	73	9	65	60	33	6	64	1000
H. P.	736	0	40	11	92	34	23	4	60	1000
Jammu Kashmir	763	0	42	4	66	36	17	2	69	1000
Karnataka	821	8	54	0	15	45	15	4	38	1000
Kerala	483	17	126	2	94	119	62	18	81	1000
Madhya Pradesh	871	4	40	1	18	27	7	1	31	1000
Maharashtra	826	1	49	2	23	38	18	3	39	1000
Manipur	753	6	74	0	9	37	14	2	105	1000
Meghalaya	865	7	7	0	16	42	11	2	50	1000
Mizoram	855	3	10	0	11	30	1	1	90	1000
Nagaland	797	1	6	7	8	28	13	1	139	1000
Orissa	782	4	82	1	32	46	11	2	40	1000
Punjab	726	0	59	8	53	58	38	3	55	1000
Rajasthan	777	14	43	2	79	35	17	3	30	1000
Sikkim	608	8	25	28	38	63	26	8	196	1000
Tamil Nadu	679	5	139	2	40	56	26	6	47	1000
Tripura	457	0	40	0	80	118	23	1	281	1000
Uttar Pradesh	762	1	78	1	33	54	21	3	46	1000
West Bengal	636	3	166	1	22	85	33	4	50	1000
A & N Islands	650	3	32	8	114	46	39	3	106	1000
Chandigarh	661	0	102	0	80	62	16	17	63	1000
D & N Haveli	552		184	0	62	26	110	0	52	1000
Daman & Diu	342	0	423	0	8	91	44	7	85	1000
Delhi	75	0	260	4	100	304	84	6	166	1000
Lakshadweep	536	0	34	7	84	65	72	0	202	1000
Pondicherry	599		138	22	47	106		7	71	1000
All India	763	5	74	2	33	51	21	3	49	1000

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

urban male

				bı	road ii	ndustry	divisio	n		an maie
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	vices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,		pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.		educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01 - 05)	(10 - 14)	(15-37)	(40 – 41)	(45)	(50-55)	(60-64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 - 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	71	10	185	7	116	268	118	49	176	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	64	0	5	22	129	333	12	10	424	1000
Assam	59	6	75	6	61	339	92	64	297	1000
Bihar	91	45	177	13	52	311	81	36	195	1000
Goa	12	24	134	14	208	261	205	42	101	1000
Gujarat	73	6	266	6	84	293	98	40	134	1000
Haryana	60	21	221	6	69	392	79	28	123	1000
Н. Р.	42	0	95	41	117	246	59	57	343	1000
Jammu Kashmir	121	0	80	14	125	294	46	26	294	1000
Karnataka	82	3	217	7	115	296	97	52	132	1000
Kerala	74	4	174	6	141	327	115	46	112	1000
Madhya Pradesh	119	21	168	5	83	288	99	29	188	1000
Maharashtra	35	4	251	9	88	273	130	60	149	1000
Manipur	293	13	55	0	60	164	44	15	356	1000
Meghalaya	15	0	37	4	155	208	69	7	505	1000
Mizoram	238	17	43	0	126	145	43	24	364	1000
Nagaland	71	0	50	10	70	108	5	19	668	1000
Orissa	111	18	173	11	95	264	87	39	201	1000
Punjab	65	0	242	13	74	327	97	38	145	1000
Rajasthan	66	27	206	8	115	251	94	45	189	1000
Sikkim	22	18	68	23	51	411	65	19	323	1000
Tamil Nadu	66	4	266	9	85	284	109	50	128	1000
Tripura	27	0	37	2	43	263	52	29	548	1000
Uttar Pradesh	76	0	243	5	70	326	86	32	163	1000
West Bengal	32	9	252	14	72	278	131	47	165	1000
A & N Islands	149	0	128	23	93	235	199	16	158	1000
Chandigarh	17	0	188	15	78	323	47	66	266	1000
D & N Haveli	49	0	604	0	56	144	79	26	42	1000
Daman & Diu	129	3	108	0	46	415	149	9	142	1000
Delhi	8	0	248	3	62	317	76	53	233	1000
Lakshadweep	261	0	64	23	119	213	63	9	248	1000
Pondicherry	58		328	7	154	248	72	37	96	1000
All India	66	9	224	8	87	294	104	45	165	1000

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

urban female

-				bı	oad ii	ndustry	divisio	n	urour	1 Iemaie
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-		vices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,	fin. inter.,	pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
	(01 - 05)	(10-14)	(15-37)	(40 – 41)	(45)	(50-55)	(60 – 64)	(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	168	1	222	1	111	214	15	21	246	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	199	0	0	0	26	343	0	5	427	1000
Assam	62	0	59	5	3	92	34	11	733	1000
Bihar	227	30	188	7	34	180	3	21	310	1000
Goa	49	41	156	22	101	243	32	91	266	1000
Gujarat	186	1	162	1	63	169	25	24	370	1000
Haryana	276	0	122	0	6	218	5	12	361	1000
H. P.	391	0	18	21	17	109	14	10	419	1000
Jammu Kashmir	226	6	106	0	144	86	4	7	420	1000
Karnataka	190	3	307	0	49	162	6	51	231	1000
Kerala	146	2	272	2	21	251	18	37	251	1000
Madhya Pradesh	298	7	235	1	62	160	13	4	219	1000
Maharashtra	154	1	156	1	37	203	24	54	369	1000
Manipur	263	0	215	0	3	274	19	6	219	1000
Meghalaya	8	0	41	0	1	252	4	15	679	1000
Mizoram	417	11	29	0	39	259	7	13	226	1000
Nagaland	113	0	90	0	10	138	0	26	623	1000
Orissa	198	6	275	0	122	123	19	1	256	1000
Punjab	201	0	134	7	14	251	21	13	358	1000
Rajasthan	379	14	228	0	72	71	11	8	215	1000
Sikkim	19	38	64	0	61	100	0	20	698	1000
Tamil Nadu	152	3	326	3	41	166	29	19	259	1000
Tripura	28	0	40	1	30	123	26	16	736	1000
Uttar Pradesh	171	0	328	0	13	107	11	7	362	1000
West Bengal	23	5	286	0	19	132	15	15	505	1000
A & N Islands	168	0	102	10	37	173	36	3	471	1000
Chandigarh	13	0	130	6	7	101	37	52	653	1000
D & N Haveli	297	0	117	0	0	188	0	0	398	1000
Daman & Diu	87	0	275	0	9	217	0	8	404	1000
Delhi	68	0	218	8	9	97	14	43	543	1000
Lakshadweep	205	0	0	0	22	520	14	0	240	1000
Pondicherry	43	0	343	0	82	222	0	10	300	1000
All India	177	4	240	2	48	169	18	25	317	1000

Table 6.7.2: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status and subsidiary status taken together by broad industry division for each state/union territory

urban persons

				bı	road ii	ndustry	divisio	n	uroan	persons
state/ u.t.	agri-	mining	manu-	elec-	cons-	trade,	trans-	serv	rices	all
	culture	& quar-	fac-	tricity	truc-	hotel &	port,	fin. inter.,	pub. adm.,	
	etc.	rying	turing	water,	tion	restau-	etc.	business	educn.,	
				etc.		rant		act. etc.	comm.	
		(10 – 14)	(15-37)	(40 – 41)	(45)			(65 – 74)	serv., etc. (75 – 99)	(01 – 99)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh.	95	8	194	5	115	255	92	42	193	1000
Arunchal Pradesh	87	0	4	18	112	335	10	9	425	1000
Assam	60	5	72	6	52	300	83	56	366	1000
Bihar	109	43	179	12	50	294	70	34	210	1000
Goa	18	27	138	16	190	258	176	50	128	1000
Gujarat	94	5	246	5	80	270	84	37	178	1000
Haryana	91	18	207	5	60	366	69	26	158	1000
H. P.	110	0	80	37	98	219	50	48	358	1000
Jammu Kashmir	132	1	83	13	127	272	41	24	308	1000
Karnataka	108	3	238	5	99	264	75	52	155	1000
Kerala	95	3	202	5	107	305	87	44	152	1000
Madhya Pradesh	154	18	182	4	79	263	82	24	194	1000
Maharashtra	57	3	234	7	79	260	111	59	191	1000
Manipur	283	9	105	0	42	199	36	12	312	1000
Meghalaya	13	0	38	3	105	222	48	9	562	1000
Mizoram	303	15	38	0	94	187	29	20	314	1000
Nagaland	84	0	62	7	52	117	3	21	654	1000
Orissa	130	15	195	9	101	234	72	31	213	1000
Punjab	87	0	225	12	64	314	85	34	180	1000
Rajasthan	129	24	210	6	107	215	78	37	194	1000
Sikkim	21	23	67	18	53	336	49	19	414	1000
Tamil Nadu	89	4	282	7	73	253	88	41	163	1000
Tripura	27	0	37	2	41	246	49	28	570	1000
Uttar Pradesh	90	0	255	4	62	295	75	28	192	1000
West Bengal	30	8	257	12	64	254	112	42	220	1000
A & N Islands	153	0	122	19	79	220	160	13	233	1000
Chandigarh	16	0	177	13	65	282	45	64	337	1000
D & N Haveli	81	0	541	0	49	150	69	22	88	1000
Daman & Diu	119	2	148	0	37	368	114	8	204	1000
Delhi	17	0	244	3	54	285	67	52	279	1000
Lakshadweep	245	0	46	16	91	300	49	6	246	1000
Pondicherry	54		332	5	136	241	54	30	148	1000
All India	88	8	227	7	80	269	87	41	195	1000

Table 6.9.1: Number of persons employed per 1000 persons according to current weekly and current daily status for each state and u.t.

rural

	number of v	vorkers				
state/u.t	mal	e	femal	e	persor	ns
	current	current	current	current	current	current
	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	578	535	412	355	495	445
Arunachal Pradesh	417	375	295	241	359	311
Assam	514	479	128	92	331	295
Bihar	482	450	152	117	322	290
Goa	508	490	142	127	324	308
Gujarat	571	531	355	281	464	407
Haryana	462	448	177	108	328	288
H. P.	510	498	424	313	466	404
Jammu & Kashmir	523	510	224	106	380	317
Karnataka	581	542	341	292	461	417
Kerala	504	426	182	139	335	275
Madhya Pradesh	512	494	307	272	413	387
Maharashtra	514	480	377	322	447	403
Manipur	483	454	213	180	355	324
Meghalaya	556	510	420	371	487	439
Mizoram	548	505	423	359	487	433
Nagaland	519	509	435	317	480	419
Orissa	527	490	233	186	379	336
Punjab	523	510	272	155	402	339
Rajasthan	486	480	327	282	409	384
Sikkim	498	482	228	185	372	344
Tamil Nadu	566	493	381	304	474	399
Tripura	502	491	73	67	302	294
Uttar Pradesh	463	444	164	126	317	290
West Bengal	495	446	126	86	313	268
A & N Islands	543	536	164	147	361	349
Chandigarh	794	774	130	100	643	621
D & N Haveli	580	558	268	236	427	400
Daman & Diu	639	627	229	197	464	443
Delhi	521	513	33	23	311	303
Lakshadweep	495	478	80	75	265	255
Pondicherry	514	432	226	163	371	299
All India	510	478	253	204	384	344

Table 6.9.1: Number of persons employed according to current weekly and current daily status per 1000 persons for each state and u.t.

urban

	number of wo	rkers				urban	
-	male		female	e	persons		
state/u.t.	current	current	current	current	current	current	
	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Andhra Pradesh	502	480	161	144	335	144	
Arunachal Pradesh	348	341	75	75	227	75	
Assam	519	480	111	100	330	100	
Bihar	428	418	69	61	260	61	
Goa	467	445	96	89	288	89	
Gujarat	529	504	125	106	336	106	
Haryana	502	487	100	74	313	74	
H. P.	497	494	117	101	314	101	
Jammu & Kashmir	467	461	51	43	270	43	
Karnataka	536	517	172	156	358	156	
Kerala	513	456	169	140	333	140	
Madhya Pradesh	473	455	121	109	305	109	
Maharashtra	526	509	129	116	338	116	
Manipur	439	419	197	161	320	161	
Meghalaya	393	386	197	193	297	193	
Mizoram	484	443	270	227	375	227	
Nagaland	391	389	196	170	302	170	
Orissa	457	443	116	102	293	102	
Punjab	537	529	106	85	338	85	
Rajasthan	477	471	108	94	304	94	
Sikkim	522	514	197	189	375	189	
Tamil Nadu	552	518	201	178	381	178	
Tripura	488	482	76	74	292	74	
Uttar Pradesh	479	467	84	70	294	70	
West Bengal	560	541	113	97	344	97	
A & N Islands	629	620	186	161	411	161	
Chandigarh	544	540	125	117	344	117	
D & N Haveli	649	634	99	95	394	95	
Daman & Diu	548	528	182	163	373	163	
Delhi	548	532	113	96	346	96	
Lakshadweep	403	384	118	108	263	108	
Pondicherry	533	489	158	142	336	142	
All India	509	490	128	111	327	111	

Table 6.10: Average daily wages (Rs. 0.00) for rural casual workers of age 5 years and above *engaged in public works* and the corresponding sample reporting persons for each state and u.t.

state/u.t.	male		female		person	
	wage	sample	wage	sample	wage	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh.	45.47	63	34.26	24	41.71	88
Arunachal Pradesh	79.23	78	121.43	4	80.66	82
Assam	67.97	104	27.14	28	59.81	132
Bihar	40.25	176	36.15	25	39.85	201
Goa	-	0	-	0	-	0
Gujarat	40.24	232	39.77	160	40.06	393
Haryana	43.30	24	28.57	7	40.71	31
Himachal Pradesh	75.70	238	51.00	7	75.15	246
Jammu & Kashmir	83.79	308	23.75	9	82.81	317
Karnataka	45.29	42	46.62	8	45.45	50
Kerala	100.00	3	61.00	12	71.30	16
Madhya Pradesh	41.67	174	35.16	45	40.41	220
Maharashtra	49.38	120	26.85	38	44.10	158
Manipur	60.15	72	24.74	60	42.31	132
Meghalaya	63.31	14	53.31	17	57.80	31
Mizoram	85.55	42	71.43	14	77.14	56
Nagaland	84.39	28	109.41	10	87.67	37
Orissa	33.87	248	28.76	77	32.75	325
Punjab	57.14	7	18.71	7	19.98	14
Rajasthan	36.22	100	50.28	139	43.93	239
Sikkim	83.29	7	0.00	0	83.29	7
Tamil Nadu	77.62	66	45.05	15	71.78	82
Tripura	86.59	52	123.88	16	95.64	68
Uttar Pradesh	49.85	172	25.88	17	47.42	190
West Bengal	37.34	93	34.12	54	35.96	148
A & N Islands	_	0	_	0	_	0
Chandigarh	-	0	-	0	-	0
D & N Haveli	95.71	42	40.00	3	91.84	45
Daman & Diu	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
Delhi	71.43	7	-	0	71.43	7
Lakshadweep	-	0	-	0	-	0
Pondicherry	115.48	32	0.00	0	115.48	32
All India	48.14	2546	38.06	796	45.55	3342

Table 6.11: Average daily wages (Rs. 0.00) for casual workers of age 5 years and above *engaged in other than public works* for each state and u.t.

state/u.t.		rural			urban	
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh.	40.67	26.48	34.14	56.75	39.42	51.60
Arunachal Pradesh	67.09	42.73	57.64	136.65	250.00	159.07
Assam	48.82	35.55	46.63	70.95	51.59	65.58
Bihar	36.53	31.57	35.38	50.26	31.40	46.91
Goa	83.20	46.99	77.26	89.03	48.32	83.25
Gujarat	43.91	34.43	40.73	67.13	40.12	61.55
Haryana	62.65	51.01	60.78	68.47	47.74	64.62
Himachal Pradesh	67.06	50.36	66.23	70.99	50.30	69.18
Jammu & Kashmir	77.04	66.07	76.89	97.65	71.48	93.83
Karnataka	42.51	27.14	36.23	61.01	39.35	55.16
Kerala	100.78	56.65	90.59	102.35	47.19	93.13
Madhya Pradesh	30.15	24.91	28.11	43.87	29.59	39.83
Maharashtra	41.32	25.28	34.01	61.70	29.18	54.09
Manipur	59.46	47.40	56.88	71.22	40.90	65.86
Meghalaya	57.37	43.06	51.29	75.67	61.12	72.06
Mizoram	97.77	66.24	92.33	86.67	64.22	79.23
Nagaland	71.93	46.67	68.23	81.47	-	81.47
Orissa	31.14	23.34	28.61	39.02	27.09	35.62
Punjab	65.86	49.48	64.50	82.40	53.09	80.40
Rajasthan	55.19	37.02	51.72	67.07	45.35	63.78
Sikkim	50.71	40.60	49.20	57.82	43.49	54.27
Tamil Nadu	60.20	30.78	48.14	72.27	46.99	66.34
Tripura	49.14	38.66	47.83	60.78	46.21	59.12
Uttar Pradesh	43.50	30.08	40.58	51.13	37.41	50.00
West Bengal	44.60	35.59	43.17	55.27	29.11	51.15
A & N Islands	76.40	112.68	78.65	70.64	43.60	65.38
Chandigarh	64.78	37.18	61.20	72.18	35.99	67.63
D & N Haveli	66.11	35.11	60.33	56.63	27.31	49.48
Daman & Diu	60.61	53.21	57.26	57.55	57.10	57.38
Delhi	80.99	-	80.99	82.15	54.56	79.73
Lakshadweep	114.94	-	114.94	125.24	60.25	122.46
Pondicherry	55.00	31.97	49.44	76.34	38.19	66.31
All India	44.84	29.01	39.64	62.26	37.71	56.96

Chapter 7

Unemployed

7.0 General

- 7.0.1 As in the case of employed, for unemployed also, three kinds of estimates are obtained following the three different approaches. These are:
 - i) number of persons usually unemployed based on 'usual status' approach,
 - ii) number of persons unemployed on an average in a week based on the 'weekly status' approach and
- iii) number of person-days unemployed on an average during the reference period of seven days preceding the date of survey based on the 'daily status' approach.
- 7.0.2 Of these three, the first estimate indicates the magnitude of the persons unemployed for a relatively longer period during a reference period of 365 days and approximates to an indicator of the chronically unemployed. However, some of the unemployed on the basis of this criterion might be working in a subsidiary capacity. One can, therefore, get another estimate of the unemployed excluding those employed in a subsidiary capacity during the reference period. The former is called the usually unemployed according to the principal status (ps) and the latter, the usually unemployed excluding the subsidiary status workers or us (adjusted), which would conceptually be lower than the former.
- 7.0.3 The second estimate is based on the weekly status and gives the average weekly picture during the survey year. It includes both chronic unemployment and also the intermittent unemployment of those categorised as usually employed caused by seasonal fluctuations in the labour market.
- 7.0.4 The third estimate based on the daily status concept gives average level of unemployment on a day during the survey year. It captures three aspects of *unemployment*, viz.:
 - (a) the unemployed days of the chronically unemployed,
 - (b) the unemployed days of the usually employed who become intermittently unemployed during the reference week and
 - (c) the unemployed days of those classified as employed according to the priority criterion of current weekly status.

Hence, this estimate may be considered as the most inclusive rate of *unemployment*.

7.1 Unemployment rates

7.1.1 *Unemployment rate* is defined as the number of persons unemployed per thousand persons in the *labour force* (which includes both the employed and the unemployed). This, in effect, gives the unutilised portion of the labour force. Thus, it is a more refined indicator of the unemployment situation in a population than the *proportion unemployed*, which is merely the number of the unemployed per thousand persons in the population as a whole. For discussions on the subject of unemployment, the *unemployment*

rates are taken up first in this sub-section. *Proportion unemployed* for different states/ uts. are presented in a later sub-section.

- 7.1.2 Unemployment rates during 1999-2000: Table 7.1 presents the unemployment rates (UR) as obtained from the present survey according to the three approaches. The corresponding values of proportion unemployed (PU) in the population are given in parentheses. Some of the important points emerging from this table are:
 - (i) the overall unemployment rates are not high,
 - (ii) the urban rates are higher than the rural rates,
 - (iii) the unemployed person-day rates are higher than the rates obtained for persons, thereby indicating a high degree of intermittent unemployment. This is mainly due to the absence of regular employment for many workers,
 - (iv) the *usually unemployed*, measured through the usual status or the even more restrictive *us* (*adjusted*), as a proportion of the total population, is very small.

Table 7.1: Unemployment rates according to usual status, current weekly status (cws) and current daily status (cds) during 1999 - 2000

all-India

status	unemployment rate					
_		rural			urban	
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
usual – ps	21	15	19	48	71	52
	(11)	(4)	(7)	(26)	(9)	(18)
us (adjusted)	17	10	15	45	57	47
	(9)	(3)	(6)	(24)	(8)	(17)
cws	39	37	38	56	73	59
	(21)	(10)	(15)	(30)	(10)	(21)
cds	72	70	71	73	94	77
N	(37)	(15)	(26)	(38)	(12)	(26)

Note: figures within bracket indicate the proportion of unemployment per 1000 persons.

7.1.3 Unemployment rates over NSSO survey years: Table 7.2 gives the unemployment rates according to the six quinquennial surveys of NSSO. It may be recalled that for the 27th round survey only the usual status (adjusted) figures are available. The table shows that compared to 1993-94, during 1999-2000, the unemployment rate in terms of the usual principal status or us (adj.), remained almost the same in rural or urban areas for males and females except for a fall of one percentage point in us (adj.) for urban females. No significant change in these rates in terms of cws is noticeable between the earlier rounds and the present one. In terms of cds, the rate is higher in 1999-2000 by about one percentage point in rural areas than that obtained in 1993-94, both for males and females. However, for urban females, the rate was lower by one percentage point. However, over the years - from 1983 to 1999-2000 - there is no definite pattern for these rates.

Table 7.2: Unemployment rates during 1972-73 to 1999-2000 in different NSS rounds

all-India

							uni	iiaia
round			une	mplo ym	ent rate			
(year)		male	;			fer	nale	
-	us	us	cws	cds	us	us	cws	cds
		(adj.)				(adj.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
				rural				
55 (1999-2000)	21	17	39	72	15	10	37	70
50 (1993-94)	20	14	31	56	13	9	29	56
43 (1987-88)	28	18	42	46	35	24	44	67
38 (1983)	21	14	37	75	14	7	43	90
32 (1977-78)	22	13	36	71	55	20	41	92
27 (1972-73)	-	12	30	68	-	5	55	112
				urbar	1			
55 (1999-2000)	48	45	56	73	71	57	73	94
50 (1993-94)	54	41	52	67	83	61	79	104
43 (1987-88)	61	52	66	88	85	62	92	120
38 (1983)	59	51	67	92	69	49	75	110
32 (1977-78)	65	54	71	94	178	124	109	145
27 (1972-73)	=	48	60	80	-	60	92	137

- 7.1.4 *State level variations*: The next three tables, viz. tables 7.3.1 to 7.3.3, present the unemployment rates (UR) for various states and union territories following the three different approaches stated earlier. While table 7.3.1 presents UR based on us both for us and us adjusted tables 7.3.2 and 7.3.3 are based on estimates obtained following cws and cds approaches respectively. All these tables present estimates based on data of the present survey.
- 7.1.4.1 *URs based on us*: To study the pattern of unemployment in the states and union territories, one can first consider the usual status unemployed. They consist of persons who have reported unemployment for a relatively longer time during the reference period of one year. However, it is possible that some of them had some marginal employment for some short period of time. From the figures presented in table 7.3.1 it is seen that during 1999-2000, in general, the rates are much higher in urban areas than in rural areas. States reporting high rates for males reported high rates for females too.
- 7.1.4.2 *Rural males:* Among the major states, Kerala reported the highest rate (76), followed by Assam (47), West Bengal (34) and Orissa (31). *In the smaller states and union territories where the results are based on a comparatively smaller sample size the rates show wide variations.*
- 7.1.4.3 *Rural females:* For many major states, the rates are much lower compared to rural males, the exceptions being Kerala, Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab and West Bengal. Among the major states, only Kerala and Assam reported rates exceeding 100 at 197 and 119 respectively. Jammu & Kashmir (71) and Punjab (62) also reported high rates as compared to the other major states.

- 7.1.4.4 *Urban males:* During 1999-2000, the usually unemployed constituted about 5 per cent of the urban male labour force. Among the major states, during 1999-2000, Assam, West Bengal, Bihar and Orissa reported more than 7 per cent of their urban male labour force unemployed for a major part of the year. Kerala also reported a high rate.
- 7.1.4.5 *Urban females:* Among the major states, the states of Kerala, Assam, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and West Bengal reported rates of more than 100.
- 7.1.4.6 To measure chronic unemployment, the usually unemployed excluding those employed in a subsidiary status (i.e. the usual status adjusted) may be considered. Rates computed after making such adjustment would, in general, be expected to be smaller in magnitude than the corresponding rates according to the usual status. However, the regional pattern as seen from table 7.3.1 is broadly similar to that of unadjusted usual status unemployment.
- 7.1.4.7 The unemployment rates obtained using the current weekly status would, in general, be less than those obtained using the current daily status (see Table 7.3.3). These weekly status rates have been presented in table 7.3.2.
- 7.1.4.8 The daily status concept incorporates the changes in the activity statuses of persons by taking into account the half-days data during the seven days of the reference week. The estimates based on the daily status, therefore, measure the extent of unemployment in terms of person-days rather than unemployed persons. To an extent the unemployed days of persons who are usually employed are also taken into account in this case. In a situation where large scale seasonal unemployment exists, the cds measure gives a better picture of the unemployment situation than the one relating to unemployed persons. The daily status estimates obtained from the present survey are presented in table 7.3.3. It is seen from the table that among the major states, Kerala reported the highest rate (125) followed by West Bengal (107) in the rural sector. Among the major states, the estimates for urban males were the highest in Kerala (97), followed by Assam (84), West Bengal and Orissa (82 each). For urban females, they were high in Kerala (235), Assam (197), West Bengal (115) and Jammu & Kashmir (114).

7.2 Unemployment rates of the educated

- 7.2.1 Unemployment rates among certain specified categories like the educated, the youth etc. could be higher than the overall rates observed in the previous sub-section. As such, some of these rates, as obtained from the present survey, are looked into in some detail in this section for the *educated*, and, in the next section, for the *youth*.
- 7.2.2 As mentioned earlier, the *educated* are those persons who have attained an educational level of *secondary and above*. Normally, one can attain this educational level at the age of 15 years or above. Thus, the study among the *educated* is restricted to persons of age 15 years and above. In Table 7.4, the unemployment rates based on various approaches are given for different educational attainments and sex at the all-India level for the present and for the last quinquennial surveys.

Table 7.4: Unemployment rate for the persons of age 15 years and above with different educational attainments

all-India

			GAN	eral educatio	nal laval		an-maia
different	not	literate&	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	secondary
approaches	literate	upto	mudic	secondar y	secondary	& above	& above
approaches	merate	primary			secondary	& above	& above
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(+)	rural males		(1)	(6)
usual	4	11	28	52	73	106	68
0,50,00	(3)	(8)	(30)	(67)	(98)	(132)	(88)
usual (adj.)	3	9	23	43	61	82	56
(j .)	(2)	(4)	(22)	(50)	(73)	(98)	(65)
cws	30	30	43	65	74	95	73
	(18)	(19)	(38)	(65)	(90)	(122)	(83)
	` '	` '		rural female	es	` /	` ,
usual	2	9	47	147	227	331	204
	(2)	(10)	(53)	(199)	(291)	(346)	(249)
usual (adj.)	1	6	32	98	143	298	146
	(2)	(5)	(30)	(113)	(199)	(274)	(160)
cws	27	26	55	121	177	318	169
	(22)	(26)	(53)	(145)	(243)	(320)	(198)
				urban male	es		
usual	14	30	56	55	83	66	66
	(11)	(25)	(57)	(63)	(85)	(64)	(69)
usual (adj.)	13	28	52	51	77	63	62
	(9)	(23)	(54)	(56)	(75)	(56)	(60)
cws	31	41	64	61	86	67	69
	(22)	(35)	(64)	(66)	(91)	(63)	(70)
				urban fema			
usual	6	25	111	144	189	163	163
	(4)	(45)	(157)	(200)	(222)	(206)	(206)
usual (adj.)	5	19	79	120	167	147	143
	(3)	(29)	(109)	(157)	(192)	(189)	(182)
cws	20	36	102	135	185	161	158
	(22)	(48)	(143)	(176)	(216)	(202)	(196)

Note: Figures in parentheses give the corresponding rates for NSS 50th Round.

^{7.2.3} The table reveals the following interesting observations for the period 1999-2000:

⁽i) In both rural and urban areas, unemployment rate among the *educated* was higher than that among those whose education level was lower than *secondary*.

⁽ii) In both rural and urban areas, among the *educated*, the rate was much higher for females than for males. Among the *graduates and above*, this disparity is even more prominent.

- 7.2.4 Comparison with rates of 1993-94: It is seen from Table 7.4 that between 1993-94 and 1999-2000 among the *educated*, these rates have declined. The decline is more for the females than for the males. For urban males, the rates remained almost stable.
- 7.2.5 State level rates for the educated: The unemployment rates among the educated for different states and union territories are given in tables 7.4.1 to 7.4.3. Table 7.4.1 is based on us, table 7.4.2 on us (adjusted) and table 7.4.3 on cws. It may be noted that the estimates given for the smaller states and union territories may not be reliable enough due to small sample size.
- 7.2.6 No consistent pattern emerges from the tables in the rural or urban areas of the states. The unemployment rates among the *educated* in the different major states are found to follow broadly the all-India pattern. Barring a few major states the rates are much higher for the females.
- 7.2.6.1 *URs based on u.s*: It is seen from Table 7.4.1 that in rural areas among the major states, the rate was the highest (253) in Kerala. In other words, according to the usual principal status, about 25 per cent of the educated labour force in rural Kerala remained unemployed. Kerala was followed by Assam (234). In urban areas too, these two states maintained their relative positions the rates being 419 for Kerala and 316 for Assam. The unemployment rates for educated females were also very high in these two states. In general, states reporting high unemployment rates for the educated also reported high unemployment rates for the educated females.
- 7.2.6.2 It is seen from tables 7.4.2 and 7.4.3 that, broadly speaking, the pattern observed for URs based on u.s. also holds true when URs are based on u.s. (adjusted) or on cws.

7.3 Unemployment rates of the youth

- 7.3.1 In India, persons aged 15-29 years, who were considered as the *youth*, accounted for 25 to 29 per cent of the total population. (refer Table 3 of Appendix A). A substantial chunk of them attain some level of education and enter into the labour market while they are in the age of 15-29 years. In a labour surplus economy like that of India, many of them remain unemployed and continue to search for or be available for employment. Some may be *chronically unemployed* remaining unemployed for a longer period of the year. Some others, though usually employed, become intermittently unemployed during some weeks or days of the year due to seasonal fluctuations in the labour market. Table 7.5 gives the unemployment rates (per 1000) among the *youth* for each sex at the all-India level.
- 7.3.2 It is seen that the unemployment rate was much higher among the youth as compared to that in the overall population (given in table 7.1). Secondly, the rate was higher for the urban youth than that for the rural youth. Further, compared to the female youth, the unemployment rate for the male youth was higher in rural India but lower in urban India.
- 7.3.3 Change between 1993-94 to 1999-2000: Following any approach, between the period 1993-94 and 1999-2000, the unemployment rates among the *youth* have increased for males in rural or urban areas as well as for females in rural areas.

Table 7.5: Unemployment rate (per 1000) among the youth (15 –29 years)

all-India

age-groups			u	nemplo yr	nent rate			
(year)		ma	le			fem	ale	
	us	us	cws	cds	us	us	cws	cds
		(adj.)				(adj.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
				rur	al			
15-19	65	55	91	131	31	32	91	128
	(47)	(33)	(56)	(90)	(33)	(19)	(51)	(83)
20-24	62	52	79	117	49	35	82	121
	(67)	(49)	(72)	(103)	(45)	(28)	(59)	(82)
25-29	32	26	56	92	24	16	40	77
	(32)	(23)	(44)	(77)	(19)	(9)	(35)	(65)
15-29	51	43	73	111	37	27	68	106
	(48)	(35)	(58)	(90)	(32)	(19)	(48)	(76)
				urba	an			
15-19	154	142	162	190	155	132	153	180
	(134)	(119)	(134)	(162)	(168)	(128)	(157)	(186)
20-24	139	128	146	171	226	194	231	259
	(139)	(126)	(146)	(170)	(277)	(217)	(258)	(285)
25-29	75	72	85	103	115	93	111	131
	(67)	(57)	(73)	(93)	(129)	(97)	(129)	(155)
15-29	115	108	124	147	166	139	166	191
	(108)	(96)	(114)	(137)	(194)	(150)	(185)	(212)

Note: The figures in parentheses give the corresponding rates for NSS 50th round (1993-94)

7.3.4 Unemployment rates of youth in states: The corresponding rates for different states and union territories are given in tables 7.5.1 to 7.5.4. It may be noted that the rates given for smaller states and union territories may not be reliable due to small sample size for the unemployed in those states and union territories. In most of the major states, the all-India features noted earlier are generally observed. Among the major states, the youth unemployment rate was highest in Kerala by any of the three approaches. Further, among all the major states, the female youth unemployment rate was also highest in Kerala – regardless of the approach used to measure it.

7.4 Unemployed on all seven days of the reference week

7.4.1 This section deals with persons aged 15-59 years who were unemployed on all 7 days of the reference week. In the following paragraphs, different features of such persons, henceforth referred to as 'unemployed' in brief, are discussed.

7.4.2 Unemployed who were ever employed

7.4.2.1 For the purpose of survey, among those who were unemployed on all the seven days of the reference week but had more or less regular work at least for some time in the past were considered as

ever employed. The information on whether an unemployed was ever employed or not was collected to differentiate the ever employed from the first-time work seekers. The proportion of unemployed who were ever employed per 1000 unemployed as estimated from the NSS 55th round is given for each broad age-group and educational level with male-female and rural-urban breakdown in Table 7.6. Obviously, 1000 minus these proportions will be the estimated proportion of new entrants into the labour market among the unemployed.

Table 7.6: Number of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed per 1000 unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) separately by broad age-group and general educational level

all-India

				uii iiiuiu
age group /	rural		urb	an
general education level	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
age group:				
15-29	406	529	196	132
30-44	799	813	669	396
45-59	908	895	902	720
gen. education level:				
not literate	836	896	609	537
literate but below primary	545	483	345	227
secondary & above	275	144	218	141
all (15 –59 yrs.)	525	619	296	194

7.4.2.2 It is seen from table 7.6 that the proportion of those who were *ever employed* increases with age but decreases with the level of education. A reverse relationship will therefore hold for the new entrants into the job market. Among the *educated* unemployed, in rural areas, 73 per cent among males and 86 per cent among females sought employment for the first time. In urban areas, these proportions were 78 per cent among males and 86 per cent among females. The corresponding proportions among the *not literate* unemployed were 16 per cent (males) and 10 per cent (females) in rural areas and 39 per cent (males) and 46 per cent (females) in urban areas. Among the different age-groups, the proportion of the new entrants was the highest in the age-group 15-29 years – and within this age-group, the proportion was highest among urban females. Overall, the proportion of new entrants among the unemployed was higher in urban areas than that in rural areas.

7.4.3 Status of last employment: The distribution of the unemployed who had worked for some time in the past by their status in their last employment is shown in Table 7.7. Among them, in rural areas, as high as 75 per cent (among males) and 63 per cent (among females) were engaged as casual labour in the past, while in urban areas, about 36 to 38 per cent – for males and females respectively – were casual labour. A significant proportion of the urban unemployed – 39 per cent for males and 51 per cent for females – who had worked for some time in the past had been regular wage/salaried workers. In rural areas, the corresponding proportions were very low – just 7 per cent for males and 4 per cent for females.

Table 7.7: Per 1000 distribution of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed by their status in last employment

all-India

				an-mua	
status of last employment	rural		urban		
	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
self-employed	185	332	251	119	
regular wage/salaried	69	38	387	505	
casual labour	746	630	362	376	
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	

7.4.4 *Sector of last employment*: The distribution of unemployed who were ever employed by industry of last employment is given in Table 7.8. This distribution is broadly comparable with that obtained for the current weekly status workers (ref. Table 3 in Appendix A).

Table 7.8: Per 1000 distribution of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed by broad industry division in their last employment

all-India

broad industry division	rural		ur	urban	
_	male	female	male	female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
01-05	743	913	60	229	
10-45	165	35	447	183	
50-99	92	52	493	588	
10-99	257	87	940	771	
01-99	1000	1000	1000	1000	

7.4.5 Occupation of last employment: The distribution of unemployed who were ever employed by their occupation division in their last employment is given in table 7.9. The National Classification of Occupation (NCO) 1968 was used in this survey. It is seen from the table that in rural areas, for both males and females, the ever employed reported their last occupation most frequently as service workers (Occupation Division 6) – 54 per cent among males and 63 per cent among females. A high proportion – 31 per cent among females and 19 per cent among males – among such rural ever employed reported their last occupation as professional, technical and related workers (Occupation Divisions 0 & 1). In urban areas, the pattern was different. Among urban ever employed males, as many as 51 per cent reported their last occupation as production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (Divisions 7, 8 & 9) while 14 per cent and 10 per cent respectively reported as professional, technical and related workers (Divisions 0 and 1) and sales workers (Division 4). For urban ever employed females, the occupation in their last employment was relatively more evenly distributed over the various Occupation Divisions – about 28 per cent in Divisions 0 and 1, 23 per cent in Division 6, 19 per cent in Divisions 7, 8 & 9 and 17 per cent in Division 3 (clerical and related workers).

Table 7.9: Per 1000 distribution of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed by occupation division in their last employment

all-India

	1		.1.	- un man
occupation	rural	<u> </u>	urb	an
division	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
0 & 1	194	309	140	275
2	3	0	44	21
3	15	9	79	166
4	21	3	103	50
	14	4	65	73
6	544	629	59	225
7, 8 & 9	209	46	510	190
all	1000	1000	1000	1000

7.4.6 Reason for becoming unemployed for those who had work in the past: The information on reason for becoming unemployed was collected for those who had been employed in the past. The results are given in Table 7.10. Among them, in rural areas, about 51 per cent among males and 54 per cent among females became unemployed due to lack of work in the area. In urban areas, these proportions were 23 per cent and 30 per cent for males and females respectively. About 14 per cent of the male and 19 per cent of the female unemployed in urban areas had quit earlier job. Lay-off, closure of the unit or loss of earlier job were reported as the reason for unemployment by about 24 per cent of the urban male unemployed and 13 per cent of urban female unemployed. Among other specified reasons, lack of work in the enterprise was reported by a considerable proportion of the unemployed – 12 per cent among males and 32 per cent among females in rural areas and 16 per cent among males and 5 per cent among females in urban areas. These reasons seem to be consistent with the reported nature of employment pattern in terms of status in rural and urban areas. Most of the former rural casual labourers had lack of work in the area of residence. Among the urban unemployed, on the other hand, most of the former regular workers had lost earlier job or had faced closure of the unit where they worked (see Table 78 of the Appendix).

Table 7.10: Per 1000 distribution of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed by reason for unemployment

all-India

				all Illaia
reason for unemployment	rural		urban	
_	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
loss of earlier job	21	10	83	80
quit earlier job	57	34	135	187
lay-off without pay	9	5	16	10
unit closed	23	8	144	44
lack of work in the enterprise	120	316	160	50
lack of work in the area	507	544	225	300
others	263	84	232	314
all (including n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000

7.4.7 Reason for quitting the earlier job: At the all-India level, the survey could net only 393 persons in the sample, who had become unemployed as they had to quit earlier job. Information was collected about the reasons for quitting the earlier job. The results thus obtained are given in Table 7.11 for all-India. It is observed that of the various specified reasons for quitting the earlier job, work being not remunerative enough was reported by a majority of the unemployed – 34 per cent among males and 40 per cent among females in rural areas and 32 per cent among males and 50 per cent among females in urban areas. Unpleasant environment was reported by 9 per cent of the rural male unemployed and 6 per cent of the urban male unemployed. About 15 per cent and 9 per cent of urban male unemployed had to quit the earlier job due to employer being harsh and health hazards respectively. The corresponding proportions were only 5 and 2 per cent for male unemployed in rural areas.

Table 7.11: Per 1000 distribution of unemployed (15 to 59 yrs.) who were ever employed and quit the job by reason for quitting the last job

all-India

reason for quitting last job	rural		urb	an
	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
work not remunerative enough	336	397	321	499
unpleasant environment	88	0	62	0
employer harsh	21	0	145	0
health hazard	51	47	86	0
to take voluntary retirement	0	0	74	0
others	504	556	312	501
all	1000	1000	1000	1000

Table 7.3.1: Usual status unemployment rates for each state and u.t.

rural

	unemployment rate					Turar
state/u.t.		u.s.	<u> </u>		.s. (adjusted)	
•	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	12	7	10	10	5	8
Ar. Pradesh	9	1	6	8	1	5
Assam	47	119	57	32	66	39
Bihar	24	6	20	22	5	18
Goa	70	187	99	69	159	93
Gujarat	8	3	6	6	1	4
Haryana	13	5	13	11	1	8
Н. Р.	30	18	26	18	5	12
Jammu & Kashmir	26	71	30	12	11	11
Karnataka	10	3	8	10	3	7
Kerala	76	197	109	57	130	82
Madhya Pradesh	7	2	6	6	2	5
Maharashtra	24	11	18	19	7	14
Manipur	24	25	24	21	15	19
Meghalaya	5	3	4	5	3	4
Mizoram	21	5	15	14	3	9
Nagaland	30	38	32	26	20	24
Orissa	31	16	27	24	11	19
Punjab	23	62	26	23	9	18
Rajasthan	8	2	6	6	1	4
Sikkim	35	20	31	32	19	28
Tamil Nadu	30	12	23	27	10	20
Tripura	8	46	12	7	44	12
Uttar Pradesh	13	6	12	10	3	8
West Bengal	34	38	35	28	28	28
A & N Islands	33	76	44	23	68	34
Chandigarh	10	0	9	7	0	7
D & N Haveli	16	0	10	16	0	10
Daman & Diu	13	0	10	13	0	10
Delhi	39	260	47	39	210	47
Lakshadweep	109	529	219	109	429	194
Pondicherry	47	26	40	47	26	40
All India	21	15	19	17	10	15

Table 7.3.1: Usual status unemployment rates for each state and u.t.

1		
111	ho	n

			unemployr	nent rate		urban
state/u.t.		u.s.	1 .		.s. (adjusted)	
•	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	42	42	42	40	37	39
Ar. Pradesh	14	100	29	14	100	29
Assam	91	223	113	77	189	97
Bihar	76	94	79	73	81	74
Goa	153	352	191	147	333	185
Gujarat	21	26	22	20	20	20
Haryana	27	46	29	27	28	27
H. P.	63	118	72	62	79	66
Jammu & Kashmir	47	128	54	45	89	50
Karnataka	30	47	34	30	44	33
Kerala	69	264	125	56	200	102
Madhya Pradesh	43	16	38	41	14	35
Maharashtra	61	78	64	56	66	58
Manipur	74	103	81	69	62	67
Meghalaya	34	68	46	34	68	46
Mizoram	44	26	38	34	24	30
Nagaland	93	108	97	93	87	91
Orissa	72	67	71	70	53	67
Punjab	31	35	32	28	21	27
Rajasthan	27	37	29	26	21	25
Sikkim	67	100	76	67	100	75
Tamil Nadu	39	58	44	36	51	40
Tripura	55	88	59	54	85	58
Uttar Pradesh	45	46	45	43	33	41
West Bengal	77	111	82	72	95	76
A & N Islands	38	239	88	30	173	69
Chandigarh	39	144	58	32	109	48
D & N Haveli	16	0	14	16	0	14
Daman & Diu	14	83	31	14	80	30
Delhi	32	53	35	32	39	33
Lakshadweep	82	263	139	65	179	100
Pondicherry	35	69	44	33	64	41
All India	48	71	52	45	57	47

Table 7.3.2: Current weekly status unemployment rates for each state and u.t.

			unemployr	ment rate		
state/u.t.		rural			urban	
-	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	38	41	39	48	60	51
Ar. Pradesh	11	1	7	24	91	27
Assam	45	88	53	84	197	104
Bihar	35	25	33	77	118	83
Goa	86	229	122	189	421	238
Gujarat	21	16	19	27	34	28
Haryana	33	7	27	38	39	38
H. P.	27	7	18	67	99	73
Jammu & Kashmir	42	19	35	51	114	57
Karnataka	20	15	18	38	47	40
Kerala	101	180	125	97	235	138
Madhya Pradesh	27	24	26	60	38	56
Maharashtra	37	33	35	65	81	68
Manipur	25	27	25	66	68	67
Meghalaya	5	3	4	34	68	46
Mizoram	18	4	12	29	24	27
Nagaland	26	22	24	97	98	96
Orissa	38	38	38	82	73	80
Punjab	31	10	24	39	43	39
Rajasthan	26	15	22	40	27	38
Sikkim	31	20	28	59	125	75
Tamil Nadu	52	33	44	49	60	52
Tripura	9	46	13	57	89	62
Uttar Pradesh	27	10	22	53	42	52
West Bengal	92	165	107	82	115	87
A & N Islands	33	74	42	38	207	84
Chandigarh	14	24	13	40	238	81
D & N Haveli	7	0	5	16	0	14
Daman & Diu	18	0	14	14	83	31
Delhi	36	189	44	34	39	34
Lakshadweep	109	529	219	100	250	138
Pondicherry	115	169	131	71	86	75
All India	39	37	38	56	73	59

Table 7.3.3: Current daily status unemployment rates for each state and u.t.

			unemployr	nent rate		
state/u.t.		rural			urban	
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	81	81	81	72	89	76
Ar. Pradesh	13	1	9	22	65	29
Assam	64	125	74	99	219	119
Bihar	72	62	70	87	135	93
Goa	92	261	133	214	442	261
Gujarat	51	42	48	40	54	42
Haryana	53	18	47	45	49	45
H. P.	34	9	24	70	119	78
Jammu & Kashmir	53	30	49	60	134	66
Karnataka	44	40	43	53	59	54
Kerala	200	261	217	155	282	191
Madhya Pradesh	40	35	38	72	57	70
Maharashtra	63	69	65	77	100	81
Manipur	24	26	25	66	76	69
Meghalaya	6	5	6	35	69	46
Mizoram	19	5	13	38	31	36
Nagaland	28	31	29	98	104	100
Orissa	76	56	71	98	82	95
Punjab	42	17	37	48	53	49
Rajasthan	33	19	28	47	35	45
Sikkim	33	25	31	64	107	75
Tamil Nadu	143	123	135	90	86	89
Tripura	17	57	22	57	96	62
Uttar Pradesh	40	21	36	63	50	62
West Bengal	152	251	170	100	139	106
A & N Islands	35	81	44	51	240	97
Chandigarh	19	35	19	44	229	81
D & N Haveli	12	0	9	21	0	19
Daman & Diu	20	8	18	15	82	31
Delhi	39	246	48	40	42	41
Lakshadweep	130	530	236	131	269	165
Pondicherry	239	318	262	131	104	125
All India	72	70	71	73	94	77

Table 7.4.1: Usual principal status unemployment rates for the educated persons of age 15 years and above for each state and u.t.

		unemployment rate								
state/u.t.		rural			urban					
•	male	female	persons	male	female	persons				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)				
Andhra Pradesh	72	150	84	61	145	72				
Ar. Pradesh	3	54	8	5	164	30				
Assam	185	583	234	121	316	156				
Bihar	71	69	71	124	294	134				
Goa	123	290	157	200	471	256				
Gujarat	14	3	13	27	52	30				
Haryana	18	48	19	34	90	40				
H. P.	87	84	86	87	191	104				
Jammu & Kashmir	90	223	100	69	194	82				
Karnataka	43	73	46	48	94	56				
Kerala	150	491	253	99	419	212				
Madhya Pradesh	42	92	46	58	73	59				
Maharashtra	70	72	70	68	117	75				
Manipur	63	131	75	114	193	130				
Meghalaya	13	69	39	50	108	70				
Mizoram	88	0	59	92	59	83				
Nagaland	61	154	81	140	161	146				
Orissa	162	419	183	140	286	156				
Punjab	48	215	60	47	64	49				
Rajasthan	21	32	22	36	79	40				
Sikkim	134	101	123	90	172	121				
Tamil Nadu	106	149	113	51	148	70				
Tripura	34	78	39	71	120	79				
Uttar Pradesh	37	71	39	71	172	79				
West Bengal	110	379	130	98	292	121				
A & N Islands	143	346	188	31	357	154				
Chandigarh	7	0	7	49	175	77				
D & N Haveli	33	0	30	17	0	16				
Daman & Diu	13	0	12	19	184	38				
Delhi	44	527	66	42	79	47				
Lakshadweep	74	806	243	123	199	168				
Pondicherry	109	227	126	60	134	74				
All India	68	204	82	66	163	79				

Table 7.4.2: Usual status (adjusted) unemployment rates for the educated persons of age 15 years and above for each state and u.t.

			unemployr	ment rate		
state/u.t.		rural			urban	
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	55	134	68	58	137	69
Ar. Pradesh	3	49	8	5	164	30
Assam	112	366	152	110	285	141
Bihar	65	44	65	122	277	132
Goa	122	260	152	197	450	251
Gujarat	13	2	11	27	41	28
Haryana	11	10	11	34	70	39
H.P.	49	9	37	87	142	96
Jammu & Kashmir	35	85	43	65	158	76
Karnataka	42	63	45	47	91	55
Kerala	112	367	198	74	342	175
Madhya Pradesh	35	80	39	54	68	55
Maharashtra	62	60	61	62	105	69
Manipur	51	90	60	106	123	110
Meghalaya	14	68	39	50	108	70
Mizoram	62	0	38	65	54	62
Nagaland	49	99	65	140	150	143
Orissa	139	347	157	138	270	153
Punjab	46	62	49	43	51	44
Rajasthan	20	24	20	33	51	35
Sikkim	128	99	118	89	172	121
Tamil Nadu	99	135	106	47	139	66
Tripura	28	78	34	70	117	78
Uttar Pradesh	27	42	28	67	129	73
West Bengal	91	332	111	91	256	112
A & N Islands	100	358	151	30	270	120
Chandigarh	7	0	7	40	135	63
D & N Haveli	33	0	30	17	0	16
Daman & Diu	13	0	12	18	178	36
Delhi	44	464	65	41	72	46
Lakshadweep	72	762	224	97	202	134
Pondicherry	109	215	125	57	133	71
All India	56	146	67	62	143	74

Table 7.4.3: Current weekly status unemployment rates for the educated persons of age 15 years and above for each state and u.t.

			unemployr	nent rate		
state/u.t.		rural			urban	
•	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	86	175	100	64	167	77
Ar. Pradesh	20	61	22	22	131	37
Assam	138	456	182	115	299	148
Bihar	71	37	70	126	319	138
Goa	133	292	166	234	476	287
Gujarat	22	0	19	31	51	33
Haryana	25	10	25	36	76	41
H.P.	57	18	46	88	171	103
Jammu & Kashmir	94	99	94	69	180	81
Karnataka	56	62	56	52	92	59
Kerala	149	421	235	115	369	207
Madhya Pradesh	53	95	56	60	85	62
Maharashtra	69	87	71	69	106	75
Manipur	52	160	73	101	134	108
Meghalaya	13	69	39	50	107	68
Mizoram	67	0	43	53	45	50
Nagaland	53	110	70	140	150	143
Orissa	164	400	183	144	268	158
Punjab	53	55	53	49	94	56
Rajasthan	27	43	28	39	56	42
Sikkim	123	96	114	95	214	135
Tamil Nadu	110	178	123	59	147	75
Tripura	37	71	42	71	127	82
Uttar Pradesh	45	42	45	75	167	82
West Bengal	130	348	148	93	285	118
A & N Islands	137	332	183	48	303	142
Chandigarh	7	7	7	49	263	102
D & N Haveli	33	0	30	14	0	13
Daman & Diu	24	0	23	18	146	32
Delhi	38	464	60	43	68	46
Lakshadweep	80	781	245	97	210	138
Pondicherry	160	240	170	84	156	96
All India	73	169	84	69	158	82

Table 7.5.1: Usual principal status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

rural unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 (1) (2)(3) (4) (5) (6) (7)(8) (9) (10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.1: Usual principal status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

urban unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 20-24 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 15-19 25-29 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)(7)(8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.2: Usual status (adjusted) unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

rural unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)(7)(8) (9) (10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.2: Usual status (adjusted) unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

urban unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 25-29 15-19 20-24 15-29 15-19 15-29 15-19 25-29 15-29 20-24 25-29 20-24 (1) (2)(3) (4) (5) (6)(7)(8) (9)(10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H. P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.3: Current weekly status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

rural unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 (1)(2)(3) (4) (5)(6) (7)(8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh. Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.3: Current weekly status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

urban unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 25-29 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)(9) (10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.4: Current daily status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

rural unemployment rate state / u.t. male female persons 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-29 25-29 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)(7) (8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Table 7.5.4: Current daily status unemployment rate among the youth (15-29 years) for each state and u.t.

urb<u>an</u> unemployment rate state / u.t. female male persons 15-29 15-29 15-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 15-19 20-24 25-29 (1) (9) (12)(13)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(8)(10)(11)Andhra Pradesh Ar. Pradesh Assam Bihar Goa Gujarat Haryana H.P. Jammu & Kashmir Karnataka Kerala Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Manipur Meghalaya Mizoram Nagaland Orissa Punjab Rajasthan Sikkim Tamil Nadu Tripura Uttar Pradesh West Bengal A & N Islands Chandigarh D & N Haveli Daman & Diu Delhi Lakshadweep Pondicherry All India

Chapter 8

Underemployment

8.0 General

8.0.1 Underemployment is commonly defined as the under-utilisation of labour time of the workers. Some of the persons categorised as usually employed, do not have work throughout the year due to seasonality in work or otherwise and their labour time is not fully utilised - they are, therefore, underemployed. Their underemployment is termed *visible underemployment* if they report themselves to be available for work with respect to a shorter reference period. The NSS measures the *visible* underemployment by cross classifying persons by (a) their usual and current weekly statuses (b) their usual and current daily statuses and (c) their current weekly and current daily statuses.

8.0.2 Some employed persons, particularly the *self-employed*, may appear to work throughout the year. But the work they are pursuing may not fully meet their needs in terms of generating sufficient income, giving fulfilment to them, etc. They may, therefore, want additional and/or alternative work. Such underemployment is termed as *invisible underemployment* and therefore, not directly measurable. The NSS calculates the indicators of *invisible underemployment* through a set of probing questions addressed to those categorised as usually employed on their availability for additional/alternative work and reason for seeking such additional/alternative work, status of their present engagement (i.e. whether worked more or less regularly), etc. The proportion of the usually employed who indicate their availability for additional/alternative work, gives, by and large, an overall share of the employed who did not have enough work, or at least felt the need for additional/alternative work, and, in that sense, were underemployed.

8.1 Underemployment among the usually employed

8.1.1 As mentioned earlier, some persons categorised as usually employed might not have work throughout the year. They might remain without work during some weeks of the year or go without work on some days of the different weeks of the year. The first dimension is brought out by the distribution of the usually employed by their current weekly status. Table 8.1 gives the relevant all-India results for 'all' usually employed persons (i.e., usually employed in both the principal and subsidiary status) for 1999-2000. Corresponding results based on the NSS 50th (1993-94) and 43rd rounds (1987-88) are also presented in the table.

8.1.2 It is seen from Table 8.1 that the proportion of usually employed who were found to be not employed during the week preceding the date of survey, i.e. the underemployment rate, declined gradually during the period 1987-88 to 1999-2000 for females the decline being less between the period 1993-94 and 1999-2000. For males however, the rate remained almost the same between 1993-94 and 1999-2000, after having declined between 1987-88 and 1993-94. Secondly, this problem of underemployment is seen to be more serious among usually employed females than among employed males and more in rural than in urban areas. During 1999-2000, the underemployment among usually employed females was 17 per cent in rural India and 10 per cent in urban India. The corresponding percentages for usually employed males were 4 and 2 only. Most of the usually employed females

who were currently not working had withdrawn from the labour force and did not report themselves as currently unemployed. The distributions for the different states and union territories obtained from the present survey are given in table 8.1.1.

Table 8.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current weekly status

all-India

											aı	1 IIIdia
current	rural						urban					
weekly		male			female			male			female	
status	1999-	1993-	1987	1999-	1993	1987-	1999-	1993-	1987-	1999-	1993-	1987-
	00	94	-88	00	-94	88	00	94	88	00	94	88
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
employed	956	957	931	832	807	675	977	976	967	900	884	768
unem-ployed	22	15	23	21	14	8	11	11	17	9	9	17
not in labour	22	28	46	148	179	317	12	12	16	91	107	215
force												
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

8.1.3 The activity pattern of the usually employed during different days within the reference week is indicated by the distribution of their days by current daily status. The relevant results for rural and urban India are presented in Table 8.2. It is observed that the proportion of person-days of the usually employed utilised for work was quite low for females compared to males throughout the period 1987-88 to 1999-2000. During 1999-2000, this proportion was estimated at about 68 percent and 79 per cent for females in rural and urban India respectively as against 90 and 94 per cent for males in rural and urban India respectively. Once again, it is observed that when work is not available, a large proportion of females withdrew from the labour force rather than report themselves as unemployed. The distributions obtained from the present survey for different states and union territories are presented in Table 8.2.1.

Table 8.2: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current daily status

all-India

current	rural						urban					
daily		male			female			male			female	
status	1999-	1993-	1987-	1999-	1993-	1987-	1999-	1993-	1987-	1999-	1993	1987-
	00	94	88	00	94	88	00	94	88	00	-94	88
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
employed	897	909	926	676	663	638	942	949	938	791	766	716
unem- ployed	53	40	27	41	30	26	27	27	37	22	24	37
not in labour force	51	51	47	283	306	336	31	25	25	187	210	247
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

8.2 Underemployment of persons categorised as working according to current weekly status

8.2.1 As mentioned earlier in chapter 6, some persons classified as working during a week might not have had work for the entire week. The distribution of persons working according to current weekly status by their current daily status, therefore, would indicate the proportion of person-days on which they had remained without work. These results are presented in Table 8.3 for 1999-2000, 1993-94 and 1987-88.

Table 8.3: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of current weekly status employed persons by their broad current daily status

all-India

											•	Tillaia
current			rui	ral		urban						
daily		male			female			male			female	
status	1999	1993	1987	1999	1993	1987	1999	1993	1987	1999	1993	1987-
	-00	-94	-88	-00	-94	-88	-00	-94	-88	-00	-94	88
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
empl- oyed	936	949	995	808	819	945	963	970	969	873	860	922
unem- ployed	32	26	4	25	21	26	16	15	22	15	17	29
not in labour force	32	24	1	167	158	29	21	13	9	112	122	49
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

8.2.2 In 1999-2000, the percentage of person-days on which persons with some work during the reference week (according to weekly status) were without work was estimated at about 6.4 for rural males, 19.2 for rural females, 3.7 for urban males and 12.7 for urban females. Between 1987-88 and 1999-2000, in rural areas, the proportion of unemployed days showed a rising trend for both males and females, the increase being less between 19993-94 and 1999-2000. For urban females, the proportion rose between the period 1987-88 and 1993-94 and then fell a little in 1999-2000. However, both in rural and urban areas when there was no work, a higher proportion of females as compared to males withdrew from the labour force. The state-specific data on the distribution of person days of persons with some work during a week by their broad daily activity status are presented in Table 8.3.1.

8.3 Invisible underemployment – some indicators

- 8.3.1 In the present survey, the usually employed were asked 'whether they worked more or less regularly throughout the year'. Among them, those who did not work more or less regularly would give an indication of the extent of underemployment.
- 8.3.2 Table 8.4 presents the number of usually employed who did not work more or less regularly throughout the year per 1000 employed by usual principal status at the all-India level. It is observed from the table that this proportion was higher in rural areas than in urban areas and higher among females than among males. Further, among the various categories of employed, the proportion was the highest for *casual labourers*. As high as 23 and 20 per cent of female *casual labourers* engaged in public works did not work regularly throughout the year in urban and rural India respectively. On the

other hand, the proportion was the lowest among the *regular wage/salaried employees* - specially for those engaged in non-agriculture sector where the proportion ranged from 31 to 51. The estimates obtained from the present survey for different states and union territories are given in Table 8.4.1.

Table 8.4: Number of employed persons who did not work more or less regularly throughout the year per 1000 employed persons in the usual principal status

all-India

				an-mua
broad usual	rura	1	urba	ın
principal status	male	female	male	female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
self-employed in:				
agriculture	79	82	66	80
non-agriculture	61	64	52	80
regular wage/salaried in:				
agriculture	55	48	35	54
non-agriculture	31	51	37	40
casual labour in:				
public work	170	200	152	232
others	158	177	164	156
all	105	133	65	89

8.3.3 The usually employed but under-utilising their available labour time due to lack of enough work or persons having enough work but not getting sufficient return, were asked 'whether they sought or were available for (i) additional work and (ii) alternative work'. The proportion of usually employed who reported themselves as available for additional work or alternative work, therefore, could serve as two indicators of underemployment.

8.3.4 Underemployed - seeking or available for additional work: Table 8.5 gives the number of usually employed persons of age 15 years and above reporting themselves as having sought or being available for additional work per 1000 usually employed persons of age 15 years and above and their distribution by reason for seeking or being available for additional work. The table shows that, during 1999-2000, in the stated age-group, about 11 per cent of usually employed rural males and 6 per cent of usually employed urban males had reported seeking or being available for additional work. The corresponding percentages were 8 for rural females and 6 for urban females. The main reported reason for seeking or being available for additional work was to supplement income – it being reported by more than half of them. Lack of enough work was reported by 15 to 22 per cent of underemployed. Thus, as per survey results, for about 76 to 79 per cent of underemployment, either of these two factors, viz., a need to supplement income or lack of enough work, had led to their seeking or being available for additional work. The proportion of 'underemployed' for different states and union territories is given in Table 8.5.1.

Table 8.5: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who sought or were available for additional work per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) and their per 1000 distribution by reason for seeking or availability for additional work

per 1000 per 1000 distribution of workers who sought or were available for additional work by reason no. of workers not enough others to total sex and not who sought or supplement work and sector enough were available work income to supplement for additional income work (2) (3) (4) (5) (7) (1) (6) rural: male 105 573 204 205 18 1000 female 21 83 565 196 218 1000 225 urban: male 61 556 198 21 1000 female 58 641 146 200 14 1000

8.3.5 Underemployed - seeking or being available for alternative work: Table 8.6 shows the usually employed persons of age 15 years and above reporting themselves as having sought or being available for alternative work. During 1999-2000, about 6 to 9 per cent of the usually employed had reported availability for alternative work. Among the usually employed reporting themselves as having sought or been available for alternative work, 57 to 67 per cent reported that their present work was not remunerative enough. Table 8.6.1 gives the corresponding results obtained from the present survey for different states and union territories.

Table 8.6: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who sought or were available for alternative work per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years above) and their per 1000 distribution by reason for seeking or availability for alternative work

	3							all-India
	per 1000	per 1000 d	istribution	of worker	s who so	ought or	were	available
	no. of		for alt	ernative v	vork by	reason		
sex and	workers	present	no job	lack of	work	wants	О	total
sector	who sought or	work not	satis-	job	place	wage/	t	(inclu
	were available	remune-	faction	secu-	too	salary	h	ludes
	for alternative	rative		rity	far	job	e	n.r.
	work	enough					r	cases)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
rural: male	91	565	109	80	7	140	70	1000
female	60	589	88	102	10	86	91	1000
urban: male	68	589	96	114	4	116	43	1000
female	60	673	55	106	2	97	37	1000

Table 8.1.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current weekly status for each state and u.t.

rural

						rural
state/u.t.		male			female	
	empl-	unem-	not in	empl-	unem-	not in
	oyed	ployed	labour	oyed	ployed	labour
			force			force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	951	27	22	853	30	116
Ar. Pradesh	943	1	56	879	0	121
Assam	965	14	21	813	12	175
Bihar	972	14	14	827	12	161
Goa	942	15	43	715	47	238
Gujarat	976	14	10	859	13	128
Haryana	969	19	12	850	6	145
H.P.	941	11	48	883	1	115
Jammu & Kashmir	947	28	24	656	0	344
Karnataka	974	9	17	892	11	97
Kerala	908	44	48	758	28	214
Madhya Pradesh	949	20	31	789	18	193
Maharashtra	958	19	24	853	21	126
Manipur	963	0	37	810	0	189
Meghalaya	997	0	3	1000	0	0
Mizoram	979	5	16	915	2	83
Nagaland	994	1	5	962	0	38
Orissa	955	14	31	767	10	223
Punjab	979	9	13	937	1	62
Rajasthan	970	20	11	838	11	151
Sikkim	985	2	13	937	2	61
Tamil Nadu	948	26	26	877	20	103
Tripura	994	2	4	955	3	42
Uttar Pradesh	957	16	27	796	5	199
West Bengal	921	65	13	775	125	100
A & N Islands	988	12	0	884	0	116
Chandigarh	992	8	0	990	0	10
D & N Haveli	988	0	12	757	0	243
Daman & Diu	976	0	24	748	0	252
Delhi	999	0	1	1000	0	0
Lakshadweep	996	4	0	699	0	301
Pondicherry	915	68	17	779	134	87
All India	956	22	22	832	21	148

Table 8.1.1: Per 1000 distribution of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current weekly status for each state and u.t.

urban

						urban
state/u.t.		male			female	
	empl-	unem-	not in	empl-	unem-	not in
	oyed	ployed	labour	oyed	ployed	labour
			force			force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	981	9	11	899	13	88
Ar. Pradesh	863	8	130	731	0	269
Assam	983	8	8	974	11	15
Bihar	985	4	11	896	3	101
Goa	936	46	19	900	0	100
Gujarat	987	6	6	923	12	65
Haryana	977	12	11	911	15	74
H. P.	988	4	7	897	6	98
Jammu & Kashmir	973	7	20	790	0	210
Karnataka	983	8	9	961	1	38
Kerala	917	39	43	816	16	168
Madhya Pradesh	966	18	16	890	17	93
Maharashtra	981	10	10	921	13	66
Manipur	978	2	21	900	7	93
Meghalaya	1000	0	0	1000	0	0
Mizoram	986	3	11	917	6	77
Nagaland	996	4	0	976	0	24
Orissa	959	14	27	796	8	195
Punjab	974	11	15	823	7	170
Rajasthan	978	14	8	780	2	219
Sikkim	990	2	8	969	0	31
Tamil Nadu	974	13	13	925	7	68
Tripura	982	1	17	985	0	15
Uttar Pradesh	975	12	13	873	6	121
West Bengal	984	11	5	951	8	41
A & N Islands	995	5	0	895	22	83
Chandigarh	985	9	7	903	47	50
D & N Haveli	989	9	2	878	0	122
Daman & Diu	998	0	2	980	0	20
Delhi	996	2	2	914	6	79
Lakshadweep	933	46	21	646	1	353
Pondicherry	958	29	13	930	5	66
All India	977	11	12	900	9	91

Table 8.2.1: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current daily status for each state and u.t.

Table 8.2.1: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of usually employed (principal and subsidiary status taken together) by their broad current daily status for each state and u.t.

Table 8.3.1: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons employed according to current weekly status by their broad current daily status for each state and u.t.

rural

						rural
state/u.t.		male			female	
	empl-	unem-	not in	empl-	unem-	not in
	oyed	ployed	labour	oyed	ployed	labour
			force			force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	925	42	33	863	36	101
Ar. Pradesh	899	1	100	817	0	183
Assam	933	17	50	719	10	271
Bihar	934	37	29	775	31	194
Goa	966	4	30	897	17	86
Gujarat	930	29	41	791	19	191
Haryana	968	20	12	614	5	381
H.P.	977	7	16	738	0	262
Jammu & Kashmir	976	12	12	471	0	529
Karnataka	933	23	43	854	21	125
Kerala	845	99	56	762	54	184
Madhya Pradesh	965	13	23	886	9	105
Maharashtra	935	25	40	856	31	113
Manipur	939	1	60	845	0	155
Meghalaya	917	1	82	884	1	115
Mizoram	922	1	77	847	0	153
Nagaland	980	2	18	728	0	272
Orissa	928	37	35	800	16	184
Punjab	975	11	14	572	0	428
Rajasthan	988	7	5	863	1	135
Sikkim	968	1	32	812	1	187
Tamil Nadu	871	91	38	799	80	121
Tripura	977	8	15	921	8	71
Uttar Pradesh	959	13	28	771	6	222
West Bengal	902	62	36	681	35	284
A & N Islands	987	0	13	891	0	109
Chandigarh	975	5	20	771	20	209
D & N Haveli	962	4	34	880	0	120
Daman & Diu	981	1	19	863	7	130
Delhi	986	3	11	716	0	284
Lakshadweep	966	32	2	935	0	65
Pondicherry	840	134	25	724	135	141
All India	936	32	32	808	25	167

Table 8.3.1: Per 1000 distribution of person-days of persons employed according to current weekly status by their broad current daily status for each state and u.t.

urban

						urban
state/u.t.		male			female	
•	empl-	unem-	not in	empl-	unem-	not in
	oyed	ployed	labour	oyed	ployed	labour
			force			force
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	956	24	19	894	27	79
Ar. Pradesh	980	0	20	999	0	1
Assam	925	12	63	900	9	91
Bihar	978	11	11	886	15	100
Goa	952	25	23	932	16	52
Gujarat	953	12	35	842	13	145
Haryana	970	6	23	741	0	259
H.P.	995	4	1	858	9	133
Jammu & Kashmir	986	9	5	848	9	143
Karnataka	964	14	22	907	8	86
Kerala	888	55	57	831	29	140
Madhya P radesh	962	12	26	902	17	81
Maharashtra	969	11	20	898	14	88
Manipur	955	1	44	816	4	179
Meghalaya	982	0	18	977	0	23
Mizoram	914	11	75	841	6	153
Nagaland	994	1	5	865	0	135
Orissa	970	16	14	879	7	114
Punjab	984	10	6	804	2	194
Rajasthan	988	7	5	866	4	130
Sikkim	984	6	10	960	4	35
Tamil Nadu	937	41	22	885	26	89
Tripura	988	2	11	971	5	25
Uttar Pradesh	974	9	17	824	3	173
West Bengal	966	20	14	860	15	124
A & N Islands	985	12	3	864	10	125
Chandigarh	994	5	2	935	9	57
D & N Haveli	977	0	23	963	0	37
Daman & Diu	964	1	35	896	0	104
Delhi	972	6	22	850	2	148
Lakshadweep	963	27	9	915	12	73
Pondicherry	919	66	15	903	23	74
All India	963	16	21	873	15	112

Table 8.4.1: Number of employed persons who did not work more α less regularly throughout the year per 1000 employed persons in the usual principal status for each state and u.t.

state/u.t.		rural		urban				
	male	female	person	male	female	person		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
Andhra Pradesh	115	152	130	36	83	47		
Ar. Pradesh	209	144	183	401	378	398		
Assam	68	101	73	32	18	30		
Bihar	135	212	150	61	115	68		
Goa	93	99	94	262	242	259		
Gujarat	99	110	103	61	108	69		
Haryana	73	111	75	57	9	53		
Н. Р.	73	54	66	23	46	27		
Jammu & Kashmir	52	29	50	55	39	54		
Karnataka	45	61	51	31	56	36		
Kerala	126	161	135	86	111	92		
Madhya Pradesh	121	148	131	87	134	96		
Maharashtra	81	104	91	68	88	71		
Manipur	173	247	190	153	146	151		
Meghalaya	70	61	66	40	58	46		
Mizoram	94	94	94	177	176	177		
Nagaland	57	16	45	33	64	40		
Orissa	69	86	74	101	127	106		
Punjab	86	117	88	79	50	77		
Rajasthan	91	88	90	88	90	88		
Sikkim	13	33	19	42	120	60		
Tamil Nadu	142	183	158	80	99	85		
Tripura	146	151	147	82	30	77		
Uttar Pradesh	93	126	100	64	78	65		
West Bengal	159	209	168	59	64	60		
A & N Islands	42	147	64	18	38	22		
Chandigarh	23	0	22	33	82	41		
D & N Haveli	2	4	3	22	0	19		
Daman & Diu	31	3	24	79	154	96		
Delhi	16	0	15	58	56	58		
Lakshadweep	126	104	122	90	87	89		
Pondicherry	172	159	168	67	73	68		
All India	105	133	113	65	89	69		

Table 8.5.1: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who sought or were available for additional work per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) for each state and u.t.

state/u.t.		rural		urban				
•	male	female	person	male	female	person		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
Andhra Pradesh	38	34	36	45	54	47		
Ar. Pradesh	27	18	24	37	5	32		
Assam	92	67	89	69	35	64		
Bihar	218	198	214	123	99	121		
Goa	20	0	16	69	35	63		
Gujarat	60	69	63	39	49	40		
Haryana	80	54	78	66	74	67		
Н. Р.	63	16	45	44	43	44		
Jammu & Kashmir	129	58	124	79	51	77		
Karnataka	55	39	49	64	51	61		
Kerala	72	55	68	70	43	63		
Madhya Pradesh	99	82	93	85	69	82		
Maharashtra	107	109	108	68	80	70		
Manipur	32	18	29	44	61	49		
Meghalaya	21	17	19	17	12	15		
Mizoram	120	45	91	34	45	38		
Nagaland	111	31	88	53	53	53		
Orissa	90	90	90	57	80	61		
Punjab	54	34	53	57	33	55		
Rajasthan	59	31	50	58	42	56		
Sikkim	105	69	94	89	107	93		
Tamil Nadu	88	93	90	37	45	39		
Tripura	83	40	79	15	37	17		
Uttar Pradesh	82	66	79	52	51	52		
West Bengal	234	251	237	78	87	80		
A & N Islands	27	0	22	36	0	28		
Chandigarh	138	1	131	44	56	46		
D & N Haveli	22	5	16	10	0	8		
Daman & Diu	8	15	10	20	38	24		
Delhi	59	100	60	46	22	44		
Lakshadweep	10	0	8	7	0	5		
Pondicherry	37	56	42	13	10	12		
All India	105	83	99	61	58	60		

Table 8.6.1: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who sought or were available for alternative work per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years above) for each state and u.t.

state/u.t.		rural			urban	
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	30	25	28	49	46	48
Ar. Pradesh	27	14	22	20	16	19
Assam	72	45	69	71	73	71
Bihar	178	145	171	118	92	115
Goa	47	0	38	57	49	55
Gujarat	53	44	50	88	104	90
Haryana	47	54	47	92	100	93
Н. Р.	52	13	37	56	32	52
Jammu & Kashmir	115	39	109	81	49	78
Karnataka	49	28	41	69	59	67
Kerala	74	41	66	76	67	74
Madhya Pradesh	78	64	73	85	65	82
Maharashtra	93	91	92	69	62	68
Manipur	28	25	27	47	59	50
Meghalaya	13	15	14	28	12	23
Mizoram	88	18	61	52	61	55
Nagaland	113	14	83	74	117	84
Orissa	96	82	92	67	97	72
Punjab	46	11	44	56	47	55
Rajasthan	48	23	40	60	43	58
Sikkim	57	37	51	49	45	48
Tamil Nadu	59	58	59	45	37	43
Tripura	64	46	62	17	37	19
Uttar Pradesh	74	58	71	52	40	51
West Bengal	227	112	208	87	87	87
A & N Islands	18	0	14	63	90	68
Chandigarh	47	1	44	54	79	58
D & N Ha veli	7	3	5	7	0	6
Daman & Diu	44	11	36	22	28	23
Delhi	45	191	48	60	80	62
Lakshadweep	29	0	24	9	23	11
Pondicherry	29	31	30	16	10	14
All India	91	60	82	68	60	66

Chapter 9

Labour Mobility

9.0 General

9.0.1 Over a period of time, various features related to the employment of a worker, such as his/her occupation, industry or status of work may undergo a change. To study such changes, information has been collected in this survey relating to change(s) in occupation, industry, work status or of 'establishment' that took place within a reference period of two years prior to the date of survey for the usually employed persons (according to principal status). The term 'establishment' was used in a broad sense and included all producing units covering household enterprises also. Discussion is made in the following sections on each of these aspects of labour mobility.

9.1 Change in work status or in establishment

- 9.1.1 At first, a look is taken into the estimates obtained from the present survey classified by change in work status or by change in establishment for each level of education of the person at the all-India level. The number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their status of work or changed establishment during the two years preceding the date of survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) at the all-India level is presented in Table 9.1.
- 9.1.2 The table shows that during the two years preceding the interview hardly about 1 per cent of the usually employed had changed their work status while about 5 to 8 per cent had changed their establishment. The proportion changing their establishment was roughly the same for males and females in urban areas but higher for females in rural areas. Further, this proportion is much less among the *educated* (i.e.,the category *secondary and above*) than that among those with lower levels of education be it in rural or urban areas. This was so for both males and females. The number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their status of work or changed establishment during the two years preceding the date of survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) for different states and union territories is presented in Table 9.1.1.
- 9.1.3 The distribution of usual workers of age 15 years & above changing their status of work by their last work status at the all-India level is presented in Table 9.2. The table reveals that among such workers, those who reported their present work status as *casual labour* were, in their last work status, more frequently *self-employed* than *regular* workers. This was seen in rural as well as in urban areas. However, among workers reporting their present work status as *self-employed*, proportion reporting their last status as *casual labour* was much higher in rural areas than that in urban areas, where the last status was more frequently reported as *regular wage earners*.

Table 9.1: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their status of work or changed establishment during the two years preceding the survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) for each level of education

all-India

changed		male		female							
work status / establishment	not literate	literate & below secondary	sec. & above	all	not literate	literate & below secondary	sec. & above	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)			
	rural										
work status	4	6	9	6	2	4	3	2			
establishment	65	60	60 34 5			78	44	81			
work status	8	10	8	urba 9	an 4	4	1	3			
establishment	57	55	32	45	59	55	17	46			

Table 9.2: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their status of work during the two years preceding the survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) and the per 1000 distribution by their last work status

all-India

present		1	male			female						
work	no. per	1	ast work	status		no. per		last work	status			
status	1000	self- reg./ cas-			all	1000	self-	reg./	cas-	all		
	who	emp.	p. sal. ual wh		who	emp.	sal.	ual				
	changed			lab.		changed			lab.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
					al							
self-employed	6	120	339	541	1000	2	142	48	810	1000		
regular wage/	13	535	0	465	1000	5	502	0	498	1000		
salaried												
casual labour	5	687	207	106	1000	2	692	1	307	1000		
all	6	368	234	398	1000	2	443	21	536	1000		
					urba							
self-employed	10	80	602	318	1000	3	102	614	285	1000		
regular wage/	8	577	0	423	1000	4	385	0	615	1000		
salaried												
casual labour	7	614	321	66	1000	1	57	0	943	1000		
all	9	347	328	326	1000	3	253	226	520	1000		

9.2 Change in industry of work

9.2.1 Table 9.3 presents the distribution of principal usual workers aged 15 years and above who had changed their industry of work during the two preceding years by their last industry of work at the all-India level. For the purpose of study, the industry divisions (01 - 99) of NIC 1998 have been categorised as (i) *primary* sector (01 - 05), (ii) *secondary* sector (10 - 45) and (iii) *tertiary* sector (50 - 99). It is seen from Table 9.3 that about 1 per cent or so workers reported change in their industry of work. The number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their industry of work during the two years preceding the date of survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) for different states and union territories is presented in Table 9.1.1.

Table 9.3: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their industry of work during the two years preceding the survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) and the per 1000 distribution by their last broad industry of work

all-India

present		m	ale			fe	emale					
industry	no. per	last	industr	y of wo	rk	no. per	last	t industr	y of w	f work		
of work	1000	01-	10-	50-	all	1000	01-	10-	50-	all		
	who	05	45	99		who	05	45	99			
	changed					changed						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
					rur	al						
01-05	5	170	509	321	1000	3	199	752	49	1000		
10-45	21	668	197	134	1000	15	902	61	37	1000		
50-93	16	508	294	198	1000	9	587	320	933	1000		
10-99	18	589	245	166	1000	13	804	141	54	1000		
all	9	423	349	227	1000	4	476	472	52	1000		
					urb	an						
01-05	8	12	533	455	1000	1	0	1000	0	1000		
10-45	18	503	228	269	1000	8	403	437	160	1000		
50-93	12	242	348	411	1000	8	645	173	183	1000		
10-99	14	359	294	347	1000	8	557	268	175	1000		
all	14	346	303	351	1000	7	540	291	169	1000		

9.2.2 Table 9.3 also shows that among those reporting their present industry of work in the *primary* sector, more workers reported their last industry of work in the *secondary* sector. Further, among those workers reporting presently employed in *secondary* sector of work, a larger proportion reported to have been employed in *primary* sector of work. Both these features are observed in rural as well as urban areas – for male or female workers. However, in urban areas, among male workers reporting their present industry of work in the *tertiary* sector, there were more who had their last industry of work in the *secondary* sector than in the *primary* sector. Among urban female workers or among all workers, male or female, in rural areas who changed their industry of work, the situation was just the reverse, with more workers reporting their last industry of work in the *primary* sector than in the *secondary* sector.

9.3 Change in occupation of work

9.3.1 Table 9.4 presents the distribution of usual workers aged 15 years and above who had changed their occupation of work during the two preceding years by the occupation in their last work at the all India level. As stated earlier, National Classification of Occupations (NCO), 1968 was used in recording the occupation codes. It is seen from table 9.4 that about 1 per cent of workers reported change in their occupation during the two years preceding their date of interview. The number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their occupation of work during the two years preceding the date of survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) for different states and union territories is presented in Table 9.1.1.

9.3.2 Table 9.4 also shows that among workers reporting change in their occupation, relatively high proportions are noticeable for those reporting their last occupation as *service workers* (division 6), *production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers* (divisions 7, 8 or 9) or as *professional, technical and related workers* (division 0 or 1) in rural or urban areas.

Table 9.4: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their occupation of work during the two years preceding the survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) and the per 1000 distribution by their last broad occupation of work

										rural
present	no. per]	ast occu	pation of	f work			
occupation	1000 who	0-1	2	3	4	5	6	7-9	X	all
of work	changed									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
					male					
0-1	5	216	0	0	0	57	449	0	277	1000
2	28	315	35	29	119	37	218	180	66	1000
3	19	177	15	32	50	100	321	224	81	1000
4	17	168	0	8	116	0	392	213	103	1000
5	16	70	0	0	77	3	260	438	152	1000
6	6	225	14	14	62	51	224	273	137	1000
7-9	17	178	1	0	28	16	479	193	105	1000
X	5	173	0	33	145	0	429	221	0	1000
all	9	202	9	10	60	36	322	241	120	1000
					female					
0-1	12	134	0	0	128	0	628	0	110	1000
2	1	0	0	0	0	0	110	765	125	1000
3	15	770	0	0	0	0	230	0	0	1000
4	11	358	0	0	0	0	205	218	219	1000
5	13	0	0	0	0	0	322	21	657	1000
6	4	202	0	0	0	0	363	298	137	1000
7-9	16	208	0	0	13	0	695	5	80	1000
X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000
all	6	200	0	0	8	0	442	195	155	1000

Table 9.4: Number of usually working persons of age 15 years & above, who had changed their occupation of work during the two years preceding the survey per 1000 usually employed persons in the principal status (15 years & above) and the per 1000 distribution by their last broad occupation of work

urban present no. per last occupation of work 0 - 17-9 all occupation X of work who changed (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)(8) (9)(10)(11) male 0 - 17-9 Х all female 0 - 17-9 X all

9.3.3 Rural areas: In rural areas, there was a high proportion of workers – male or female – whose last occupation was service workers (division 6) but presently were production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9) or professional, technical and related workers (division 0 or 1). For male workers, proportion of those having their last occupation as production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9) but presently were farmers, fishermen, hunters, loggers and related workers (division 5) was also quite high. Among £male workers, proportion was high for those with last occupation as production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9) but presently were administrative, executive and managerial workers (division 2) as also of those whose last occupation was professional, technical and related workers (division 0 or 1) but presently were clerical and related workers (division 3).

9.3.4 *Urban areas*: In urban areas, among female workers, proportion was rather high for those having last occupation as *service workers* (division 6) but presently were *production and related workers*, *transport equipment operators and labourers* (divisions 7, 8 or 9) or *farmers*, *fishermen*, *hunters*,

loggers and related workers (division 5) or for those having last occupation as production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9) but presently were sales workers (division 4) or for those having last occupation as professional, technical and related workers (division 0 or 1) but presently were administrative, executive and managerial workers (division 2) or service workers (division 6). For male workers, proportion was high for those having last occupation as production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9) but presently were administrative, executive and managerial workers (division 2) or farmers, fishermen, hunters, loggers and related workers (division 5) or service workers (division 6) as also for those whose last occupation was service workers (division 6) but presently were production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers (divisions 7, 8 or 9).

9.4 Reasons for change in industry of work and /or occupation

9.4.1 The reason for change of the industry of work and/or occupation was ascertained from the usually employed who changed their industry of work and/or occupation. The relevant results based on this information are given in Table 9.5. Of the employed, who had changed their industry of work and/or occupation, among females, about 39 per cent in rural areas – and 33 per cent in urban areas – did not report any of the specified reasons. The proportions were higher among *educated* females (i.e. those under the category *secondary and above*) – more so in rural than in urban areas. Among males, these proportions were lower – 27 per cent in rural areas and 16 per cent in urban areas. Among the specified reasons, *for better remuneration* was found to be the most significant reason – it being reported by 36 and 44 per cent of the employed males and by 32 and 41 per cent of the employed females who had changed their industry of work and /or occupation in rural and urban areas respectively. *Loss of earlier job* (due to *retrenchment* or *closure of unit*) is also an important reason for change of the industry of work and/or occupation.

Table 9.5: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons in the principal status of age 15 years & above, who had changed the nature of work and/or establishment during the two years preceding the survey by reason for such change for each broad education level

reason for change		male				female						
-	not	literate	sec.	all	not	literate	sec.	all				
	literate	& below	&		literate	& below	&					
		secondary	above			secondary	above					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)				
				ru	ral							
loss of earlier job due to												
retrenchment / lay-off	54	23	35	34	76	0	15	56				
closure of unit	34	78	41	57	37	0	0	27				
for better	305	359	410	355	299	424	188	321				
remuneration												
no job satisfaction	27	48	83	50	10	42	0	17				
lack of work in the	118	73	52	81	77	46	0	66				
enterprise (for self-												
employed												
lack of job security	9	31	13	21	5	0	95	8				
work place too far	48	30	17	32	11	0	0	8				
promotion/transfer	1	4	3	3	0	0	0	0				
others	331	252	242	273	383	368	635	393				
all (including n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000				
				url	oan							
loss of earlier job due to):											
retrenchment / lay-off	16	40	62	46	0	0	27	8				
closure of unit	15	84	76	71	16	118	3	49				
for better	596	443	392	443	650	286	276	407				
remuneration												
no job satisfaction	36	42	77	57	0	2	29	9				
lack of work in the	55	46	73	59	0	124	14	49				
enterprise (for self-												
employed)												
lack of job security	0	11	28	17	0	0	5	1				
work place too far	8	12	5	8	62	90	0	63				
promotion/transfer	0	6	22	12	0	0	11	3				
others	134	205	129	162	273	305	425	325				
all (including n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000				

Table 9.1.1: Number of usual principal status employed persons per 1000 persons of age 15 years and above who changed their establishment of work, status of work, industry(division) of work and occupation of work (2 digit level) during last 2 years

rural

state/u.t.		male	2		female					
	establish-	status	indus-	occu-	establish-	status	indus-	occu-		
	ment		try	pation	ment		try	pation		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
Andhra Pradesh	31	5	5	6	29	3	3	4		
Ar. Pradesh	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		
Assam	37	3	9	10	20	0	4	6		
Bihar	20	1	3	3	27	1	2	2		
Goa	36	12	15	16	28	0	0	0		
Gujarat	106	18	31	37	128	7	28	32		
Haryana	70	6	12	5	155	0	0	0		
H. P.	35	7	7	7	1	1	0	1		
Jammu & Kashmir	8	3	5	4	8	0	2	0		
Karnataka	48	7	6	9	61	1	2	3		
Kerala	98	18	30	31	70	1	6	6		
Madhya Pradesh	85	3	6	4	112	1	5	5		
Maharashtra	136	10	11	15	163	5	3	7		
Manipur	5	1	5	6	7	0	0	0		
Meghalaya	12	1	1	1	5	0	0	0		
Mizoram	2	0	1	2	9	0	2	4		
Nagaland	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Orissa	21	3	5	5	26	0	1	3		
Punjab	26	6	13	13	45	0	0	0		
Rajasthan	47	5	5	7	19	2	1	4		
Sikkim	11	3	6	3	10	0	5	2		
Tamil Nadu	150	7	8	10	182	1	3	4		
Tripura	35	4	9	6	69	0	7	7		
Uttar Pradesh	25	6	7	7	27	1	0	2		
West Bengal	42	4	7	8	41	1	4	3		
A & N Islands	42	10	9	7	0	28	0	0		
Chandigarh	79	15	23	15	33	0	0	0		
D & N Haveli	44	10	20	15	11	9	9	9		
Daman & Diu	152	48	98	97	34	25	14	25		
Delhi	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Lakshadweep	37	0	0			0	0	0		
Pondicherry	219	17	32	26	247	8	17	17		
All India	58	6	9	9	81	2	4	6		

Table 9.1.1: Number of usual principal status employed persons per 1000 persons of age 15 years and above who changed their establishment of work, status of work, industry(division) of work and occupation of work (2 digit level) during last 2 years

All India

Note A

Explanatory notes on detailed tables

Codes used in the Appendix Tables:

Activity status codes: worked in household enterprise(self-employed) as an own-account worker – 11, worked in household enterprise(self-employed) as an employer –12, worked in household enterprise as a helper –21, worked as regular salaried/wage employee –31, worked as casual labour in public works –41, worked as casual labour in other types of works –51, did not work due to sickness though there was work in household enterprise –61, did not work due to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise –62, did not work due to sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment –71, did not work due to other reasons but had regular salaried/wage employment –72, did not work but was seeking or available for work –81, (for cws and cds, sought work – 81), did not seek but was available for work –82, attended educational institutions –91, attended domestic duties only –92, attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, fire-wood, cattle feed, etc.), tailoring, weaving, etc. for household –93, rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. –94, not able to work due to disability –95, beggars, prostitutes, etc. –96, others –97, did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only) –98, infants of age 0-4 years –99.

Note: Codes 61,62, 71, 72, 82 and 98 are applicable for current weekly status (cws) and current daily status (cds) only.

Industry: Codes used are as per National Industrial Classification, 1998. The detailed structure of the codes along with their description are available in the booklet entitled "National Industrial Classification (All Economic Activities)", brought out by CSO in November, 1998.

Education standard - general: not literate-01, literate through attending: NFEC/AEC-02, TLC-03, others-04; literate but below primary-05, primary-06; middle-07; secondary-08; higher secondary-09, graduate and above in; agriculture-10, engineering/technology-11, medicine-12, other subjects-13.

Educational standard – **technical:** no technical education -1, technical degree in agriculture/engineering/technology/medicine etc -2, diploma or certificate in: agriculture -3, engineering/technology -4, medicine -5, crafts -6, other subjects -9.

Current attendance in educational institution and course of study: currently not attending any educational institution: never attended: to supplement hh. income -11, other reasons - 12; ever attended but discontinued studies: to supplement household income - 13, other reasons -14; dropped out: to supplement household income - 15, other reasons - 16; currently attending: NFEC/AEC-21, TLC-22; pre-primary-23, primary-24, middle-25, secondary and higher secondary-26, graduate & above in: agriculture-27, engineering/technology-28, medicine-29,

other subjects -30; diploma or certificate course: agriculture-31, engineering/technology-32, medicine-33, crafts-34, other subjects-35.

Skill: typist, stenographer-01, word processing-02, computer programming-03, data entry operator-04, fisherman-05, washerman-06, miner, quarryman-07, spinner including charkha operator-08, weaver-09, tailor, cutter-10, decorator-11, shoe-maker, cobbler-12, carpenter-13, mason, bricklayer-14, moulder-15, mechanic-16, machineman-17, craftsman-18, fitter-19, diemaker-20, welder-21, plumber-22, blacksmith-23, goldsmith/silversmith-24, electrician-25, repairer of electronic goods-26, motor vehicle driver, tractor driver-27, boatman-28, potter-29, nurse, midwife-30, basket maker, wicker product maker-31, toy maker-32, sports goods maker-33, brick maker, tile maker-34, bidi maker-35, agarbatti maker-36, bookbinder-37, artist/painter-38, barber-39, mud house builder & thatcher-40, others-41; no skill-99.

Operation code (for rural areas only): manual work in cultivation; ploughing -01, sowing -02, transplanting -03, weeding -04, harvesting -05, other cultivation activities -06; manual work in other agricultural activities; forestry -07, plantation -08, animal husbandry -09, fisheries -10, other agricultural activities -11, manual work in non-agricultural activities -12; non-manual work in: cultivation -13, activities other than cultivation-14.

Mode of payment: piece rate in cash: daily-01, weekly-02, fortnightly-03, monthly-04, other-05; piece rate in kind: daily-06, weekly-07, fortnightly-08, monthly-09, other-10; piece rate in both cash and kind: daily-11, weekly-12, fortnightly-13, monthly-14, other-15; other (non-piece) rate in cash: daily-16, weekly-17, fortnightly-18, monthly-19, other-20; other (non-piece) rate in kind: daily-21, weekly-22, fortnightly-23, monthly-24, other-25; other (non-piece) rate in both cash and kind: daily-26, weekly-27, fortnightly-28, monthly-29, other-30.

Occupation group: Codes as per NCO (1968) revised edition (3 digit code).

Reason for quitting job: work was not remunerative enough-1, unpleasant environment-2, employer harsh-3, health-hazard-4, to avail benefits of voluntary retirement-5, others-9.

Reason for seeking /available for additional work: to supplement income-1, not enough work-2, both-3, others-9.

Reason for seeking /available for alternative work: present work not remunerative enough-1, no job satisfaction-2, lack of job security-3, work place too far-4, wants wage/salary job-5, others-9

Reason for change of industry/occupation: loss of earlier job due to: retrenchment /lay-off -1, closure of unit-2, for better income/remuneration-3, no job satisfaction-4, lack of work in the enterprise (for self-employed)-5, lack of job security-6, work place too far-7, promotion/transfer-8, others-9

APPENDIX A

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				I	Rural							Male							
usua	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(pri	incipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	- (3)	3	36	180	331	347	347	361	366	404	440	459	397	342	-	216	757089	62172
11,12,21	10-45	_	0	4	19	34	43	47	50	47	45	47	32	33	38	_	24	84878	6434
	50-93	-	0	4	30	69	83	98	95	96	83	69	61	46	71	_	44	154404	13262
	01-93	-	3	44	229	433	474	492	506	509	532	556	553	477	451	-	284	996371	81868
31	01-05	-	0	2	6	8	11	16	15	14	12	12	7	3	10	-	7	23389	1948
	10-45	-	0	2	9	21	25	21	27	30	18	18	17	2	18	-	12	40443	2920
	50-99	-	0	1	14	31	49	62	65	74	74	72	83	5	46	-	29	100495	9456
	01-99	-	0	5	29	61	85	99	107	119	105	102	107	10	75	-	47	164327	14324
41	X	-	0	0	1	1	3	2	2	2	4	2	0	1	2	-	1	3978	363
51	01-05	-	1	26	160	234	283	294	291	287	280	251	225	120	236	-	149	522519	29304
	10-45	-	0	4	41	68	72	63	53	48	43	26	26	10	47	-	30	104590	6923
	50-93	-	0	2	14	26	24	25	20	17	13	12	8	4	17	-	11	38597	2934
	01-93	-	1	33	215	328	380	381	365	352	337	288	259	135	301	-	190	665706	39161
41 & 51	01-93	-	1	33	216	329	383	384	367	354	340	290	259	135	303	-	191	669684	39524
11-51	01-05	-	4	65	347	573	643	657	668	667	697	703	692	521	589	-	372	1303963	93506
	10-45	-	0	10	70	124	142	132	132	126	109	92	75	46	105	-	66	232212	16477
	50-99	-	0	7	58	126	157	186	182	188	171	154	153	55	135	-	84	294207	
	01-99	-	5	82	475	823	942	974	981	981	977	949	919	622	829	-	522	1830382	
81	X	-	0	2	33	54	31	10	4	2	1	0	1	1	18	-	11	39039	3264
11-81	X	-	5	84	507	877	972	984	985	982	978	949	920	624	846	-	533	1869421	138980
91	X	-	708	785	436	97	10	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	84	-	249	874262	67946
92	X	-	2	6	6	3	3	1	2	1	2	4	4	6	3	10	3	10147	819
93	X	-	1	6	4	2	2	1	1	0	1	1	2	3	2	-	2	7052	605
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	3	9	16	61	9	-	6	19680	1563
95	X	-	1	2	4	6	6	5	5	7	7	13	15	56	12	-	8	28030	1875
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	3	1	-	0	1672	87
97	X	-	284	118	42	15	6	6	6	5	8	21	40	246	43	990	81	285577	19702
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	117	411036	
91-99	X	1000	995	916	493	123	28	16	15	18	22	51	80	376	154	1000	467	1637455	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3506876	
estd. perso	ons (00)	411036	481842	449400	346249	269262	262305	230981	229741	184746	162372	129476	99449	246624	2161204		3506876	X	
sample per	rsons	29504	34672	32671	26249	20997	19980	17358	17076	13736	12383	9672	7559	19020	164030	204	261081	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				I	Rural			F	Female										
usual	activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	(3)	4	31	89	123	137	159	179	187	198	186	167	86	142	(1/)	94	317192	
11,12,21	10-45	_	0	9	23	19	24	22	24	19	22	15	12	10	20	_	14	45765	
	50-93	_	0	2	5	6	11	13	16	19	21	16	17	8	12	_	8	26033	2122
	01-93	-	4	41	117	148	173	193	219	226	241	217	196	104	174	_	116	388989	
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	3	3	1	0	3	-	2	5572	
31	10-45	-	0	1	3	4	4	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	3	_	2	5906	413
	50-99	-	0	0	2	6	13	12	12	17	9	12	9	2	9	-	6	18766	1960
	01-99	-	0	1	6	13	19	18	19	24	15	16	11	3	14	-	9	30244	2865
41	X	-	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	-	0	1154	89
51	01-05	-	1	29	100	138	167	196	196	197	181	155	137	64	150	-	98	330922	17728
	10-45	-	0	2	9	9	11	12	15	11	8	6	5	1	9	-	6	19893	1192
	50-93	-	0	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	5	5	1	3	3	-	2	6534	502
	01-93	-	2	31	111	149	181	210	214	212	194	165	143	67	161	-	106	357349	19422
41 & 51	01-93	-	2	31	111	150	181	211	214	213	195	166	143	67	162	-	107	358503	
11-51	01-05	-	5	60	189	263	308	358	380	388	383	344	305	150	295	-	195	654135	
	10-45	-	0	11	36	32	39	37	42	34	32	22	18	11	32	-	21	72068	
	50-99	-	0	3	9	15	27	28	31	40	35	32	27	13	24	-	15	51535	
	01-99	-	6	74	234	310	373	422	453	462	450	399	351	174	350	-	231	777737	52785
81	X	-	0	1	10	16	9	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	5	-	4	11827	1064
11-81	X	-	6	74	244	326	382	425	454	463	451	400	351	174	355	-	235	789563	53849
91	X	-	631	643	266	31	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	42	-	183	615237	49721
92	X	-	5	74	273	373	342	292	277	272	286	316	324	266	303	-	202	677902	
93	X	-	3	60	186	258	266	271	261	252	246	237	241	134	233	-	155	522623	
94	X	-	0	0	0	2	3	4	3	3	5	6	11	30	6	-	4	13460	
95	X	-	1	2	3	2	1	3	1	4	4	9	13	51	9	-	6	20152	
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	-	0	1668	
97	X	-	353	147	28	9	4	3	3	6	8	30	59	340	51	1000	96	321931	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 527	0	0	0	0	0	1000	119	399396	
91-99	X	1000	994	926	756	674	618	575	546	537	549	600	649	826	645	1000	765	2572370	
11-99	X (2.2)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3361933	
estd. perso		399396	434080	392036	296578	290496	280794	250964	224397	173122	151520	121279	100665	243533	2133348		3361933	X	
sample per	sons	28262	30991	28815	23002	21934	21089	18556	16715	12872	11445	9011	7647	18159	160430	200	248698	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India			Rural					F	Persons										
usual	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r. t	otal	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	3	34	138	223	239	249	271	279	304	317	312	243	243	-	156	1074281	87325
	10-45	-	0	6	21	26	34	34	37	34	34	32	22	22	29	-	19	130643	9568
	50-93	-	0	3	18	36	46	54	56	59	53	43	39	27	41	-	26	180437	15384
	01-93	-	4	43	178	285	318	336	365	372	391	392	374	292	313	-	202	1385360	112277
31	01-05	-	0	1	4	5	7	10	10	9	8	8	4	2	6	-	4	28961	2440
	10-45	-	0	1	6	12	14	11	15	17	11	10	9	1	11	-	7	46349	3333
	50-99	-	0	1	8	18	30	36	39	47	43	43	46	3	28	-	17	119261	11416
	01-99	-	0	3	18	36	51	57	64	73	61	60	59	6	45	-	28	194571	17189
41	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	-	1	5132	452
51	01-05	-	1	27	132	184	223	243	244	243	232	204	180	92	193	-	124	853441	47032
	10-45	-	0	3	26	37	41	36	34	30	26	16	16	5	28	-	18	124483	8115
	50-93	-	0	2	8	14	13	13	12	11	9	8	5	4	10	-	7	45131	3436
	01-93	-	2	32	167	235	277	292	290	284	268	229	201	101	232	-	149	1023055	58583
41 & 51	01-93	-	2	32	168	236	279	294	292	285	270	230	201	102	233	-	150	1028187	59035
11-51	01-05	-	5	62	274	412	469	501	525	532	545	530	497	336	443	-	285	1958098	136911
	10-45	-	0	11	54	76	89	82	87	82	72	58	47	29	69	-	44	304279	21257
	50-99	-	0	5	35	68	90	103	107	116	105	95	90	34	79	-	50	345742	30333
	01-99	-	6	78	364	557	648	687	720	730	723	683	634	399	591	-	380	2608118	188501
81	X	-	0	1	22	34	19	6	3	1	1	1	0	1	12	-	7	50866	4328
11-81	X	-	6	79	386	591	667	693	723	731	723	683	634	400	602	-	387	2658985	192829
91	X	-	672	718	357	62	6	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	63	-	217	1489499	117667
92	X	-	3	37	129	195	178	153	138	132	139	155	165	135	152	5	100	688049	53914
93	X	-	2	31	88	135	138	142	129	122	119	115	122	68	117	-	77	529675	39371
94	X	-	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	3	4	8	14	46	8	-	5	33140	2535
95	X	-	1	2	4	4	4	4	3	6	6	11	14	54	11	-	7	48182	3364
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	1	-	0	3340	
97	X	-	316	131	36	12	5	5	4	6	8	25	50	292	47	995	88	607508	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	118	810432	
91-99	X	1000	994	921	614	409	333	307	277	269	277	317	366	600	398	1000	613		316950
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6868809	509779
estd. perso	ons (00)	810432	915923	841436	642827	559758	543099	481945	454137	357869	313891	250755	200114	490157	4294552	6466 6	868809	X	
sample per	rsons	57766	65663	61486	49251	42931	41069	35914	33791	26608	23828	18683	15206	37179	324460	404	509779	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				J	Jrban			N	Male										
usua	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry	_												above	above			(00)	ple
	•																	` ′	•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	11	20	24	29	32	36	41	32	46	50	29	-	20	24289	
	10-45	-	0	3	28	64	82	100	88	88	94	75	71	60	72	-	49	60372	7869
	50-93	-	0	10	68	170	251	276	286	269	245	231	186	169	207	17	142	173661	24489
	01-93	-	1	16	107	254	357	405	406	392	381	338	302	279	308	17	211	258322	
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	3	4	6	4	3	5	4	1	3	-	2	2390	
	10-45	-	0	4	35	91	129	135	135	142	145	148	111	21	103	-	71	86373	9601
	50-99	-	1	11	57	149	227	262	281	314	333	338	302	34	207	-	142	174101	23732
	01-99	-	1	15	92	241	359	400	422	460	481	491	417	57	313	-	215	262864	
41	X	-	0	0	1	2	3	3	2	4	2	3	1	0	2	-	1	1758	286
51	01-05	-	0	1	11	11	16	20	21	18	18	23	20	15	16	-	11	13850	1646
	10-45	-	0	7	60	88	95	85	80	67	57	49	37	23	69	-	48	58516	6758
	50-93	-	1	8	31	48	49	46	42	31	30	30	25	12	37	-	26	31584	4065
	01-93	-	1	16	103	148	160	151	144	117	105	101	82	50	122	-	85	103949	
41 & 51	01-93	-	1	16	104	150	163	153	145	121	107	104	83	51	124	-	86	105707	12755
11-51	01-05	-	0	4	23	32	43	53	60	59	63	59	70	66	48	-	33	40540	
	10-45	-	1	14	124	244	308	321	304	298	297	273	220	104	245	-	169	206231	24397
	50-99	-	2	29	156	368	528	584	609	616	608	601	513	215	452	17	311	380122	
	01-99	-	3	46	303	644	878	958	973	973	968	933	803	386	745	17	513	626893	82806
81	X	-	0	3	55	104	71	22	12	6	5	4	2	0	38	-	26	31705	4210
11-81	X	-	3	50	358	748	949	980	985	979	973	938	805	386	782	17	539	658598	87016
91	X	-	838	875	592	224	31	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	132	-	283	345546	45835
92	X	-	1	4	6	4	4	2	3	2	1	4	10	11	4	-	4	4398	602
93	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	-	0	589	120
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	6	17	85	269	29	-	20	23932	3406
95	X	-	2	2	6	5	5	4	5	5	7	14	24	52	11	-	8	9231	1162
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	4	2	1	-	1	970	
97	X	-	155	70	38	17	8	6	5	7	11	27	71	276	40	983	53	64980	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	114297	14380
91-99	X	1000	997	950	642	252	51	20	15	21	27	62	195	614	218	983	461	563941	74120
11-99	Х	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1222540	161136
estd. perso	ons (00)	114297	132748	142338	134928	117085	103900	91484	90479	78937	63209	47596	33380	71144	832142	1014	1222540	X	X
sample per		14380	16979	18497	17483	15569	13546	11895	11860	10324	8849	6495	4851	10286	111158	122	161136	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				Ţ	Jrban			F	emale										
usual	activity							í	age group	(years)						_		perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry	<u> </u>												above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	1	3	5	9	11	12	17	15	15	16	7	10	-	7	7443	
	10-45	-	0	7	24	19	20	22	28	29	30	18	24	17	23	-	17	18541	2437
	50-93	-	0	3	10	18	29	40	44	46	45	39	44	28	31	-	22	24313	
	01-93	-	1	11	38	43	59	73	84	92	89	72	84	51	64	-	45	50297	7098
31	01-05	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	3	0	1	-	1	643	
	10-45	-	0	2	12	14	12	15	14	12	14	8	4	2	11	-	8	9018	
	50-99	-	0	5	14	43	53	67	82	80	80	92	49	12	52	-	36	40788	
	01-99	-	0	7	26	57	66	82	97	94	95	100	57	14	65	-	45	50448	
41	X	-	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	428	
51	01-05	-	0	2	7	9	14	15	19	19	19	28	18	9	14	-	10	11084	1259
	10-45	-	0	4	11	13	13	15	20	18	18	9	9	3	13	-	9	10584	1164
	50-93	-	0	3	6	7	9	11	15	17	13	16	14	6	10	-	7	8247	1052
	01-93	-	0	9	24	29	36	41	54	55	50	53	40	17	38	-	27	29915	
41 & 51	01-93	-	0	10	24	30	36	42	54	56	50	53	41	17	38	-	27	30343	
11-51	01-05	-	0	3	10	15	24	27	32	38	35	43	37	16	25	-	17	19169	
	10-45	-	1	14	47	47	46	52	62	60	62	35	37	21	48	-	34	38421	4621
	50-99	-	0	11	30	68	91	118	141	144	138	147	108	45	94	-	66	73497	
	01-99	-	1	28	87	130	161	198	235	242	234	225	181	82	166	-	117	131088	
81	X	-	0	1	16	38	21	10	5	3	2	1	0	0	13	-	9	9948	
11-81	X	-	1	29	103	168	182	208	240	245	236	227	182	82	179	-	126	141035	
91	X	-	811	825	520	161	11	2	2	0	1	0	1	2	102	3	252	281743	
92	X	-	3	62	296	552	673	650	625	621	631	619	592	394	550	-	384	429099	
93	X	-	0	12	50	105	121	132	122	123	114	95	75	42	98	-	68	76610	
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	5	8	16	25	51	9	-	6	6789	
95	X	-	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	9	13	57	8	-	6	6726	
96	X	-	0	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	2	0	3	1	1	-	1	852	
97	X	-	183	70	29	12	6	3	5	3	8	33	109	370	53	997	65	72560	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	92	103117	
91-99	X	1000	999	971	897	832	818	792	760	755	764	773	818	918	821	1000	874		
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1118531	
estd. perso		103117	122023	127013	114401	105097	101140	90686	86988	64095	54312	38740	31400	78488	765347		1118531	X	
sample per	rsons	12832	15518	16557	15308	14016	13150	11901	11541	8740	7562	5496	4465	10899	103078	113	148098	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India usual activity (principal)				Ţ	Jrban			F	ersons										
usual	l activity								age group	(years)						_		perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	•																	` /	•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	2	7	13	16	20	22	28	29	24	31	27	20	-	14	31732	
	10-45	-	0	5	26	43	52	61	58	62	64	49	48	37	48	-	34	78913	
	50-93	-	0	6	42	98	142	158	167	169	153	145	117	95	123	8	85	197974	
	01-93	-	1	13	75	154	210	240	248	258	246	219	197	160	191	8	132	308619	
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	2	2	4	3	2	3	3	1	2	-	1	3033	
	10-45	-	0	3	24	54	71	75	76	84	84	85	59	11	59	-	41	95391	
	50-99	-	0	8	37	99	141	165	183	209	216	227	180	22	133	-	92	214889	
	01-99	-	1	11	62	154	214	242	262	296	302	316	243	34	194	-	134	313312	
41	X	-	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	0	1	-	1	2186	
51	01-05	-	0	1	9	10	15	18	20	19	19	25	19	12	15	-	11	24934	
	10-45	-	0	6	38	53	55	50	51	45	39	31	24	12	42	-	30	69100	7922
	50-93	-	0	6	20	29	29	29	29	25	22	24	19	9	24	-	17	39831	5117
	01-93	-	1	13	67	92	99	96	100	89	80	80	62	33	82	-	57	133864	
41 & 51	01-93	-	1	13	67	93	101	98	101	92	81	81	63	33	83	-	58	136050	
11-51	01-05	-	0	3	17	24	33	40	46	50	50	52	54	40	37	-	26	59709	8591
	10-45	-	1	14	88	151	179	187	185	192	188	166	131	61	151	-	105	244652	
	50-99	-	1	20	99	226	313	352	379	404	391	397	317	126	280	8	194	453620	
	01-99	-	2	38	204	401	524	580	611	645	629	616	502	227	468	8	324	757981	
81	X	-	0	2	37	73	47	16	9	5	4	3	1	0	26	-	18	41653	
11-81	X	-	2	40	241	474	571	596	620	650	633	619	503	227	493	8	342	799634	106135
91	X	-	825	851	559	194	21	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	118	1	268	627288	
92	X	-	2	31	139	264	334	324	308	279	292	280	292	212	266	-	185	433497	
93	X	-	0	6	23	50	60	66	60	55	53	43	36	23	47	-	33	77199	11919
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	5	7	17	56	155	19	-	13	30721	4394
95	X	-	1	2	4	4	4	3	3	3	5	12	18	55	9	-	7	15957	2021
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	3	1	1	-	1	1821	126
97	X	-	168	70	34	14	7	5	5	6	10	30	90	326	46	990	59	137540	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	217413	
91-99	X	1000	998	960	759	526	429	404	380	350	367	381	497	773	507	992	658	1541437	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2341070	
estd. perso	ns (00)	217413	254771	269351	249329	222183	205040	182170	177467	143031	117521	86335	64780	149632	1597489		2341070	X	
sample per	rsons	27212	32497	35054	32791	29585	26696	23796	23401	19064	16411	11991	9316	21185	214236	235	309234	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				(Combined	l						Male							
usual	l activity								age group	(years)						_		perso	ns
(pri	incipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	28	133	236	255	257	268	267	302	330	355	320	255	0	165	781377	
	10-45	0	0	4	22	43	54	62	61	59	59	55	42	39	48	0	31	145250	
	50-93	0	0	5	40	99	131	148	149	148	128	113	93	74	109	4	69	328065	
	01-93	0	3	37	195	379	440	467	478	474	489	498	490	433	411	4	265	1254693	
31	01-05	0	0	2	5	6	9	13	12	11	10	10	6	3	8	0	5	25779	2287
	10-45	0	0	2	16	42	55	53	57	64	54	53	41	7	42	0	27	126816	
	50-99	0	0	3	26	67	99	119	126	146	147	144	138	11	91	0	58	274596	
	01-99	0	0	8	47	115	163	185	196	221	210	206	185	20	141	0	90	427191	47996
41	X	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	5736	
51	01-05	0	1	20	118	166	207	216	215	206	207	189	173	96	175	0	113	536369	
	10-45	0	0	5	46	74	79	69	61	54	47	32	29	13	53	0	34	163106	13681
	50-93	0	0	4	19	33	31	31	26	21	18	17	12	6	23	0	15	70181	6999
	01-93	0	1	29	184	273	318	316	302	281	272	238	215	116	251	0	163	769655	
41 & 51	01-93	0	1	29	185	275	320	318	304	284	275	240	215	116	253	0	164	775391	52279
11-51	01-05	0	4	50	256	409	472	486	496	485	519	530	535	419	439	0	284	1344503	99519
	10-45	0	0	11	85	160	189	185	180	178	162	141	112	59	144	0	93	438443	40874
	50-99	0	1	12	85	200	262	299	302	316	293	274	243	91	223	4	143	674330	78129
	01-99	0	5	73	427	769	924	970	979	978	974	945	890	569	805	4	520	2457275	218522
81	X	0	0	2	39	69	42	13	6	3	2	1	1	1	23	0	15	70744	7474
11-81	X	0	5	76	466	838	966	983	985	981	977	946	891	571	829	4	535	2528019	225996
91	X	0	736	806	480	135	16	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	97	0	258	1219807	113781
92	X	0	2	5	6	3	3	1	2	1	2	4	6	7	4	7	3	14545	1421
93	X	0	0	5	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	3	2	0	2	7641	725
94	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	4	11	34	108	15	0	9	43612	4969
95	X	0	1	2	5	6	6	5	5	7	7	13	17	55	12	0	8	37260	3037
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	3	1	0	1	2641	144
97	X	0	256	106	41	15	7	6	5	6	9	23	48	252	42	989	74	350557	28260
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	525333	
91-99	X	1000	995	924	534	162	34	17	15	19	23	54	109	429	171	996	465	2201396	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4729416	422217
estd. perso	ons (00)	525333	614590	591738	481177	386347	366205	322465	320219	263683	225580	177072	132829	317768	2993346	4409	4729416	X	X
sample per	rsons	43884	51651	51168	43732	36566	33526	29253	28936	24060	21232	16167	12410	29306	275188	326	422217	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				(Combined	l						Female							
usual	l activity								age group	(years)						_		perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	24	65	92	103	119	133	141	150	145	131	66	107	0	72	324635	26417
	10-45	0	0	8	24	19	23	22	25	22	24	16	15	11	21	0	14	64306	5571
	50-93	0	0	2	7	9	16	20	23	26	28	21	24	13	17	0	11	50346	5519
	01-93	0	3	34	95	120	143	162	181	190	201	182	170	91	145	0	98	439286	
31	01-05	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	4	3	3	2	2	0	2	0	1	6215	547
	10-45	0	0	1	5	7	6	6	6	6	5	3	2	1	5	0	3	14924	1399
	50-99	0	0	1	5	16	23	26	32	34	28	31	18	4	20	0	13	59554	
	01-99	0	0	3	11	24	31	35	41	43	36	36	22	5	27	0	18	80692	9815
41	X	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1582	146
51	01-05	0	1	22	74	104	127	148	146	149	138	124	108	50	114	0	76	342006	18987
	10-45	0	0	2	10	10	11	13	16	13	11	6	6	1	10	0	7	30477	2356
	50-93	0	0	1	3	3	5	5	7	7	7	7	4	3	5	0	3	14781	1554
	01-93	0	1	26	86	117	143	166	169	169	156	138	119	55	129	0	86	387264	22897
41 & 51	01-93	0	1	26	87	118	143	166	170	170	157	138	119	55	129	0	87	388846	23043
11-51	01-05	0	4	46	139	197	233	270	283	294	291	272	241	117	223	0	150	673304	45983
	10-45	0	0	12	39	36	41	41	47	41	40	25	23	13	36	0	25	110489	9401
	50-99	0	0	5	15	29	44	52	62	68	62	60	47	21	42	0	28	125032	14981
	01-99	0	5	63	193	262	317	363	392	403	393	357	311	151	301	0	203	908824	70365
81	X	0	0	1	12	22	12	5	2	1	1	1	0	0	7	0	5	21774	2603
11-81	X	0	5	63	205	284	329	368	394	404	394	358	311	151	309	0	208	930599	72968
91	X	0	671	687	336	65	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	58	1	200	896980	87985
92	X	0	5	71	279	421	430	387	374	366	377	390	387	297	368	0	247	1107001	107908
93	X	0	3	48	148	217	227	234	222	217	211	203	201	112	198	0	134	599234	50565
94	X	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	4	5	9	14	35	7	0	5	20249	1960
95	X	0	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	3	3	9	13	53	9	0	6	26878	2348
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2520	153
97	X	0	316	128	28	10	4	3	3	5	8	30	71	347	51	999	88	394490	31815
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	502513	41094
91-99	X	1000	995	937	795	716	671	632	606	596	606	642	689	849	691	1000	792	3549865	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4480464	396796
estd. perso	ns (00)	502513	556103	519049	410979	395594	381934	341651	311385	237217	205832	160018	132064	322021	2898695	4104	4480464	X	X
sample per	rsons	41094	46509	45372	38310	35950	34239	30457	28256	21612	19007	14507	12112	29058	263508	313	396796	X	X

Table (1): Per thousand distribution of persons by principal usual activity category for each age group.

All-India				(Combined							Person							
usual	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(pri	ncipal)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	-																		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	26	102	163	178	186	201	207	229	242	244	192	182	0	120	1106012	92610
	10-45	0	0	6	23	31	39	41	43	42	42	36	28	25	34	0	23	209556	
	50-93	0	0	4	25	54	72	82	87	90	80	69	58	43	64	2	41	378411	43270
	01-93	0	3	35	149	248	288	310	332	339	352	348	330	261	280	2	184	1693979	155754
31	01-05	0	0	1	3	4	6	8	8	7	6	6	4	1	5	0	3	31994	2834
	10-45	0	0	2	11	24	30	29	32	36	31	29	21	4	24	0	15	141740	
	50-99	0	0	3	16	41	61	71	80	93	90	90	78	8	56	0	36	334150	
	01-99	0	0	5	31	69	96	108	120	137	127	126	104	13	85	0	55	507884	
41	X	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	7317	795
51	01-05	0	1	21	98	135	166	181	181	179	174	158	141	73	145	0	95	878375	49937
	10-45	0	0	4	29	42	44	40	39	34	30	20	18	7	32	0	21	193583	16037
	50-93	0	0	3	12	18	18	18	17	15	13	12	8	5	14	0	9	84962	8553
	01-93	0	1	27	139	194	228	239	237	228	217	191	167	85	191	0	126	1156920	
41 & 51	01-93	0	1	28	140	195	230	240	238	230	218	192	167	86	192	0	126	1164237	
11-51	01-05	0	4	48	202	302	350	375	391	394	410	407	389	267	333	0	219	2017807	
	10-45	0	0	12	64	98	113	111	115	113	104	86	67	36	91	0	60	548931	50275
	50-99	0	0	9	53	113	151	172	184	199	183	172	145	56	134	2	87	799361	93110
	01-99	0	5	68	319	513	614	658	689	706	697	665	601	359	557	2	365	3366100	288887
81	X	0	0	2	26	45	27	9	4	2	2	1	1	1	15	0	10	92519	10077
11-81	X	0	5	70	345	558	641	667	694	708	699	667	602	360	573	2	376	3458618	298964
91	X	0	705	751	414	100	10	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	78	0	230	2116787	201766
92	X	0	3	36	132	215	221	200	185	174	181	187	196	153	183	4	122	1121546	109329
93	X	0	1	25	70	111	117	121	110	103	101	97	101	58	98	0	66	606875	51290
94	X	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	5	10	24	71	11	0	7	63861	6929
95	X	0	1	2	4	4	4	3	3	5	5	11	15	54	10	0	7	64139	5385
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	2	3	1	0	1	5161	297
97	X	0	284	117	35	13	5	5	4	6	9	26	59	300	47	994	81	745048	
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	1027846	
91-99	X	1000	995	930	655	442	359	333	306	292	301	333	398	640	427	998	624	5751262	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	9209880	
estd. perso	ns (00)	1027846	1170694	1110787	892156	781941	748139	664115	631605	500900	431412	337090	264894	639790	5892041	8512	9209880	X	
sample per	rsons	84978	98160	96540	82042	72516	67765	59710	57192	45672	40239	30674	24522	58364	538696	639	819013	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India]	Rural			1	Male										
usual	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	•																		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	42	200	345	353	350	363	367	405	443	466	410	350	-	222	778279	64090
	10-45	-	0	5	20	35	43	47	50	47	45	47	33	34	39	-	25	86331	6529
	50-93	-	0	4	32	71	84	98	96	96	83	70	62	48	72	-	45	156988	13522
	01-93	-	5	51	252	450	480	496	509	510	534	560	561	492	461	-	291	1021599	84141
31	01-05	-	0	3	6	8	11	16	15	14	12	12	7	3	10	-	7	23440	1951
	10-45	-	0	2	9	22	25	21	27	30	18	18	17	2	18	-	12	40566	2925
	50-99	-	0	1	14	31	49	62	65	74	74	72	83	5	46	-	29	100705	9478
	01-99	-	0	5	30	62	86	99	107	119	105	102	107	10	75	-	47	164712	14354
41	X	-	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	2	4	2	0	1	2	-	1	4027	366
51	01-05	-	1	27	164	235	284	294	291	287	281	252	226	122	237	-	150	525983	29492
	10-45	-	0	5	42	68	73	63	54	48	43	26	26	10	48	-	30	105158	6974
	50-93	-	0	2	15	27	25	25	21	17	13	12	8	5	18	-	11	39359	2993
	01-93	-	2	34	220	330	381	382	366	352	337	289	260	136	303	-	191	670500	39459
41 & 51	01-93	-	2	34	221	332	384	384	368	354	341	291	261	137	305	-	192	674527	39825
11-51	01-05	-	6	72	370	588	649	661	670	669	699	707	700	535	599	-	379	1328715	95617
	10-45	-	1	11	72	126	143	132	132	126	109	92	76	47	106	-	67	234356	16628
	50-99	-	0	8	61	129	159	186	182	188	171	154	154	57	136	-	85	297767	26075
	01-99	-	6	91	503	844	950	979	984	983	980	953	929	639	841	-	531	1860838	138320
81	X	-	0	2	29	46	25	7	2	1	0	0	1	1	15	-	9	32459	2667
11-81	X	-	7	93	532	889	975	987	986	984	980	953	930	640	855	-	540	1893297	140987
91	X	-	707	777	413	86	9	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	78	-	245	859190	66645
92	X	-	2	5	6	3	2	1	1	1	2	4	4	6	3	10	3	9702	786
93	X	-	1	6	3	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	2	2	-	2	6251	529
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	8	12	54	8	-	5	16826	1325
95	X	-	1	2	4	6	6	5	5	7	7	13	15	55	12	-	8	27712	1855
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	-	0	1493	77
97	X	-	283	116	41	15	6	5	5	5	7	20	36	239	41	990	80	281370	19373
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	117	411036	29504
91-99	X	1000	993	907	468	111	25	13	14	16	20	47	70	360	145	1000	460	1613580	120094
11-99	Х	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3506876	261081
estd. perso		411036	481842	449400	346249	269262	262305	230981	229741	184746	162372	129476	99449	246624	2161204	3394	3506876	X	X
sample per		29504	34672	32671	26249	20997	19980	17358	17076	13736	12383	9672	7559	19020	164030	204	261081	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India]	Rural]	Female										
usual	activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry	<u>-</u> '												above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	46	139	194	219	253	270	283	291	281	245	123	218	-	144	484738	39033
	10-45	-	0	12	33	27	32	28	31	25	27	20	20	11	26	-	18	60847	4108
	50-93	-	0	2	6	8	14	16	20	22	23	17	19	9	14	-	9	30625	2453
	01-93	-	5	59	177	229	265	298	321	330	340	319	284	143	258	-	171	576210	45594
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	4	3	1	0	3	-	2	5850	507
	10-45	-	0	1	3	4	4	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	3	-	2	5967	417
	50-99	-	0	0	2	7	13	12	12	17	9	12	9	2	9	-	6	19108	1989
	01-99	-	0	1	6	13	20	18	20	24	15	16	11	3	14	-	9	30925	2913
41	X	-	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	-	0	1408	117
51	01-05	-	1	32	109	155	190	221	217	213	196	169	146	68	165	-	109	366377	19759
	10-45	-	0	2	10	10	12	14	16	12	9	6	6	1	10	-	7	22448	1333
	50-93	-	0	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	2	3	3	-	2	7203	550
	01-93	-	2	35	121	167	206	238	237	230	210	180	154	72	179	-	118	396028	21642
41 & 51	01-93	-	2	36	121	168	206	239	238	231	211	180	154	72	179	-	118	397435	21759
11-51	01-05	-	6	78	248	352	413	478	492	501	490	454	392	191	386	-	255	857498	59339
	10-45	-	1	15	46	41	48	45	50	41	38	28	27	13	39	-	27	89901	5915
	50-99	-	0	3	10	16	30	31	36	44	37	34	30	14	26	-	17	57170	5012
	01-99	-	7	96	304	409	491	555	579	586	566	515	450	218	452	-	299	1004569	70266
81	X	-	0	0	10	15	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	-	3	10528	957
11-81	X	-	7	96	314	425	498	557	579	586	566	515	450	218	457	-	302	1015097	71223
91	X	-	631	635	258	29	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	41	-	181	609518	49204
92	X	-	5	69	252	343	301	249	237	229	247	269	285	249	269	-	179	602855	47457
93	X	-	3	51	144	191	191	185	176	172	171	172	183	110	169	-	113	381402	27834
94	X	-	0	0	0	2	3	3	3	3	4	5	10	29	6	-	4	12457	893
95	X	-	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	4	4	9	13	51	9	-	6	20037	1481
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	-	0	1583	80
97	X	-	352	146	28	8	3	3	2	5	7	28	58	338	50	1000	95	319588	22264
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	119	399396	28262
91-99	X	1000	993	904	686	575	502	443	421	414	434	485	550	782	543	1000	698	2346836	177475
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3361933	248698
estd. perso		399396	434080	392036	296578	290496	280794	250964	224397	173122	151520	121279	100665	243533	2133348	3072	3361933	X	X
sample per		28262	30991	28815	23002	21934	21089	18556	16715	12872	11445	9011	7647	18159	160430	200	248698	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India	al activity				Rural]	Persons										
usual	activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	•																		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	44	172	267	284	300	317	327	350	365	355	267	285	-	184	1263017	
	10-45	-	0	8	26	31	38	37	41	36	36	34	26	23	33	-	21	147178	10637
	50-93	-	0	3	20	38	48	56	58	60	54	44	41	29	43	-	27	187613	15975
	01-93	-	5	55	218	335	369	393	416	423	440	443	422	319	360	-	233	1597809	129735
31	01-05	-	0	1	4	5	7	10	10	9	8	8	4	2	6	-	4	29290	2458
	10-45	-	0	1	6	12	14	11	15	17	11	10	9	1	11	-	7	46534	3342
	50-99	-	0	1	8	19	30	36	39	47	43	43	46	3	28	-	17	119813	11467
	01-99	-	0	4	19	36	52	57	64	73	61	60	59	6	45	-	28	195636	17267
41	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	-	1	5435	483
51	01-05	-	1	30	138	193	235	256	255	251	240	212	186	95	202	-	130	892360	49251
	10-45	-	0	3	27	38	41	37	35	31	26	16	16	6	29	-	19	127606	8307
	50-93	-	0	2	9	14	14	14	12	11	9	8	5	4	10	-	7	46562	3543
	01-93	-	2	35	174	246	290	307	302	293	276	236	207	104	241	-	155	1066528	61101
41 & 51	01-93	-	2	35	175	247	292	309	304	295	278	238	207	105	242	-	156	1071962	61584
11-51	01-05	-	6	75	314	466	527	566	582	588	598	584	545	364	493	-	318	2186213	154956
	10-45	-	1	13	60	82	94	87	92	85	75	61	51	30	73	-	47	324257	22543
	50-99	-	0	5	37	71	92	106	110	118	107	96	91	36	81	-	52	354937	31087
	01-99	-	7	93	411	618	713	758	784	791	780	741	688	430	647	-	417	2865407	208586
81	X	-	0	1	20	30	16	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	10	-	6	42987	3624
11-81	X	-	7	94	431	648	729	763	785	791	780	741	688	430	657	-	423	2908394	212210
91	X	-	671	711	342	56	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	60	-	214	1468709	115849
92	X	-	3	35	119	180	157	130	118	111	120	132	145	127	135	5	89	612557	48243
93	X	-	2	27	68	100	100	96	87	83	83	84	93	56	85	-	56	387653	28363
94	X	-	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	3	6	11	41	7	-	4	29283	2218
95	X	-	1	2	4	3	4	4	3	5	6	11	14	53	10	-	7	47749	3336
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	-	0	3075	157
97	X	-	316	130	35	11	4	4	4	5	7	24	47	288	46	995	87	600957	41637
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	118	810432	57766
91-99	X	1000	993	906	569	352	271	237	215	209	220	259	312	570	343	1000	577	3960415	297569
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6868809	509779
estd. perso	ns (00)	810432	915923	841436	642827	559758	543099	481945	454137	357869	313891	250755	200114	490157	4294552	6466	6868809	X	X
sample per	sons	57766	65663	61486	49251	42931	41069	35914	33791	26608	23828	18683	15206	37179	324460	404	509779	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India				1	Urban]	Male										
usual	activity								age group	(years)								persor	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	·																		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	12	21	24	29	33	36	41	32	47	55	30	-	21	25145	4150
	10-45	-	0	4	29	65	82	100	88	88	94	75	72	60	72	-	50	60765	7939
	50-93	-	1	11	73	177	253	277	286	269	246	233	188	177	210	17	144	176427	24904
	01-93	-	1	18	114	262	359	406	407	393	382	340	307	292	312	17	215	262337	36993
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	3	4	6	4	3	5	4	1	3	-	2	2390	339
	10-45	-	0	4	36	91	129	135	135	142	145	148	111	21	104	-	71	86689	9628
	50-99	-	1	11	57	152	228	262	281	314	333	338	303	35	208	-	143	174740	23825
	01-99	-	1	15	95	244	360	400	422	460	481	491	418	58	314	-	216	263819	33792
41	X	-	0	0	1	2	3	3	2	4	2	3	1	0	2	-	1	1758	287
51	01-05	-	0	1	12	12	16	20	21	19	18	23	20	15	17	-	11	13988	1669
	10-45	-	0	7	61	89	96	85	81	68	57	49	38	23	69	-	48	58849	6807
	50-93	-	1	8	32	49	49	46	43	32	30	30	25	13	37	-	26	32051	4130
	01-93	-	1	16	105	150	160	151	145	118	105	101	84	52	123	-	86	104888	12606
41 & 51	01-93	-	1	16	106	152	164	154	146	121	107	104	84	52	125	-	87	106647	12893
11-51	01-05	-	0	4	25	33	43	53	60	59	63	59	71	72	49	-	34	41534	6165
	10-45	-	1	15	127	246	309	321	305	299	298	273	222	105	246	-	170	207274	24544
	50-99	-	2	30	163	379	531	585	610	617	609	602	516	225	456	17	314	383995	52969
	01-99	-	3	49	314	658	883	960	975	974	969	935	809	402	752	17	518	632803	83678
81	X	-	0	3	52	97	68	21	11	6	5	4	2	0	35	-	24	29858	3934
11-81	X	-	3	52	366	755	951	980	986	980	974	939	811	402	787	17	542	662661	87612
91	X	-	838	873	585	218	30	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	130	-	281	343430	45505
92	X	-	1	3	5	4	4	2	2	2	1	4	10	11	4	-	3	4210	582
93	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	-	0	543	112
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	5	16	82	258	27	-	19	22868	3269
95	X	-	2	2	6	5	5	4	5	5	7	14	24	52	11	-	8	9190	1155
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	4	2	1	-	1	951	55
97	X	-	155	69	37	16	8	6	5	7	11	26	69	273	40	983	53	64389	8466
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	114297	14380
91-99	X	1000	997	948	634	245	49	20	14	20	26	61	189	598	213	983	458	559878	73524
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1222540	161136
estd. perso		114297	132748	142338	134928	117085	103900	91484	90479	78937	63209	47596	33380	71144	832142	1014	1222540	X	X
sample per		14380	16979	18497	17483	15569	13546	11895	11860	10324	8849	6495	4851	10286	111158	122	161136	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India				1	Urban]	Female										
usual	activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	8	11	17	20	28	27	25	27	29	11	18	-	13	14318	2240
	10-45	-	0	11	32	26	28	31	39	39	37	27	29	18	31	-	22	24845	3158
	50-93	-	1	4	14	24	41	52	59	59	54	49	50	32	40	-	28	31401	4296
	01-93	-	1	18	53	61	86	103	126	125	117	102	108	61	89	-	63	70564	9694
31	01-05	-	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	0	1	-	1	682	60
	10-45	-	0	2	12	14	13	15	14	12	14	8	4	2	12	-	8	9134	1000
	50-99	-	0	5	14	46	55	68	83	83	81	94	50	12	54	-	37	41929	6026
	01-99	-	0	8	26	61	68	84	98	97	96	103	57	14	66	-	46	51745	7086
41	X	-	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	-	0	460	62
51	01-05	-	0	2	8	11	16	19	23	20	21	31	19	10	16	-	11	12483	1397
	10-45	-	0	4	12	14	14	16	22	20	19	10	9	3	14	-	10	11419	1261
	50-93	-	0	3	6	7	9	12	16	18	14	17	14	6	11	-	8	8858	1157
	01-93	-	0	9	26	32	39	47	60	59	54	57	42	19	41	-	29	32760	3815
41 & 51	01-93	-	0	10	26	33	40	48	61	60	54	57	42	19	42	-	30	33220	3877
11-51	01-05	-	0	5	16	22	34	40	51	49	47	58	51	21	35	-	25	27483	3697
	10-45	-	1	18	55	56	55	62	76	72	70	45	43	23	57	-	41	45690	5455
	50-99	-	1	12	35	77	105	133	158	162	150	159	114	50	105	-	74	82356	11505
	01-99	-	2	36	105	155	194	235	285	283	267	262	207	94	197	-	139	155529	20657
81	X	-	0	1	16	37	20	10	5	2	2	1	0	0	12	-	8	9412	1463
11-81	X	-	2	37	121	191	214	245	289	285	269	264	208	94	209	-	147	164941	22120
91	X	-	810	821	517	158	11	2	2	0	1	0	1	2	101	3	251	280559	38115
92	X	-	3	60	287	540	655	626	592	593	606	593	576	387	531	-	371	414422	53060
93	X	-	0	11	45	96	108	119	105	111	106	84	67	39	88	-	62	68954	10752
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	5	7	16	25	51	9	-	6	6716	975
95	X	-	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	9	13	56	8	-	6	6688	856
96	X	-	0	0	0	1	3	1	1	1	2	0	3	1	1	-	1	852	69
97	X	-	183	70	29	11	6	3	5	3	8	33	108	370	52	997	65	72283	9319
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	92	103117	12832
91-99	X	1000	998	963	879	809	786	755	711	715	731	736	792	906	791	1000	853	953590	125978
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1118531	148098
estd. perso	ns (00)	103117	122023	127013	114401	105097	101140	90686	86988	64095	54312	38740	31400	78488	765347	1032	1118531	X	X
sample per		12832	15518	16557	15308	14016	13150	11901	11541	8740	7562	5496	4465	10899	103078	113	148098	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India]	Persons														
	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
	•																		•
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	10	16	21	25	30	32	34	30	38	32	24	-	17	39463	6390
	10-45	-	0	7	30	46	55	66	64	66	68	54	51	38	52	-	37	85610	11097
	50-93	-	1	7	46	105	148	165	175	175	157	150	121	101	129	8	89	207828	29200
	01-93	-	1	18	86	167	224	255	269	273	259	233	210	171	205	8	142	332901	46687
31	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	2	3	4	3	2	3	3	1	2	-	1	3072	399
	10-45	-	0	3	25	55	72	75	76	84	84	85	59	11	59	-	41	95823	10628
	50-99	-	0	8	38	102	143	165	184	210	216	228	180	23	134	-	93	216669	29851
	01-99	-	1	11	63	157	216	243	263	297	303	317	243	35	196	-	135	315564	40878
41	X	-	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	0	1	-	1	2218	349
51	01-05	-	0	2	10	11	16	19	22	19	19	26	20	12	16	-	11	26471	3066
	10-45	-	0	6	38	53	55	51	52	46	40	31	24	13	43	-	30	70268	8068
	50-93	-	0	6	20	29	29	29	29	26	23	24	20	9	25	-	17	40909	5287
	01-93	-	1	13	69	94	101	99	103	91	82	81	63	35	84	-	59	137648	16421
41 & 51	01-93	-	1	13	69	95	103	101	104	94	83	83	64	35	85	-	60	139866	16770
11-51	01-05	-	0	5	20	28	38	47	56	55	55	59	61	45	42	-	29	69018	9862
	10-45	-	1	16	94	156	184	192	192	197	193	171	135	62	155	-	108	252963	29999
	50-99	-	2	22	104	236	321	360	388	413	397	404	321	134	288	8	199	466351	64474
	01-99	-	3	43	218	420	543	599	637	664	645	633	517	241	486	8	337	788332	104335
81	X	-	0	2	35	68	44	15	8	4	4	3	1	0	24	-	17	39270	5397
11-81	X	-	3	45	254	488	587	614	644	669	648	636	518	241	510	8	354	827602	109732
91	X	-	824	848	554	190	21	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	116	1	267	623989	83620
92	X	-	2	30	134	258	325	313	292	267	281	268	284	208	257	-	179	418632	53642
93	X	-	0	5	21	46	54	60	52	50	49	38	32	21	43	-	30	69496	10864
94	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	4	6	16	54	149	18	-	13	29584	4244
95	X	-	1	2	4	4	4	3	3	3	5	12	18	54	9	-	7	15878	2011
96	X	-	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	3	1	1	-	1	1803	124
97	X	-	168	69	33	14	7	5	5	5	10	30	88	324	46	990	58	136672	17785
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	217413	27212
91-99	X	1000	997	955	746	512	413	386	356	331	352	364	482	759	490	992	646	1513468	199502
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2341070	309234
estd. perso		217413	254771	269351	249329	222183	205040	182170	177467	143031	117521	86335	64780	149632	1597489	2046	2341070	X	X
sample per		27212	32497	35054	32791	29585	26696	23796	23401	19064	16411	11991	9316	21185	214236	235	309234	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India	age-group		Combined Male																
usual	activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry	-												above	above			(00)	ple
																		(**)	P
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	33	147	246	260	259	270	268	303	332	361	331	261	0	170	803424	68240
	10-45	0	0	4	23	44	54	62	61	59	59	55	43	40	48	0	31	147096	
	50-93	0	0	6	43	103	132	149	149	148	129	113	94	77	110	4	70	333416	
	01-93	0	4	43	213	393	446	470	480	475	491	501	497	447	420	4	271	1283936	
31	01-05	0	0	2	5	6	9	13	12	11	10	10	6	3	8	0	5	25830	2290
	10-45	0	0	2	17	43	55	53	57	64	54	53	41	7	42	0	27	127255	
	50-99	0	0	4	26	68	100	119	126	146	147	144	138	11	91	0	58	275445	33303
	01-99	0	0	8	48	117	164	185	196	221	210	207	185	21	142	0	91	428531	48146
41	X	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	5785	653
51	01-05	0	1	21	121	167	208	216	215	207	207	190	174	98	176	0	114	539972	31161
	10-45	0	0	5	47	74	79	69	61	54	47	32	29	13	54	0	35	164007	13781
	50-93	0	0	4	20	34	32	31	27	22	18	17	12	6	23	0	15	71410	7123
	01-93	0	2	30	188	276	319	316	303	282	272	239	216	117	253	0	164	775388	52065
41 & 51	01-93	0	2	30	189	277	321	319	305	284	276	241	216	118	255	0	165	781174	52718
11-51	01-05	0	4	56	273	420	477	488	498	486	521	533	542	432	446	0	290	1370249	101782
	10-45	0	1	12	87	162	190	186	181	178	162	141	113	60	145	0	93	441630	41172
	50-99	0	1	13	89	205	264	300	303	316	294	275	245	95	225	4	144	681762	79044
	01-99	0	6	81	450	787	931	974	981	980	977	948	899	586	816	4	527	2493641	221998
81	X	0	0	2	35	61	37	11	5	2	2	1	1	1	20	0	13	62317	6601
11-81	X	0	6	83	485	848	968	985	986	983	978	949	900	587	836	4	540	2555958	228599
91	X	0	735	800	462	126	15	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	93	0	254	1202621	112150
92	X	0	2	5	6	3	3	1	2	1	2	4	5	7	3	7	3	13912	1368
93	X	0	0	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	1	6794	641
94	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	3	10	29	99	13	0	8	39694	4594
95	X	0	1	2	5	5	6	5	5	7	7	13	17	55	12	0	8	36901	3010
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	3	1	0	1	2444	132
97	X	0	256	105	40	15	6	6	5	6	8	22	44	246	41	989	73	345759	27839
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	525333	43884
91-99	X	1000	994	917	515	152	32	15	14	17	22	51	100	413	164	996	460	2173458	193618
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4729416	422217
estd. perso	ns (00)	525333	614590	591738	481177	386347	366205	322465	320219	263683	225580	177072	132829	317768	2993346	4409 4	1729416	X	X
sample per	rsons	43884	51651	51168	43732	36566	33526	29253	28936	24060	21232	16167	12410	29306	275188	326	422217	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India	age-group			(Combined				Female										
usual	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry													above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
11,12,21	01-05	0	4	35	102	145	166	191	202	214	221	220	194	95	165	0	111	499056	
	10-45	0	0	11	32	27	31	29	34	29	30	22	22	13	27	0	19	85692	
	50-93	0	0	2	8	12	21	26	31	32	31	25	26	15	21	0	14	62025	
	01-93	0	4	49	143	184	218	246	267	275	281	266	242	123	214	0	144	646774	
31	01-05	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	4	3	3	2	2	0	2	0	1	6532	
	10-45	0	0	1	5	7	6	6	6	6	5	3	2	1	5	0	3	15101	
	50-99	0	0	1	5	17	24	27	32	35	28	32	18	4	21	0	14	61037	
	01-99	0	0	3	12	26	33	35	42	44	36	37	22	5	28	0	18	82670	
41	X	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1867	
51	01-05	0	1	25	81	116	144	167	163	161	150	135	116	54	126	0	85	378860	
	10-45	0	0	3	11	11	13	14	18	15	12	7	7	2	11	0	8	33867	
	50-93	0	0	1	3	3	5	6	7	8	8	8	5	4	5	0	4	16061	1707
	01-93	0	1	29	94	131	162	188	187	184	169	150	127	59	142	0	96	428788	
41 & 51	01-93	0	1	29	95	132	162	188	188	185	169	151	128	59	143	0	96	430655	
11-51	01-05	0	5	60	184	264	312	362	369	379	373	358	311	149	294	0	198	884981	63036
	10-45	0	1	15	49	45	50	50	57	49	47	32	31	15	44	0	30	135591	11370
	50-99	0	0	5	17	33	50	58	70	76	67	64	50	23	47	0	31	139526	
	01-99	0	6	81	249	342	412	470	496	504	487	454	392	187	385	0	259	1160098	
81	X	0	0	1	11	21	11	4	2	1	1	1	0	0	7	0	4	19940	
11-81	X	0	6	82	260	363	423	474	498	505	488	454	392	188	391	0	263	1180038	93343
91	X	0	670	681	330	64	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	57	1	199	890077	87319
92	X	0	4	66	262	396	394	349	336	328	342	348	355	283	338	0	227	1017277	100517
93	X	0	2	42	117	166	169	167	156	156	154	151	155	93	147	0	101	450355	38586
94	X	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	3	5	8	13	34	7	0	4	19173	1868
95	X	0	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	9	13	53	9	0	6	26725	
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	2434	149
97	X	0	315	127	28	9	4	3	3	5	8	29	70	345	51	999	87	391871	31583
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	502513	41094
91-99	X	1000	994	918	740	637	577	526	502	495	512	546	608	812	609	1000	737	3300426	303453
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4480464	396796
estd. perso	ons (00)	502513	556103	519049	410979	395594	381934	341651	311385	237217	205832	160018	132064	322021	2898695	4104	4480464	X	X
sample per	rsons	41094	46509	45372	38310	35950	34239	30457	28256	21612	19007	14507	12112	29058	263508	313	396796	X	X

Table (2): Per thousand distribution of persons by usual activity category taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic status of persons categorised 'not working' for each age-group

All-India	age-group			(Combined	l				Person									
usual	l activity								age group	(years)								perso	ns
(principal	& subsidiary)	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total	estd.	sam-
status	industry	_												above	above			(00)	ple
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	34	126	195	212	224	237	242	264	279	277	212	214	0	141	1302480	109513
	10-45	0	0	8	27	35	43	45	47	45	45	39	32	26	38	0	25	232788	
	50-93	0	0	4	27	57	75	86	91	93	82	71	60	46	66	2	43	395441	
	01-93	0	4	46	181	288	329	355	375	380	391	389	370	284	318	2	210	1930710	176422
31	01-05	0	0	1	3	4	6	8	8	7	6	7	4	1	5	0	4	32362	
	10-45	0	0	2	12	25	30	29	32	36	31	29	21	4	24	0	15	142357	
	50-99	0	0	3	17	42	61	72	80	93	90	90	78	8	57	0	37	336482	
	01-99	0	0	5	31	71	97	108	120	137	127	126	104	13	86	0	56	511201	
41	X	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	7653	
51	01-05	0	1	23	102	142	175	191	189	185	180	164	145	76	151	0	100	918831	52317
	10-45	0	0	4	30	42	45	41	40	35	30	20	18	7	33	0	21	197875	
	50-93	0	0	3	12	18	18	18	17	15	13	12	9	5	14	0	9	87470	8830
	01-93	0	1	30	145	202	238	250	246	236	223	197	172	88	199	0	131	1204176	
41 & 51	01-93	0	1	30	145	204	240	252	248	237	225	198	172	88	200	0	132	1211829	78354
11-51	01-05	0	5	58	232	341	393	423	434	435	450	450	427	289	371	0	245	2255230	164818
	10-45	0	1	14	70	103	118	116	120	117	107	89	72	37	95	0	63	577221	52542
	50-99	0	1	9	56	118	155	176	188	203	186	175	148	59	137	2	89	821288	95561
	01-99	0	6	81	357	562	666	715	742	755	743	714	646	385	604	2	397	3653739	312921
81	X	0	0	1	24	41	24	8	3	2	1	1	0	0	14	0	9	82257	9021
11-81	X	0	6	82	382	603	690	722	746	756	744	714	647	386	617	2	406	3735996	321942
91	X	0	704	744	401	94	9	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	75	0	227	2092698	199469
92	X	0	3	34	124	202	203	180	167	156	164	167	179	146	168	4	112	1031189	101885
93	X	0	1	22	55	85	87	86	77	74	74	72	78	48	73	0	50	457150	39227
94	X	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	4	9	21	67	10	0	6	58866	6462
95	X	0	1	2	4	4	4	3	3	5	5	11	15	54	10	0	7	63626	5347
96	X	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	4879	
97	X	0	284	115	34	12	5	4	4	5	8	25	57	296	46	994	80	737629	59422
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	1027846	84978
91-99	X	1000	994	918	618	397	310	278	254	244	256	286	353	614	383	998	594	5473884	497071
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	9209880	819013
estd. perso	ons (00)	1027846	1170694	1110787	892156	781941	748139	664115	631605	500900	431412	337090	264894	639790	5892041	8512 9	9209880	X	X
sample per	rsons	84978	98160	96540	82042	72516	67765	59710	57192	45672	40239	30674	24522	58364	538696	639	819013	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			N	Iale										
curr. weekl	y act.							а	ige grou	p (year	rs)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9 1	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	5	44	198	344	362	364	378	388	426	458	478	408	359	-	227	797367	64640
61, 62	10-45	-	0	4	19	35	41	46	49	46	44	43	30	30	37	-	23	82329	6307
	50-93	-	0	4	30	69	81	94	94	96	81	68	62	45	70	-	43	152227	13089
	01-93	-	6	51	247	447	484	504	521	530	551	570	571	483	465	-	294	1031922	84036
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	3	9	12	16	20	20	18	17	18	10	5	14	-	9	32214	2565
72	10-45	-	0	2	9	20	25	19	26	30	18	18	15	2	18	-	11	39319	2862
	50-99	-	0	1	13	32	47	60	64	72	73	70	80	4	45	-	28	97717	9171
	01-99	-	0	6	31	64	89	100	110	120	108	105	105	11	77	-	48	169250	14598
41 &51	01-05	-	1	24	139	198	237	250	247	240	235	211	180	95	199	-	126	440658	25199
	10-45	-	0	5	41	68	73	67	59	51	45	27	26	10	49	-	31	108400	7072
	50-93	-	0	2	13	27	25	25	20	15	14	12	8	4	17	-	11	38385	2936
	01-93	-	1	31	194	293	335	342	327	306	293	250	215	110	265	-	168	587443	35207
11-72	01-05	-	7	71	345	554	615	634	645	646	677	687	669	508	571	-	362	1270239	92404
	10-45	-	0	10	70	123	139	133	134	126	107	88	72	42	104	-	66	230048	16241
	50-99	-	0	7	57	127	153	180	178	183	167	150	150	53	132	-	82	288329	25196
	01-99	-	8	88	472	804	908	947	958	956	952	925	891	604	808	-	510	1788615	133841
81 & 82	X	-	0	3	47	69	54	30	18	17	16	15	17	8	33	-	21	72988	4882
11-82	X	-	8	92	519	873	962	977	975	972	968	940	908	612	841	-	531	1861604	138723
91	X	-	682	755	404	86	9	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	77	-	238	834388	64860
92	X	-	2	7	7	5	3	2	3	2	3	4	6	9	5	-	4	14328	1160
93	X	-	1	6	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	2	-	2	8524	730
94 - 97	X	-	307	140	63	31	20	16	15	20	23	49	77	370	72	1000	105	369567	25705
98	X	-	0	0	2	3	4	2	4	4	4	5	5	4	3	-	2	7430	399
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	117	411036	29504
91-99	X	1000	992	908	481	127	38	23	25	28	32	60	92	388		1000	469	1645273	122358
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3506876	261081
per 1000 di	istn.	117	137	128	99	77	75	66	66	53	46	37	28	70	616	1	1000	X	X
estd. person	ns (00)	411036	481842	449400	346249	269262	262305	230981	229741	184746	162372	129476	99449	246624	2161204	3394	3506876	X	X
sample per	sons	29504	34672	32671	26249	20997	19980	17358	17076	13736	12383	9672	7559	19020	164030	204	261081	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			F	emale										
curr. week	ly act.							а	ige grou	p (year	s)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	6	40	112	156	188	229	253	257	258	251	221	105	191	4	127	425572	34526
61, 62	10-45	-	0	10	30	25	28	25	26	22	24	17	16	9	23	-	16	53452	3558
	50-93	-	0	2	5	6	12	15	18	21	22	15	15	8	12	-	8	27276	2217
	01-93	-	6	52	147	187	228	268	297	300	303	283	252	123	227	4	151	506300	40301
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	1	2	4	5	6	7	6	6	4	4	1	4	-	3	10043	795
72	10-45	-	0	1	3	3	4	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	2	-	2	5660	399
	50-99	-	0	0	2	6	13	12	12	17	8	12	8	2	9	-	5	18393	1906
	01-99	-	1	2	7	13	21	20	21	26	16	17	13	4	15	-	10	34097	3100
41 & 51	01-05	-	1	26	86	116	142	165	169	170	157	128	116	52	127	-	84	282196	14963
	10-45	-	0	2	10	8	12	13	15	12	8	6	6	1	10	-	6	21181	1295
	50-93	-	0	1	2	2	3	3	3	4	5	4	3	3	3	-	2	6714	510
	01-93	-	2	29	97	126	157	181	188	187	170	138	124	56	140	-	92	310091	16768
11-72	01-05	-	8	67	200	276	335	399	429	433	420	384	341	159	323	4	214	717811	50284
	10-45	-	0	13	43	36	44	41	44	37	33	24	23	11	35	-	24	80294	5252
	50-99	-	0	3	9	14	27	29	33	43	36	31	25	13	24	-	16	52383	4633
	01-99	-	9	82	252	326	406	470	506	513	489	439	389	182	382	4	253	850488	60169
81 & 82	X	-	1	4	25	29	17	13	9	7	8	9	7	3	14	-	10	32342	1969
11-82	X	-	9	86	276	355	423	482	515	520	497	448	396	186	396	4	263	882830	62138
91	X	-	608	616	251	27	2	1	1	0	0	1	2	2	40	-	176	590169	47744
92	X	-	6	74	274	380	340	289	273	271	282	304	317	264	302	-	201	675473	52314
93	X	-	3	56	153	211	217	213	198	193	200	195	194	116	188	-	126	423822	30964
94 - 97	X	-	373	168	44	24	15	13	10	13	18	50	89	430	72	996	114	384938	26995
98	X	-	0	0	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	-	2	5305	281
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	119	399396	28262
91-99	X	1000	991	914	724	645	577	518	485	480	503	552	604	814	604	996	737	2479103	186560
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	3361933	248698
per 1000 d	listn.	119	129	117	88	86	84	75	67	51	45	36	30	72	635	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)	399396		392036		290496	280794	250964		173122	151520		100665	243533	2133348	3072	3361933	X	X
sample per	rsons	28262	30991	28815	23002	21934	21089	18556	16715	12872	11445	9011	7647	18159	160430	200	248698	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			P	erson										
curr. weekl	y act.							а	ige grou	p (year	rs)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	6	42	158	247	272	293	316	325	345	358	349	257	275	2	178	1222939	99166
61, 62	10-45	-	0	7	24	29	34	35	38	34	34	31	23	20	30	-	20	135781	9865
	50-93	-	0	3	19	36	45	53	56	60	52	43	38	27	41	-	26	179503	15306
	01-93	-	6	51	201	312	351	381	411	418	431	431	410	304	347	2	224	1538222	124337
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	2	6	8	11	13	13	12	12	11	7	3	9	-	6	42257	3360
72	10-45	-	0	1	6	12	14	11	14	17	10	10	8	1	10	-	7	44980	3261
	50-99	-	0	1	8	18	29	35	38	46	42	42	43	3	27	-	17	116110	11077
	01-99	-	1	4	20	37	54	59	66	75	64	63	59	7	46	-	30	203347	17698
41 &51	01-05	-	1	25	114	155	188	206	209	206	197	171	148	74	163	-	105	722854	40162
	10-45	-	0	3	27	37	42	39	37	32	27	17	16	6	29	-	19	129581	8367
	50-93	-	0	2	8	14	13	14	12	10	10	8	5	4	10	-	7	45099	3446
	01-93	-	1	30	149	206	243	258	258	248	234	196	169	83	203	-	131	897534	51975
11-72	01-05	-	7	69	278	410	471	512	539	543	553	540	504	334	448	2	289	1988050	142688
	10-45	-	0	11	57	78	90	85	90	83	72	57	48	27	70	-	45	310342	21493
	50-99	-	0	5	35	68	88	101	107	115	104	92	87	33	78	-	50	340712	29829
	01-99	-	8	86	370	556	649	698	735	741	729	690	639	394	596	2	384	2639103	194010
81 & 82	X	-	0	4	37	48	35	21	13	12	12	12	12	6	24	-	15	105330	6851
11-82	X	-	9	89	407	604	683	719	748	754	741	702	651	400	620	2	400	2744433	200861
91	X	-	647	690	333	56	6	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	58	-	207	1424557	112604
92	X	-	4	38	130	200	177	151	137	132	138	149	162	135	152	-	100	689801	53474
93	X	-	2	29	73	111	113	112	98	94	97	95	99	59	94	-	63	432346	31694
94 - 97	X	-	338	153	54	27	17	14	13	17	20	49	83	400	72	998	110	754505	52700
98	X	-	0	0	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	4	3	4	3	-	2	12734	680
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	118	810432	57766
91-99	X	1000	991	911	593	396	317	281	252	246	259	298	349	600	380	998	600	4124376	308918
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	6868809	509779
per 1000 d		118	133	123	94	81	79	70	66	52	46	37	29	71	625	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)	810432				559758	543099	481945	454137				200114	490157	4294552		6868809	X	X
sample per	sons	57766	65663	61486	49251	42931	41069	35914	33791	26608	23828	18683	15206	37179	324460	404	509779	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Urban			M	ale										
curr. weekl	y act.							a	ge grou	p (year	s)							pers	ons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	11	19	24	28	31	33	40	31	48	50	28	-	19	23698	3909
61, 62	10-45	-	0	4	27	61	78	94	85	84	90	75	68	57	69	-	47	57882	7654
•	50-93	-	3	14	74	178	253	280	289	271	248	231	186	170	211	17	145	177638	25024
	01-93	-	4	21	112	258	355	402	404	388	377	337	301	277	307	17	212	259218	36587
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	3	4	6	5	4	4	3	1	3	-	2	2399	344
72	10-45	-	0	3	36	88	125	131	132	135	140	133	109	21	100	-	68	83594	9385
	50-99	-	1	12	58	150	229	268	282	320	335	351	296	35	210	-	144	176632	23848
	01-99	-	1	15	95	239	357	403	420	459	480	489	408	57	313	-	215	262624	33577
41 &51	01-05	-	0	1	10	10	15	19	19	17	15	21	16	12	15	-	10	12287	1461
	10-45	-	0	7	56	84	90	80	75	64	54	48	34	20	65	-	45	55309	6460
	50-93	-	0	8	32	51	49	47	42	33	31	29	25	13	37	-	26	32379	4143
	01-93	-	1	16	99	145	154	146	136	115	100	98	75	44	117	-	82	99975	12064
11-72	01-05	-	0	4	22	30	41	50	56	55	59	57	67	63	45	-	31	38384	5714
	10-45	-	1	14	120	233	294	305	292	283	284	256	211	98	234	-	161	196785	23499
	50-99	-	5	34	164	379	531	595	612	624	614	612	507	217	458	17	316	386648	53015
	01-99	-	6	52	306	642	866	950	960	962	957	924	784	378	737	17	509	621817	82228
81 & 82	X	-	0	4	59	110	80	29	19	13	12	8	8	7	44	-	30	36953	4761
11-82	X	-	6	56	365	751	946	979	979	975	968	932	792	385	781	17	539	658770	86989
91	X	-	813	845	570	213	31	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	127	-	273	333773	44197
92	X	-	2	4	7	5	5	2	3	2	2	4	12	13	5	-	4	5136	713
93	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	-	1	651	136
94 - 97	X	-	179	94	57	29	16	15	15	20	27	61	192	596	85	983	89	108679	14579
98	X	-	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	-	1	1234	142
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	114297	14380
91-99	X	1000	994	944	635	249	54	21	21	25	32	68	208	615	219	983	461	563770	74147
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1222540	161136
per 1000 d	istn.	93	109	116	110	96	85	75	74	65	52	39	27	58	681	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)					117085	103900	91484	90479	78937	63209	47596	33380	71144	832142		1222540	X	X
sample per	sons	14380	16979	18497	17483	15569	13546	11895	11860	10324	8849	6495	4851	10286	111158	122	161136	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Urban			Fe	emale										
curr. weekl	y act.							a	ge grou	p (year	rs)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	1	5	7	14	16	19	22	20	18	24	10	14	-	9	10549	1669
61, 62	10-45	-	0	10	26	22	22	27	33	32	33	21	27	17	26	-	19	20909	2675
,	50-93	-	2	9	16	25	38	50	54	59	52	50	50	29	39	-	28	31203	4415
	01-93	-	2	19	46	54	74	93	105	114	105	89	100	55	78	-	56	62661	8759
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	1	-	1	630	58
72	10-45	-	0	2	12	13	11	14	14	12	14	8	4	2	11	-	8	8752	956
	50-99	-	1	6	15	44	57	69	83	83	81	96	50	13	54	-	38	42230	6033
	01-99	-	1	8	26	58	69	84	98	96	95	104	56	15	66	-	46	51612	7047
41 & 51	01-05	-	0	1	5	7	12	12	16	17	16	25	14	5	12	-	8	8995	1046
	10-45	-	0	4	10	13	12	15	20	17	17	10	8	3	13	-	9	10253	1133
	50-93	-	0	4	6	8	9	13	16	19	14	18	16	7	11	-	8	9246	1185
	01-93	-	0	10	22	28	33	40	52	53	46	53	37	15	36	-	25	28494	3364
11-72	01-05	-	0	2	10	15	26	29	36	40	36	44	40	15	26	-	18	20174	2773
	10-45	-	1	16	47	48	46	56	66	61	63	40	38	22	49	-	36	39914	4764
	50-99	-	2	18	37	77	104	132	152	161	147	164	115	48	105	-	74	82679	11633
	01-99	-	3	37	94	140	176	218	254	263	246	247	192	85	180	-	128	142766	19170
81 & 82	X	-	0	1	17	42	22	11	8	4	5	2	1	2	14	-	10	11295	1682
11-82	X	-	4	38	111	182	198	229	262	268	251	249	193	86	194	-	138	154062	20852
91	X	-	786	791	502	154	11	2	1	1	1	4	0	2	99	8	243	271875	36803
92	X	-	4	62	297	552	668	640	614	609	617	602	586	388	543	11	379	424099	54339
93	X	-	1	12	45	94	108	116	107	109	107	81	67	38	87	-	61	68325	10554
94 - 97	X	-	205	97	44	19	14	13	14	12	23	63	151	485	76	980	86	96491	12657
98	X	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	1	563	61
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	92	103117	12832
91-99	X	1000	996	962	889	818	802	771	738	732	749	751	807	914		1000	862	964469	127246
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000		1000	1000	1118531	148098
per 1000 d	istn.	92	109	114	102	94	90	81	78	57	49	35	28	70	684	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)		122023			105097	101140	90686	86988	64095	54312	38740	31400	78488	765347		1118531	X	X
sample per	sons	12832	15518	16557	15308	14016	13150	11901	11541	8740	7562	5496	4465	10899	103078	113	148098	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India	curr. weekly act.				Urban			P	erson										
curr. week	ly act.							í	age grou	ıp (yea	rs)							per	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	2	8	14	19	22	25	28	31	25	36	29	21	-	15	34247	5578
61, 62	10-45	-	0	7	27	42	50	61	59	61	63	51	48	36	48	-	34	78791	10329
- , -	50-93	-	2	12	47	105	147	166	174	176	157	150	120	96	128	8	89	208841	29439
	01-93	-	3	20	82	161	216	248	258	265	251	226	203	161	198	8	137	321878	45346
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	2	2	4	3	2	3	3	0	2	-	1	3029	402
72	10-45	-	0	3	25	53	69	73	74	80	82	77	58	11	57	-	39	92346	10341
	50-99	-	1	9	38	100	144	169	184	213	218	237	177	23	135	-	93	218862	29881
	01-99	-	1	12	64	153	215	244	262	297	302	316	237	35	195	-	134	314236	40624
41 &51	01-05	-	0	1	8	9	13	16	17	17	15	23	15	9	13	-	9	21282	2507
	10-45	-	0	6	35	50	52	48	48	43	37	31	21	11	40	-	28	65562	7593
	50-93	-	0	6	20	31	29	30	29	27	23	24	20	9	25	-	18	41624	5328
	01-93	-	1	13	63	90	94	93	95	87	75	78	57	29	78	-	55	128469	15428
11-72	01-05	-	0	3	16	23	34	40	46	48	48	51	54	38	36	-	25	58557	8487
	10-45	-	1	15	87	145	171	181	181	184	182	159	127	58	146	-	101	236699	28263
	50-99	-	4	27	106	236	321	365	387	417	398	411	317	128	289	8	200	469327	64648
	01-99	-	5	45	209	404	526	585	614	649	629	620	497	224	470	8	327	764583	101398
81 & 82	X	-	0	3	40	77	52	20	14	9	8	5	5	4	30	-	21	48248	6443
11-82	X	-	5	47	249	482	577	605	628	658	637	626	502	229	500	8	347	812831	107841
91	X	-	800	820	539	185	21	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	113	4	259	605648	81000
92	X	-	3	31	140	264	332	319	303	274	286	272	291	210	263	6	183	429235	55052
93	X	-	1	6	21	45	54	58	53	49	49	37	33	21	42	-	29	68976	10690
94 - 97	X	-	191	96	51	24	15	14	15	17	25	62	172	538	81	982	88	205170	27236
98	X	-	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	-	1	1797	203
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	217413	27212
91-99	X	1000	995	953	751	518	423	395	372	342	363	374	498	771	500	992	653	1528239	201393
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000		1000	1000	2341070	309234
per 1000 d		93	109	115	107	95	88	78	76	61	50	37	28	64	682	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso				269351		222183	205040	182170	177467		117521	86335	64780	149632	1597489		2341070	X	X
sample per	sons	27212	32497	35054	32791	29585	26696	23796	23401	19064	16411	11991	9316	21185	214236	235	309234	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Combi	ned		N	ſale										
curr. weekl	y act.							а	ige grou	p (year	s)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	4	34	145	246	266	268	280	282	318	344	370	328	267	0	174	821065	68549
61, 62	10-45	0	0	4	21	43	51	60	59	57	57	52	40	36	46	0	30	140211	13961
	50-93	0	1	6	43	102	130	147	149	148	127	112	93	73	109	4	70	329864	38113
	01-93	0	5	44	209	390	447	475	488	487	502	507	503	437	422	4	273	1291140	120623
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	2	7	8	13	16	16	14	13	14	9	4	11	0	7	34613	2909
72	10-45	0	0	2	17	41	53	51	56	61	53	49	39	6	41	0	26	122913	12247
	50-99	0	0	4	26	67	99	119	126	146	146	145	134	11	91	0	58	274349	33019
	01-99	0	1	8	49	117	165	186	197	222	212	208	182	21	142	0	91	431874	48175
41 &51	01-05	0	1	18	103	141	174	184	183	173	173	160	139	77	148	0	96	452945	26660
	10-45	0	0	5	46	73	78	71	64	55	47	33	28	12	54	0	35	163709	13532
	50-93	0	0	4	19	34	32	31	26	20	19	16	12	6	23	0	15	70763	7079
	01-93	0	1	27	167	248	284	286	273	248	239	209	180	95	224	0	145	687418	47271
11-72	01-05	0	5	55	255	395	452	468	479	469	504	518	518	408	425	0	277	1308622	98118
	10-45	0	1	11	84	156	183	182	179	173	157	133	107	55	140	0	90	426833	39740
	50-99	0	1	14	87	203	261	298	301	315	293	274	240	90	223	4	143	674977	78211
	01-99	0	7	80	426	754	896	948	958	958	954	925	864	553	788	4	510	2410432	216069
81 & 82	X	0	0	4	50	81	61	30	18	16	15	13	15	8	36	0	23	109941	9643
11-82	X	0	7	83	476	836	957	977	976	973	968	938	879	561	824	4	533	2520373	225712
91	X	0	710	777	451	124	15	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	91	0	247	1168161	109057
92	X	0	2	6	7	5	4	2	3	2	3	4	7	10	5	0	4	19463	1873
93	X	0	1	5	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	0	2	9175	866
94 - 97	X	0	279	129	61	30	19	16	15	20	24	52	106	421	75	996	101	478246	40284
98	X	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	3	4	3	4	4	4	3	0	2	8664	541
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	525333	43884
91-99	X	1000	993	917	524	164	43	23	24	27	32	62	121	439	176	996	467	2209042	196505
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4729416	422217
per 1000 d	istn.	111	130	125	102	82	77	68	68	56	48	37	28	67	633	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)	525333				386347	366205	322465	320219			177072		317768			4729416	X	X
sample per	sons	43884	51651	51168	43732	36566	33526	29253	28936	24060	21232	16167	12410	29306	275188	326	422217	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Combi	ned		F	emale										
curr. weekl	y act.							а	ige grou	ıp (yeai	s)							pers	sons
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	5	31	82	117	142	172	188	193	195	194	174	82	144	3	97	436121	36195
61, 62	10-45	0	0	10	29	24	27	25	28	25	26	18	19	11	24	0	17	74361	6233
	50-93	0	0	3	8	11	19	24	28	31	30	24	23	13	19	0	13	58479	6632
	01-93	0	5	44	119	152	187	222	244	249	251	236	216	106	187	3	127	568961	49060
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	1	2	3	4	5	5	5	5	3	4	1	3	0	2	10673	853
72	10-45	0	0	1	5	6	6	6	5	6	5	3	2	1	5	0	3	14413	1355
	50-99	0	0	2	5	16	24	27	32	35	27	32	18	4	21	0	14	60623	7939
	01-99	0	1	3	12	25	34	37	43	45	37	38	23	6	29	0	19	85709	10147
41 &51	01-05	0	1	20	63	87	108	124	126	129	120	104	92	41	97	0	65	291191	16009
	10-45	0	0	3	10	9	12	14	16	14	10	7	6	2	10	0	7	31434	2428
	50-93	0	0	1	3	3	5	6	7	8	8	8	6	4	5	0	4	15960	1695
	01-93	0	1	24	76	100	124	144	150	151	137	118	104	46	112	0	76	338585	20132
11-72	01-05	0	6	51	147	207	253	301	319	327	319	301	269	124	244	3	165	737985	53057
	10-45	0	1	14	44	39	44	45	50	44	41	28	27	14	39	0	27	120208	10016
	50-99	0	1	6	16	30	48	57	66	75	65	63	47	21	45	0	30	135062	16266
	01-99	0	7	71	208	276	345	403	436	445	425	392	342	159	328	3	222	993254	79339
81 & 82	X	0	1	3	22	32	18	12	8	7	7	7	5	3	14	0	10	43637	3651
11-82	X	0	8	74	230	309	364	415	444	452	432	400	348	162	343	3	231	1036891	82990
91	X	0	648	659	321	61	5	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	55	2	192	862044	84547
92	X	0	6	71	280	426	427	382	369	362	370	376	381	294	365	3	245	1099572	106653
93	X	0	3	45	123	180	188	187	173	170	176	168	164	97	161	0	110	492147	41518
94 - 97	X	0	336	150	44	23	15	13	11	13	19	53	104	443	73	992	107	481429	39652
98	X	0	0	0	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	1	5867	342
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	502513	41094
91-99	X	1000	992	926	770	691	636	585	556	548	568	600	652	838	657	997	769	3443573	313806
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	4480464	396796
per 1000 d	istn	112	124	116	92	88	85	76	69	53	46	36	29	72	647	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ns (00)	502513				395594	381934	341651	311385		205832			322021	2898695		4480464	X	X
sample per	sons	41094	46509	45372	38310	35950	34239	30457	28256	21612	19007	14507	12112	29058	263508	313	396796	X	X

Table (3): Per thousand distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each age-group

All-India					Combin	ed		Per	rson										
curr. week	ly act.							ag	ge group	(years	3)							pers	sons
status	industr	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	4	32	116	180	202	219	235	240	259	273	272	204	206	2	137	1257185	104744
61, 62	10-45	0	0	7	25	33	39	42	44	42	42	36	29	23	35	0	23	214572	20194
Ź	50-93	0	1	5	27	56	73	84	89	93	81	70	58	43	65	2	42	388343	44745
	01-93	0	5	44	168	269	314	345	368	375	382	379	360	270	306	4	202	1860101	169683
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	11	10	9	9	6	3	7	0	5	45286	3762
72	10-45	0	0	2	11	23	29	28	31	35	30	27	20	4	23	0	15	137326	13602
	50-99	0	0	3	16	41	61	72	79	93	90	92	76	8	56	0	36	334972	40958
	01-99	0	1	6	32	70	98	109	121	138	129	128	103	14	87	0	56	517583	58322
41 & 51	01-05	0	1	19	85	114	140	154	155	152	148	133	115	59	123	0	81	744136	42669
	10-45	0	0	4	29	41	44	42	40	35	29	20	17	7	32	0	21	195143	15960
	50-93	0	0	3	11	19	18	18	17	15	14	12	9	5	14	0	9	86723	8774
	01-93	0	1	26	125	173	203	213	212	202	191	166	142	70	169	0	111	1026002	67403
11-72	01-05	0	6	53	205	300	351	382	400	402	416	415	394	265	336	2	222	2046607	151175
	10-45	0	1	12	66	97	112	111	115	112	102	83	67	34	90	0	59	547041	49756
	50-99	0	1	10	55	116	152	174	185	201	184	174	143	55	135	2	88	810038	944773
	01-99	0	7	76	325	513	615	667	701	715	701	672	604	355	562	4	370	3403686	295408
81 & 82	X	0	0	3	37	57	39	21	13	11	11	10	10	5	25	0	17	153578	13294
11-82	X	0	8	79	363	569	654	688	714	726	713	682	614	360	587	4	386	3557265	308702
91	X	0	680	722	391	92	10	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	73	1	220	2030205	193604
92	X	0	4	37	133	218	220	198	183	173	178	181	194	153	182	2	122	1119035	108526
93	X	0	2	24	58	92	97	97	86	81	84	80	83	50	80	0	54	501322	42384
94 - 97	X	0	306	139	53	26	17	14	13	17	22	53	105	432	74	994	104	959675	79936
98	X	0	0	0	1	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	0	2	14531	883
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	1027846	84978
91-99	X	1000	992	921	637	431	346	312	286	274	287	318	386	640	413	996	614	5652615	510311
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	9209880	819013
per 1000 d		112	127	121	97	85	81	72	69	54	47	37	29	69	640	1	1000	X	X
estd. perso	ons (00)	1027846	1170694		892156	781941	748139	664115	631605			337090		639790	5892041	8512	9209880	X	X
sample per	rsons	84978	98160	96540	82042	72516	67765	59710	57192	45672	40239	30674	24522	58364	538696	639	819013	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			Male											
curr. daily	y activity	7							age grou	ıp (years))							person	ı-days
status	industry	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
																		` ′	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	39	185	329	347	355	369	378	418	448	465	392	347	-	219	5380246	433427
	10-45	-	0	4	19	38	44	48	51	47	45	45	31	31	39	-	24	601355	46739
	50-93	-	0	4	30	66	82	92	92	93	79	68	60	44	68	-	43	1045913	90624
	01-93	-	4	46	234	434	473	496	512	518	543	561	556	467	454	-	286	7027514	570790
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	3	8	12	16	20	19	18	16	18	11	6	14	-	9	218487	16550
72	10-45	-	0	2	11	22	26	22	26	30	19	18	16	2	19	-	12	289436	20985
	50-99	-	0	1	13	31	47	60	64	72	72	69	78	4	45	-	28	678551	63933
	01-99	-	0	6	32	64	89	102	109	120	107	105	106	12	77	-	48	1186474	101468
41 & 51	01-05	-	1	20	115	165	200	211	211	205	197	173	150	78	167	-	105	2584784	148239
	10-45	-	0	4	38	61	67	59	53	46	40	24	23	9	44	-	28	681627	44274
	50-93	-	0	2	12	24	22	22	19	14	13	11	7	4	16	-	10	242883	18602
	01-93	-	1	26	164	250	288	292	283	265	250	208	179	91	226	-	143	3509293	211114
11-72	01-05	-	5	61	308	506	562	586	599	600	631	638	626	476	527	-	333	8183517	598216
	10-45	-	0	10	68	121	136	129	131	123	104	87	70	42	102	-	64	1572418	111998
	50-99	-	0	7	55	121	152	174	174	179	165	148	145	52	128	-	80	1967346	173158
	01-99	-	6	78	431	747	850	890	904	902	900	874	841	570	757	-	478	11723281	883372
81 & 82	X	-	0	6	65	99	86	62	48	47	45	41	41	20	59	-	37	908712	58277
11-82	X	-	6	84	496	847	936	951	952	949	944	915	882	589	816	-	515	12631993	941648
91	X	-	674	749	407	88	9	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	78	-	237	5809377	452159
92	X	-	3	8	11	9	9	7	8	6	8	8	11	12	9	-	7	169718	13526
93	X	-	1	7	6	4	4	3	3	2	3	4	4	5	4	-	4	86791	8057
94 - 97	X	-	316	151	77	46	34	31	29	35	37	65	94	386	87	1000	117	2878934	200239
98	X	-	0	1	3	5	7	5	7	7	7	8	8	6	6	-	4	94067	5410
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	117	2877254	206528
91-99	X	1000	994	916	504	153	64	49	48	51	56	85	118	411	184	1000	485	11916140	885918
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	24548133	1827567
estd. p-da	ays (00)	2877254	3372897	3145798	2423741	1884831	1836136	1616864	1608184	1293225	1136602	906330	696146	1726367	15128426	23758	24548133	X	X
sample p	, ,	206528	242704	228697	183743	146979	139860	121506	119532	96152	86681	67704	52913	133140	1148210	1428	1827567	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			Female											
curr. daily	y activity	,							age grou	p (years))							persor	n-days
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35-39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above a	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	33	90	123	147	179	198	208	210	207	180	87	152	4	101	2381385	188716
, ,	10-45	-	0	8	26	21	24	22	24	19	22	15	12	9	20	-	14	327276	22749
	50-93	-	0	2	5	5	11	13	16	19	20	14	15	8	11	-	7	175184	14366
	01-93	-	5	43	121	149	182	214	239	246	252	236	207	104	184	4	123	2883845	225832
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	2	4	5	6	6	6	5	5	4	1	4	-	3	67872	5016
72	10-45	-	0	1	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	2	-	2	38788	2764
	50-99	-	0	0	2	6	12	11	11	16	8	11	8	2	8	-	5	124899	13184
	01-99	-	1	2	7	13	21	20	20	26	15	17	13	3	15	-	10	231560	20964
41 & 51	01-05	-	1	20	67	89	109	128	131	134	122	99	90	38	98	-	65	1525392	80774
	10-45	-	0	2	9	7	11	11	13	11	7	5	5	1	8	-	6	131181	7816
	50-93	-	0	1	1	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	1	2	3	-	2	39375	3108
	01-93	-	1	23	77	98	122	142	146	149	133	107	96	42	109	-	72	1695948	91698
11-72	01-05	-	6	54	159	215	261	313	336	348	337	311	274	127	255	4	169	3974649	274508
	10-45	-	0	12	38	32	38	36	39	33	30	21	18	10	31	-	21	497245	33328
	50-99	-	0	3	8	13	25	27	30	39	33	28	25	12	22	-	14	339458	30658
	01-99	-	6	68	205	260	325	376	405	421	400	361	317	149	308	4	204	4811352	338493
81 & 82	X	-	0	6	30	36	27	23	20	20	19	18	15	7	23	-	15	362674	21057
11-82	X	-	7	74	235	297	351	398	426	440	419	379	332	156	332	4	220	5174026	359550
91	X	-	601	611	250	28	3	1	1	0	1	1	2	2	40	-	174	4094464	331570
92	X	-	6	78	290	402	372	325	311	305	317	333	346	275	329	-	219	5147196	396402
93	X	-	4	59	171	242	250	254	242	233	235	227	222	129	219	-	146	3442648	254165
94 - 97	X	-	382	177	50	28	19	17	14	17	23	56	94	433	77	996	120	2814743	197919
98	X	-	0	0	3	4	4	4	6	4	6	4	5	4	4	-	3	64681	3446
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	119	2795774	197834
91-99	X	1000	993	926	765	703	649	602	574	560	581	621	668	844	668	996	780	18359506	1381336
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	23533532	
estd. p-da	ays (00)	2795774	3038563	2744255	2076048	2033474	1965556	1756751	1570777	1211855	1060638	848952	704652	1704734	14933437	21504	23533532	X	X
sample p	-days	197834	216937	201705	161014	153538	147623	129892	117005	90104	80115	63077	53529	127113	1123010	1400	1740886	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Rural			Person											
curr. daily	activity								age grou	ip (years))							persor	n-days
status	industry	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	4	36	141	222	243	264	285	295	318	331	322	241	250	2	161	7761631	622144
	10-45	-	0	6	23	29	34	35	38	33	34	31	22	20	30	-	19	928631	69488
	50-93	-	0	3	18	35	45	51	54	58	51	42	37	26	40	-	25	1221096	104990
	01-93	-	5	45	182	286	322	349	377	386	402	404	381	287	320	2	206	9911358	796621
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	2	5	8	11	13	13	12	11	12	8	4	9	-	6	286359	21566
72	10-45	-	0	1	7	12	14	12	14	17	11	10	8	1	11	-	7	328225	23748
	50-99	-	0	1	8	18	29	35	38	45	41	41	43	3	27	-	17	803450	77116
	01-99	-	0	4	20	38	54	59	65	74	63	62	59	8	46	-	29	1418033	122432
41 & 51	01-05	-	1	20	93	125	153	168	171	171	161	137	120	58	133	-	85	4110176	229014
	10-45	-	0	3	24	33	38	34	33	29	24	15	14	5	26	-	17	812808	52089
	50-93	-	0	1	7	12	12	12	11	9	9	7	4	3	9	-	6	282258	21710
	01-93	-	1	25	124	171	202	214	216	209	193	159	138	66	168	-	108	5205241	302812
11-72	01-05	-	5	58	239	355	407	444	469	478	489	480	449	302	392	2	253	12158166	872724
	10-45	-	0	11	54	74	86	81	86	80	68	55	44	26	67	-	43	2069663	145326
	50-99	-	0	5	33	65	86	97	103	111	101	90	85	32	76	-	48	2306804	203816
	01-99	-	6	73	326	495	579	622	657	669	659	625	577	361	534	2	344	16534633	1221864
81 & 82	X	-	0	6	49	67	55	41	34	34	32	30	28	13	41	-	26	1271386	79334
11-82	X	-	7	79	376	561	634	663	692	703	691	656	606	374	575	2	370	17806019	1301198
91	X	-	639	685	335	57	6	2	1	0	1	1	1	2	59	-	206	9903841	783730
92	X	-	5	40	140	213	197	173	158	150	157	165	179	143	168	-	111	5316914	409928
93	X	-	2	32	82	128	131	134	121	114	115	112	114	67	111	-	73	3529438	262222
94 - 97	X	-	347	163	65	37	27	24	22	27	30	60	94	409	82	998	118	5693677	398158
98	X	-	0	0	3	5	6	4	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	-	3	158748	8855
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	118	5673027	404362
91-99	X	1000	993	921	624	439	366	337	308	297	309	344	394	626	425	998	630	30275646	2267254
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	48081665	3568453
estd. p-da	ys (00)	5673027	6411460	5890052	4499789	3918305	3801692	3373615	3178961	2505080	2197240	1755282	1400797	3431101	30061863	45262	48081665	X	X
sample p	-days	404362	459641	430402	344757	300517	287483	251398	236537	186256	166796	130781	106442	260253	2271220	2828	3568453	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Urban			Male											
curr. daily	activity								age grou	p (years)								person	-days
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35-39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	3	11	20	24	29	32	36	41	31	49	50	29	0	20	171109	28254
,,	10-45	-	0	4	29	66	82	104	90	91	94	79	74	61	74	0	51	433570	57374
	50-93	-	2	12	66	163	241	263	274	255	235	220	173	155	197	14	136	1162724	164404
	01-93	-	3	18	106	249	347	395	396	382	370	330	296	266	300	14	207	1767403	250032
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	3	4	7	5	3	4	5	1	3	-	2	17469	2560
72	10-45	-	0	4	38	95	137	136	134	142	144	147	113	22	105	-	72	617477	68254
	50-99	-	1	11	56	142	215	259	276	309	329	333	288	34	202	-	139	1188094	162336
	01-99	-	1	15	94	237	355	398	416	455	476	485	406	56	310	-	213	1823040	233149
41 & 51	01-05	-	0	1	9	9	14	17	17	15	14	17	13	11	13	-	9	77900	9405
	10-45	-	0	6	50	73	79	71	65	56	46	41	29	17	57	-	39	336464	39658
	50-93	-	0	8	27	41	39	38	34	28	24	27	19	9	30	-	22	185126	23710
	01-93	-	1	14	85	123	132	126	116	99	85	85	62	37	100	-	70	599490	72773
11-72	01-05	-	0	4	21	30	42	49	55	56	58	53	67	62	45	-	31	266479	40218
	10-45	-	1	13	116	234	298	311	289	288	284	267	216	100	236	-	162	1387511	165286
	50-99	-	3	30	149	346	495	559	584	592	589	580	481	197	430	14	296	2535943	350450
	01-99	-	4	47	286	609	834	919	929	936	930	900	764	359	711	14	490	4189932	555954
81 & 82	X	-	0	5	67	126	96	43	33	24	22	18	17	13	56	2	38	329276	41422
11-82	X	-	4	52	353	735	931	962	962	960	952	918	781	373	766	17	528	4519208	597376
91	X	-	801	834	565	212	30	3	1	0	1	0	1	1	126	-	270	2308012	305896
92	X	-	2	5	8	7	7	5	6	4	4	7	14	15	7	-	6	49797	6942
93	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	-	1	5690	1140
94 - 97	X	-	192	108	72	42	27	26	27	31	39	71	201	606	97	983	100	856182	113744
98	X	-	0	0	2	3	3	3	5	4	3	4	3	4	3	-	2	18810	2194
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	800078	100660
91-99	X	1000	996	948	647	265	69	38	38	40	48	82	219	627	234	983	472	4038569	530576
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	8557777	1127952
estd. p-da	ays (00)	800078	929235	996367	944499	819598	727300	640388	633353	552557	442460	333171	233659	498011	5824996	7102	8557777	X	X
sample p-	-days	100660	118853	129479	122381	108983	94822	83265	83020	72268	61943	45465	33957	72002	778106	854	1127952	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Urban			Female											
curr. daily	activity								age grou									person	-days
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 &	15 &	n.r.	total		sample
														above	above			(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	1	4	6	11	13	16	19	16	16	20	8	11	-	8	61918	10091
, ,	10-45	-	0	9	26	23	22	27	33	36	31	22	26	16	26	-	19	147336	19103
	50-93	-	1	4	9	16	27	34	36	39	40	36	40	25	28	-	19	152300	21434
	01-93	-	1	14	38	44	61	75	85	94	88	74	86	50	65	-	46	361554	50628
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	0	2	0	1	-	1	4076	394
72	10-45	-	0	2	12	17	11	13	13	12	14	8	4	2	11	-	8	62793	6746
	50-99	-	0	6	14	39	53	67	81	81	77	93	49	12	52	-	36	281894	40879
	01-99	-	0	7	26	56	66	81	94	95	92	101	54	14	64	-	45	348763	48019
41 & 51	01-05	-	0	2	4	6	9	9	12	13	12	20	12	4	9	-	6	49803	5764
	10-45	-	0	4	8	10	11	13	16	14	15	8	7	2	11	-	8	59756	6620
	50-93	-	0	3	5	6	7	11	13	16	11	14	13	5	9	-	7	52437	6888
	01-93	-	0	8	18	22	27	33	42	44	38	42	31	12	29	-	21	161996	19270
11-72	01-05	-	0	3	8	12	21	23	29	34	30	36	33	13	21	-	15	115797	16249
	10-45	-	1	14	46	50	44	53	62	62	61	37	37	20	48	-	34	269886	32468
	50-99	-	1	13	28	61	87	112	130	137	129	143	101	42	89	-	62	486631	69201
	01-99	-	2	30	82	123	153	189	221	232	219	217	172	75	158	-	111	872313	117918
81 & 82	X	-	0	2	18	43	23	14	11	8	7	7	2	2	16	-	12	90385	12798
11-82	X	-	3	32	100	166	176	203	232	241	225	223	174	78	174	-	123	962698	130716
91	X	-	774	780	495	152	11	2	1	2	1	4	0	2	97	8	240	1876556	254195
92	X	-	5	64	305	562	681	659	635	628	636	619	598	393	557	11	389	3043922	389743
93	X	-	1	12	46	97	113	121	113	114	111	88	71	40	91	-	64	499802	77248
94 - 97	X	-	218	112	53	22	17	14	17	14	25	65	155	486	79	980	92	717754	94154
98	X	-	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	-	1	7168	806
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	92	721816	89824
91-99	X	1000	997	968	900	834	824	797	768	759	775	777	826	922	826	1000	877	6867018	905970
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	7829716	1036686
estd. p-da	ıys (00)	721816	854161	889090	800804	735681	707983	634804	608918	448662	380184	271177	219799	549416	5357427	7221	7829716	X	X
sample p	• • •	89824	108626	115899	107156	98112	92050	83307	80787	61180	52934	38472	31255	76293	721546	791	1036686	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Urban			Person											
curr. daily	activity	,							age grou	p (years)								person	-days
status	industry	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	-	0	2	8	13	18	21	24	28	30	24	35	28	20	-	14	233028	38344
, ,	10-45	-	0	6	27	45	52	66	62	66	65	53	51	38	51	-	35	580906	76477
	50-93	-	1	8	40	93	136	149	158	158	145	137	109	87	116	7	80	1315023	185838
	01-93	-	2	16	75	152	206	235	244	253	240	215	194	153	187	7	130	2128957	300660
31,71 &	01-05	-	0	0	1	1	2	2	4	3	2	3	3	1	2	-	1	21545	2954
72	10-45	-	0	3	26	58	75	75	74	84	84	85	60	11	60	-	42	680270	74999
	50-99	-	0	8	37	93	135	163	180	207	213	225	172	22	130	-	90	1469987	203214
	01-99	-	1	11	63	152	212	240	259	294	299	313	236	34	192	-	133	2171803	281168
41 & 51	01-05	-	0	1	7	7	12	13	15	14	13	18	13	8	11	-	8	127702	15168
	10-45	-	0	5	31	43	45	42	41	37	32	26	18	9	35	-	24	396220	46278
	50-93	-	0	5	17	25	23	25	24	23	18	21	16	7	20	-	14	237563	30598
	01-93	-	1	11	54	75	80	80	79	74	63	66	47	24	66	-	46	761486	92044
11-72	01-05	-	0	3	15	21	32	36	42	46	45	45	51	36	34	-	23	382275	56468
	10-45	-	1	14	84	147	173	183	178	187	181	164	129	58	146	-	101	1657396	197754
	50-99	-	2	22	94	211	294	337	362	388	376	384	297	116	266	7	184	3022573	419650
	01-99	-	3	39	192	379	498	556	582	621	602	593	477	210	446	7	309	5062245	673872
81 & 82	X	-	0	4	45	86	60	28	22	17	15	13	9	8	37	1	26	419661	54220
11-82	X	-	3	43	237	466	559	584	604	638	616	606	487	218	482	8	335	5481906	728092
91	X	-	788	809	533	184	21	3	1	1	1	2	1	1	112	4	255	4184568	560092
92	X	-	3	33	144	270	340	331	314	284	296	281	297	213	271	6	189	3093718	396684
93	X	-	1	6	22	46	56	60	56	51	51	40	35	22	44	-	31	505492	78389
94 - 97	X	-	205	110	63	33	22	20	22	24	32	68	178	543	88	982	96	1573937	207897
98	X	-	0	0	1	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	-	2	25978	3000
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	93	1521894	190484
91-99	X	1000	997	957	763	534	441	416	396	362	384	394	513	782	518	992	665	10905587	1436546
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	16387493	2164638
estd. p-da	ys (00)	1521894	1783396	1885458	1745303	1555279	1435284	1275192	1242270	1001219	822644	604348	453458	1047427		14323	16387493	X	X
sample p-	-days	190484	227479	245378	229537	207095	186872	166572	163807	133448	114877	83937	65212	148295	1499652	1645	2164638	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Combine	ed		Male											
curr. daily	activity								age grou	p (years))							persor	ı-days
status	industry	0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	30	137	236	255	263	273	275	313	336	360	316	258	0	168	5551356	461680
	10-45	0	0	4	22	46	55	64	62	60	59	54	42	38	49	0	31	1034924	104113
	50-93	0	1	5	40	96	127	140	143	142	123	109	89	69	104	3	67	2208636	255028
	01-93	0	4	39	198	378	437	467	479	477	494	499	491	422	411	4	266	8794916	820821
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	2	6	8	12	15	16	14	12	14	10	5	11	0	7	235956	19110
72	10-45	0	0	2	18	44	58	54	57	64	54	53	40	7	43	0	27	906913	89238
	50-99	0	0	4	25	64	95	117	124	143	144	140	131	11	88	0	56	1866644	226268
	01-99	0	0	8	49	117	165	186	196	220	211	207	181	22	142	0	91	3009514	334617
41 & 51	01-05	0	1	15	85	118	147	156	156	148	146	131	115	63	124	0	80	2662683	157644
	10-45	0	0	5	41	64	70	62	57	49	42	28	24	11	48	0	31	1018091	83932
	50-93	0	0	3	16	29	27	27	23	18	16	15	10	5	20	0	13	428008	42312
	01-93	0	1	23	142	211	244	245	236	215	204	175	150	79	191	0	124	4108783	283887
11-72	01-05	0	4	47	228	362	415	434	445	437	471	481	486	383	393	0	255	8449995	638434
	10-45	0	0	11	81	155	182	181	176	173	154	136	106	55	139	0	89	2959929	277283
	50-99	0	1	12	81	189	249	284	290	302	283	264	230	84	212	3	136	4503289	523608
	01-99	0	5	71	390	706	846	898	911	912	908	881	822	523	744	4	481	15913213	1439325
81 & 82	X	0	0	5	66	107	89	56	44	40	38	35	35	18	58	1	37	1237989	99699
11-82	X	0	6	76	456	813	935	954	955	952	947	916	857	541	802	4	518	17151201	1539024
91	X	0	701	770	452	125	15	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	91	0	245	8117389	758056
92	X	0	3	7	10	9	8	7	7	5	7	8	11	13	9	0	7	219515	20468
93	X	0	1	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	4	3	0	3	92481	9198
94 - 97	X	0	289	141	76	45	32	30	29	34	37	66	121	435	89	996	113	3735117	313982
98	X	0	0	0	3	5	6	5	6	6	6	7	7	6	5	0	3	112876	7604
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	111	3677332	307188
91-99	X	1000	994	924	544	187	65	46	45	48	53	84	143	459	198	996	482	15954709	1416495
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	33105911	2955519
estd. p-da	ays (00)	3677332	4302132	4142165	3368239	2704429	2563437	2257252	2241536	1845783	1579062	1239501	929805	2224378	20953422	30860	33105911	X	X
sample p-	•	307188	361557	358176	306124	255962	234682	204771	202552	168420	148624	113169	86870	205142	1926316	2282	2955519	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Combin	ed		Female											
curr. daily	activity								age grou	ip (years)	1							persor	n-days
status	industry	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	25	66	92	111	135	147	157	159	161	142	68	115	3	78	2443304	198808
, ,	10-45	0	0	8	26	22	24	24	26	24	24	17	16	11	22	0	15	474612	41852
	50-93	0	0	2	6	8	15	19	22	25	25	19	21	12	16	0	10	327484	35800
	01-93	0	4	36	98	121	150	177	196	205	209	197	179	91	153	3	103	3245399	276460
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	0	2	3	4	5	5	5	4	4	3	1	3	0	2	71948	5411
72	10-45	0	0	1	6	7	5	6	5	5	5	3	2	1	5	0	3	101582	9509
	50-99	0	0	2	5	15	23	26	31	34	27	31	18	4	20	0	13	406793	54062
	01-99	0	0	3	12	25	33	36	41	44	36	38	23	6	28	0	19	580322	68982
41 & 51	01-05	0	1	15	49	67	82	96	98	102	93	80	72	30	75	0	50	1575195	86538
	10-45	0	0	3	9	8	11	12	14	12	9	5	5	1	9	0	6	190937	14435
	50-93	0	0	1	3	3	4	5	6	7	6	6	4	3	4	0	3	91813	9996
	01-93	0	1	19	61	78	97	113	117	121	108	92	81	34	88	0	59	1857944	110968
11-72	01-05	0	4	41	117	161	198	236	250	263	256	245	217	99	193	3	130	4090446	290756
	10-45	0	0	12	40	37	40	41	46	41	38	25	23	13	36	0	24	767130	65796
	50-99	0	1	5	14	26	42	49	58	66	58	56	43	19	40	0	26	826089	99858
	01-99	0	6	58	171	224	279	326	354	370	352	326	283	131	269	3	181	5683665	456411
81 & 82	X	0	0	5	27	38	26	20	18	17	16	16	12	6	21	0	14	453058	33855
11-82	X	0	6	64	198	262	305	346	371	386	368	341	294	137	290	3	196	6136724	490266
91	X	0	639	653	318	61	5	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	55	2	190	5971020	585766
92	X	0	6	74	294	445	454	414	402	392	401	402	406	304	389	3	261	8191118	786145
93	X	0	3	48	137	203	214	219	206	201	202	193	186	107	185	0	126	3942450	331414
94 - 97	X	0	346	161	51	26	19	16	15	16	24	58	108	446	77	992	113	3532497	292072
98	X	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	5	3	5	4	4	4	3	0	2	71850	4252
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	3517590	287658
91-99	X	1000	994	936	802	738	695	654	629	614	632	659	706	863	710	997	804	25226524	
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	31363248	
estd. p-da	ys (00)	3517590	3892724	3633345	2876852	2769155	2673539	2391555	2179695	1660517	1440822	1120129	924451	2254150	20290864	28725	31363248	X	X
sample p-	-days	287658	325563	317604	268170	251650	239673	213199	197792	151284	133049	101549	84784	203406	1844556	2191	2777572	X	X

Table (4): Per thousand distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each age-group

All-India					Combin	ed		Person											
curr. daily	activity									p (years)	1							person	ı-days
status	industry	y 0-4	5-9	10-14	15- 19	20- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55- 59	60 & above	15 & above	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
11,12,21	01-05	0	3	28	104	163	182	197	211	219	239	253	252	191	188	2	124	7994659	660488
, ,	10-45	0	0	6	24	34	39	43	45	43	42	37	29	24	35	0	23	1509536	145965
	50-93	0	0	4	24	51	70	78	84	86	76	66	55	40	61	2	39	2536120	290828
	01-93	0	4	38	152	248	290	318	339	348	358	356	335	255	284	3	187	12040315	1097281
31,71 &	01-05	0	0	1	4	6	8	10	10	10	8	9	7	3	7	0	5	307904	24521
72	10-45	0	0	2	12	25	31	29	31	36	31	29	21	4	24	0	16	1008495	98748
	50-99	0	0	3	16	39	58	70	78	91	88	88	75	7	55	0	35	2273437	280331
	01-99	0	0	6	32	70	97	109	119	137	127	126	102	14	86	0	56	3589836	403600
41 & 51	01-05	0	1	15	69	92	114	125	127	126	121	107	94	46	100	0	66	4237878	244182
	10-45	0	0	4	26	36	40	36	36	31	26	17	15	6	29	0	19	1209028	98366
	50-93	0	0	2	10	16	15	15	14	13	11	11	7	4	12	0	8	519821	52307
	01-93	0	1	21	105	144	169	177	177	170	158	135	115	56	140	0	93	5966727	394856
11-72	01-05	0	4	44	177	260	304	332	349	355	368	369	352	240	295	2	195	12540441	929191
	10-45	0	0	12	62	95	110	109	111	110	99	83	65	34	88	0	58	3727059	343079
	50-99	0	1	9	50	106	143	163	176	190	176	166	137	51	127	2	83	5329378	623466
	01-99	0	6	65	289	462	557	604	636	655	643	617	553	326	510	3	335	21596878	1895736
81 & 82	X	0	0	5	48	72	57	38	31	29	28	26	24	12	40	0	26	1691047	133554
11-82	X	0	6	70	337	534	613	642	667	684	671	643	576	338	550	4	361	23287925	2029290
91	X	0	672	715	390	93	10	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	73	1	219	14088409	1343821
92	X	0	4	39	141	229	236	216	202	188	195	195	208	159	196	2	130	8410633	806612
93	X	0	2	25	65	105	111	114	103	96	98	93	94	56	93	0	63	4034931	340611
94 - 97	X	0	316	151	64	36	25	23	22	26	31	62	114	441	84	994	113	7267614	606055
98	X	0	0	0	3	4	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	5	4	0	3	184726	11856
99	X	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	7194922	594846
91-99	X	1000	994	930	663	466	387	358	333	316	329	357	424	662	450	996	639	41181234	3703801
11-99	X	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	64469158	5733091
estd. p-da	ys (00)	7194922	8194855	7775510	6245091	5473584	5236975	4648807	4421232	3506300	3019884	2359630	1854255	4478528	41244286	59585	64469158	X	X
sample p-	•	594846	687120	675780	574294	507612	474355	417970	400344	319704	281673	214718	171654	408548	3770872	4473	5733091	X	X

Table 5.2: Per 1000 distribution of working persons of current weekly status and working person-days of current daily status by industry division (NIC 1998)

all-India					rural	
industry	m	ale	fer	nale	pers	ons
division and	current	current	current	current	current	current
the tabulation	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily
category	status	status	status	status	status	status
_	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
A01	701	688	836	817	745	726
A01 A02	5	5	7	817	743 5	6
B05	3 4	5	1	2	3	4
sub-total (01-05)	710	698	844	826	753	735
C10	1	1	0	0	1	1
C11	0	1	0	1	0	1
C14	5	5	3	3	4	5
D15	12	13	10	10	12	12
D16	3	3	27	26	11	10
D17	12	12	16	17	13	14
D18	4	8	3	7	3	8
D19	1	1	0	0	1	1
D20	12	12	9	10	11	11
D21	1	1	0	0	0	0
D22	1	1	0	0	1	1
D24	2	2	3	3	2	2
D25	1	1	0	0	1	1
D26	9	9	6	7	8	9
D27	2	2	0	0	1	1
D28	4	4	1	1	3	3
D29	2	2	0	0	1	1
D31	1	1	0	0	1	1
D34	0	1	0	0	0	1
D36	5	5	2	2	4	4
E40	2	2	0	0	1	2
E41	1	1	0	0	0	0
F45	47	44	13	14	36	35
sub-total (10-45)	129	134	94	103	118	125

Table 5.2: Per 1000 distribution of working persons of current weekly status and working person-days of current daily status by industry division (NIC 1998)

all-India					rural	
industry	ma	le	feı	male	per	sons
division and	current	current	current	current	current	current
the tabulation	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily
category	status	status	status	status	status	status
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0.50	2	2	0	0	2	2
G50	3	3	0	0	2	2
G51	5	5	0	1	3	4
G52	54	57	17	19	42	46
H55	7	7	4	5	6	7
I60	28	28	0	1	19	20
I61	0	1	0	0	0	0
I63	1	1	0	0	0	0
I64	2	2	0	0	2	2
J65	2	2	0	1	1	2
K74	2	2	0	0	1	1
L75	17	18	4	5	13	14
M80	15	16	12	14	14	15
N85	4	4	3	4	4	4
O90	0	0	2	2	1	1
O91	2	2	0	1	2	2
O92	1	1	0	0	1	1
O93	16	17	15	16	16	16
P: 95001	0	1	1	2	0	1
95009	0	X	1	X	1	X
sub-total (50-99)	161	168	62	71	129	140
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated workers/ worker-days(00)	1788615	11723281	850488	4811352	2639103	16534633
sample workers/ worker-days	133841	883372	60169	338493	194010	1221864

Table 5.2: Per 1000 distribution of working persons of current weekly status and working person-days of current daily status by industry division (NIC 1998)

all-India					urban	
industry	ma	le	fe	male	pers	ons
division and	current	current	current	current	current	current
the tabulation	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily
category	status	status	status	status	status	status
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
			120	101		
A01	57	59	139	131	72	71
A02	1	1	1	1	1	1
B05	4	4	1	1	3	4
sub-total (01-05)	62	64	141	133	77	76
C10	5	5	2	2	4	5
C11	1	1	0	1	1	1
C14	2	3	1	2	2	3
D15	27	27	22	22	26	26
D16	4	4	48	45	12	11
D17	35	35	52	51	38	38
D17	15	26	23	48	16	30
D19	9	9	4	5	8	8
D20	11	12	8	9	11	11
D21	3	3	4	4	3	3
D22	8	8	4	4	7	8
D23	1	2	1	1	1	1
D24	11	12	19	20	13	13
D25	9	9	3	3	8	8
D26	8	8	7	7	8	7
D27	10	10	3	3	9	9
D28	17	18	5	3	15	15
D29	10	11	2	2	8	9
D30	10	1	0	1	1	1
D31	8	8	4	5	7	8
D32	2	2	2	2	2	2
D32	1	1	0	0	1	1
D34	3	6	0	1	2	5
D35	3	5	0	3	3	5
D36	22	22	15	18	21	21
E40	7	7	2	2	6	6
E40 E41	1	1	0	0	1	1
F45	83	75	47	44	77	70
sub-total (10-45)	316	331	280	309	310	327
3u0-10ta1 (10-43)	310	331	200	303	310	341

Table 5.2: Per 1000 distribution of working persons of current weekly status and working person-days of current daily status by industry division (NIC 1998)

all-India				1	urban	
industry	ma	le	fe	male	pers	ions
division and	current	current	current	current	current	current
the tabulation	weekly	daily	weekly	daily	weekly	daily
category	status	status	status	status	status	status
	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers	workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
G50	19	19	1	1	15	16
G51	31	32	10	11	27	28
G52	234	208	176	118	224	192
H55	30	30	23	23	29	29
I60	86	88	8	9	72	74
I61	1	2	0	0	1	1
I62	1	1	2	3	1	1
I63	5	5	1	1	4	4
I64	9	9	7	7	8	8
J65	15	16	11	12	15	15
J66	3	3	2	2	3	2
J67	2	2	1	1	1	1
K70	2	2	0	0	1	1
K71	3	2	0	0	1	2
K72	3	4	3	4	3	4
K73	0	1	0	0	0	1
K74	17	17	8	9	15	16
L75	78	81	42	47	71	75
M80	29	30	111	123	44	46
N85	14	15	39	42	19	20
O90	2	2	4	5	3	3
O91	5	5	2	3	5	5
O92	6	6	3	4	5	5
O93	20	20	68	71	29	29
P: 95001	1	7	24	61	5	17
95004	1	X	0	X	1	X
95009	5	X	31	X	10	X
sub-total (50-99)	622	605	579	558	614	597
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated workers/	621817	4189932	142766	872313	764583	5062245
worker-days(00)						
sample workers/	82228	555954	19170	117918	101398	673872
worker-days						

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India		Rural		N	Male								
usual activity				curre	nt weekly	activity	status				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	956	22	978	4	14	4	22	0	22	1000	531	1860838	138320
81	46	940	986	4	10	0	14	0	14	1000	9	32459	2667
11-81	940	38	978	4	13	4	22	0	22	1000	540	1893297	140987
91	6	1	7	956	37	0	993	0	993	1000	245	859190	66645
92-97	8	2	10	15	975	0	990	0	990	1000	98	343353	23945
91-97	7	1	8	687	305	0	992	0	992	1000	343	1202543	90590
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	117	411036	29504
91-99	5	1	6	512	227	0	739	255	994	1000	460	1613580	120094
11-99	510	21	531	238	112	2	352	117	469	1000	1000	3506876	261081
estd. persons (00)	1788615	72988	1861604	834388	392419	7430	1234236	411036	1645273	3506876	X	X	X
sample persons	133841	4882	138723	64860	27595	399	92854	29504	122358	261081	X	X	X

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India		Rural			Female								
usual activity				curre	ent weekly	activity	status				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	832	21	852	4	139	5	148	0	148	1000	299	1004569	70266
81	16	928	944	5	50	0	56	0	56	1000	3	10528	957
11-81	823	30	853	4	138	5	147	0	147	1000	302	1015097	71223
91	5	1	5	950	44	0	995	0	995	1000	181	609518	49204
92-97	9	1	10	5	984	0	990	0	990	1000	398	1337921	100009
91-97	8	1	9	301	690	0	991	0	991	1000	579	1947439	149213
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	119	399396	28262
91-99	6	1	7	250	573	0	823	170	993	1000	698	2346836	177475
11-99	253	10	263	176	441	2	619	119	737	1000	1000	3361933	248698
estd. persons (00)	850488	32342	882830	590169	1484233	5305	2079707	399396	2479103	3361933	X	X	X
sample persons	60169	1969	62138	47744	110273	281	158298	28262	186560	248698	X	X	X

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India	•	Rural		Per	rson								
usual activity				curre	nt weekly a	activity s	tatus				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	912	22	934	4	58	4	66	0	66	1000	417	2865407	208586
81	38	937	976	4	20	0	24	0	24	1000	6	42987	3624
11-81	899	35	935	4	57	4	65	0	65	1000	423	2908394	212210
91	6	1	6	953	40	0	994	0	994	1000	214	1468709	115849
92-97	9	1	10	7	982	0	990	0	990	1000	245	1681274	123954
91-97	7	1	8	448	543	0	992	0	992	1000	459	3149983	239803
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	118	810432	57766
91-99	6	1	7	357	432	0	789	205	993	1000	577	3960415	297569
11-99	384	15	400	207	273	2	482	118	600	1000	1000	6868809	509779
estd. persons (00)	2639103	105330	2744433	1424557	1876652	12734	3313943	810432	4124376	6868809	X	X	X
sample persons	194010	6851	200861	112604	137868	680	251152	57766	308918	509779	X	X	X

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India	_	Urban		N	Male								
usual activity				currer	nt weekly a	activity s	status				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	977	11	988	2	8	2	12	0	12	1000	518	632803	83678
81	14	972	986	7	7	0	14	0	14	1000	24	29858	3934
11-81	934	55	988	2	8	2	12	0	12	1000	542	662661	87612
91	6	1	7	962	30	0	993	0	993	1000	281	343430	45505
92-97	11	3	14	17	968	1	986	0	986	1000	84	102151	13639
91-97	7	2	9	746	245	0	991	0	991	1000	364	445581	59144
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	93	114297	14380
91-99	6	1	7	593	195	0	789	204	993	1000	458	559878	73524
11-99	509	30	539	273	94	1	368	93	461	1000	1000	1222540	161136
estd. persons (00)	621817	36953	658770	333773	114466	1234	449473	114297	563770	1222540	X	X	X
sample persons	82228	4761	86989	44197	15428	142	59767	14380	74147	161136	X	X	X

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India		Urban			Female								
usual activity				curr	ent weekly	y activity	status				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	900	9	909	3	84	3	91	0	91	1000	139	155529	20657
81	11	927	938	10	52	0	62	0	62	1000	8	9412	1463
11-81	849	62	910	4	83	3	90	0	90	1000	147	164941	22120
91	4	2	6	959	36	0	994	0	994	1000	251	280559	38115
92-97	3	1	4	4	992	0	996	0	996	1000	510	569914	75031
91-97	3	1	5	319	676	0	995	0	995	1000	760	850473	113146
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	92	103117	12832
91-99	3	1	4	284	603	0	888	108	996	1000	853	953590	125978
11-99	128	10	138	243	527	1	770	92	862	1000	1000	1118531	148098
estd. persons (00)	142766	11295	154062	271875	588915	563	861353	103117	964469	1118531	X	X	X
sample persons	19170	1682	20852	36803	77550	61	114414	12832	127246	148098	X	X	X

Table (6): Per 1000 distribution of persons by current weekly activity for each usual activity taking also into consideration the subsidiary economic activity of persons categorised not working in the principal status

All-India		Urban			Person								
usual activity				curre	nt weekly	activity	y status				per	estimated	sample
status	11-72	81 & 82	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000 dist.	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-51	962	11	973	2	23	2	27	0	27	1000	337	788332	104335
81	14	961	974	8	18	0	26	0	26	1000	17	39270	5397
11-81	917	56	973	3	23	2	27	0	27	1000	354	827602	109732
91	5	2	7	961	33	0	993	0	993	1000	267	623989	83620
92-97	4	1	6	6	988	0	994	0	994	1000	287	672065	88670
91-97	5	1	6	466	528	0	994	0	994	1000	554	1296055	172290
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	93	217413	27212
91-99	4	1	5	399	452	0	851	144	995	1000	646	1513468	199502
11-99	327	21	347	259	300	1	560	93	653	1000	1000	2341070	309234
estd. persons (00)	764583	48248	812831	605648	703380	1797	1310826	217413	1528239	2341070	X	X	X
sample persons	101398	6443	107841	81000	92978	203	174181	27212	201393	309234	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									rural	male			
current weekly				cui	rent daily	activity s	tatus				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	936	32	968	4	25	3	32	0	32	1000	510	1788615	133841
81 & 82	0	994	994	1	5	0	6	0	6	1000	21	72988	4882
11-82	900	70	969	3	24	3	31	0	31	1000	531	1861604	138723
91	0	0	0	986	14	0	1000	0	1000	1000	238	834388	64860
92-97	0	0	0	2	998	0	1000	0	1000	1000	112	392419	27595
91-97	0	0	0	671	329	0	1000	0	1000	1000	350	1226806	92455
98	0	0	0	0	3	997	1000	0	1000	1000	2	7430	399
91-98	0	0	0	667	327	6	1000	0	1000	1000	352	1234236	92854
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	117	411036	29504
91-99	0	0	0	500	245	5	750	250	1000	1000	469	1645273	122358
11-99	478	37	515	237	128	4	368	117	485	1000	1000	3506876	261081
estd. perdays (00)	11723281	908712	12631993	5809377	3135443	94067	9038887	2877254	11916140	24548133	X	X	X
sample perdays	883372	58277	941648	452159	221822	5410	679390	206528	885918	1827567	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									rura	l female			
current weekly				cu	rrent daily	activity	status				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	808	25	833	4	159	5	167	0	167	1000	253	850488	60169
81 & 82	0	945	945	3	51	1	55	0	55	1000	10	32342	1969
11-82	779	59	837	4	155	4	163	0	163	1000	263	882830	62138
91	0	0	0	984	16	0	1000	0	1000	1000	176	590169	47744
92-97	0	0	0	0	999	0	1000	0	1000	1000	441	1484233	110273
91-97	0	0	0	280	720	0	1000	0	1000	1000	617	2074402	158017
98	0	0	0	0	7	993	1000	0	1000	1000	2	5305	281
91-98	0	0	0	280	718	3	1000	0	1000	1000	619	2079707	158298
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	119	399396	28262
91-99	0	0	0	235	602	2	839	161	1000	1000	737	2479103	186560
11-99	204	15	220	174	485	3	661	119	780	1000	1000	3361933	248698
estd. perdays (00)	4811352	362674	5174026	4094464	11404587	64681	15563732	2795774	18359506	23533532	X	X	X
sample perdays	338493	21057	359550	331570	848486	3446	1183502	197834	1381336	1740886	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									rural	persons			
current weekly				cu	rrent daily	activity s	tatus				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	895	30	925	4	68	4	75	0	75	1000	384	2639103	194010
81 & 82	0	979	979	2	19	0	21	0	21	1000	15	105330	6851
11-82	861	66	927	4	66	4	73	0	73	1000	400	2744433	200861
91	0	0	0	985	15	0	1000	0	1000	1000	207	1424557	112604
92-97	0	0	0	1	999	0	1000	0	1000	1000	273	1876652	137868
91-97	0	0	0	426	574	0	1000	0	1000	1000	481	3301209	250472
98	0	0	0	0	5	995	1000	0	1000	1000	2	12734	680
91-98	0	0	0	424	572	4	1000	0	1000	1000	482	3313943	251152
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	118	810432	57766
91-99	0	0	0	341	460	3	804	196	1000	1000	600	4124376	308918
11-99	344	26	370	206	302	3	512	118	630	1000	1000	6868809	509779
estd. perdays (00)	16534633	1271386	17806019	9903841	14540030	158748	24602619	5673027	30275646	48081665	X	X	X
sample perdays	1221864	79334	1301198	783730	1070308	8855	1862892	404362	2267254	3568453	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									url	oan male			
current weekly				curren	t daily act	ivity stat	us				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	963	16	979	2	16	2	21	0	21	1000	509	621817	82228
81 & 82	0	995	995	2	3	0	5	0	5	1000	30	36953	4761
11-82	909	71	980	2	15	2	20	0	20	1000	539	658770	86989
91	0	0	0	982	18	0	1000	0	1000	1000	273	333773	44197
92-97	0	0	0	3	997	0	1000	0	1000	1000	94	114466	15428
91-97	0	0	0	732	268	0	1000	0	1000	1000	367	448239	59625
98	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	0	1000	1000	1	1234	142
91-98	0	0	0	730	267	3	1000	0	1000	1000	368	449473	59767
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	93	114297	14380
91-99	0	0	0	582	213	2	797	203	1000	1000	461	563770	74147
11-99	490	38	528	270	107	2	378	93	472	1000	1000	1222540	161136
estd. perdays (00)	4189932	329276	4519208	2308012	911669	18810	3238491	800078	4038569	8557777	X	X	X
sample perdays	555954	41422	597376	305896	121826	2194	429916	100660	530576	1127952	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									urt	oan female			
current weekly				curren	t daily acti	vity stat	us				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	873	15	888	6	103	3	112	0	112	1000	128	142766	19170
81 & 82	0	953	953	8	38	0	47	0	47	1000	10	11295	1682
11-82	809	84	893	6	98	3	107	0	107	1000	138	154062	20852
91	0	0	0	982	18	0	1000	0	1000	1000	243	271875	36803
92-97	0	0	0	0	1000	0	1000	0	1000	1000	527	588915	77550
91-97	0	0	0	310	690	0	1000	0	1000	1000	770	860790	114353
98	0	0	0	0	4	996	1000	0	1000	1000	1	563	61
91-98	0	0	0	310	689	1	1000	0	1000	1000	770	861353	114414
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	92	103117	12832
91-99	0	0	0	277	615	1	893	107	1000	1000	862	964469	127246
11-99	111	12	123	240	544	1	785	92	877	1000	1000	1118531	148098
estd. perdays (00)	872313	90385	962698	1876556	4261478	7168	6145202	721816	6867018	7829716	X	X	X
sample perdays	117918	12798	130716	254195	561145	806	816146	89824	905970	1036686	X	X	X

Table (7): Per 1000 distribution of person-days by current daily activity for each current weekly activity

all-India									uı	ban person	S		
current weekly				cur	rent daily	activity	status				per	estimated	sample
activity status	11-72	81 &	11-82	91	92-97	98	91-98	99	91-99	11-99	1000	persons	persons
		82									dist.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
11-72	946	16	962	3	32	2	38	0	38	1000	327	764583	101398
81 & 82	0	985	985	3	11	0	15	0	15	1000	21	48248	6443
11-82	890	74	963	3	31	2	37	0	37	1000	347	812831	107841
91	0	0	0	982	18	0	1000	0	1000	1000	259	605648	81000
92-97	0	0	0	1	999	0	1000	0	1000	1000	300	703380	92978
91-97	0	0	0	455	545	0	1000	0	1000	1000	559	1309029	173978
98	0	0	0	0	1	999	1000	0	1000	1000	1	1797	203
91-98	0	0	0	454	544	1	1000	0	1000	1000	560	1310826	174181
99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	93	217413	27212
91-99	0	0	0	390	467	1	858	142	1000	1000	653	1528239	201393
11-99	309	26	335	255	316	2	573	93	665	1000	1000	2341070	309234
estd. perdays (00)	5062245	419661	5481906	4184568	5173148	25978	9383693	1521894	10905587	16387493	X	X	X
sample perdays	673872	54220	728092	560092	682970	3000	1246062	190484	1436546	2164638	X	X	X

Table 17: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons by occupation group

all-India occupation group	workers a	ccording t	o usual	Rural workers a	ccording to	usual status
(division/group/family)		cipal statu			ncipal + sub	
	male	female	persons	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1. 08	1	2	2	1	2	2
2. 15	13	13	13	13	10	12
3. rest of divisions 0 & 1	8	1	6	8	1	6
4. division 0 & 1	23	16	21	23	14	20
5. division 2	16	9	14	17	8	14
6. 30 - 35	16	4	12	15	3	11
7. 36 - 39	4	0	3	4	0	3
8. division 3	20	4	15	19	3	14
9. 40	35	13	29	35	13	27
10. rest of division 4	15	5	12	15	5	12
11. division 4	50	19	41	50	18	39
12. 51 - 54 .	3	13	6	3	10	6
510	0	0	0	0	0	0
520	1	2	1	1	1	1
529	1	1	1	1	1	1
530	0	2	1	0	1	l
531	0	4	1	0	3	1
539	0	1	0	0	1	0
540 541	0	0	0	0	0	0
13. 55 - 56	1 10	3 10	2 10	10	2 9	2 9
14. rest of division 5	10	4	9	10	3	8
15. division 5	24	27	25	24	23	23
16. 610 & 611	377	343	367	380	354	371
17. 63	278	417	320	276	359	305
18. 64	10	14	12	10	11	11
19. rest of division 6	37	59	44	39	121	68
20. division 6	704	834	742	705	846	754
21. 71	3	2	3	3	2	3
22. 72	1	0	1	1	0	1
23. 75	10	13	11	9	13	11
24. 77	6	7	6	6	7	6
25. 79	9	8	8	9	9	9
26. 82-89	25	6	20	25	5	18
27. 95	28	8	22	28	7	20
28. 98	21	0	15	21	0	14
29. 99	32	12	26	31	10	24
30. rest of divisions 7,8 & 9	28	36	30	28	36	31
31. divisions 7,8 & 9	163	92	142	162	89	136
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated no. of persons (00	/	777737	2608118	1860838	1004569	2865407
sample persons	135716	52785	188501	138320	70266	208586

Table 17: Per 1000 distribution of usually working persons by occupation group

occupation group		ers accordin			cording to us	
(division/group/family)		principal s			cipal + subsic	
(1)	male (2)	female (3)	persons (4)	(5)	female (6)	persons (7)
1. 08	4	26	8	4	22	8
2. 15	22	111	38	23	103	39
3. rest of divisions 0 & 1	49	20	44	49	18	43
4. division 0 & 1	75	157	89	76	144	89
5. division 2	90	54	84	90	58	83
6. 30 - 35	84	71	82	83	61	79
7. 36 - 39	11	5	10	11	5	10
8. division 3	95	76	92	94	65	89
9. 40	108	53	99	108	52	97
10. rest of division 4	75	37	69	76	36	68
11. division 4	184	90	167	184	88	165
12. 51 - 54	24	142	45	24	130	45
510	1	1	1	0	1	1
520	6	6	6	6	5	6
529	5	5	5	5	5	5
530	0	21	4	0	18	4
531	3	75	15	3	69	16
539	1	10	2	1	9	2
540	1	0	1	1	0	1
541	9	23	12	9	21	12
13. 55 - 56	12	19	13	12	18	13
14. rest of division 5	43	19 180	39 97	42	17 165	37
15. division 5 16. 610 & 611	79 31	42	33	79 31	50	96 35
17. 63	20	42 81	33	20	78	33
18. 64	20	6	30	20	5	3
19. rest of division 6	16	19	17	17	50	23
20. division 6	69	148	83	70	184	93
21. 71	4	1	4	4	1	3
22. 72	5	2	4	5	1	4
23. 75	24	41	27	24	45	28
24. 77	14	10	13	14	10	13
25. 79	28	48	31	28	57	34
26. 82-89	96	17	83	96	16	80
27. 95	47	33	45	47	29	43
28. 98	64	3	54	64	2	52
29. 99	50	48	50	50	43	49
30. rest of divisions 7,8 & 9	76	90	79	76	90	79
31. divisions 7,8 & 9	408	294	389	407	296	385
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
estimated no. of persons(00		131088	757981	632803	155529	788332
sample persons	82806	17580	100386	83678	20657	104335

Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories

sex of head of household: female rural population average sex 15 yrs. & above all ages 5 yrs. & above 15-59 years hh. size houseratio male female person male female person female person (0.0)state/ u.t. holds male female person male (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)(14)(15)(16)Andhra Pradesh 2.7 Arunachal Pr. 3.6 Assam 4.3 Bihar 3.8 Goa 3.1 Gujarat 3.5 Harvana 4.6 Himachal Pr. 3.9 J & K 2.7 Karnataka 3.5 Kerala 4.1 Madhya Pradesh 2.9 Maharashtra 2.9 Manipur 4.7 Meghalaya 4.6 Mizoram 3.5 2.7 Nagaland Orissa 3.1 Puniab 4.4 Rajasthan 3.8

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Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories (contd.)

sex of head of household: female

rural							se	x of hea	id of hous	sehold: fen	naie				
	_						pop	ulation						average	sex
	house-		all ages		5 y	rs. & abo	ove	15	yrs. & ab	ove	1	5-59 year	S	hh. size	ratio
state/ u.t.	holds	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	(0.0)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Sikkim	8	13	19	31	12	18	30	7	14	21	7	11	18	3.9	1504
Tamilnadu	1401	1208	2517	3726	1115	2394	3509	753	2091	2844	729	1637	2366	2.7	2083
Tripura	52	60	112	172	59	111	170	42	90	131	42	75	117	3.3	1882
Uttar Pradesh	2184	3213	5555	8768	2570	4951	7522	900	3489	4388	857	2942	3798	4.0	1729
West Bengal	909	1056	1991	3047	928	1889	2817	478	1446	1924	470	1221	1691	3.4	1886
A. & N. Island	4	3	9	13	3	9	12	2	6	8	2	6	8	2.9	2772
Chandigarh	1	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	3	2.5	1010
D. & N. Haveli	1	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	2.1	6847
Daman & Diu	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	1	1	2.4	2486
Delhi	6	19	21	40	14	21	35	8	16	25	8	14	23	6.6	1145
Lakshadweep	2	3	6	9	3	5	8	2	4	6	2	3	5	6.0	1682
Pondichery	11	15	25	40	13	23	35	9	20	29	9	15	24	3.6	1647
All-India	14330	17592	32017	49610	14886	29400	44287	7918	22675	30592	7669	18275	25944	3.5	1820

Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories

rural sex of head of household: all

rural	sex of head of household: all														
	_	population												average	sex
	house-	all ages			5 yrs. & above			15 yrs. & above			15-59 years			hh. size	ratio
state/ u.t.	holds	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	(0.0)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Andhra Pradesh	12579	25823	25783	51606	23299	23330	46628	17004	17369	34373	15191	15319	30509	4.1	998
Arunachal Pr.	151	372	339		330	301	631	233	210	444	220	196	416	4.7	910
Assam	3648	10132	9170	19302	9109	8178	17287	6476	5813	12289	5950	5332	11282	5.3	905
Bihar	14996	41188	38407	79595	35766	32821	68587	23383	22718	46101	20932	20676	41608	5.3	932
Goa	144	324	328	652	310	306	616	235	253	488	213	228	440	4.5	1014
Gujarat	5971	15257	14873	30130	13570	13150	26720	9879	9912	19791	8831	8718	17549	5.0	975
Haryana	2488	7232	6465	13697	6349	5769	12118	4401	4064	8465	3842	3512	7354	5.5	894
Himachal Pr.	1071	2465	2572	5037	2170	2314	4483	1604	1763	3367	1371	1557	2928	4.7	1043
J & K	1148	3013	2763	5776	2642	2505	5147	1991	1883	3873	1835	1677	3512	5.0	917
Karnataka	7064	17601	17581	35182	15809	15723	31532	11570	11433	23003	10392	10167	20559	5.0	999
Kerala	4457	9554	10612	20166	8653	9715	18367	6872	7991	14863	5899	6746	12646	4.5	1111
Madhya Pradesh	11195	30565	28365	58930	26915	24572	51487	18437	17117	35554	16449	15263	31712	5.3	928
Maharashtra	11605	27948	26581	54529	24671	23783	48454	17627	17655	35282	15385	15182	30568	4.7	951
Manipur	236	639	579	1218	560	521	1081	425	407	832	379	377	756	5.2	906
Meghalaya	283	674	696	1370	593	598	1191	410	413	823	387	393	779	4.8	1033
Mizoram	69	165	159	325	146	140	287	104	104	207	98	97	195	4.7	965
Nagaland	93	237	207	444	221	183	404	162	136	298	140	122	262	4.8	872
Orissa	6319	14317	14605	28922	12737	13049	25786	9251	9630	18882	8099	8447	16547	4.6	1020
Punjab	2739	7510	6981	14491	6712	6329	13041	4839	4652	9492	4142	3988	8129	5.3	929
Rajasthan	6333	18246	17100	35346	15849	14764	30613	10403	10167	20570	9206	8981	18186	5.6	937

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Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories (contd.)

sex of head of household: all

rural	sex of head of household: all														
							pop	ulation						average	sex
	house-		all ages		5 у	rs. & abo	ove	15	yrs. & ab	ove	1	5-59 year	S	hh. size	ratio
state/ u.t.	holds	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	(0.0)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Sikkim	87	216	189	406	196	172	369	140	122	262	128	112	240		875
Tamil Nadu	9369	18705	18378	37084	16895	16896	33792	13115	13652	26766	11482	12167	23649	4.0	983
Tripura	515	1238	1078	2316	1158	1006	2163	782	724	1506	720	652	1372	4.5	87
Uttar Pradesh	22493	66026	62315	128341	56686	53231	109917	37258	36423	73681	32245	32061	64307	5.7	94
West Bengal	11585	29338	28606	57943	26227	25239	51466	18253	17765	36018	16730	16122	32852	5.0	97:
A. & N. Islands	43	107	99	206	94	90	184	69	68	137	63	64	127	4.8	920
Chandigarh	48	107	31	138	102	28	130	89	21	111	73	20	93	2.9	29
D. & N. Haveli	31	73	71	144	63	62	124	45	44	89	44	40	84	4.6	96
Daman & Diu	14	34	25	59	31	23	55	25	17	42	24	16	39	4.2	74
Delhi	566	1408	1064	2472	1228	992	2221	920	687	1607	882	644	1525	4.4	75:
Lakshadweep	4	8	10	19	7	9	16	5	6	12	5	6	11	4.9	124
Pondichery	76	163	159	322	147	146	292	113	115	227	100	102	202	4.2	97
All-India	137419	350688	336193	686881	309245	295946	605191	216120	213335	429455	191458	188981	380439	5.0	959

Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories

urban sex of head of household: female population average sex all ages 5 vrs. & above 15 yrs. & above 15-59 years hh. size houseratio holds male female person male female person male female female person state/ u.t. person male (0.0)(13)(15)(2) (3) (4) (7) (8) (9) (1) (5) (6)(10)(11)(12)(14)(16)Andhra Pradesh 3.5 Arunachal Pr. 3.4 Assam 3.6 Bihar 4.1 Goa 3.6 Gujarat 2.9 4.3 Haryana Himachal Pr. 1.7 J & K 3.9 Karnataka 3.7 Kerala 4.1 Madhya Pradesh 3.6 Maharashtra 3.7 Manipur 3.9 Meghalaya 3.6 Mizoram 3.8 Nagaland Orissa 3.1 Punjab 3.6 Rajasthan 4.1

Appendix A

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Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories (contd.)

sex of head of household: female

urban									5	sex of heac	l of hous	ehold: fen	nale		
							pop	ulation						average	sex
	house-		all ages		5 y	rs. & abo	ove	15	yrs. & ab	ove	1	5-59 years	3	hh. size	ratio
state/ u.t.	holds	male		person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	(0.0)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Sikkim	1	1	2	3	1	2	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	3.3	3127
Tamil Nadu	729	764	1441	2206	712	1371	2083	550	1207	1756	544	977	1521	3.0	1886
Tripura	7	9	13	23	9	13	22	7	11	18	7	9	16	3.1	1409
Uttar Pradesh	415	704	984	1688	630	936	1566	372	745	1116	364	614	978	4.1	1397
West Bengal	439	490	885	1375	467	848	1315	339	725	1064	333	586	919	3.1	1806
A. & N. Islands	2	3	6	9	2	6	8	2	5	7	2	4	6	4.5	2147
Chandigarh	9	11	21	32	10	21	31	7	18	25	7	16	23	3.4	2013
D. & N. Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.9	2864
Daman & Diu	2	3	6	9	3	5	8	2	5	6	2	4	6	3.6	1832
Delhi	118	116	231	347	99	216	315	77	186	263	77	165	242	3.0	1991
Lakshadweep	2	5	6	12	4	6	10	3	4	7	2	4	6	7.1	1181
Pondichery	21	23	49	73	21	48	69	16	37	53	14	31	45	3.4	2145
All-India	4851	6283	10810	17092	5710	10218	15928	3935	8459	12394	3874	6896	10770	3.5	1721

Punjab

Rajasthan

Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories

sex of head of household: all urban population average sex 5 yrs. & above 15 yrs. & above 15-59 years all ages hh. size ratio housemale female person holds male female person male female female person (0.0)state/ u.t. person male (3) (4)(5) (7) (8) (9)(1) (2)(6)(10)(11)(12)(13)(14)(15)(16)Andhra Pradesh 4.3 Arunachal Pr. 4.2 4.5 Assam 5.0 Bihar Goa 4.3 Gujarat 4.6 Haryana 4.6 Himachal Pr. 3.2 J & K 4.9 Karnataka 4.4 4.3 Kerala Madhya Pradesh 5.1 Maharashtra 4.6 Manipur 5.3 4.1 Meghalaya 4.5 Mizoram Nagaland 4.2 Orissa 4.4

4.3

5.0

Appendix A

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Table (19): Estimates (in '000) of households and population for different States and Union Territories (contd.)

urban sex of head of household: all

urban							S	ex of he	au or not	isenoia: ai	<u> </u>				
	_						pop	ulation						average	sex
	house-		all ages		5 y	rs. & abo	ove	15	yrs. & ab	ove	1	5-59 year	S	hh. size	ratio
state/ u.t.	holds	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person	(0.0)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Sikkim	10	21	18	39	20	17	37	15	12	27	14	11	25	3.9	824
Tamil Nadu	5239	10559	10084	20643	9623	9280	18903	7604	7423	15027	6777	6531	13308	3.9	955
Tripura	93	208	188	396	195	174	369	149	131	280	136	118	254	4.2	905
Uttar Pradesh	6405	17394	15456	32850	15489	13673	29162	10916	9458	20374	10143	8603	18747	5.1	889
West Bengal	3834	8061	7535	15596	7535	6936	14472	6072	5457	11529	5398	4803	10202	4.1	935
A. & N. Islands	19	40	39	80	37	35	72	30	27	57	29	26	55	4.1	970
Chandigarh	157	343	311	654	317	286	603	244	223	467	219	205	424	4.2	908
D. & N. Haveli	5	9	8	17	8	7	16	7	5	13	7	5	12	3.6	862
Daman & Diu	11	27	24	51	24	23	47	18	18	37	17	17	34	4.8	917
Delhi	2072	4898	4236	9135	4468	3897	8365	3440	2919	6359	3169	2648	5817	4.4	865
Lakshadweep	4	13	13	26	12	12	23	8	9	16	7	8	15	6.0	961
Pondichery	119	224	248	472	207	232	439	165	179	345	149	157	306	4.0	1106
All-India	51519	122254	111853	234107	110723	101438	212161	83214	76535	159749	76100	68686	144786	4.5	915

Table (20R): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class for rural areas

all-India Rural

household monthly				house	ehold type					per	estimated	sample
per-capita	self-emp	oloyed in:		agri-	other	sub-	others	not	total	1000	hhs.	hhs.
expenditure	agri-	non-	sub-	cultural	labour	total		recor-		distrn.	(00)	
class (Rs.)	culture	agriculture	total	labour				ded		of hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
less than 225	204	90	293	541	74	615	92	0	1000	73	99751	4219
225 - 255	235	110	345	512	68	580	74	1	1000	55	75020	3275
255 - 300	258	120	378	471	80	552	70	0	1000	92	126374	5603
300 - 340	288	131	419	425	72	497	83	0	1000	107	146025	6532
340 - 380	331	132	464	375	74	449	86	1	1000	104	142733	6668
380 - 420	347	140	487	331	83	414	99	0	1000	95	129671	6292
420 - 470	366	140	506	294	87	380	113	0	1000	100	137170	6846
470 - 525	386	143	529	249	87	336	135	1	1000	91	124850	6848
525 – 615	388	144	532	215	87	302	165	1	1000	97	133430	7629
615 - 775	384	147	532	166	79	245	223	1	1000	90	123888	7868
775 – 950	371	155	526	107	88	195	278	0	1000	44	60834	4197
950 & above	323	150	472	60	80	139	387	1	1000	52	71051	5440
all	327	134	461	322	80	402	137	1	1000	1000	1370797	71417
estd. hhs. (00)	448240	183168	631408	441842	109473	551315	187223	851	1370797	X	X	X
sample hhs.	26522	10447	36969	18074	5639	23713	10676	59	71417	X	X	X

Table (20U): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each household monthly per capita expenditure class for urban areas

all-India Urban

household monthly			household t	ype			per	estimated	sample
per capita expen-	self-	regular	casual	other	not	total	1000	households	hhs.
diture class (Rs.)	employed	wage/	labour	hhs.	recor-		distn.	(9) 28239 24466 46924 46272 49478 50293 51288 49542 54576	
		salaried			ded		of hhs.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
less than 300	353	156	396	93	2	1000	55	28239	2355
300 - 350	372	215	316	94	2	1000	48	24466	1984
350 - 425	404	241	272	81	1	1000	91	46924	4132
425 - 500	408	311	205	74	2	1000	90	46272	4056
500 - 575	400	366	162	69	2	1000	96	49478	4543
575 – 665	379	403	146	70	1	1000	98	50293	4655
665 – 775	356	442	104	97	1	1000	100	51288	4913
775 – 915	323	497	86	93	0	1000	97	49542	4989
915 – 1120	286	557	55	102	1	1000	106	54576	5389
1120 - 1500	269	574	36	120	1	1000	110	56341	5806
1500 - 1925	297	544	18	142	0	1000	55	28060	3315
1925 & above	277	541	3	179	0	1000	54	27787	3024
all	344	417	140	97	1	1000	1000	513264	49161
estimated hhs.(00)	176811	214088	71794	50030	541	513264	X	X	X
sample hhs.	17756	20465	6044	4838	58	49161	X	X	X

Table (21R): Per thousand distribution of households by size class of land owned for each household type (rural areas only)

all-India size of land owned				household t	wne				rural househ	olds
(0.00) hectares	self emple	oyed in:	sub-total	agricul-	other	sub-	others	all	estimated	sample
	agriculture	non-	(col. 2&3)	tural	labour	total		(incl.	(00)	
		agriculture		labour		(col.5&6)		n.r.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
						` /			. ,	
0.00	10	123	43	124	184	136	203	102	140201	6427
0.01 - 0.40	153	693	310	688	679	686	502	487	668106	32083
0.41 - 1.00	308	111	250	139	102	132	147	188	258359	13660
1.01 - 2.00	249	42	189	37	24	34	81	112	153172	8658
2.01 - 4.00	177	23	132	11	7	10	47	71	97540	5901
4.01 & above	104	9	76	2	5	2	21	39	53419	4688
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1370797	71417
per 1000 distn.	327	134	461	322	80	402	137	1000	X	X
estd. hhs.(00)	448240	183168	631408	441842	109473	551315	187223	1370797	X	X
sample hhs.	26522	10447	36969	18074	5639	23713	10676	71417	X	X

Table (22R): Average area of land possessed and average household size by size class of land possessed and sex of the head of household (rural areas only)

all-India										rural	
size class of	_			:	sex of head of h	ousehold				estimated	sample
land possessed		male			female			all		households h	nouseholds
(0.00 hectares)	per 1000 distribution	average area of land	average hh. size	per 1000 distribution	average area of land	average hh. size	-	average area of land	average hh. size	` /	
	of hhs.	possessed (0.00 hect.)	(0.0)	of hhs.	possessed (0.00 hect.)	(0.0)	of hhs.	possessed (0.00 hect.)	(0.0)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0.00	70	0.00	4.1	83	0.00	2.5	72	0.00	3.9	98052	4253
0.01 - 0.40	492	0.09	4.8	668	0.07	3.3	510	0.09	4.6	699292	33654
0.41 - 1.00	197	0.67	5.3	137	0.63	4	191	0.67	5.2	261999	13907
1.01 - 2.00	121	1.39	5.7	62	1.4	4.1	115	1.39	5.6	157951	8918
2.01 - 4.00	77	2.64	6.2	34	2.64	4.4	73	2.64	6.1	99418	5989
4.01 & above	42	7.23	7	16	6.78	4.8	39	7.21	7	54086	4696
total	1000	0.85	5.2	1000	0.42	3.5	1000	0.81	5	1370797	71417
estimated hhs. (00)	1227336	X	X	143461	X	X	1370797	X	X	X	X
sample hhs.	64202	X	X	7215	X	X	71417	X	X	X	X

Table (23R): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each size class of land cultivated for rural areas and sex of head of household.

all-India sex of head of household.: female rural

			ŀ	nousehold type					per 1000	estimated	sample
land cultivated	self-emple	oyed in :	sub-total	agricultural	other	sub-total	others	total	distribu-	households	households
(0.00 hectares	agriculture	non- agriculture	(col.2+3)	labour	labour	(col.5+6)			tion of hhs.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0.00	16	105	121	391	88	480	397	1000	561	80454	3641
0.01 - 0.40	321	66	388	276	61	336	275	1000	245	35203	1902
0.41 - 1.00	614	41	656	160	26	187	156	1000	103	14817	864
1.01 - 2.00	720	16	736	114	9	123	141	1000	56	8099	461
2.01 - 4.00	815	15	830	16	0	16	154	1000	23	3344	221
4.01 & above	905	38	943	0	23	23	34	1000	11	1544	126
all	221	81	302	310	68	378	318	1000	1000	143461	7215
estimated hhs. (00)	31637	11661	43298	44526	9750	54276	45668	143461	X	X	X
sample hhs.	1950	633	2583	1788	511	2299	2321	7215	X	X	X

Table (23R): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each size class of land cultivated for rural areas and sex of head of household.

all-India				sex of	head of hou	sehold.: all				rural	
size class of				household ty	pe				per 1000	estimated	sample
land cultivated	self-emple	oyed in :	sub-total	agricultural	other	sub-total	others	total	distribu-	households	households
(0.00 hectares	agriculture	non-	(col.2+3)	labour	labour	(col.5+6)			tion of	(00)	
		agriculture							households		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0.00	21	202	223	452	127	580	197	1000	409	560014	25994
0.01 - 0.40	222	147	369	418	91	509	121	1000	223	305628	15770
0.41 - 1.00	622	66	688	192	35	226	86	1000	168	230732	12572
1.01 - 2.00	775	38	813	95	12	106	80	1000	112	153354	8517
2.01 - 4.00	867	33	900	24	5	29	71	1000	59	80294	4910
4.01 & above	907	27	933	3	6	9	57	1000	30	40777	3654
all	327	134	461	322	80	402	137	1000	1000	1370797	71417
estimated hhs. (00)	448240	183168	631408	441842	109473	551315	187223	1370797	X	X	X
sample hhs.	26522	10447	36969	18074	5639	23713	10676	71417	X	X	X

Table (24R): Per thousand distribution of household by household monthly per-capita expenditure class for each size class of and cultivated for rural areas

all-India rural

household monthly			size class o	f land cultivate	ed (hect. 0.00)		
per-capita expend-	0.00	0.01-0.40	0.41-1.00	1.01-2.00	2.01-4.00 4.	01 & above	all
iture class (Rs.)							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
less than 225	88	80	61	54	39	14	73
225-255	60	62	53	43	33	18	55
255-300	98	106	90	81	60	34	92
300-340	108	118	108	101	79	60	107
340-380	102	106	117	107	88	70	104
380-420	92	93	102	97	95	86	95
420-470	92	100	108	115	107	102	100
470-525	82	90	100	95	113	113	91
525-615	91	85	99	111	133	141	97
615-775	85	83	87	98	123	150	90
775-950	45	35	39	51	61	86	44
950 & above	58	41	36	48	68	124	52
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
per 1000 dist. of hhs.	409	223	168	112	59	30	1000
estimated hhs. (00)	560014	305628	230732	153354	80294	40777	1370797
sample hhs.	25994	15770	12572	8517	4910	3654	71417

Table (27R): Per 1000 distribution of households by the number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days for each household type and household social group for rural areas

all-India									1	rural
number of members				household	l type				estimated	sample
getting work in	self-emp	ployed in:	sub- total	agri-	other	sub- total	others	total	households	hhs.
'public works' for	agri-	non-	(col.2 & 3)	cultural	labour	(col. 5&6)		(incl. n.r.)	(00)	
at least 60 days	culture	agriculture		labour						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
male: 0	987	994	989	982	972	980	990	985	1350558	70198
1-2	13	6	11	18	28	20	9	14	19397	1161
3-4	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	505	37
5 and above	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	337	21
n.r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
all hhs.	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1370797	71417
female: 0	991	996	992	990	990	990	996	992	1359897	70831
1-2	9	3	7	9	9	9	2	7	10028	528
3-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	398	31
5 and above	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	474	27
n.r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
all hhs.	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1370797	71417
per 1000 distribution	327	134	461	322	80	402	137	1000	X	X
estimated hhs. (00)	448240	183168	631408	441842	109473	551315	187223	1370797	X	X
sample households	26522	10447	36969	18074	5639	23713	10676	71417	X	X

Table (27U): Per 1000 distribution of households by the number of members who got work for at least 60 days in 'public works' during the last 365 days for each household type and household social group for urban areas

all-India							urban
number of members		house	ehold type			estimated	sample
getting work in	self-	regular	casual	others	total	households	households
'public works' for	employed	wage/	labour		(including n.r.)	(00)	
at least 60 days		salaried					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
male: 0	996	993	986	997	993	509824	48627
1-2	4	7	14	2	7	3358	520
3-4	0	0	0	0	0	38	9
5 and above	0	0	0	0	0	43	5
all hhs.	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	513264	49161
female: 0	997	996	990	997	996	511099	48913
1-2	3	3	10	2	4	2034	238
3-4	0	0	0	0	0	14	2
5 and above	0	0	0	1	0	117	8
all hhs.	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	513264	49161
per 1000 distribution	344	417	140	97	1000	X	X
estimated hhs. (00)	176811	214088	71794	50030	513264	X	X
sample households	17756	20465	6044	4838	49161	X	X

Table (28): Number of households with no literate member/female member of age 15 years and above per1000 households by mpce class

all-India											rural
MPCE	household	s with no	distribution of	e	stimated hou	seholds (0	0) with no	literate		all house	holds
class	litera	ate	persons (per	memb	er of age (yrs	s)	female m	ember of a	age(yrs)	estimated	sample
(Rs.)	member*	female	1000) in the	5 &	7 &	15 &	5 &	7 &	15 &	(00)	
		member*	households	above	above	above	above	above	above		
			with no literate								
			member*								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	522	784	153	29628	30942	52075	55807	58643	78219	99751	4219
225-255	477	754	100	21023	22105	35768	40714	42239	56589	75020	3275
255-300	417	719	139	31025	32963	52753	64586	67880	90820	126374	5603
300-340	380	682	138	32097	33543	55543	71959	75077	99553	146025	6532
340-380	359	657	119	30997	32493	51200	69257	72577	93801	142733	6668
380-420	319	627	89	24862	26140	41342	60450	62755	81290	129671	6292
420-470	304	597	86	25926	27243	41679	61316	63354	81912	137170	6846
470-525	269	555	62	21861	22587	33529	53367	55059	69287	124850	6848
525-615	245	517	55	23107	23778	32709	54658	56103	69035	133430	7629
615-775	214	483	38	19759	20268	26508	50514	51575	59858	123888	7868
775-950	164	429	13	7889	7964	9965	22570	22919	26103	60834	4197
950 & above	107	404	9	6212	6491	7587	25765	25872	28725	71051	5440
all	321	609	1000	274387	286519	440659	630964	654053	835192	1370797	71417

^{*} of age 15 yrs. and above

Table (28): Number of households with no literate member/female member of age 15 years and above per1000 households by mpce class

all-India											urban
MPCE	household	s with no	distribution of	es	stimated hou	seholds (0	0) with no l	iterate		all house	eholds
class	liter	ate	persons (per	membe	er of age (yrs	3)	female m	ember of a	ige(yrs)	estimated	sample
(Rs.)	member*	female	1000) in the	5 &	7 &	15 &	5 &	7 &	15 &	(00)	
		member*	households	above	above	above	above	above	above		
			with no literate								
			member*								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 300	361	623	240	5261	5487	10185	11622	12243	17599	28239	2355
300-350	308	571	155	3701	3759	7531	9409	9797	13981	24466	1984
350-425	222	477	200	5618	5961	10430	15275	15870	22382	46924	4132
425-500	163	397	126	4320	4553	7555	12793	13246	18387	46272	4056
500-575	121	337	90	3421	3489	5992	11992	12628	16697	49478	4543
575-665	102	313	62	3408	3507	5118	12375	12706	15750	50293	4655
665-775	97	289	51	3590	3680	4965	12251	12569	14818	51288	4913
775-915	66	285	32	2664	2675	3286	12099	12285	14104	49542	4989
915-1120	56	277	24	2269	2455	3057	13959	14121	15110	54576	5389
1120-1500	38	263	14	1796	1796	2143	14248	14311	14799	56341	5806
1500-1925	28	196	4	464	464	792	5298	5298	5508	28060	3315
1925 & above	9	211	1	157	157	239	5755	5775	5863	27787	3024
all	119	341	1000	36670	37984	61291	137074	140850	174999	513264	49161

Table (29): Per thousand distribution of households by household monthly per capita expenditure class and number of usual status workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above

all-India

sex of head of household : female

rural

house monthly	number	r of usual st	atus worker	rs (15 yrs. &	above) in t	he househol	lds	estimate	d household	s (00)	sample
per capita	no wor	ker	only 1	only 1	only 1	others	all	with at le	east one	all	households
expenditure	without	with	male	female	male		_	member	female		
class (Rs.)	any	unem-	worker	worker	& 1			of age	member		
	unem-	ployed			female			15 years	of age		
	ployed				worker			& above	15 years		
									& above		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	316	7	49	342	87	199	1000	9142	9130	9711	389
225-255	191	4	31	459	96	220	1000	6966	6966	6973	288
255-300	185	1	56	368	129	260	1000	10489	10489	10741	469
225-255	199	0	52	433	103	213	1000	13655	13655	13655	572
340-380	170	4	47	398	153	228	1000	13223	13223	13348	594
380-420	179	2	61	399	101	257	1000	12431	12431	12525	573
420-470	211	3	68	368	111	239	1000	13775	13775	13907	661
470-525	211	7	75	378	119	210	1000	13835	13835	14017	727
525-615	202	8	47	433	107	203	1000	15034	15034	15091	804
615-775	287	5	66	366	113	163	1000	15943	15943	16319	942
775-950	225	22	63	418	105	168	1000	7400	7400	7464	499
950 & above	306	11	54	425	99	105	1000	9644	9644	9710	697
all	222	6	57	396	112	207	1000	141537	141525	143461	7215
estd. hhs.(00)	31887	810	8171	56868	16035	29690	143461	141537	141525	X	
sample hhs.	1429	54	483	2685	841	1723	7215	7178	7177	X	X

Table (29): Per thousand distribution of households by household monthly per capita expenditure class and number of usual status workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above

all-India

sex of head of household: all

rural

house monthly	numbe	r of usual s	tatus worke	rs (15 yrs &	above) in	the househo	olds	estimat	ed household	ds (00)	sample
per capita	no wor	ker	only 1	only 1	only 1	others	all	with at le	east one	all	house-
expenditure	without	with	male	female	male		_	member	female		holds
class (Rs.)	any	unem-	worker	worker	& 1			of age	member		
	unem-	ployed			female			15 years	of age		
	ployed				worker			& above	15 years		
									& above		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	59	1	189	49	364	338	1000	97931	96428	99751	4219
225-255	31	1	200	50	335	383	1000	74831	73914	75020	3275
255-300	27	1	245	38	324	366	1000	126051	124826	126374	5603
225-255	33	2	233	48	315	370	1000	145596	143518	146025	6532
340-380	29	1	259	43	288	380	1000	142239	139700	142733	6668
380-420	35	1	277	45	270	373	1000	128666	126293	129671	6292
420-470	36	1	264	45	273	381	1000	136535	134037	137170	6846
470-525	45	3	282	49	254	367	1000	124019	120769	124850	6848
525-615	47	2	299	56	247	350	1000	132872	128117	133430	7629
615-775	65	3	339	55	239	300	1000	122827	116808	123888	7868
775-950	69	3	388	57	200	283	1000	60575	55822	60834	4197
950 & above	87	3	433	66	184	227	1000	70865	58839	71051	5440
all	44	2	277	49	278	351	1000	1363007	1319070	1370797	71417
estd. hhs.(00)	60328	2260	379431	66802	381323	480652	1370797	1363007	1319070	X	X
sample hhs.	2733	134	20334	3143	18422	26651	71417	71238	68885	X	X

Table (29): Per thousand distribution of households by household monthly per capita expenditure class and number of usual status workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above

all-India sex of head of household : female urban

house monthly	numbe	r of usual st	tatus worker	rs (15 yrs &	above) in the	he househol	lds	estimate	ed household	s (00)	sample
per capita	no wor	ker	only 1	only 1	only 1	others	all	with at le	east one	all	house-
expenditure	without	with	male	female	male			member	female		holds
class (Rs.)	any	unem-	worker	worker	& 1			of age	member		
	unem-	ployed			female			15 years	of age		
	ployed				worker			& above	15 years		
									& above		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 300	224	1	75	321	68	310	1000	3239	3239	3428	289
300-350	133	8	89	301	126	344	1000	2623	2623	2756	220
350-425	161	16	112	273	110	328	1000	4490	4490	4539	411
425-500	174	20	77	273	126	330	1000	4352	4352	4386	428
500-575	169	23	134	292	113	268	1000	4718	4718	4750	452
575-665	190	7	110	285	153	255	1000	4374	4374	4425	463
665-775	266	19	160	242	96	216	1000	5221	5221	5390	535
775-915	273	19	139	297	85	187	1000	4430	4430	4434	488
915-1120	315	34	112	322	106	111	1000	4203	4203	4363	541
1120-1500	349	16	119	327	68	121	1000	4596	4596	4635	589
1500-1925	364	10	123	379	46	77	1000	2285	2285	2295	340
1925 & above	399	14	47	373	59	109	1000	3143	3143	3177	375
all	247	16	112	301	99	225	1000	47674	47674	48578	5131
estd. hhs.(00)	12013	799	5422	14618	4814	10913	48578	47674	47674	X	X
sample hhs.	1215	89	662	1531	531	1103	5131	5077	5077	X	X

Table (29): Per thousand distribution of households by household monthly per capita expenditure class and number of usual status workers (ps+ss) of age 15 years and above

all-India sex of head of household : all urban

house monthly	numbe	r of usual s	tatus worke	rs (15 yrs &	above) in t	he househo	lds	estimate	d household	s (00)	sample
per capita	no wor	ker	only 1	only 1	only 1	others	all	with at le	east one	all	households
expenditure	without	with	male	female	male		_	member	female		
class (Rs.)	any	unem-	worker	worker	& 1			of age	member		
	unem-	ployed			female			15 years	of age		
	ployed				worker			& above	15 years		
									& above		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 300	72	2	360	48	195	323	1000	27458	26816	28239	2355
300-350	71	3	390	49	174	313	1000	23683	23235	24466	1984
350-425	45	5	404	35	165	346	1000	46382	45641	46924	4132
425-500	46	6	437	32	158	322	1000	45931	44908	46272	4056
500-575	42	7	484	33	131	302	1000	49072	47386	49478	4543
575-665	41	4	500	30	128	296	1000	49868	47064	50293	4655
665-775	64	9	529	32	101	266	1000	50804	46607	51288	4913
775-915	61	12	567	32	92	236	1000	49458	43263	49542	4989
915-1120	74	8	608	31	98	182	1000	54246	44891	54576	5389
1120-1500	93	8	610	38	104	148	1000	56116	44803	56341	5806
1500-1925	116	9	560	40	129	147	1000	27733	23415	28060	3315
1925 & above	153	9	541	55	136	107	1000	27708	22433	27787	3024
all	69	7	509	36	129	250	1000	508459	460464	513264	49161
estd. hhs.(00)	35193	3566	261476	18545	66089	128395	513264	508459	460464	X	
sample hhs.	3138	355	24636	1961	6447	12624	49161	48938	44347	X	X

Table (30R): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each sub-round for rural areas

all-India						r	ural			
sub-round				household	l type				estimated	sample
	self	employed in	n	agricul-	other	sub-	others	total	households	households
	agricul-	non-agri-	sub	tural	labour	total			(00)	
	ture	culture	total	labour		(col. 5 +				
			(col. 2 +			col. 6)				
			col. 3)							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
July - Sept. 1999	331	135	466	322	75	397	136	1000	1376410	17801
Oct Dec. 1999	328	133	461	322	80	403	136	1000	1352704	17827
Jan Mar. 2000	322	131	454	324	83	407	139	1000	1376813	17946
Apr June 2000	327	135	462	321	81	402	136	1000	1377261	17843
all	327	134	461	322	80	402	137	1000	1370797	71417
estimated hhs. (00)	448240	183168	631408	441842	109473	551315	187223	1370797	X	X
sample households	26522	10447	36969	18074	5639	23713	10676	71417	X	X

Table (30U): Per thousand distribution of households by household type for each sub-round for urban areas

all-India				urban			
sub-round		house	hold type			estimated	sample
	self- employed	regular wage/ salaried	casual labour	others	total	households (00)	households
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
July - Sept. 1999	349	417	133	101	1000	547557	12232
Oct Dec. 1999	349	412	143	95	1000	497318	12324
Jan Mar. 2000	337	410	146	105	1000	523525	12397
Apr June 2000	343	430	137	89	1000	484657	12208
all	344	417	140	97	1000	513264	49161
estimated hhs. (00)	176811	214088	71794	50030	513264	X	X
sample households	17756	20465	6044	4838	49161	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							1	rural ma	le									
monthly							age-g	roup (year	rs)							per	number of	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 225	161	197	140	73	49	60	71	74	50	36	25	17	46	1	1000	76	264423	11579
225 - 255	158	172	130	78	57	69	69	71	52	36	28	21	57	1	1000	60	208246	9319
255 - 300	149	169	131	79	60	72	73	70	49	39	28	21	58	2	1000	116	404146	18469
300 - 340	135	156	136	89	69	72	66	68	49	42	33	25	59	2	1000	116	404414	18950
340 - 380	117	145	138	103	76	71	65	64	52	41	36	27	64	0	1000	111	388546	18935
380 - 420	120	141	126	104	73	78	65	67	52	45	35	26	66	1	1000	98	341527	17557
420 - 470	103	128	128	102	86	79	68	62	56	47	36	32	74	1	1000	99	346105	18356
470 - 525	97	116	127	116	88	77	62	59	54	53	40	32	79	1	1000	82	286465	16816
525 - 615	84	102	128	117	93	78	60	65	54	54	44	33	87	1	1000	91	318663	19861
615 - 775	82	94	114	115	100	81	64	66	55	56	45	37	90	1	1000	79	277133	19650
775 - 950	69	80	111	126	98	81	57	69	58	65	50	41	96	1	1000	37	130371	9994
950 & above	58	60	81	124	116	94	58	60	62	70	63	47	108	1	1000	36	125338	10657
all	116	137	128	100	77	75	66	66	53	46	37	28	70	1	1000	1000	3495377	190143
estd. persons(00)	406443	477971	446559	348715	270612	261526	229796	231362	184133	162322	128227	98560	245875	3277	3495377	X	X	X
sample persons	21288	25188	23831	19211	15362	14568	12626	12530	10009	9018	6966	5512	13872	162	190143	X	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							ru	ral fema	le									
monthly							age-	group (ye	ars)							per	number of p	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 225	173	188	128	65	67	83	82	55	38	29	20	19	52	1	1000	82	275289	11874
225 - 255	155	174	134	70	76	77	81	55	37	32	23	22	64	1	1000	66	221567	9657
255 - 300	146	160	125	72	78	90	78	59	41	33	29	28	60	1	1000	121	404258	18302
300 - 340	127	143	126	84	83	86	79	63	45	42	32	26	63	1	1000	117	389823	18207
340 - 380	126	138	115	91	87	86	72	66	47	42	34	28	67	1	1000	110	366348	17999
380 - 420	114	124	123	91	88	87	75	69	51	43	32	31	70	1	1000	97	323540	16582
420 - 470	110	115	114	93	91	85	72	69	54	47	40	34	74	1	1000	98	327708	17484
470 - 525	95	104	112	102	95	80	68	75	60	51	43	34	82	0	1000	79	263644	15814
525 - 615	88	95	112	100	94	77	76	78	62	54	45	34	86	1	1000	88	295302	18634
615 - 775	76	86	98	105	98	85	73	72	67	62	48	40	90	0	1000	75	251746	18130
775 - 950	59	64	92	113	97	73	84	78	82	65	52	39	101	0	1000	34	114562	8963
950 & above	55	58	91	103	102	76	61	82	78	77	65	45	107	1	1000	33	110077	9399
all	117	129	117	88	86	83	75	67	52	45	36	30	72	1	1000	1000	3343865	181045
estd. person (00)	392701	430144	391856	295420	289182	279211	251642	223844	173295	150559	120878	100905	241374	2853	3343865	X	X	X
sample persons	20403	22560	21025	16769	16008	15341	13584	12162	9404	8329	6535	5584	13198	143	181045	X	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							rur	al perso	ns									
monthly							age-g	roup (year	rs)							per	number of	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 225	167	192	134	69	58	72	76	64	44	32	23	18	49	1	1000	79	539712	23453
225 - 255	156	173	132	74	67	73	75	63	45	34	25	21	60	1	1000	63	429814	18976
255 - 300	148	165	128	76	69	81	76	64	45	36	29	24	59	1	1000	118	808404	36771
300 - 340	131	150	131	86	76	79	72	66	47	42	33	25	61	1	1000	116	794238	37157
340 - 380	122	142	127	97	81	78	68	65	49	42	35	27	65	1	1000	110	754894	36934
380 - 420	118	133	124	98	80	82	70	68	52	44	34	29	68	1	1000	97	665066	34139
420 - 470	106	122	121	97	88	82	70	65	55	47	38	33	74	1	1000	99	673813	35840
470 - 525	96	110	120	109	91	79	65	67	57	52	41	33	81	1	1000	80	550110	32630
525 - 615	86	98	120	109	93	78	68	71	58	54	45	33	86	1	1000	90	613965	38495
615 - 775	79	90	106	110	99	83	68	69	61	59	47	38	90	1	1000	77	528880	37780
775 - 950	64	73	102	120	97	77	69	73	69	65	51	40	98	1	1000	36	244932	18957
950 & above	56	59	85	114	109	85	59	70	69	74	64	46	107	1	1000	34	235415	20056
all	117	133	123	94	82	79	70	67	52	46	36	29	71	1	1000	1000	6839242	371188
est. persons (00)	799144	908114	838415	644135	559795	540737	481438	455206	357428	312881	249105	199465	487248	6130	6839242	X	X	X
sample persons	41691	47748	44856	35980	31370	29909	26210	24692	19413	17347	13501	11096	27070	305	371188	X	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							uı	ban ma	le									
monthly							age-g	group (yea	ırs)							per	number of	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 300	160	169	145	96	59	59	73	70	51	36	22	17	43	1	1000	72	87918	7548
300 - 350	118	149	153	118	72	69	67	67	49	40	32	18	46	0	1000	60	72377	6111
350 - 425	116	146	141	104	82	76	74	64	55	37	31	23	51	1	1000	104	126117	11415
425 - 500	108	124	125	117	89	81	71	71	57	44	32	23	56	1	1000	111	135236	12129
500 - 575	107	118	122	107	97	96	67	74	60	45	33	21	52	1	1000	102	123684	11451
575 – 665	91	106	109	113	106	86	72	86	58	48	37	27	59	1	1000	105	127551	12315
665 - 775	85	94	105	116	106	101	74	71	67	54	40	27	61	1	1000	100	121228	11968
775 – 915	73	92	100	113	110	89	79	77	72	61	44	27	63	1	1000	91	110990	11407
915 - 1120	62	80	96	117	106	95	83	79	80	61	45	33	62	0	1000	92	111789	11479
1120 - 1500	63	68	92	108	108	90	84	82	80	66	55	37	66	1	1000	85	103051	11082
1500 - 1925	59	69	104	87	106	82	73	74	83	84	58	43	78	1	1000	43	52091	5936
1925 & above	41	51	81	102	102	93	72	68	88	92	73	51	86	2	1000	36	43623	4625
all	93	109	116	110	96	85	74	74	65	52	39	27	58	1	1000	1000	1215655	117466
estd. persons (00)	113331	132418	140451	133434	116236	103923	90414	89891	78882	63726	47698	33173	71072	1005	1215655	X	X	X
sample persons	10409	12356	13444	12706	11356	9922	8691	8640	7538	6488	4772	3545	7502	97	117466	X	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							urba	an femal	e									
monthly							age-g	group (yea	rs)							per	number of	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 300	154	184	138	77	62	90	69	59	40	22	22	22	59	2	1000	82	91461	7754
300 - 350	125	159	137	97	78	80	73	62	42	42	23	17	64	1	1000	64	71604	6033
350 - 425	124	134	131	99	89	83	73	64	45	39	31	24	63	2	1000	110	121909	11057
425 - 500	98	117	128	112	89	88	73	71	54	40	32	32	66	0	1000	115	127814	11516
500 - 575	97	111	125	110	106	88	78	72	51	43	28	25	65	0	1000	105	117108	10767
575 – 665	90	109	107	109	97	91	87	75	54	45	38	25	71	1	1000	104	115677	11144
665 - 775	76	83	107	112	105	98	77	83	63	52	35	30	78	2	1000	95	105818	10743
775 - 915	70	83	107	106	104	89	90	93	61	57	36	32	71	1	1000	87	96600	10124
915 - 1120	60	78	99	102	102	103	85	96	75	56	42	31	71	1	1000	84	93082	9928
1120 - 1500	57	78	87	86	103	99	100	95	72	66	46	29	82	0	1000	79	87348	9598
1500 - 1925	52	50	80	106	94	86	87	109	90	74	49	37	87	0	1000	40	44046	5278
1925 & above	36	46	68	103	101	79	86	91	91	92	68	37	103	0	1000	35	38709	4092
all	91	108	114	102	94	90	81	78	58	48	35	28	71	1	1000	1000	1111177	108034
estd. persons(00)	101548	120146	126488	113645	104947	100084	89644	87046	64561	53843	39052	30618	78611	946	1111177	X	X	X
sample persons	9254	11275	12056	11201	10268	9585	8651	8456	6435	5546	4025	3237	7961	84	108034	X	X	X

Table 31: Per thousand distribution of persons by age-group for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all India							urba	ın persoi	ns									
monthly							age-	group (yea	ars)							per	number of	persons
per-capita	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60 &	n.r.	all	1000	estimated	sample
expenditure													above			dist.	(00)	
class (Rs.)																		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
less than 300	157	177	141	86	61	75	71	64	45	29	22	19	51	1	1000	77	179380	15302
300 - 350	122	154	145	107	75	74	70	64	46	41	28	18	55	1	1000	62	143981	12144
350 - 425	120	140	136	102	86	79	74	64	50	38	31	23	57	1	1000	107	248026	22472
425 - 500	103	121	127	114	89	85	72	71	55	42	32	27	61	1	1000	113	263050	23645
500 - 575	102	115	123	109	101	92	72	73	55	44	31	23	58	1	1000	103	240793	22218
575 – 665	91	108	108	111	102	89	79	81	56	47	38	26	65	1	1000	105	243227	23459
665 - 775	81	89	106	114	105	100	75	76	66	53	38	28	69	1	1000	98	227046	22711
775 – 915	72	88	103	110	107	89	84	84	67	59	40	30	67	1	1000	89	207590	21531
915 - 1120	61	79	98	110	104	98	84	86	78	59	43	32	66	0	1000	88	204870	21407
1120 - 1500	60	73	90	98	106	94	91	88	76	66	51	33	73	0	1000	82	190399	20680
1500 - 1925	56	60	93	95	100	84	80	90	86	79	54	40	82	0	1000	41	96138	11214
1925 & above	39	49	75	103	101	86	78	78	89	92	71	44	94	1	1000	35	82332	8717
all	92	109	115	106	95	88	77	76	62	51	37	27	64	1	1000	1000	2326832	225500
est. persons (00)	214879	252564	266939	247079	221183	204006	180058	176937	143443	117569	86750	63792	149683	1951	2326832	X	X	X
sample persons	19663	23631	25500	23907	21624	19507	17342	17096	13973	12034	8797	6782	15463	181	225500	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India			rural	male					
age- group			martial s	status			per 1000	no. of per	rsons
(years)	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total d	istribution	estimated	sample
	married	married		separated		(of persons	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
10 - 14	994	5	0	0	1	1000	172	449400	32671
15 - 19	942	56	0	1	1	1000	133	346249	26249
20 - 24	581	414	3	2	1	1000	103	269262	20997
25 - 29	214	773	7	5	0	1000	100	262305	19980
30 - 34	63	924	9	4	0	1000	88	230981	17358
35 - 39	26	953	15	6	0	1000	88	229741	17076
40 - 44	20	956	20	3	0	1000	71	184746	13736
45 - 49	15	945	34	5	1	1000	62	162372	12383
50 - 54	15	919	62	3	1	1000	50	129476	9672
55 - 59	14	890	91	4	1	1000	38	99449	7559
60 & above	19	783	194	4	1	1000	94	246624	19020
all (10 +)	391	574	32	3	1	1000	1000	2610603	196701
estd. persons (00)	1019734	1499391	82385	7311	1782	2610603	X	X	X
sample persons	79442	110584	5966	551	158	196701	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India				rural female	9				
age-group			martial	status			per 1000	no. of pers	sons
(years)	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total di	istribution	estimated	sample
	married	married		separated		(of persons	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
10 - 14	986	13	0	0	0	1000	155	392036	28815
15 - 19	703	293	2	2	0	1000	117	296578	23002
20 - 24	157	829	6	8	0	1000	115	290496	21934
25 - 29	36	939	13	12	1	1000	111	280794	21089
30 - 34	14	950	22	14	0	1000	99	250964	18556
35 - 39	9	924	51	16	0	1000	89	224397	16715
40 - 44	4	903	82	11	0	1000	69	173122	12872
45 - 49	6	851	133	10	0	1000	60	151520	11445
50 - 54	6	773	212	10	0	1000	48	121279	9011
55 - 59	4	713	278	5	1	1000	40	100665	7647
60 & above	5	409	580	6	0	1000	96	243533	18159
all (10 +)	262	630	100	8	0	1000	1000	2525385	189245
estd. persons (00)	660526	1592193	251933	19917	815	2525385	X	X	X
sample persons	52710	117224	17891	1330	90	189245	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India				rural per	rsons				
age-group			martia	l status			per 1000	no. of per	sons
(years)	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	distribution	estimated	sample
	married	married		separated			of persons	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
10 - 14	990	9	0	0	1	1000	164	841436	61486
15 - 19	832	165	1	1	1	1000	125	642827	49251
20 - 24	361	629	4	5	1	1000	109	559758	42931
25 - 29	122	859	10	8	0	1000	106	543099	41069
30 - 34	37	937	16	9	0	1000	94	481945	35914
35 - 39	17	939	33	11	0	1000	88	454137	33791
40 - 44	12	930	50	7	0	1000	70	357869	26608
45 - 49	11	900	82	8	0	1000	61	313891	23828
50 - 54	11	848	134	6	0	1000	49	250755	18683
55 - 59	9	801	185	4	1	1000	39	200114	15206
60 & above	12	597	385	5	0	1000	95	490157	37179
all (10 +)	327	602	65	5	1	1000	1000	5135988	385946
estd. persons (00)	1680261	3091584	334318	27227	2598	5135988	X	X	X
sample persons	132152	227808	23857	1881	248	385946	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India			urb	an male					
age-group			martia	l status			per 1000	no. of per	sons
(years)	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	distribution	estimated	sample
	married	married		separated			of persons	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
10 - 14	996	4	0	0	1	1000	146	142338	18497
15 - 19	981	18	0	0	0	1000	138	134928	17483
20 - 24	805	193	2	1	0	1000	120	117085	15569
25 - 29	371	622	4	2	1	1000	107	103900	13546
30 - 34	105	886	7	2	0	1000	94	91484	11895
35 - 39	42	947	9	2	0	1000	93	90479	11860
40 - 44	24	958	15	3	0	1000	81	78937	10324
45 - 49	18	963	15	3	0	1000	65	63209	8849
50 - 54	14	950	33	3	0	1000	49	47596	6495
55 - 59	13	921	63	3	0	1000	34	33380	4851
60 & above	16	826	156	2	0	1000	73	71144	10286
all (10 +)	437	542	20	2	0	1000	1000	974480	129655
estd. persons (00)	425565	528013	19016	1584	303	974480	X	X	X
sample persons	57036	69605	2683	273	58	129655	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India				urban fema	ale				
age-group			martial st	tatus			per 1000	no. of per	sons
(years)	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	distribution	estimated	sample
	married	married		separated			of persons	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
10 - 14	996	3	0	0	1	1000	142	127013	16557
15 - 19	870	128	1	1	0	1000	128	114401	15308
20 - 24	384	606	3	6	0	1000	118	105097	14016
25 - 29	87	892	14	8	0	1000	113	101140	13150
30 - 34	33	933	23	10	0	1000	102	90686	11901
35 - 39	18	928	44	10	0	1000	97	86988	11541
40 - 44	12	898	77	13	0	1000	72	64095	8740
45 - 49	13	840	135	12	0	1000	61	54312	7562
50 - 54	13	756	224	7	0	1000	43	38740	5496
55 - 59	7	680	305	8	0	1000	35	31400	4465
60 & above	11	368	616	4	1	1000	88	78488	10899
all (10+)	317	579	97	6	0	1000	1000	892360	119635
estd. persons (00)	282819	517008	86699	5654	179	892360	X	X	X
sample persons	38656	68419	11691	832	37	119635	X	X	X

Table (32): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 10 years & above by martial status for each age-group

all-India urban persons martial status per 1000 age-group no. of persons widowed divorced/ (years) currently total distribution estimated sample never n.r. married of persons (00)married separated (1) **(2)** (4) **(7)** (9) (10)(3) (5) (6) (8) 10 - 14 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34 35 - 39 40 - 44 45 - 49 50 - 54 55 - 59 60 & above all (10 +)483 1866840 X estd. persons (00) X X X sample persons X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			rural	9	sex of hea	d of housel	nold: male	
_			marital s	status			head of ho	useholds
age-group	never married	currently married	widowed	divorced/ separated	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
10 - 24	398	598	1	2	1	1000	51434	3039
25 - 59	18	953	27	3	0	1000	968738	68945
60 & above	10	836	151	2	0	1000	207204	15959
10 & above	32	918	47	3	0	1000	1227376	87943
estd. head of hhs. (00)	39518	1126793	57174	3556	334	1227376	X	X
sample head of hhs.	2715	80864	4054	269	41	87943	X	X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			rural	sex	of head	of househol	ld: female	
_			marital s	status			head of ho	useholds
age-group	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	estd.	sample
	married	married		separated			(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
10 - 24	407	546	37	11	0	1000	4961	294
25 - 59	11	410	525	53	1	1000	102733	7212
60 & above	4	50	932	13	0	1000	36180	2500
10 & above	22	324	611	42	1	1000	143873	10006
estd. head of								
hhs. (00)	3235	46673	87835	6022	108	143873	X	X
sample head								
of hhs.	225	3424	5968	383	6	10006	X	X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			rural	sex	of head	of househo	ld: person	
_			marital s	status			head of ho	useholds
age-group	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	estd.	sample
	married	married		separated			(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
10 - 24	399	593	5	2	1	1000	56394	3333
25 - 59	17	901	74	8	0	1000	1071470	76157
23 - 39	1 /	901	/4	0	U	1000	10/14/0	/013/
60 & above	9	719	267	4	0	1000	243384	18459
10 & above	31	856	106	7	0	1000	1371248	97949
estd. head of								
hhs. (00)	42753	1173467	145008	9578	442	1371248	X	X
sample head								
of hhs.	2940	84288	10022	652	47	97949	X	X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			urban	5	sex of hea	d of househ	old: male	
			marital s	status			head of ho	useholds
age-group	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	estd.	sample
	married	married		separated			(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
10 - 24	698	299	3	0	0	1000	29811	3149
25 - 59	33	950	15	2	0	1000	378582	48645
60 & above	7	881	111	0	0	1000	58029	8494
10 & above	72	900	26	2	0	1000	466422	60288
estd. head of								
hhs. (00)	33780	419668	12193	728	53	466422	X	X
sample head								
of hhs.	3963	54410	1767	137	11	60288	X	X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			urban	sex	of head	of househol	ld: female	
			marital s	status			head of ho	useholds
age-group	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	estd.	sample
	married	married		separated			(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
10 - 24	810	169	17	3	1	1000	3876	404
25 - 59	40	284	626	50	0	1000	32501	4744
60 & above	11	33	945	9	2	1000	12687	1849
10 & above	93	210	661	36	1	1000	49064	6997
estd. head of hhs. (00)	4573	10290	32425	1744	33	49064	X	X
sample head of hhs.	595	1635	4479	285	3	6997	X	X

Table 33: Per thousand distribution of head of households by marital status for broad age-groups

all-India			urban	sex of head of household: person					
		marital status					head of households		
age-group	never	currently	widowed	divorced/	n.r.	total	estd.	sample	
	married	married		separated			(00)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
10 - 24	711	284	4	0	0	1000	33687	3553	
25 - 59	34	897	63	6	0	1000	411083	53389	
60 & above	8	729	261	2	1	1000	70715	10343	
10 & above	74	834	87	5	0	1000	515486	67285	
estd. head of									
hhs. (00)	38353	429957	44618	2472	86	515486	X	X	
sample head									
of hhs.	4558	56045	6246	422	14	67285	X	X	

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India						n	ıral male								
age-group						general edu	ucation lev	el					per	no. of pe	rsons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
-													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	362	3	3	17	572	40	2	0	0	0	0	1000	156	481842	34672
10 - 14	151	1	1	6	345	362	128	5	0	0	0	1000	145	449400	32671
15 - 19	181	1	2	3	85	175	341	166	42	2	0	1000	112	346249	26249
20 - 24	227	1	3	4	88	138	227	158	112	41	0	1000	87	269262	20997
25 - 29	304	2	3	5	111	122	190	123	77	62	0	1000	85	262305	19980
30 - 34	369	4	3	11	111	125	165	103	54	55	0	1000	75	230981	17358
35 - 39	396	4	4	7	131	137	147	88	44	41	0	1000	74	229741	17076
40 - 44	413	5	4	14	122	132	146	89	35	39	0	1000	60	184746	13736
45 - 49	465	4	2	12	125	129	120	77	34	32	0	1000	53	162372	12383
50 - 54	519	3	3	13	130	110	99	71	25	25	0	1000	42	129476	9672
55 - 59	521	3	1	14	143	119	96	64	19	20	0	1000	32	99449	7559
60 & above	621	5	2	16	146	92	59	37	10	11	0	1000	80	246624	19020
7 & above	323	3	2	9	206	161	154	81	37	25	0	1000	932	2881480	216209
15 & above	372	3	3	9	115	132	178	106	50	33	0	1000	699	2161204	164030
5 & above	338	3	2	10	220	151	143	75	35	23	0	1000	1000	3092446	231373
all ages	412	2	2	9	196	133	126	66	31	20	1	1000	X	3506876	261081
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	1045622	7905	7570	30354	679001	466216	442716	232225	107095	70647	3096	3092446	X	X	X
sample															
persons (5+)	68316	557	505	2270	50576	35943	35064	20606	9923	7355	258	231373	X	X	X

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India						ru	ral female								
age-group						general ed	ucation lev	vel .					per	no. of p	ersons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	425	3	2	15	519	33	2	0	0	0	0	1000	147	434080	30991
10 - 14	266	1	1	8	296	310	112	5	0	0	0	1000	132	392036	28815
15 - 19	360	1	1	6	83	142	243	125	37	1	0	1000	100	296578	23002
20 - 24	506	3	1	6	79	116	133	82	49	25	0	1000	98	290496	21934
25 - 29	586	3	3	7	85	103	113	57	23	20	0	1000	95	280794	21089
30 - 34	659	3	2	7	89	90	86	37	15	10	0	1000	85	250964	18556
35 - 39	695	4	2	8	76	90	78	31	9	7	0	1000	76	224397	16715
40 - 44	739	4	2	6	72	82	56	28	7	4	0	1000	58	173122	12872
45 - 49	776	1	2	7	69	71	44	20	5	4	0	1000	51	151520	11445
50 - 54	828	2	1	4	61	52	32	16	2	3	0	1000	41	121279	9011
55 - 59	862	1	1	8	55	41	17	10	3	1	0	1000	34	100665	7647
60 & above	898	2	1	7	47	30	10	3	0	1	0	1000	82	243533	18159
7 & above	566	2	2	7	155	117	90	38	14	7	0	1000	937	2772582	207007
15 & above	652	2	2	7	74	89	96	49	19	9	0	1000	721	2133348	160430
5 & above	567	2	2	8	169	110	85	36	14	7	0	1000	1000	2959465	220236
all ages	615	2	1	8	152	97	75	32	12	6	1	1000	X	3361933	248698
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	1679418	6858	4848	23591	499982	326091	250373	106456	40140	19603	2106	2959465	X	X	X
sample															
persons (5+)	112022	499	400	1857	38919	27166	22061	10648	4227	2266	171	220236	X	X	X

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India						r	ural perso	ns							
age-group						general ed	ducation le	evel					per	no. of pe	ersons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	392	3	3	16	547	36	2	0	0	0	0	1000	151	915923	65663
10 - 14	204	1	1	7	322	338	120	5	0	0	0	1000	139	841436	61486
15 - 19	263	1	1	5	84	160	296	147	40	2	0	1000	106	642827	49251
20 - 24	372	2	2	5	83	127	178	118	79	33	0	1000	92	559758	42931
25 - 29	450	2	3	6	98	112	151	89	49	40	0	1000	90	543099	41069
30 - 34	520	4	3	9	100	107	124	68	34	32	0	1000	80	481945	35914
35 - 39	544	4	3	8	104	113	113	60	26	25	0	1000	75	454137	33791
40 - 44	571	4	3	10	98	108	102	59	22	22	0	1000	59	357869	26608
45 - 49	615	3	2	9	98	101	83	50	20	18	0	1000	52	313891	23828
50 - 54	669	3	2	9	97	82	67	44	14	15	0	1000	41	250755	18683
55 - 59	692	2	1	11	99	80	57	36	11	10	0	1000	33	200114	15206
60 & above	759	3	2	12	97	61	35	20	5	6	0	1000	81	490157	37179
7 & above	442	2	2	8	181	139	123	60	26	16	0	1000	934	5654062	423216
15 & above	511	3	2	8	95	110	137	78	34	21	0	1000	710	4294552	324460
5 & above	450	2	2	9	195	131	115	56	24	15	0	1000	1000	6051911	451609
all ages	511	2	2	8	175	115	101	49	21	13	1	1000	X	6868809	509779
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	2725040	14763	12418	53945	1178982	792307	693089	338682	147235	90250	5201	6051911	X	X	X
sample															
persons (5+)	180338	1056	905	4127	89495	63109	57125	31254	14150	9621	429	451609	X	X	X

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India							urban mal	e							
age-group						general ec	ducation le	evel					per	no. of p	ersons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	219	4	4	20	695	54	1	0	0	0	0	1000	120	132748	16979
10 - 14	75	1	1	5	277	415	213	11	1	0	0	1000	129	142338	18497
15 - 19	87	0	0	3	54	133	311	282	118	8	0	1000	122	134928	17483
20 - 24	100	1	1	4	56	99	211	185	198	144	0	1000	106	117085	15569
25 - 29	115	1	1	6	65	105	199	175	136	197	0	1000	94	103900	13546
30 - 34	140	1	1	6	72	94	186	177	118	205	0	1000	83	91484	11895
35 - 39	157	1	2	7	79	118	173	156	97	209	0	1000	82	90479	11860
40 - 44	155	1	2	7	87	113	156	177	83	218	0	1000	71	78937	10324
45 - 49	159	1	3	9	84	109	151	176	89	217	0	1000	57	63209	8849
50 - 54	182	1	3	10	88	116	135	170	100	194	0	1000	43	47596	6495
55 - 59	205	2	2	16	107	119	129	177	75	168	0	1000	30	33380	4851
60 & above	272	2	2	14	135	121	115	159	54	124	0	1000	64	71144	10286
7 & above	132	1	1	7	156	151	182	152	92	124	0	1000	949	1051106	139557
15 & above	144	1	1	7	77	113	193	191	116	157	0	1000	752	832142	111158
5 & above	144	1	2	8	177	144	173	145	87	118	0	1000	1000	1107228	146634
all ages	216	1	2	9	166	131	156	131	79	107	2	1000	X	1222540	161136
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	159408	1448	1786	9215	195530	159989	191232	160096	96232	130624	1669	1107228	X	X	X
sample			•				•	•	•		•			•	
persons (5+)	19266	198	231	1132	25239	21141	25618	21939	13614	18052	204	146634	X	X	X

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India						urb	an female								
age-group						general ed	lucation le	vel					per	no. of p	ersons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	250	3	3	14	673	52	3	0	0	0	0	1000	120	122023	15518
10 - 14	107	1	1	8	250	406	214	13	0	0	0	1000	125	127013	16557
15 - 19	119	1	0	6	56	118	296	249	142	10	0	1000	113	114401	15308
20 - 24	198	1	1	7	53	93	161	146	169	170	0	1000	104	105097	14016
25 - 29	254	2	1	7	60	117	163	143	95	158	0	1000	100	101140	13150
30 - 34	298	1	1	9	69	122	142	129	81	147	0	1000	89	90686	11901
35 - 39	319	1	2	9	78	126	144	128	65	129	0	1000	86	86988	11541
40 - 44	380	1	2	6	79	118	125	127	60	101	0	1000	63	64095	8740
45 - 49	402	3	1	13	70	105	135	130	56	84	0	1000	54	54312	7562
50 - 54	451	4	1	15	94	113	96	110	43	71	0	1000	38	38740	5496
55 - 59	505	2	1	16	98	115	99	82	37	44	0	1000	31	31400	4465
60 & above	625	2	2	17	112	83	72	51	12	21	0	1000	77	78488	10899
7 & above	278	1	1	9	148	147	153	113	70	79	0	1000	952	965288	128765
15 & above	318	1	1	9	73	111	157	140	88	100	0	1000	754	765347	103078
5 & above	284	2	1	10	167	141	146	107	66	75	0	1000	1000	1014383	135153
all ages	343	2	1	10	158	128	132	97	60	68	1	1000	X	1118531	148098
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	287709	1577	1355	9842	169511	142791	148002	108812	67235	76480	1068	1014383	X	X	X
sample							<u></u>								
persons (5+)	34495	209	214	1327	22379	19552	20629	15803	9622	10760	163	135153	X	X	X

Table 34: Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 years & above by general education for each age-group

all-India						urb	an persons	S							
age-group						general ed	ducation le	vel					per	no. of po	ersons
(years)	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10-13	n.r.	all	1000	estd.	sample
													distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
5 - 9	234	4	4	17	685	53	2	0	0	0	0	1000	120	254771	32497
10 - 14	90	1	1	7	264	411	213	12	0	0	0	1000	127	269351	35054
15 - 19	101	1	0	4	55	126	304	267	129	9	0	1000	118	249329	32791
20 - 24	147	1	1	5	55	96	187	167	184	156	0	1000	105	222183	29585
25 - 29	184	1	1	6	63	111	181	159	116	178	0	1000	97	205040	26696
30 - 34	219	1	1	7	70	108	164	153	100	176	0	1000	86	182170	23796
35 - 39	237	1	2	8	79	122	159	142	81	170	0	1000	84	177467	23401
40 - 44	256	1	2	6	84	115	142	154	73	166	0	1000	67	143031	19064
45 - 49	271	2	2	11	78	107	144	155	74	155	0	1000	55	117521	16411
50 - 54	303	2	2	12	91	115	118	143	75	139	0	1000	41	86335	11991
55 - 59	351	2	1	16	103	117	114	131	56	108	0	1000	31	64780	9316
60 & above	458	2	2	16	123	101	92	102	32	70	0	1000	71	149632	21185
7 & above	202	1	1	8	152	149	168	133	81	103	0	1000	950	2016393	268322
15 & above	227	1	1	8	75	112	176	166	102	130	0	1000	753	1597489	214236
5 & above	211	1	1	9	172	143	160	127	77	98	0	1000	1000	2121611	281787
all ages	277	1	1	9	162	129	145	115	70	88	1	1000	X	2341070	309234
estd. persons															
(00)(5+)	447117	3024	3142	19057	365041	302780	339233	268907	163467	207104	2738	2121611	X	X	X
sample															
persons (5+)	53761	407	445	2459	47618	40693	46247	37742	23236	28812	367	281787	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											rural ma	le		
age-group					gener	al education	n					per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12	for c	odes 8, 9,	13 & n. r.	technical	education	on	others	total	1000	persons	persons
	X	X	X	2	3	4	5	6	9			distn.	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	1	994	1000	160	346249	26249
20 - 24	2	1	1	1	1	9	1	1	9	973	1000	125	269262	20997
25 - 29	3	1	2	2	0	7	2	1	10	971	1000	121	262305	19980
30 - 34	3	1	0	1	1	6	1	0	8	979	1000	107	230981	17358
35 - 39	3	1	1	1	0	2	1	0	6	985	1000	106	229741	17076
40 - 44	3	1	1	1	0	3	0	1	6	984	1000	85	184746	13736
45 - 49	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	6	988	1000	75	162372	12383
50 - 54	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	6	987	1000	60	129476	9672
55 - 60	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	5	990	1000	46	99449	7559
60 & above	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	994	1000	114	246624	19020
15 & above	2	1	1	1	0	4	1	1	6	984	1000	1000	2161204	164030
estimated persons (00)	4057	1528	1368	1827	785	8757	1793	1487	12745	2126857	2161204	X	X	X
sample persons	400	213	176	165	71	744	178	89	1187	160807	164030	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											rural fo	emale		
age-group					genera	l education	on					per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12			des 8, 9, hnical ed	13 & n. r. ucation			others	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
_	X	X	X	2	3	4	5	6	9					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	997	1000	139	296578	23002
20 - 24	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	990	1000	136	290496	21934
25 - 29	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	993	1000	132	280794	21089
30 - 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	994	1000	118	250964	18556
35 - 39	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	995	1000	105	224397	16715
40 - 44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	998	1000	81	173122	12872
45 - 49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	998	1000	71	151520	11445
50 - 54	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	997	1000	57	121279	9011
55 - 60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	999	1000	47	100665	7647
60 & above	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	999	1000	114	243533	18159
15 & above	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	995	1000	1000	2133348	160430
estimated persons (00)	1081	335	337	463	223	718	1054	661	5013	2123463	2133348	X	X	X
sample persons	102	25	38	58	16	67	87	71	475	159491	160430	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											rural per	sons		
age-group					genei	ral education	on					per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12			codes 8, 9, echnical ed		•		others	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
	X	X	X	2	3	4	5	6	5 9					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	995	1000	150	642827	49251
20 - 24	2	1	1	1	0	5	1	1	7	982	1000	130	559758	42931
25 - 29	2	1	1	1	0	4	2	1	7	982	1000	126	543099	41069
30 - 34	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	6	987	1000	112	481945	35914
35 - 39	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	4	990	1000	106	454137	33791
40 - 44	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	991	1000	83	357869	26608
45 - 49	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	992	1000	73	313891	23828
50 - 54	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	992	1000	58	250755	18683
55 - 60	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	995	1000	47	200114	15206
60 & above	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	996	1000	114	490157	37179
15 & above	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	4	990	1000	1000	4294552	324460
estimated persons (00)	5138	1863	1705	2290	1008	9475	2846	2149	17758	4250320	4294552	X	X	X
sample persons	502	238	214	223	87	811	265	160	1662	320298	324460	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											urban m	ale		
age-group					gene	ral educati	on					per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12			codes 8, 9, technical e				others	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
	X	X	X	2	3	4	5		6 9				, , ,	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	1	1	0	2	0	6	0	1	6	984	1000	162	134928	17483
20 - 24	7	7	1	5	1	23	2	3	30	920	1000	141	117085	15569
25 - 29	8	15	9	4	1	32	2	2	30	896	1000	125	103900	13546
30 - 34	6	14	3	5	1	27	3	3	23	915	1000	110	91484	11895
35 - 39	7	15	3	6	4	16	2	2	24	921	1000	109	90479	11860
40 - 44	9	12	4	6	1	16	2	3	18	927	1000	95	78937	10324
45 - 49	8	10	9	7	1	18	2	2	20	922	1000	76	63209	8849
50 - 54	7	21	6	7	1	21	1	2	18	917	1000	57	47596	6495
55 - 60	4	14	6	5	4	21	4	1	15	926	1000	40	33380	4851
60 & above	4	11	4	3	1	8	1	1	7	960	1000	85	71144	10286
15 & above	6	11	4	5	1	19	2	2	19	931	1000	1000	832142	111158
estimated persons (00)	4879	8960	3290	3891	1102	15583	1572	1680	16199	774986	832142	X	X	X
sample persons	713	1098	490	505	136	2133	244	187	2221	103431	111158	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											urban fe	male		
age-group					gener	al education	n					per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12			codes 8, 9, echnical ed				others	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
	X	X	X	2	3	4	5	6	9					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	9	986	1000	149	114401	15308
20 - 24	7	2	1	3	1	7	4	3	27	946	1000	137	105097	14016
25 - 29	3	3	2	1	1	4	3	2	22	959	1000	132	101140	13150
30 - 34	5	2	3	1	0	5	2	2	20	959	1000	118	90686	11901
35 - 39	4	1	2	2	0	1	1	1	11	978	1000	114	86988	11541
40 - 44	4	0	2	2	0	1	1	1	9	979	1000	84	64095	8740
45 - 49	2	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	11	980	1000	71	54312	7562
50 - 54	3	1	0	2	0	1	3	0	18	973	1000	51	38740	5496
55 - 60	1	0	2	0	0	1	2	1	11	982	1000	41	31400	4465
60 & above	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	996	1000	103	78488	10899
15 & above	3	1	1	1	0	3	2	1	15	972	1000	1000	765347	103078
estimated persons (00)	2408	861	1107	1021	216	2260	1461	973	11171	743868	765347	X	X	X
sample persons	369	120	179	164	37	283	226	159	1613	99928	103078	X	X	X

Table (35): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years & above by technical education for each age-group

all-India											urban pe	erson		
age-group					gene	ral educati	on				_	per	estimated	sample
(years)	10	11	12		for	codes 8, 9,	, 13 & n. r	•		others	total	1000	persons	persons
					t	technical ed	ducation					distn.	(00)	-
	X	X	X	2	3	4	5	6	9					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
15 - 19	1	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	7	985	1000	156	249329	32791
20 - 24	7	5	1	4	1	16	3	3	29	932	1000	139	222183	29585
25 - 29	5	9	5	3	1	18	3	2	26	927	1000	128	205040	26696
30 - 34	5	8	3	3	1	16	3	3	22	937	1000	114	182170	23796
35 - 39	6	8	2	4	2	9	1	1	17	949	1000	111	177467	23401
40 - 44	7	7	3	5	1	9	2	2	14	950	1000	90	143031	19064
45 - 49	5	5	6	4	1	10	2	1	16	949	1000	74	117521	16411
50 - 54	5	12	3	5	1	12	2	1	18	942	1000	54	86335	11991
55 - 60	3	7	4	3	2	11	3	1	13	953	1000	41	64780	9316
60 & above	2	5	2	1	1	4	1	0	4	979	1000	94	149632	21185
15 & above	5	6	3	3	1	11	2	2	17	951	1000	1000	1597489	214236
estimated persons (00)	7287	9822	4397	4912	1318	17843	3033	2653	27370	1518853	1597489	X	X	X
sample persons	1082	1218	669	669	173	2416	470	346	3834	203359	214236	X	X	X

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India							1	rural male			
household monthly				general ed	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)	
		primary									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	588	234	105	48	16	10	0	1000	61	132309	5831
225-255	533	253	125	59	20	10	1	1000	52	112318	5026
255-300	485	271	141	65	26	12	1	1000	103	221811	10170
300-340	447	268	161	73	31	18	1	1000	107	230996	10916
340-380	416	265	172	89	37	19	2	1000	108	232793	11372
380-420	375	296	174	93	41	20	1	1000	97	208836	10741
420-470	349	272	198	107	45	28	1	1000	103	221676	11700
470-525	312	270	205	121	58	33	1	1000	87	188814	10927
525-615	281	267	215	134	64	38	1	1000	101	218343	13433
615-775	234	236	214	166	94	55	0	1000	91	196541	13831
775-950	193	215	211	196	94	89	1	1000	45	96322	7333
950 & above	124	192	200	208	137	139	0	1000	46	100367	8394
a l l	369	260	178	108	51	33	1	1000	1000	2161128	119674
estimated persons (00)	797928	561095	384993	232580	110389	72214	1929	2161128	X	X	X
sample persons	38302	31185	22343	14968	7349	5404	123	119674	X	X	X

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India							1	rural female	;		
household monthly				general ec	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)	
		primary									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	828	112	40	15	3	1	1	1000	66	140291	6100
225-255	791	132	56	17	2	1	0	1000	56	118803	5262
255-300	768	148	58	19	4	1	1	1000	108	229213	10372
300-340	730	159	74	27	7	2	1	1000	110	234807	10924
340-380	703	167	83	31	12	3	1	1000	107	227053	11137
380-420	670	180	94	40	13	3	1	1000	97	206274	10547
420-470	645	181	107	46	15	5	1	1000	102	216324	11461
470-525	597	199	114	60	21	8	1	1000	85	181678	10649
525-615	555	207	135	64	25	14	0	1000	98	208267	12982
615-775	494	213	134	92	46	19	0	1000	88	186255	13131
775-950	427	209	158	122	48	34	1	1000	42	89844	6834
950 & above	327	205	171	153	84	59	1	1000	41	87504	7515
a l l	648	175	98	50	19	9	1	1000	1000	2126311	116914
estimated persons (00)	1378030	372603	207345	105923	41281	19538	1590	2126311	X	X	X
sample persons	67868	22948	13538	7727	3095	1641	97	116914	X	X	X

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India							1	rural person	1		
household monthly				general e	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)	
		primary									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 225	711	171	71	31	9	5	1	1000	64	272600	11931
225-255	666	191	90	37	11	5	0	1000	54	231121	10288
255-300	629	208	99	42	15	7	1	1000	105	451024	20542
300-340	590	213	117	50	19	10	1	1000	109	465803	21840
340-380	558	217	128	60	25	11	1	1000	107	459846	22509
380-420	521	238	135	67	27	12	1	1000	97	415110	21288
420-470	495	227	153	77	30	16	1	1000	102	438000	23161
470-525	452	236	160	91	39	21	1	1000	86	370492	21576
525-615	415	238	176	100	45	27	0	1000	100	426610	26415
615-775	361	225	175	130	71	38	0	1000	89	382796	26962
775-950	306	212	186	160	72	62	1	1000	43	186166	14167
950 & above	218	198	187	182	112	102	1	1000	44	187871	15909
all	508	218	138	79	35	21	1	1000	1000	4287439	236588
estimated persons (00)	2175958	933698	592339	338503	151670	91752	3519	4287439	X	X	X
sample persons	106170	54133	35881	22695	10444	7045	220	236588	X	X	X

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India							u	ırban male			
household monthly				general ed	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)	
		primary									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
less than 300	428	282	175	68	30	16	1	1000	56	46170	4012
300-350	357	295	179	96	50	23	0	1000	51	41922	3515
350-425	276	290	223	122	59	30	1	1000	91	75260	6934
425-500	206	274	229	165	76	48	1	1000	105	86831	7855
500-575	149	267	244	180	84	75	1	1000	97	80643	7590
575-665	129	220	225	204	110	110	1	1000	107	88307	8503
665-775	97	188	222	232	125	135	2	1000	105	86802	8542
775-915	82	159	201	250	140	168	1	1000	98	81473	8344
915-1120	55	136	169	249	154	235	1	1000	103	85162	8667
1120-1500	38	91	135	241	183	308	3	1000	96	79909	8587
1500-1925	19	61	90	206	194	428	2	1000	48	39952	4696
1925 & above	13	34	70	156	178	547	2	1000	43	36017	3915
all	146	198	192	191	115	158	1	1000	1000	828450	81160
estimated persons (00)	120883	163783	158777	158107	95102	130659	1139	828450	X	X	X
sample persons	10579	15604	15819	15839	9921	13294	104	81160	X	X	X

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India	urban female											
household monthly				general e	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample	
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons	
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)		
		primary										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
less than 300	661	187	94	36	14	7	1	1000	63	47728	4179	
300-350	588	199	118	68	19	7	0	1000	54	41322	3496	
350-425	524	227	142	61	28	18	1	1000	98	74324	6805	
425-500	444	237	160	98	41	19	1	1000	110	83870	7630	
500-575	361	240	181	120	58	40	1	1000	102	77943	7292	
575-665	313	224	192	138	76	55	1	1000	105	80144	7839	
665-775	259	212	191	166	98	73	1	1000	102	77515	7810	
775-915	214	196	185	186	119	96	3	1000	94	71383	7504	
915-1120	149	172	170	204	142	161	2	1000	93	70933	7569	
1120-1500	109	134	158	207	158	232	2	1000	89	67973	7455	
1500-1925	65	94	123	231	174	313	0	1000	47	36048	4313	
1925 & above	40	74	78	196	155	456	1	1000	43	32866	3473	
all	318	194	158	141	86	101	1	1000	1000	762050	75365	
estimated persons (00)	242266	148118	120479	107209	65868	77152	958	762050	X	X	X	
sample persons	21455	15045	12432	11330	7017	7987	99	75365	X	X	X	

Table (37): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household monthly per-capita expenditure class

all-India	urban person												
household monthly				general ed	ducation				per 1000	estimated	sample		
per capita expenditure	not	literate	middle	secondary	higher	graduate	n.r.	total	distn. of	persons	persons		
(Rs.)	literate	& upto			secondary	& above			persons	(00)			
		primary											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
less than 300	547	234	134	52	22	11	1	1000	59	93898	8191		
300-350	472	248	149	82	34	15	0	1000	52	83244	7011		
350-425	399	258	183	92	43	24	1	1000	94	149584	13739		
425-500	323	256	195	132	59	34	1	1000	107	170701	15485		
500-575	253	254	213	150	71	58	1	1000	100	158587	14882		
575-665	216	222	209	173	94	84	1	1000	106	168451	16342		
665-775	173	199	207	201	112	106	2	1000	103	164318	16352		
775-915	144	176	193	220	130	134	2	1000	96	152857	15848		
915-1120	98	152	169	229	149	202	2	1000	98	156095	16236		
1120-1500	71	111	145	226	171	273	3	1000	93	147882	16042		
1500-1925	41	77	106	218	184	373	1	1000	48	76001	9009		
1925 & above	26	53	74	175	167	504	1	1000	43	68883	7388		
<u>a l l</u>	228	196	176	167	101	131	1	1000	1000	1590499	156525		
estimated persons (00)	363149	311900	279256	265316	160970	207811	2097	1590499	X	X	X		
sample persons	32034	30649	28251	27169	16938	21281	203	156525	X	X	X		

Table (38R): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household type for rural areas

all-India		n	ıral male								
household type				general	education				per	estimated	sample
	not literate	literate & upto primary	middle	secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	not recor- ded	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
self-employed in:				, ,		•	, ,	, ,		, ,	
(i) agriculture	328	260	199	120	58	35	1	1000	385	832786	52043
(ii) non- agriculture	282	303	202	122	55	35	1	1000	135	292247	17636
sub-total	316	271	200	120	57	35	1	1000	521	1125033	69679
agricultural labour	538	259	127	53	17	5	1	1000	293	632616	26080
other labour	369	306	198	93	22	11	1	1000	75	161453	8423
sub-total	504	268	141	61	18	6	1	1000	367	794068	34503
others	173	178	198	201	131	118	1	1000	111	240552	15384
all (incl. n.r.)	369	260	178	108	51	33	1	1000	1000	2161128	119674
estd. persons (00)	797928	561095	384993	232580	110389	72214	1929	2161128	X	X	X
sample persons	38302	31185	22343	14968	7349	5404	123	119674	X	X	X

Table (38R): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household type for rural areas

all-India		rı	ıral fema	le							
household type				general	education				per	estimated	sample
	not literate	literate & upto primary		secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	not recor- ded	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
self-employed in :	, ,		` ` `	, ,		•	, ,	•		, ,	
(i) agriculture	637	178	103	54	20	8	1	1000	373	794116	49650
(ii) non- agriculture	574	216	120	56	23	11	1	1000	133	281824	16724
sub-total	621	188	108	54	21	8	1	1000	506	1075940	66374
agricultural labour	783	136	56	18	4	1	1	1000	295	627973	25861
other labour	627	207	106	44	12	3	1	1000	74	156455	8036
sub-total	752	150	66	23	6	2	1	1000	369	784428	33897
others	454	197	148	111	55	35	1	1000	124	264718	16549
all (incl. n.r.)	648	175	98	50	19	9	1	1000	1000	2126311	116914
estd. persons (00)	1378030	372603	207345	105923	41281	19538	1590	2126311	X	X	X
sample persons	67868	22948	13538	7727	3095	1641	97	116914	X	X	X

Table (38R): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 15 years and above by general education for each household type for rural areas

all-India		rı	ıral perso	ons							
household type				general	education				per	estimated	sample
	not literate	literate & upto primary	middle	secondary	higher secondary	graduate & above	not recor- ded	total	1000 distn.	persons (00)	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
self-employed in:	, ,			, ,		•				, ,	
(i) agriculture	479	220	152	87	39	21	1	1000	379	1626902	101693
(ii) non- agriculture	425	260	162	89	39	23	1	1000	134	574071	34360
sub-total	465	230	155	88	39	22	1	1000	513	2200973	136053
agricultural labour	660	198	92	36	11	3	1	1000	294	1260588	51941
other labour	496	257	153	69	17	7	1	1000	74	317907	16459
sub-total	627	210	104	42	12	4	1	1000	368	1578496	68400
others	320	188	172	154	91	74	1	1000	118	505270	31933
a 11 (incl. n.r.)	508	218	138	79	35	21	1	1000	1000	4287439	236588
estd. persons (00)	2175958	933698	592339	338503	151670	91752	3519	4287439	X	X	X
sample persons	106170	54133	35881	22695	10444	7045	220	236588	X	X	X

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India														rural male	
household mo	nthly					age gi	oup (yea	rs)					estimated	d persons	sample
per capita exp	en-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3	0 yrs)	persons
diture class (R	Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
													(00)	attending	attending
														(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 225		27	551	603	573	256	43	677	352	12	10	307	188728	57997	2571
225-255		28	568	667	611	260	43	719	355	11	4	305	144718	44175	2006
255-300		30	622	697	655	330	46	756	391	7	22	333	281248	93551	4354
300-340		49	681	751	713	360	82	809	432	12	16	371	276940	102705	4902
340-380		38	714	760	736	417	73	834	451	13	15	387	263985	102098	5062
380-420		47	742	815	776	397	91	854	462	12	45	393	229126	89936	4799
420-470		42	752	827	789	438	81	877	471	21	24	396	227077	89969	5006
470-525		54	790	847	820	473	101	895	493	27	39	418	186052	77780	4770
525-615		86	810	868	842	500	128	905	518	20	33	436	200296	87307	5634
615-775		90	849	900	877	574	181	941	542	36	24	452	170291	76917	5697
775-950		135	912	934	925	628	238	971	596	46	30	498	76826	38224	2932
950 & above		124	892	935	917	673	264	963	571	26	65	458	69556	31829	2977
a 1 1		49	700	781	739	437	109	821	454	18	25	386	2314843	892488	50710
estimated pers	sons	406443	477971	446559	924529	348715	270612	268277	1950300	261526	103017	2314843	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.	(00)														
persons estd	l. (00)	19732	334695	348869	683564	152359	29483	220340	885137	4823	2527	892488	X	X	X
currently sam		1117	18114	19415	37529	9417	2143	11905	50206	360	144	50710	X	X	X
attending $(0-3)$															

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India												rı	ıral female	
household monthly					age gi	oup (yea	rs)					estimated	d persons	sample
per capita expen-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3	0 yrs)	persons
diture class (Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
												(00)	attending	attending
													(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 225	27	468	462	466	109	10	554	257	1	27	217	204014	44327	1922
225-255	38	500	521	509	160	8	606	287	7	30	245	159468	39040	1688
255-300	45	572	556	565	173	8	667	311	1	23	258	284865	73543	3362
300-340	32	615	596	606	165	17	727	324	2	20	269	265830	71491	3498
340-380	36	609	633	620	218	21	707	329	2	13	274	245808	67323	3576
380-420	47	658	691	674	238	27	774	363	3	23	300	212419	63672	3491
420-470	53	684	690	687	266	30	777	365	8	13	302	207980	62822	3714
470-525	51	739	761	751	303	43	827	397	8	36	332	161030	53465	3529
525-615	77	768	763	765	339	44	855	416	7	32	343	176060	60394	4178
615-775	93	817	823	820	414	104	893	456	8	23	369	145310	53583	4290
775-950	100	864	862	863	504	110	898	490	23	19	399	60476	24105	2073
950 & above	123	899	888	892	568	150	928	522	32	29	428	55659	23804	2142
all	47	626	651	638	268	39	725	352	6	23	293	2178920	637568	37463
estimated persons	392701	430144	391856	822000	295420	289182	244128	1799303	279211	100405	2178920	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.) (00)														
persons estd. (00)	18629	269437	255128	524565	79241	11223	176999	633658	1577	2333	637568	X	X	X
currently sample	1037	14884	14641	29525	5650	942	9827	37154	171	138	37463	X	X	X
attending (0-30yrs.)														

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India												rui	ral persons	
household monthly					age gi	oup (yea	rs)					estimated	d persons	sample
per capita expen-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3)	0 yrs)	persons
diture class (Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
												(00)	attending	attending
									=				(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 225	27	510	534	520	185	23	617	304	5	19	261	392742	102324	4493
225-255	33	533	591	558	211	22	658	320	9	18	274	304186	83215	3694
255-300	38	598	628	611	255	24	712	351	4	22	295	566113	167094	7716
300-340	41	650	678	663	267	47	770	380	7	18	321	542770	174196	8400
340-380	37	664	704	683	327	46	775	393	7	14	332	509794	169421	8638
380-420	47	704	755	729	325	57	818	415	7	34	348	441545	153608	8290
420-470	47	721	764	742	358	55	830	421	14	19	351	435056	152791	8720
470-525	53	767	809	789	397	72	863	449	17	37	378	347082	131244	8299
525-615	82	790	821	807	429	88	882	471	14	33	392	376357	147701	9812
615-775	91	834	866	852	501	144	919	503	22	23	413	315600	130500	9987
775-950	120	892	904	899	573	178	940	550	36	24	454	137302	62328	5005
950 & above	123	895	912	905	629	214	945	549	28	48	444	125215	55633	5119
all	48	665	720	692	360	73	775	405	12	24	340	4493762	1530055	88173
estimated persons	799144	908114	838415	1746529	644135	559795	512405	3749603	540737	203422	4493762	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.) (00)														
persons estd. (00)	38361	604131	603997	1208129	231600	40706	397338	1518796	6400	4860	1530055	X	X	X
currently sample	2154	32998	34056	67054	15067	3085	21732	87360	531	282	88173	X	X	X
attending (0-30yrs.)														

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India												ι	ırban male	
household monthly					age gr	oup (year	s)					estimated	d persons	sample
per capita expen-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3	0 yrs)	persons
diture class (Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
												(00)	attending	attending
													(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9	$) \qquad (10)$	(11	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 300	46	657	660	659	293	73	753	392	25	28	346	63206	21895	1877
300-350	63	703	784	744	401	107	833	471	5	31	406	51398	20893	1644
350-425	100	725	769	747	378	107	848	465	31	27	398	87708	34942	3140
425-500	95	813	854	834	482	140	922	509	35	47	431	91386	39352	3495
500-575	98	874	878	876	491	133	960	519	20	42	430	83260	35768	3394
575-665	129	876	897	886	570	172	926	543	36	33	454	81216	36878	3709
665-775	157	902	935	919	612	231	957	576	35	46	466	76940	35860	3600
775-915	177	913	945	930	686	256	957	609	44	46	501	67019	33565	3515
915-1120	159	937	954	946	761	322	983	649	63	42	523	65590	34328	3539
1120-1500	227	980	960	969	824	374	983	681	61	40	551	57257	31533	3471
1500-1925	425	920	975	953	888	505	928	755	124	25	623	27735	17277	1840
1925 & above	252	909	954	937	879	562	949	745	132	69	603	21259	12825	1279
all	125	825	864	845	581	232	906	549	45	39	459	773974	355115	34503
estimated persons	113331	132418	140451	272869	133434	116236	76128	635870	103923	34181	773974	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.) (00)														
persons estd. (00)	14202	109184	121283	230467	77502	26999	68951	349170	4625	1319	355115	X	X	X
currently sample	1263	10312	11723	22035	7611	2953	6520	33862	505	136	34503	X	X	X
attending (0-30yrs.)														

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India												uı	ban female	
household monthly					age gr	oup (year	s)					estimate	ed persons	sample
per capita expen-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3)	30 yrs)	persons
diture class (Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
												(00)	attending	attending
													(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	$) \qquad (10)$	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 300	46	585	559	574	242	30	644	346	3	29	292	66890	19545	1711
300-350	59	690	660	676	355	24	798	409	4	4	346	50493	17486	1415
350-425	64	743	692	718	313	49	835	404	11	34	339	84583	28694	2736
425-500	94	802	837	820	360	77	882	474	5	44	393	84409	33165	2983
500-575	100	861	864	862	458	117	932	502	17	35	418	78333	32709	2986
575-665	171	876	877	877	501	130	935	531	16	11	428	74186	31725	3050
665-775	155	907	888	897	563	147	970	539	20	29	432	64504	27857	3057
775-915	216	891	903	898	641	226	958	590	24	49	477	56876	27143	2945
915-1120	160	939	947	944	752	266	958	637	24	39	496	53392	26475	2908
1120-1500	225	941	956	949	819	310	964	661	16	39	509	47070	23967	2722
1500-1925	250	976	931	948	832	389	998	683	49	95	551	21276	11728	1476
1925 & above	271	946	914	927	813	499	1000	705	44	98	560	17674	9898	1041
all	117	802	814	808	519	166	870	507	17	35	415	699686	290393	29030
estimated persons	101548	120146	126488	246634	113645	104947	71660	566773	100084	32829	699686	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.) (00)														
persons estd. (00)	11907	96372	102917	199289	58976	17417	62380	287589	1664	1140	290393	X	X	X
currently sample	1122	9209	10053	19262	6277	1971	5874	28632	275	123	29030	X	X	
attending (0-30yrs.)														

Table (39): School attendance rates per 1000 persons (of age up to 30) by age-group and household monthly per capita expenditure class

all-India												url	oan persons	
household monthly					age gr	oup (yea	rs)					estimate	d persons	sample
per capita expen-	0-4	5-9	10-14	5-14	15-19	20-24	6-9	0-24	25-29	30	all	(0-3)	30 yrs)	persons
diture class (Rs.)											(0-30)	total	currently	currently
												(00)	attending	attending
													(00)	(0-30 yrs)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
less than 300	46	619	610	615	270	51	693	369	12	28	319	130095	41441	3588
300-350	61	696	725	710	380	64	814	440	5	18	377	101892	38379	3059
350-425	81	734	733	733	346	77	841	436	20	31	369	172291	63636	5876
425-500	94	808	846	827	424	109	903	492	20	46	413	175795	72517	6478
500-575	99	868	871	869	475	125	947	511	19	38	424	161593	68477	6380
575-665	149	876	887	882	538	153	930	538	26	20	441	155402	68603	6759
665-775	156	904	913	909	589	192	963	559	28	38	450	141444	63717	6657
775-915	195	903	925	915	666	242	957	601	35	47	490	123895	60707	6460
915-1120	160	938	951	945	758	297	972	644	44	40	511	118981	60803	6447
1120-1500	226	961	958	959	822	346	974	672	39	40	532	104326	55500	6193
1500-1925	351	941	958	951	859	455	952	724	89	50	592	49011	29005	3316
1925 & above	260	925	937	932	848	532	973	727	94	85	584	38934	22723	2320
all	122	814	840	827	552	201	889	529	31	37	438	1473660	645508	63533
estimated persons	214879	252564	266939	519503	247079	221183	147788	1202643	204006	67010	1473660	X	X	X
(0-30 yrs.) (00)														
persons estd. (00)	26109	205556	224200	429756	136477	44416	131331	636759	6290	2459	645508	X	X	X
currently sample	2385	19521	21776	41297	13888	4924	12394	62494	780	259	63533	X	X	X
attending (0-30yrs.)														

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India				rural	male								
age-group	currently				cu	irrently at	ttending c	odes				persons (5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd.	sample
	attending											(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	290	2	2	183	500	17	0	0	0	6	1000	481842	34672
10-14	214	1	0	53	305	348	70	0	0	8	1000	449400	32671
5-14	253	2	1	120	406	176	34	0	0	7	1000	931242	67343
15 - 19	556	0	0	3	17	94	291	21	9	8	1000	346249	26249
20 - 24	888	0	0	0	2	5	35	46	16	6	1000	269262	20997
15-24	702	0	0	2	11	55	179	32	12	7	1000	615510	47246
5-24	432	1	1	73	249	128	92	13	5	7	1000	1546752	114589
25-29	974	0	0	1	1	2	4	9	3	6	1000	262305	19980
30	773	0	0	1	4	4	6	3	4	205	1000	103117	7533
all (5 - 30)	524	1	1	59	201	104	75	12	5	17	1000	1912175	142102
est. persons(00)	1002773	1850	1256	113549	385205	199271	144100	22001	8791	33379	1912175	X	X
sample persons	71365	129	90	8563	28827	15438	12341	2050	787	2512	142102	X	X

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India				rural fe	male								
age-group	currently				cı	irrently at	tending co	odes				persons (:	5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not attending	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	366	2	1	163	446	14	0	0	0	7	1000	434080	30991
10-14	350	2	1	43	254	288	57	0	0	6	1000	392036	28815
5-14	358	2	111	106	355	144	27	0	0	6	1000	826117	59806
15 - 19	728	0	0	2	13	55	172	18	4		1000	296578	23002
20 - 24	956	0	1	0	<u>l</u>	2	10	17	6		1000	290496	21934
15-24	841	0	1	1	7	29	92	17	5	7	1000	587075	44936
5-24	559	1	1	63	210	96	54	7	2	7	1000	1413191	104742
25-29	985	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	9	1000	280794	21089
30	739	1	0	3	4	5	4	4	3	237	1000	100098	7434
all (5 – 30)	636	1	1	49	166	76	43	6	2	20	1000	1794083	133265
est. persons(00)	1140194	1933	1184	88732	297853	136914	77279	10900	3346	35746	1794083	X	X
sample persons	80501	126	84	6823	22760	11285	7440	1070	338	2838	133265	X	X

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India				rural per									
age-group	currently_				cı	arrently a	ttending c	odes				persons (:	5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not attending	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	326	2	1	174	475	16	0	0	0	6	1000	915923	65663
10-14	277	1	0	48	281	320	64	0	0	7	1000	841436	61486
5-14	303	2	1	114	382	161	31	0	0	7	1000	1757359	127149
15 - 19	635	0	0	3	15	76	236	19	7	8	1000	642827	49251
20 - 24	924	0	1	0	2	3	22	31	11	6	1000	559758	42931
15-24	770	0	0	2	9	42	137	25	9	7	1000	1202585	92182
5-24	492	1	1	68	230	113	74	10	3	7	1000	2959944	219331
25-29	979	0	0	0	1	2	3	5	2	8	1000	543099	41069
30	756	1	0	2	4	4	5	3	4	220	1000	203215	14967
all (5 - 30)	578	1	1	55	184	91	60	9	3	19	1000	3706258	275367
est. persons(00)	2142967	3783	2440	202281	683058	336185	221378	32902	12138	69126	3706258	X	X
sample persons	151866	255	174	15386	51587	26723	19781	3120	1125	5350	275367	X	X

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India				urban	male								
age-group	currently				cu	rrently at	tending co	odes				persons (5	5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not attending	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	160	1	2	252	546	28	1	0	0	9	1000	132748	16979
10-14	128	1	1	42	257	451	110	0	0	10	1000	142338	18497
5-14	143	1	1	143	397	247	58	0	0	9	1000	275086	35476
15 - 19 20 - 24	407 763	0 0	0	3	11 1	69 3	395 46	74 128	30 53	11 4	1000 1000	134928 117085	17483 15569
15-24	572	0	0	2	6	39	233	99	41	8	1000	252014	33052
5-24	348	1	1	76	210	147	141	48	19	9	1000	527100	68528
25-29	948	0	0	0	1	2	5	22	14	8	1000	103900	13546
30	803	1	1	0	1	5	11	16	2	160	1000	34177	4378
all (5 – 30)	465	1	1	60	167	117	113	42	18	16	1000	665177	86452
est. persons(00)	309602	382	439	39973	110954	78023	75343	27926	11762	10772	665177	X	X
sample persons	39145	75	51	5085	14557	10176	10436	3925	1517	1485	86452	X	X

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India				urban fei	male								
age-group	currently				cu	rrently at	tending co	odes				persons (5	5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not attending	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	188	1	1	250	521	28	1	0	0	10	1000	122023	15518
10-14	183	1	0	43	227	423	115	0	0	8	1000	127013	16557
5-14	185	1	1	144	371	229	59	0	0	9	1000	249036	32075
15 - 19 20 - 24	475 828	0 0	0 0	7 0	7 2	57 2	337 25	87 101	21 36	10 4	1000 1000	114401 105097	15308 14016
15-24	644	0	0	4	4	30	188	94	28	7	1000	219498	29324
5-24	400	1	1	78	199	136	119	44	13	8	1000	468534	61399
25-29	974	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	5	8	1000	101140	13150
30	761	0	1	0	4	4	8	13	2	206	1000	33606	4357
all $(5 - 30)$	516	1	1	61	155	106	94	36	11	19	1000	603280	78906
est. persons(00)	311516	328	307	36733	93664	64067	56434	21790	6813	11628	603280	X	X
sample persons	39095	64	34	4339	12624	8705	8265	3139	994	1647	78906	X	X

Table (42): Per thousand distribution of persons of age 5 up to 30 years by current attendance in educational institution and course of study for each age-group

all-India			ι	ırban pei									
age-group	currently_				cı	irrently at	ttending c	odes				persons (5	5-30 yrs.)
(years)	not attending	21	22	23	24	25	26	27-30	31-35	n.r.	total	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
5-9	173	1	2	251	534	28	1	0	0	9	1000	254771	32497
10-14	154	1	0	42	243	438	113	0	0	9	1000	269351	35054
5-14	163	1	1	144	385	239	58	0	0	9	1000	524122	67551
15 - 19	438	0	0	5	9	63	368	80	26	10	1000	249329	32791
20 - 24	794	0	0	1	2	3	36	115	45	4	1000	222183	29585
15-24	606	0	0	3	6	35	212	97	35	7	1000	471512	62376
5-24	373	1	1	77	205	142	131	46	17	8	1000	995634	129927
25-29	961	0	0	0	1	1	3	15	9	8	1000	205040	26696
30	782	0	1	0	3	4	9	15	2	183	1000	67783	8735
all (5 – 30)	490	1	1	60	161	112	104	39	15	18	1000	1268457	165358
est. persons(00)	621119	711	746	76707	204618	142090	131777	49716	18575	22400	1268457	X	X
sample persons	78240	139	85	9424	27181	18881	18701	7064	2511	3132	165358	X	X

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			rural male						
age-group			currently	not attending				number of	persons
(years)	never atten	ided	ever attende discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample
_	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other			
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
5-9	82	885	3	16	2	12	1000	139652	9304
10-14	176	510	85	126	32	71	1000	96207	5821
5-14	120	732	36	61	15	36	1000	235860	15125
15 - 19	164	202	231	211	78	114	1000	192624	13189
20 - 24	152	142	279	218	104	105	1000	239213	17934
15-24	158	169	257	215	92	109	1000	431836	31123
5-24	144	368	179	161	65	83	1000	667696	46248
25-29	190	159	278	189	98	86	1000	255368	19274
30	211	239	179	180	64	127	1000	79710	5843
all (5 – 30)	161	304	204	169	73	88	1000	1002773	71365
estd. persons (0	00) 161641	305102	204782	169906	73553	87790	1002773	X	X
sample persons	9706	20368	14778	14162	5433	6918	71365	X	X

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			rural female						
age-group			currentl	y not attending				number of	persons
(years)	never atter	nded	ever attend discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample
	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other			
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
5-9	90	876	2	19	1	12	1000	158904	10208
10-14	105	634	32	143	16	70	1000	137148	8658
5-14	97	764	16	77	8	39	1000	296053	18866
15 - 19	110	398	56	294	20	122	1000	215828	15117
20 - 24	110	429	47	295	15	105	1000	277790	20469
15-24	110	415	51	295	17	113	1000	493618	35586
5-24	105	546	38	213	14	85	1000	789671	54452
25-29	123	476	32	261	11	96	1000	276563	20597
30	127	512	32	187	10	132	1000	73960	5452
all (5 - 30)	111	527	36	223	13	91	1000	1140194	80501
estd. persons ((00) 126474	600799	40884	254139	14546	103351	1140194	X	X
sample person	s 7203	39473	2957	21111	1070	8687	80501	X	X

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			rural persons						
age-group			currently	not attending				number of	persons
(years)	never atter	ided	ever attende discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample
	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other			
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
5-9	86	880	3	18	2	12	1000	298557	19512
10-14	134	583	53	136	23	70	1000	233356	14479
5-14	107	749	25	70	11	38	1000	531913	33991
15 - 19	135	306	138	255	47	118	1000	408452	28306
20 - 24	129	296	154	259	56	105	1000	517002	38403
15-24	132	300	147	257	52	111	1000	925454	66709
5-24	123	464	102	189	37	84	1000	1457367	100700
25-29	155	324	150	227	53	91	1000	531930	39871
30	171	371	108	183	38	129	1000	153670	11295
all (5 – 30)	134	423	115	198	41	89	1000	2142967	151866
estd. persons (0	00) 288116	905901	245666	424045	88099	191141	2142967	X	X
sample persons	16909	59841	17735	35273	6503	15605	151866	X	X

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			urban male							
age-group			currently not attending						number of persons	
(years)	never atter	nded	ever attend discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample	
	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other				
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
5-9	51	873	9	32	5	30	1000	21268	2543	
10-14	123	439	114	156	52	116	1000	18202	2138	
5-14	84	673	57	89	27	70	1000	39470	4681	
15 - 19	106	146	230	222	137	159	1000	54871	6809	
20 - 24	104	79	290	245	145	137	1000	89317	11447	
15-24	105	104	267	236	142	145	1000	144189	18256	
5-24	100	226	222	205	117	129	1000	183659	22937	
25-29	94	74	342	248	135	106	1000	98494	12751	
30	106	128	305	236	98	127	1000	27449	3457	
all (5 - 30)	99	169	268	221	121	122	1000	309602	39145	
estd. persons (0	00) 30577	52395	82908	68545	37548	37630	309602	X	X	
sample persons	3493	6313	10900	9289	4326	4824	39145	X	X	

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			urban female						
age-group			currentl	y not attending	number of persons				
(years)	never atter	nded	ever attend discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample
	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other			
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
5-9	56	897	3	23	1	20	1000	22919	2656
10-14	58	518	48	202	31	143	1000	23181	2639
5-14	57	706	26	113	16	82	1000	46100	5295
15 - 19	47	224	67	418	27	217	1000	54290	6646
20 - 24	44	231	54	465	18	189	1000	87046	11266
15-24	45	228	59	447	21	200	1000	141336	17912
5-24	48	346	51	365	20	171	1000	187436	23207
25-29	42	250	43	482	10	172	1000	98513	12628
30	75	275	31	400	15	204	1000	25567	3260
all (5 - 30)	49	309	47	405	16	174	1000	311516	39095
estd. persons (0	00) 15117	96405	14584	126140	5118	54152	311516	X	X
sample persons	s 1737	11010	2045	16563	639	7101	39095	X	X

Table (43): Per 1000 distribution of persons of age 5 to 30 years currently not attending any educational institution by status and broad reason for non-attendance for different age-groups

all-India			urban persons								
age-group			currently	not attending				number of	number of persons		
(years)	never atter	ided	ever attende discontinued		dropped	out	total	estimated (00)	sample		
	to supplement	other	to supplement	other	to supplement	other					
	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons	hh. income	reasons					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
5-9	54	885	6	28	3	25	1000	44187	5199		
10-14	87	483	77	182	40	131	1000	41383	4777		
5-14	70	691	40	102	21	76	1000	85570	9976		
15 - 19	76	185	149	319	82	188	1000	109162	13455		
20 - 24	74	154	173	354	82	163	1000	176363	22713		
15-24	75	166	164	341	82	172	1000	285525	36168		
5-24	74	287	136	286	68	150	1000	371095	46144		
25-29	68	162	193	365	73	139	1000	197007	25379		
30	91	199	173	315	58	164	1000	53016	6717		
all (5 – 30)	74	240	157	313	69	148	1000	621119	78240		
estd. persons (0	00) 45693	148800	97492	194685	42667	91782	621119	X	X		
sample persons	5230	17323	12945	25852	4965	11925	78240	X	X		

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 years & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

all-India			rural n	nale				
skill (code)			general edı	ucation lev	/el		non-wo	rkers
	not	literate &	middle s	secondary	higher	all	estimated	sample
	literate	upto primary			sec. & above	(incl. n.r.)	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	0	0	2	9	34	7	2563	197
2	0	0	0	2	1	0	178	11
3	0	0	0	1	20	3	1045	48
4	0	0	0	1	4	1	309	22
5	0	1	0	0	0	0	96	10
6	0	1	0	0	0	0	152	7
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
8	0	2	0	0	0	1	187	10
9	0	2	2	1	1	1	526	48
10	2	5	3	3	2	3	1110	64
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	4
12	1	0	0	0	1	0	109	4
13	1	2	1	1	14	3	1207	28
14	0	1	0	0	0	0	148	14
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	1
16	0	2	1	8	6	3	1021	49
17	0	1	0	2	1	1	270	16
18	1	0	0	5	0	1	442	7
19	0	1	0	4	6	2	657	37
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	2
21	0	0	0	2	1	1	208	17
22	0	0	1	1	0	0	162	8
23	0	1	0	1	0	0	116	7
24	0	1	0	1	0	0	159	7
25	0	1	2	5	5	2	850	52
26	0	0	0	2	3	1	294	18
27	2	5	5	6	6	5	1689	112
28	0	1	0	0	0	0	80	4
29	1	1	0	0	0	0	92	5
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	1
31	3	2	1	0	0	1	545	39
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	1
35	0	0	0	1	0	0	71	3
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	1
38	0	0	1	2	1	1	312	17
39	1	1	0	0	0	1	224	16
40	1	1	1	0	1	1	271	27
41	12	10	8	20	32	15	5453	408
99	920	921	933	890	824	905	337802	20172
n.r.	53	37	36	32	36	39	14727	965
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	373216	22461
per 1000 distrn.	231	191	257	182	137	1000	X	X
estd. n-w's (00)	86352	71468	96048	67914	50944	373216	X	X X X
sample n-w's	4449	4167	5909	4432	3455	22461	X	X
•	1							

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 yrs. & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

	cation level							
all-India			rural fe					
skill (code)			eneral educ			_	non-wo	
	not lite-	literate &	middle s	econdary	higher	all	estimated	sample
		pto primary			sec. & above	(incl. n.r.)	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	0	0	1	12	33	2	2825	206
2	0	0	0	0	2	0	254	24
3	0	0	0	1	7	0	419	43
4	0	0	0	1	11	1	702	39
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	245	8
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	523	39
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	2
8	5	3	3	3	1	4	5996	399
9	11	21	21	13	26	15	20295	1997
10	15	46	69	102	99	36	49477	3349
11	0	0	0	1	1	0	363	29
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	3
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	1
16	0	0	1	1	1	0	375	22
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	4
18	0	1	1	2	0	1	705	33
19	0	0	0	0	1	0	145	17
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	1
25	0	0	0	1	0	0	67	2
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	5
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	209	12
30	0	0	0	2	6	0	619	37
31	5	3	3	1	1	4	5546	251
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	3
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	346	12
35	2	3	4	0	0	3	3517	110
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	114	9
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	1
38	0	0	0	0	2	0	195	13
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	174	12
40	0	1	0	0	0	0	550	34
41	13	16	14	20	34	15	20471	1321
99	919	877	848	818	752	890	1235371	70000
n.r.	27	27	34	20	22	27	37965	2213
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1387835	80255
per 1000 distrn	593	187	119	63	36	1000	X	
estd. n-w's (00)	823493	259843	165802	87677	50077	1387835	X	X
sample n-w's	42524	16346	11048	6443	3821	80255	X	X X X
builipie ii w b	74347	105-10	110-10	0-1-13	3021	00233	71	71

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 yrs. & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

all-India skill (code)		<u> </u>	rural po general edu	cation level	1		non-wo	rkers
_	not lite-	literate &		econdary	higher	all	estimated	sample
		to primary			sec. & above	(incl. n.r.)	(00)	1
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	0	0	1	10	34	3	5388	403
2	0	0	0	1	2	0	432	35
3	0	0	0	1	13	1	1464	91
4	0	0	0	1	7	1	1010	61
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	342	18
6	0	1	0	0	0	0	675	46
7	0 5	0	0	0	0	0	48 6183	3 409
8	10	3 17	2 14	2 8	0 13	4 12	20821	2045
10	14	37	45	59	50	29	50587	3413
11	0	0	0	0	1	0	389	33
12	ő	0	0	0	0	0	145	7
13	0	0	1	1	7	1	1213	29
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	168	15
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	1
16	0	1	1	4	3	1	1396	71
17	0	0	0	1	1	0	318	20
18	0	1	1	3	0	1	1147	40
19	0	0	0	2	3	0	802	54
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	3
21	0	0	0	l	1	0	208	17
22 23	0	0	0	0	0	0	166 137	10
24	0	0	$0 \\ 0$	0	$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	157	8 7
25	0	0	1	3	3	1	917	54
26	0	0	0	1	2	0	348	23
27	0	1	2	3	3	1	1689	112
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	4
29	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	17
30	0	0	0	1	3	0	629	38
31	5	3	2	1	1	3	6091	290
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	3
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	387	13
35	2	2	3	1	0	2	3588	113
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	114	9
37 38	$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	0 1	0 1	$0 \\ 0$	66 507	30
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	398	28
40	0	1	1	0	0	0	821	61
41	13	15	12	20	33	15	25924	1729
99	919	886	879	850	789	893	1573173	90172
n.r.	30	29	34	25	29	30	52692	3178
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1761050	102716
per 1000 distrn.	517	188	149	88	57	1000	X	X
estd. n-w's (00)	909845	331311	261850	155591	101021	1761050	X	X X
sample n-w's	46973	20513	16957	10875	7276	102716	X	X

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 years & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 years & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

all-India			urban f					
skill (code)			general edu	cation lev			non-wo	rkers
	not	literate &	middle	secon-	higher	all	estimated	sample
		upto primary			sec. & above	(incl. n.r.)	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	0	0	2	14	38	9	6024	631
2	0	0	0	1	4	1	638	68
3	0	0	1	1	16	3	2138	230
4	0	0	0	3	10	2	1549	133
5	0	0	0	0	0	$0 \\ 0$	23 234	9 23
6 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
8	1	1	2	1	0	2	1250	137
9	11	8	7	9	7	9	5561	1037
10	30	78	94	116	103	77	48770	4887
11	0	1	2	2	2	1	850	62
12	0	1	0	0	0	0	110	13
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	1
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	8
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	1	0	312	35
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	1	1	2	2	1	706	84
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	131	14
20	0	0	1	0	0	0	94	2
21	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	2
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	3
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	5
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	3
25	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	4
26	0	0	0	0	0	0	59	8
27 28	0	0	0	0	0	$0 \\ 0$	74 0	5 0
29	0	0	1	0	0	0	176	10
30	0	1	0	3	3	1	719	59
31	2	2	2	1	1	2	1009	90
32	0	0	0	0	1	0	210	15
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
34	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	3
35	4	4	1	0	0	2	1310	124
36	1	0	0	0	0	1	324	18
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	132	10
38	0	0	2	1	4	1	747	53
39	0	0	0	0	0	0	153	14
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	5
41	11	13	14	22	34	18	11326	1091
99	913	870	851	806	760	849	539623	52735
n.r.	20	18	16	15	12	17	10650	1199
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	635265	62832
per 1000 distrn.	294	199	171	152	183	1000	X	X
estd. n-w's (00)	186812	126548	108370	96408	116280	635265	X	X X
sample n-w's	16849	12754	11071	10102	11972	62832	X	X

Table (44): Per thousand distribution of persons (15 years & above) not pursuing any economic activity (i.e. non-workers) according to the usual principal status by type of skill possessed for each broad general education level

all-India			urban	persons				
skill (code)		g	general edu	cation lev	el		non-wo	rkers
_	not	literate &	middle s	secondary	higher	all	estimated	sample
	literate	upto primary			sec. & above	(incl. n.r.)	(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1	0	0	3	14	37	11	9402	973
2	0	0	0	1	4	1	918	117
3	0	0	1	3	20	5	4390	440
4	0	0	0	4	13	4	2996	251
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	63	28
6	1	0	0	0	0	0	326	30
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	3
8	4	1	1	0	0 5	2 7	1329 6055	145
10	10 27	8 64	6 69	6 75	66	58	49342	1092 4962
10	0	04	2	1	00		939	4962 70
12	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	248	24
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	323	38
14	0	1	0	0	0	0	345	37
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	3
16	1	1	1	3	3	2	1409	151
17	0	0	0	2	1	- 1	441	43
18	0	1	1	2	1	1	869	102
19	0	1	0	2	1	1	587	56
20	0	0	1	0	0	0	94	2
21	0	0	0	1	0	0	256	22
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	175	12
23	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	9
24	0	0	0	0	0	0	221	25
25	0	1	1	1	2	1	926	87
26	0	0	1	2	1	1	707	66
27	0	1	2	2	1	1	1230	135
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	1
29	0	0	1	0	0	0	179	11
30	0	0	0	2	2	1	759	61
31	2	2	1	1	1	1	1034	98
32	0	0	0	0	0	0	224	17
33	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
34 35	0 3	0 3	0 1	0	$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 2$	26 1429	4 131
36	1	0	0	0	0	0	342	20
37	0	0	0	0	0	0	186	14
38	0	0	2	2	3	1	1028	80
39	0	0	1	0	0	0	260	26
40	0	0	0	0	1	0	183	18
41	11	13	13	22	35	19	16001	1577
99	914	874	873	835	784	857	725679	71423
n.r.	21	20	17	17	16	18	15440	1761
total	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	846486	84166
per 1000 distn.	244	183	180	176	214	1000	X	X
estd. n-w's (00)	206506	155152	152608	149313	181460	846486	X	X
sample n-w's	18646	15606	15686	15316	18782	84166	X	X